



## GeoSIG AC-43 MEMS Accelerometer User Manual

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### AC-43 MEMS Accelerometer User Manual



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## DOCUMENT REVISION

Versi on	Date	Modification	Prepare d	Checke d	Releas ed
1	12.2.2007	Adapted to new sensor housing File name and title change	SR	TB	
2	25.02.2008	Updated with DH version.	SR	TB	
3	23.09.2013	Axis orientation	JLT	MAE	
4	06.06.2014	New logo	VAG		
5	07.05.2019	Mounting section updated	VAG	ALB	
6	24.02.2022	Housing drawing updated	KEC	ALB	
7	04.08.2022	Updated chapter 2, electrical connector Changed chapter order Updated document revision table	ALM	ALB	KEC

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Warnings and Safety

 The sensor housing provides no protection against explosive atmosphere. It must not be directly operated in area where explosive gases are present.

Basic specifications

Sensor Series	AC-43
Input range	Acceleration, $\pm 0.625$ , $\pm 1$ , $\pm 2$ , $\pm 3$ , $\pm 4$ or $\pm 5$ g
Output range	$0 \pm 10$ Volt differential output
Frequency range	From DC to 100 Hz
Protections	All connectors pins protected by Transzorb diodes and VDR
Power supply	7 – 15 VDC
Current drain	Average 74.1 mA @ 15 VDC

Electrical Connector

All the AC-4x accelerometers are supplied as standard with a 2 m connection cable. Based on the intended use, the 12-pin metallic-style connectors will be supplied in one of the following options: Binder Serie 623 or Binder Serie 423.

2.1 Binder Serie 623

GeoSIG	P/N #J_CIR.012.002.F
Binder Serie 623	P/N 99 4622 00 12

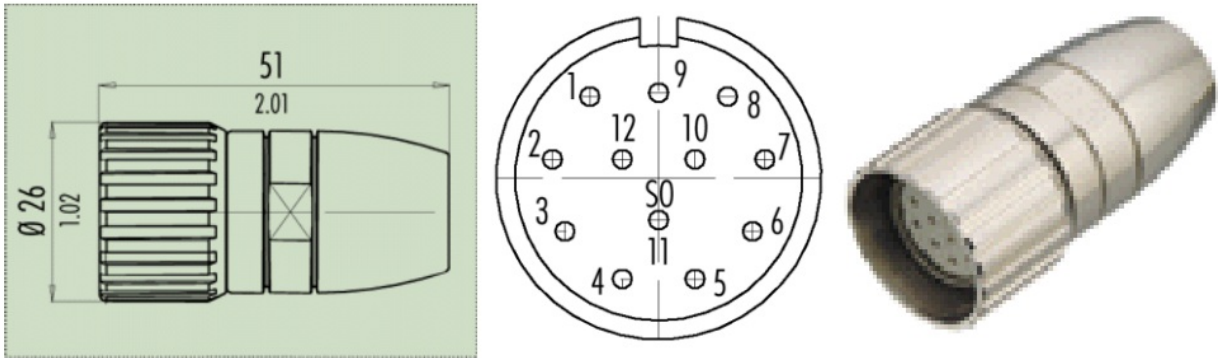
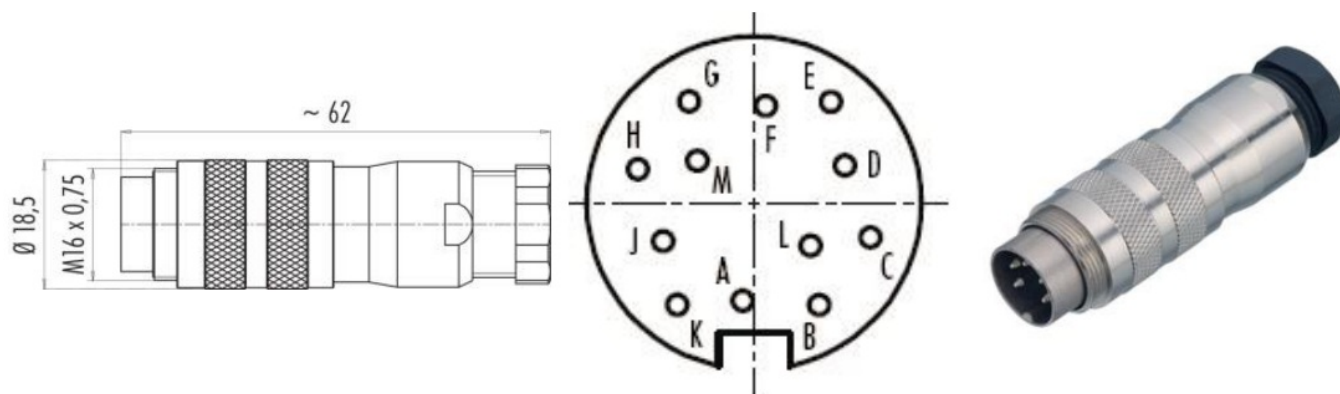


