

HAC Telecom Technology NB-IoT Wireless Transparent Transmission Module User Manual

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Telecom Technology NB-IoT Wireless Transparent Transmission Module
User Manual

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Overview

HAC-NBi module is an industrial-grade RF product independently developed by Shenzhen HAC Telecom Technology Co., Ltd. By using NB-IoT module modulation and demodulation, it solves the small data decentralized communication problem in ultra-long range environments. Compared with the traditional modulation, HAC-NBi

module has obvious advantages of resisting co-channel interference, balancing the interference and distance, avoiding high power consumption, and installation of central gateway, which traditional solutions fail to take into account. In addition, the module has adjustable +23dBm power amplifier, achieving receiver sensitivity down at -129dBm and industry-leading level link budge as well. Therefore, the module is the perfect for applications that require long-distance transmission and extremely high reliability.

Module performance:

RF parameter

- NB-IoT module modem;
- Central gateway is not required, but NB-loT signal of base station must be available.
- The working frequency band is 850M (Band5), which belongs to the NB-IoT dedicated frequency band.
- Peak output power + 23dBm;
- Receiving sensitivity down at -129dBm;

Power consumption

- Working voltage 3.1V ~ 4.2V, typically 3.6V;
- Support multiple low-power operation modes;
- Sleep power <10uA;
- Peak working current 260mA;

· Basic skills

- 32 bits high-performance micro controller;
- Support low-power serial communication (LEUART), TTL level 3V, baud rate up to 9600bps;
- Semi-transparent/transparent communication method, directly communicate with the server through low-power serial port
- Supports AES128 encryption
- Compatible with Nano Sim\eSIM;
- Read parameters, set parameters, report data, and issue instructions through the low-power serial port

Size

- L* W* H: 40mm * 28mm * 5.5mm

Application area

Wireless automatic meter reading (including water, gas, heat, electricity meters, etc.) Wireless automated data acquisition

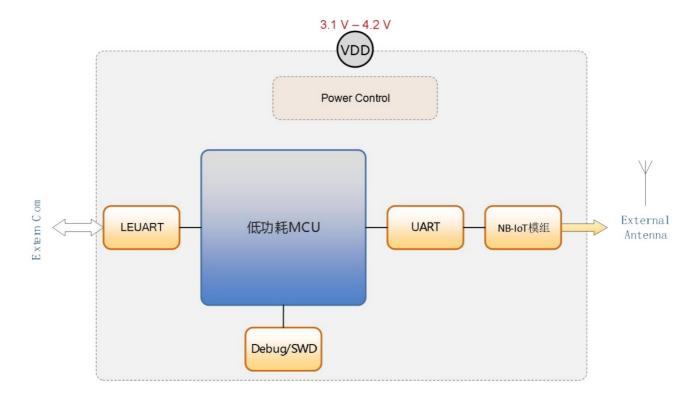
Home and building automation

Industrial monitoring and control

Wireless alarm and security system

IoT Sensor (including smoke, gas, water detector etc.) Smart home (including door locks, appliances, etc.) Intelligent transportation (including parking, charging piles, etc.) Smart cities (including street lights, logistics, cold chain, etc.)

System chat



Electrical characteristics

Working conditions:

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Operating Voltage	3.1V	3.6	4.2	V
Power on time	_	_	60	ms
working temperature range	-35	25	75	°C

Limit parameters:

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
voltage	-0.3	_	4.2	V

I / O level	-0.3	_	VDD+0.3	V
storage temperature	-40	_	85	°C

RF parameters:

Referring to NB module parameters

Basic parameter:

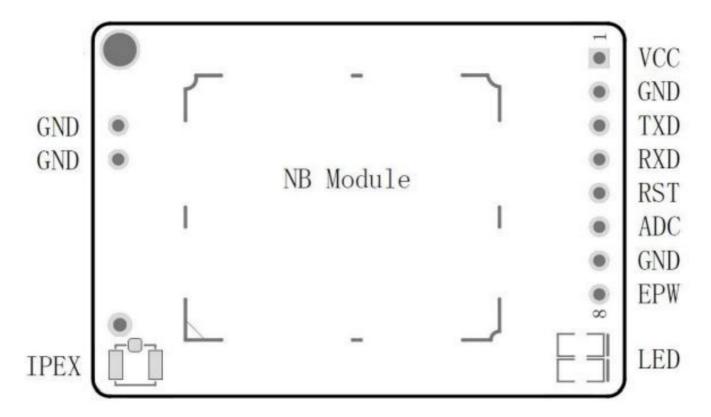
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
overall module sleep current	_	6.0	10.0	uA
Input low	_	_	0.9	V
Input high	2.1	_	_	V

- 1. Except as otherwise noted, all voltage values are specified relative to GND;
- 2. Exceeding the maximum absolute ratings may cause permanent damage to the equipment. Prolonged use under conditions of absolute maximum ratings may affect device reliability;
- 3. Storage at extreme temperatures may degrade device performance.
- 4. Electrostatic discharge may permanently damage the device. Some application environments may require external ESD or TVS protection.