Figure 1, Binder Serie 623 Connector

Cable gland nut has to be determined as per cable external diameter and must be separately ordered. It has also to provide the cable shield connection to connector case.

2.2 Binder Serie 423

GeoSIG	P/N #J_CIR.012.010.M
Binder Serie 423	P/N 99 5629 00 12














**Figure 2, Binder Serie 423 connector**

Cable gland nut has to be determined as per cable external diameter and must be separately ordered. It has also to provide the cable shield connection to connector case.

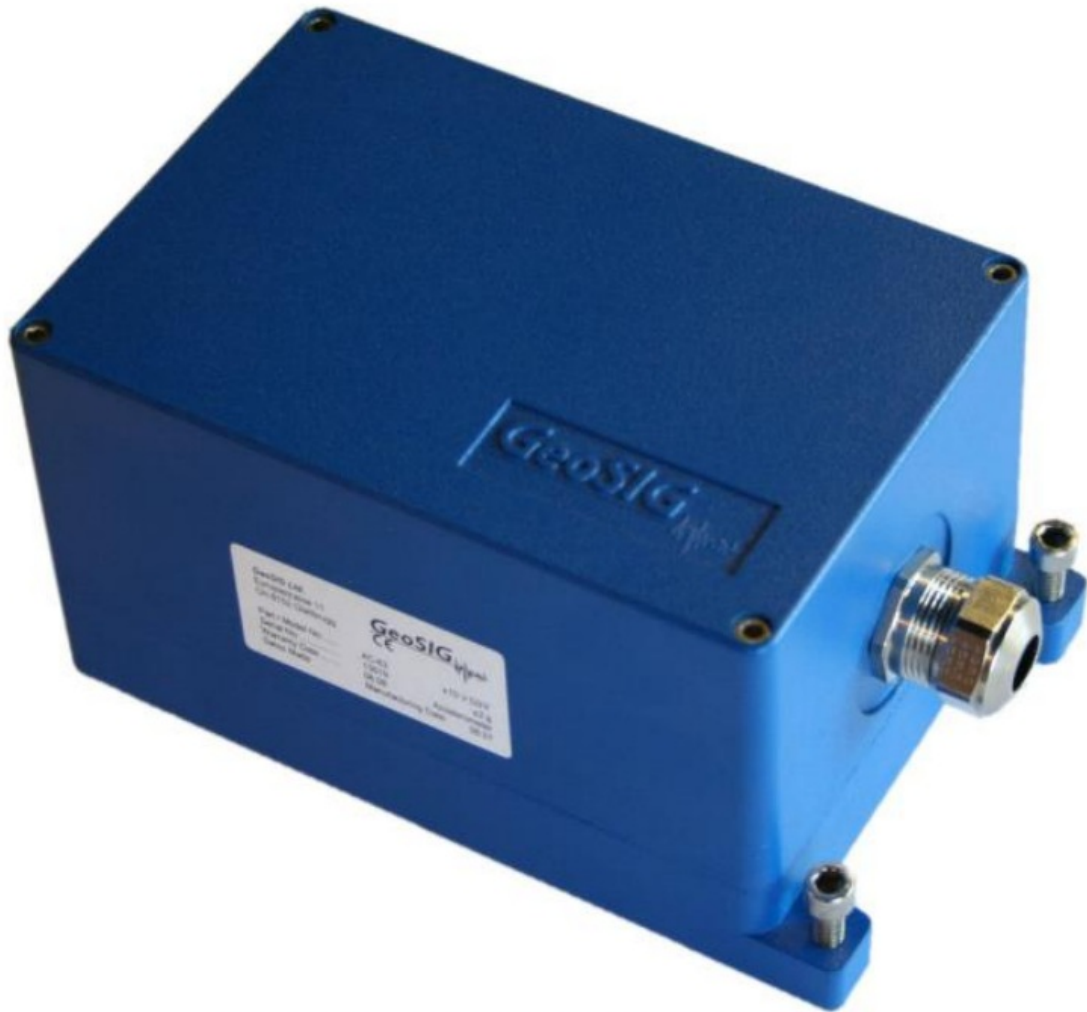
### 2.3 Connector Pin Description

The connector pin assignment and cable colour code can be observed in the table below:

Binder Connector		SIGNAL	Comment	Colour	
Serie 6 23	Serie 42 3				
Pinout	Pinout				
1	A	OUTPUT X (+)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output, 47 $\Omega$ output impedance	White	
2	B	OUTPUT X (-)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output inverted, 47 $\Omega$ output impedance	Brown	
3	C	OUTPUT Y (+)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output, 47 $\Omega$ output impedance	Green	
4	D	OUTPUT Y (-)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output inverted, 471,1 output impedance	Yellow	
5	E	OUTPUT Z (+)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output, 47 $\Omega$ output impedance	Grey	
6	F	OUTPUT Z (-)	0 V $\pm$ 5 V voltage output inverted, 47 $\Omega$ output impedance	Pink	
7	G	TEST INPUT	Test input, output will result in a sensor step response	Blue	
8	H	GND	Connected to Recorder's GND	Red	
9	J	+12 VDC power	Power input, +7 to +15 VDC range, 74.1 mA@ 15 V DC	Black	
10	K	GROUND	Ground, not connected to mechanical ground	Violet	
11	L	AUX	Auxiliary input (reserved)	Grey/Pink	
12	M	GROUND	Ground, not connected to mechanical ground	Red/Blue	

**Table 1. AC-4x Connector Pin Assignment and Cable Colour Code**

## Mounting

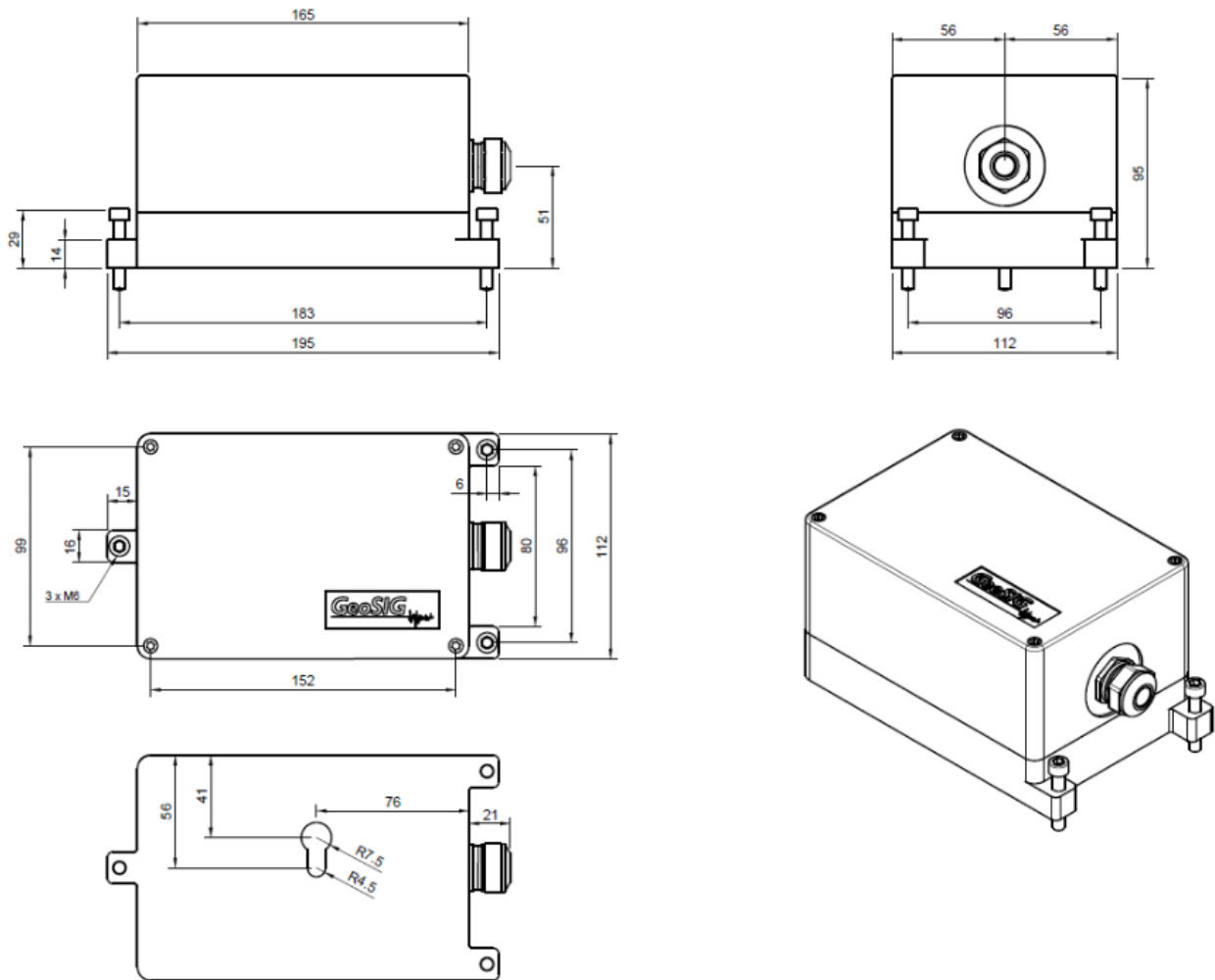


**Figure 3, AC-4X housing**

Small size and single bolt attachment allow the AC-4X to be easily installed saving installation time. Levelling is accomplished via three-point levelling screws.



**Do not overtighten the three-point levelling mechanism. This may damage the sensor.**



**Figure 4, Sensor housing dimensions**

The accelerometers must be firmly mounted to a surface and levelled, as the application requires. Check to be sure that the accelerometer is aligned to produce the desired output signals. Acceleration in the direction indicated on the case will produce a positive output signal. The orientation definitions as shipped are:

**X = East, Y = North and Z = Vertical (Up).**

The accelerometer has single-bolt, 3-feet-levelling mechanism.

The surface should have a scribed north/south orientation line accurately surveyed from reliable markers. The X-axis of the sensor has to be pointed to East or to any other main direction of the structure to monitor. One M8 expanding nut rock anchor must be used for the sensor fixation.

## Theory of operation

### 4.1 Introduction

The AC-43 sensor package is a triaxial accelerometer designed for free field and industrial applications regarding STRONG-MOTION earthquake survey, monitoring and research. This sensor is well suited for applications where a high sensitivity is required.

The AC-43 sensor can be optionally installed into a rugged protective housing. This optional protective housing is in stainless steel for optimal environmental resistance. As option, the protective housing could be executed with an IP68 grade for Free field location where the possibility exists of housing submersion.

The sensor could be installed on floor or wall with a modification of the axis organization. With the help of the TEST LINE, the complete sensor can be very easily completely tested. Full scale can be field selected by the user with jumpers.