Module characteristics

4.1. General Pin Definition



Pinout (top view)

General pin description:

Pin	Name	function	Description
1	vcc	Power	Positive power input, 3.1V-4.2V
2	GND	Power	Negative power, ground
3	TXD	Digital I/O	TX side of LEUART, baud rate is 9600bps
4	RXD	Digital I/O	LEUART RX side, baud rate is 9600bps
5	RST	Digital I/O	Reset signal input
6	ADC	Digital I/O Analog In	GPIO Analog signal input
7	GND	Power	Power ground
8	EPW	Power	3.0V controllable power output
9	ANT	Analog In	Antenna access port, interface type (IPEX)

Remarks:

- 1. VCC: connecting to positive pole of the ER 18505 battery .
- 2. EPW: The standard is to provide a regulated power supply for the outside, and the maximum current is 5mA. The current function is adjustable and can be customized.
- 3. The back of the module is the programming pin and test pin, which is used by the supplier for production testing. It is not open to customers.

External serial communication protocol

5.1. Overall structure of communication protocol data frame

Name	length	Description				
HEAD	3 bytes	Frame header: 0x48 0x41 0x43				
VER	1 byte	Protocol version: Initial	Protocol version: Initial version is 0x01			
TYPE	1 byte	bit7: Transmission direction dir = 0x80: uplink; dir = 0x00: downlink; bit6-bit0: Frame type: frame type = 0x0A: user data reporting/ delivering frame type = 0x05: command input/reply Other: reserved				
DATLEN	2 bytes	Data field length, low by	yte first, high byte last			
DATA	_	data. When the frame type is at the same time, and emformat is as follows: Data item length 1 byte	When the frame type is user data reporting / delivering, the data fields are all user data. When the frame type is not a user data field, multiple data items can be included at the same time, and each data items considered as an instruction. The data ite m format is as follows: Data item length Data item code Data item content (optional)			
CS	1 byte	checksum. Starting from the first byte of the data frame and continuing to the last byte before the checksum, the sum of all bytes takes the lower 8 bits.				
END	1 byte	End of frame: 0xED				

The above is the overall frame structure of the communication protocol data frame. The data items in the data field have different meanings, see the following sections.

5.2. Data fields in communication protocol data frames

1. User data

When the frame type is user data reporting/delivering, the data fields are all user data. From the perspective of the terminal, the module does not do any processing to this data, and only uploads or sends the data through the serial port for the user; from the perspective of the server, the user data of the terminal has been packaged by the COAP + JSON protocol, and the data is upload to the server safely and correctly.

2. Module instructions

When the frame type is instruction input/reply, the data field is a collection of data items. When the module receives the data item instruction, it will process the instruction in sequence and return the reply data frame. The data item code list is as follows:

NO	Data item code 1st byte		Data item cod e 2nd byte	Data item content		Read and w
	Read com	Write com	Parameter rc ode	Parameter function	Content fo rmat	permissions
1	0xA5	0x5A	0x11	IP	ASCII	W/R
2	0xA5	0x5A	0x12	APN	ASCII	W/R
3	0xA5	0x5A	0x13	Frequency	ASCII	W/R
4	0xA5	_	0x14	IMSI	ASCII	R
5	0xA5	_	0x15	IMEI	ASCII	R
6	0xA5	0x5A	0x16	PORT	ASCII	W/R
7	0xA5	0x5A	0x17	PLMN	ASCII	W/R
8	0xA5	_	0x18	ICCID	ASCII	R
9	0xA5	_	0x19	Band	ASCII	R
10	0xA5	_	0x1A	Communication boar dive rsion number		R
11	0xA5	_	0x1B	Module version number	ASCII	R
12	0xA5	_	0x1C	RSRP, SNR [2], CC, PCI [2], CSQ	HEX	R
13	_	0x5A	0xFE	Start the upgrade process	HEX	W