### 4.2 Principle

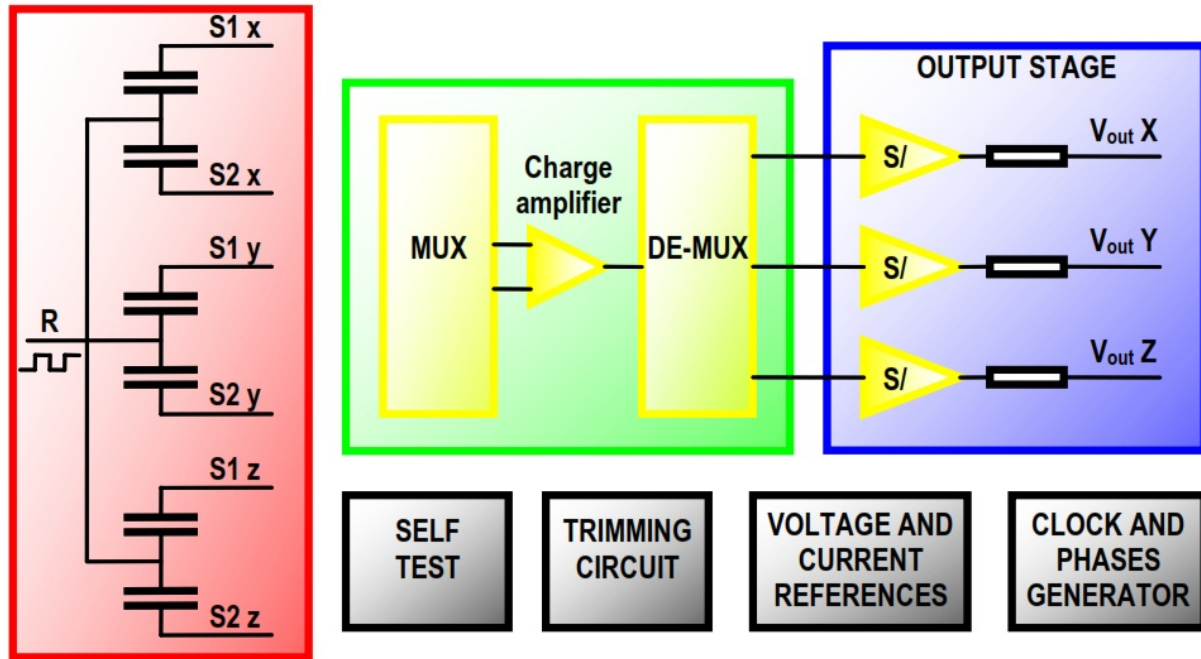
The AC-43 accelerometer is based on the modern MEMS (Micro Electro-Mechanical Systems) technology, consisting of sensing cells assembled in a way that optimizes their performances. This combined with the state of the art proprietary circuit design yields this cost effective and reliable accelerometer.

MEMS cells include linear accelerometer sensing elements which measure the capacitance variation in response



to any movement or inclination and a factory trimmed interface chip that converts the capacitance variations into analog or digital signal proportional to the motion.

The DC response allows the sensor to be easily repaired, tilt tested or recalibrated in the field. With the help of the TEST LINE the AC-43 accelerometer can be completely tested assuring proper operation.



**Figure 5 AC-43 Sensor block diagram**

The test signal will move the seismic mass. The movement of the mass generates a voltage across the position detector, which is detected by the differential charge amplifier and induces an output signal.

### Electrical configuration

The full scale can be only adjusted by the mean of the gain potentiometer for each axis.