Basic instructions

6.1. Initial settings

- 1. The module is set up with common parameters when it leaves the factory. Generally, no special parameters need to be set;
- 2. The parameters can, if you need, be modified through the above protocol instructions, and the parameters can be saved after power-off, avoiding the repeating setting;

6.2. Work flow

1. After the initial setting is done, user data can be sent and received through the serial port. The communication mode can use two methods of package communication and transparent communication. It is recommended that users use package communication. The above are the differences in the data communication methods on the serial port side, which have nothing to do with the server side communication. Both methods will eventually

be packaged with the COAP + JSON protocol and uploaded to the server side without error;

- 2. After the module is powered on, it is in the sleep mode by default. You need to actively send data to the serial port to start the data communication of sending and receiving process;
- 3. Package communication method: Sending data:

User data is packaged according to the above protocol and then sent to the serial port. This method is the most secure, avoiding faulty operation;

4. Packet communication method: Receive data

After the user receives data from the serial port, if the uploaded data is packaged, the received data packet also needs to be unpacked according to our agreement. Then user data issued by the server can be obtained;

5. Transparent communication method: Send data:

User data can be directly sent to the serial port, as long as it does not conform to the data frame format of our protocol. You can also directly upload data, but it does not rule out that there is a small probability of misoperation;

6. Transparent communication method: Receive data

If the uploaded data is transparently transmitted, the data received by user from the serial port is complete user data:

6.3. Operating frequency band

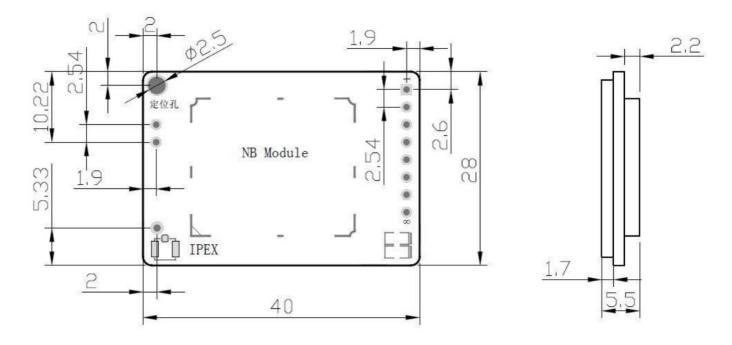
The working frequency band of the NB module belongs to the original LTE frequency band. The frequency band of a single module is locked and cannot be switched. The currently used frequency band is Band 5 frequency band (850M). If customers need other frequency bands, please consult our sales staff.

6.4. Other considerations

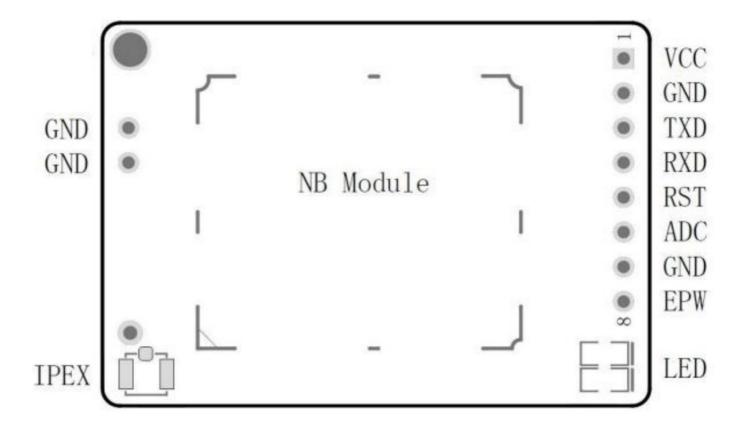
- 1. The external power supply voltage needs to be matched;
- 2. The baud rate and level of the external serial port need to match;
- 3. The SIM card must use a special Internet of Things card. There are two types of packages: traditional SIM card and eSIM card. If you need to apply for an IoT card, please contact the communication carrier for details;
- 4. The use of our module must match our communication protocol correctly. If customers have customized protocol requirements, please contact our sales staff;
- 5. The server-side protocol is COAP + JSON parsing

Structure size

(A) Mechanical package (Unit: mm)



(B) Pin out





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Documents / Resources



HAC Telecom Technology NB-IoT Wireless Transparent Transmission Module [pdf] User Manual

NB-IoT Wireless Transparent Transmission Module, Wireless Transparent Transmission Module, Transmission Module, Module

References

• C LoRaWAN Module, NB-IoT Module, Pulse Reader, AMR System -HAC

Manuals+,