The offset can be at any time readjusted for each channel with a potentiometer without gain re-calibration

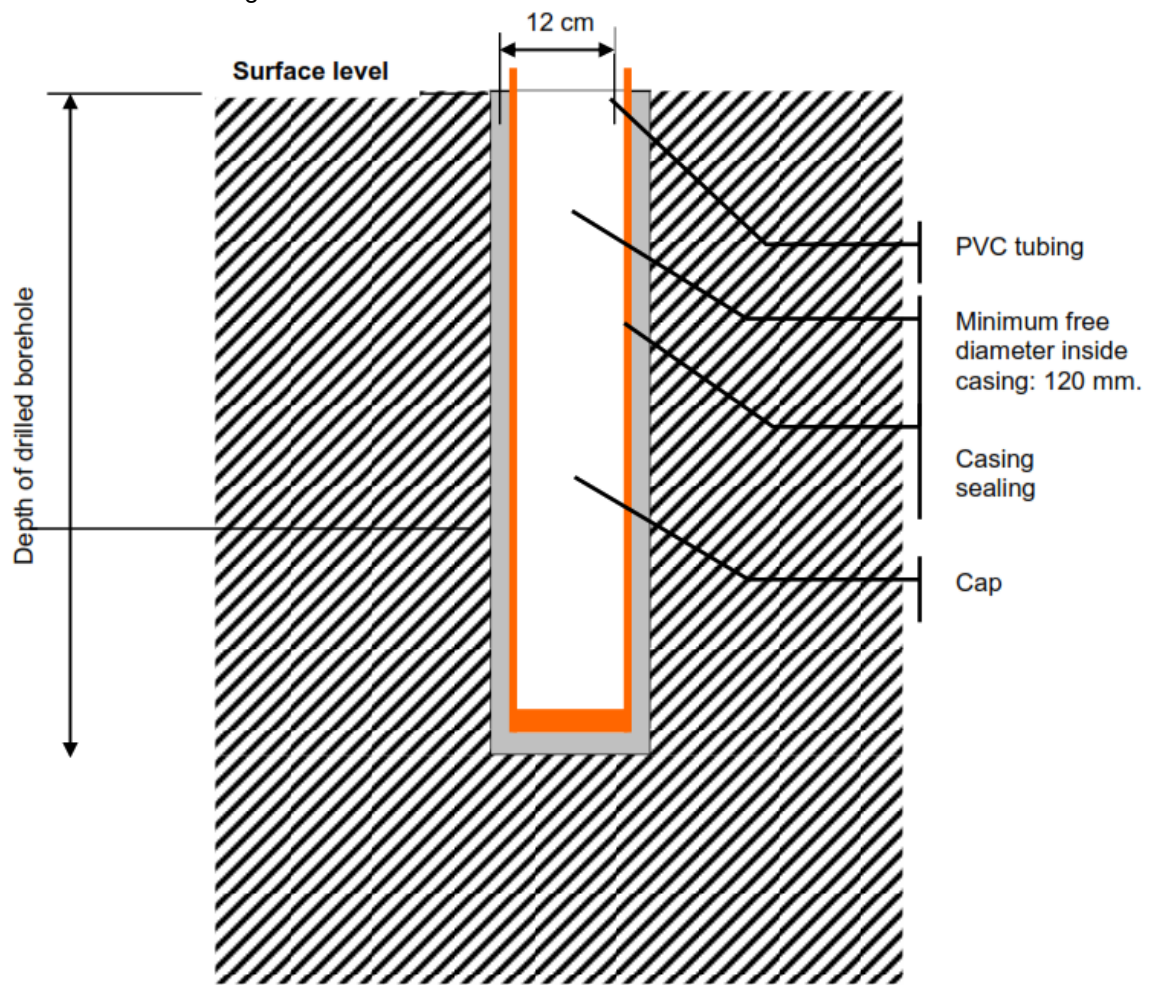
### Mounting (downhole sensor)

The sensor must be installed in a 3-inch inclinometer tube. At least a 100 mm borehole must be drilled. Depending on the soil condition, it could be required to drill a higher dimension hole and to implement a 120 mm PVC casing to insure a free path when the inclinometer tube is inserted in the borehole.



## 6.1 Borehole preparation

**Note:** Do not scale the drawing.



**Figure 6 – Borehole Preparation**

Do not allow concrete mix from casing sealing to enter the casing.

## 6.2 Inclinator tube installation

**Note:** Do not scale the drawing. The number of section is only an example.



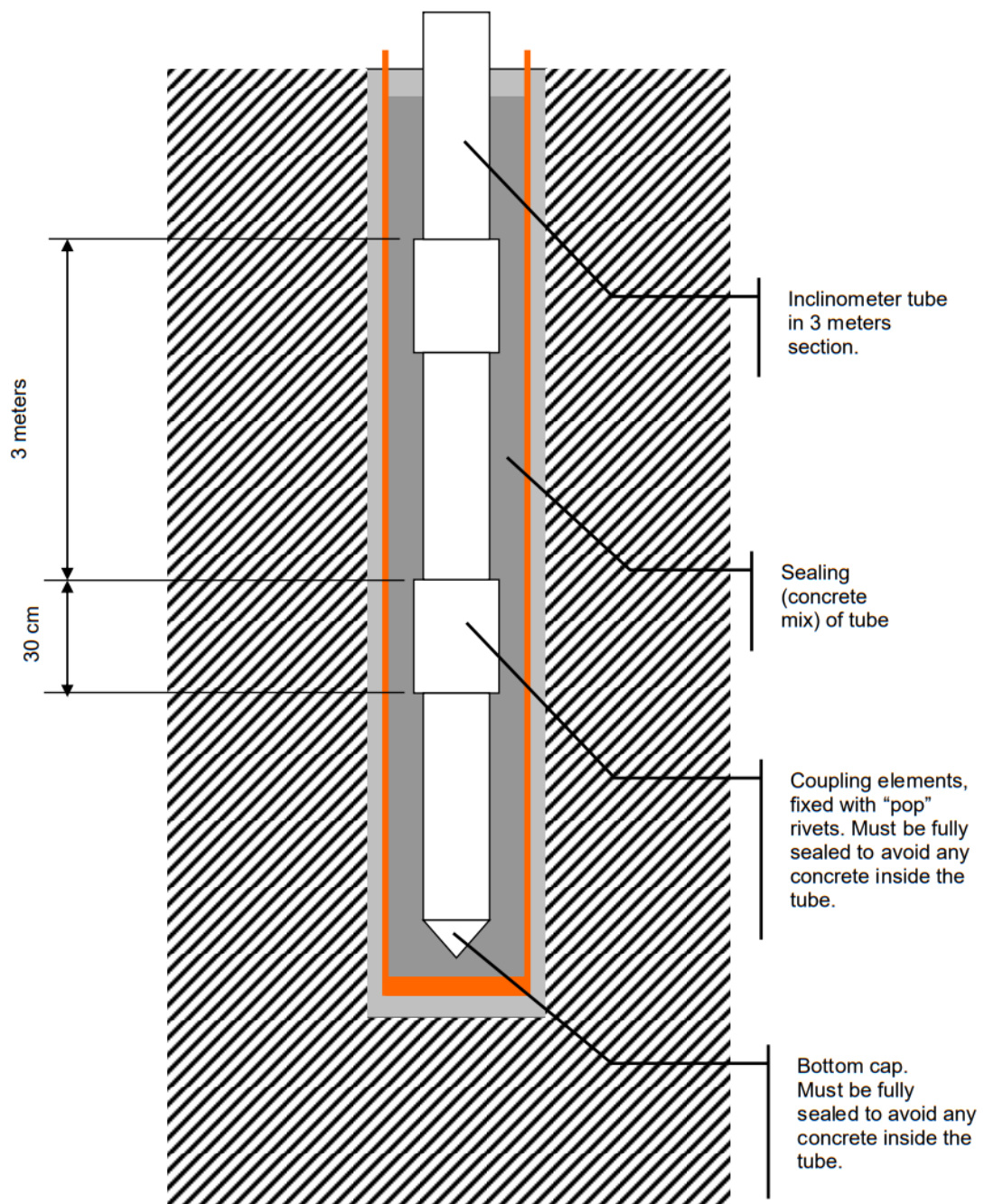


Figure 7 – Inclinometer tube installation

### 6.3 Sensor installation

**Note:** Do not scale the drawing. The number of sections is only an example.

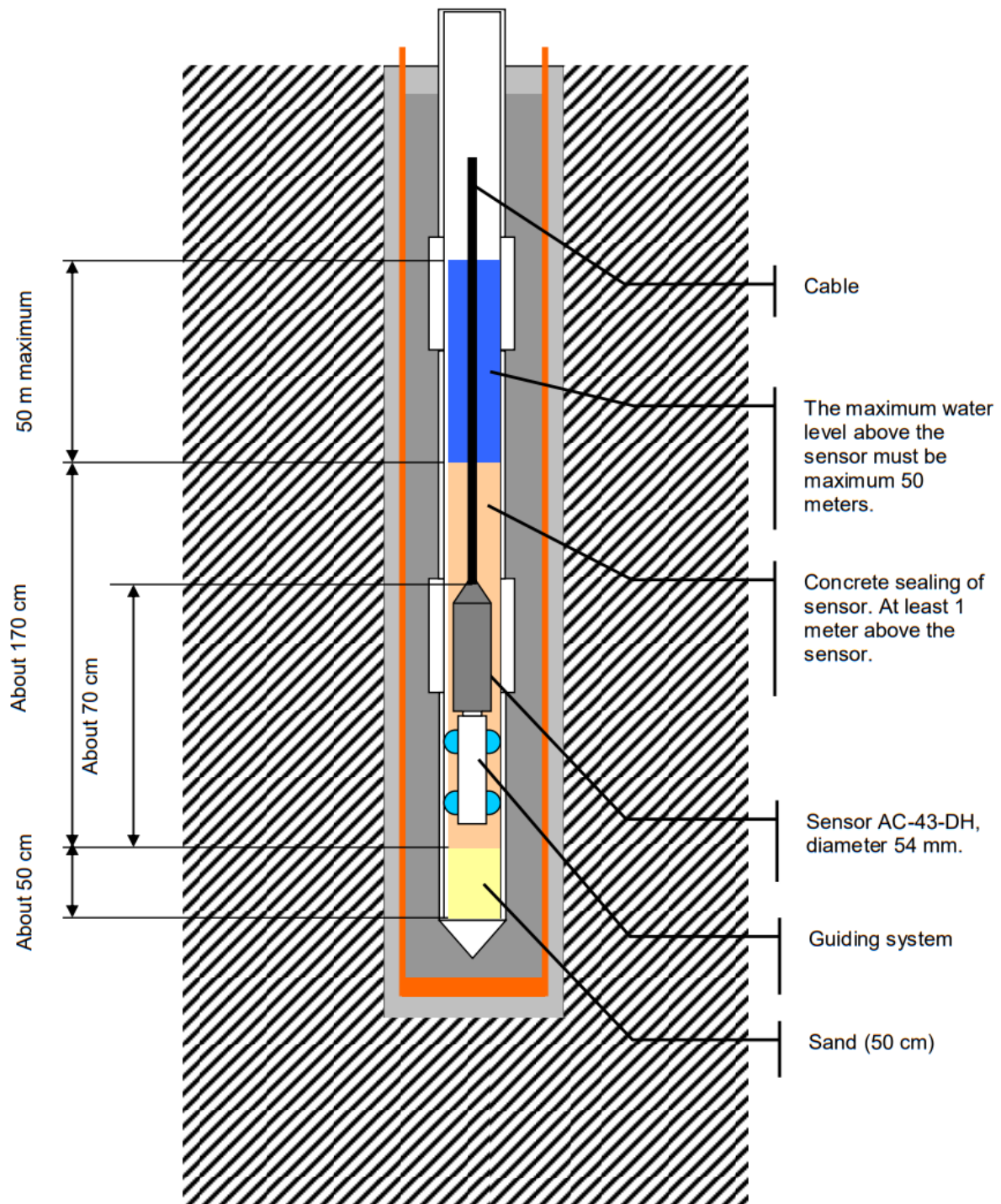


Figure 8 – Sensor Installation

#### 6.4 Inclinator casing assembly

The borehole must have a casing or the soil must insure that a free path for the inclinometer tube is warranted. It is recommended to insert the inclinometer tube as soon the borehole is ready.

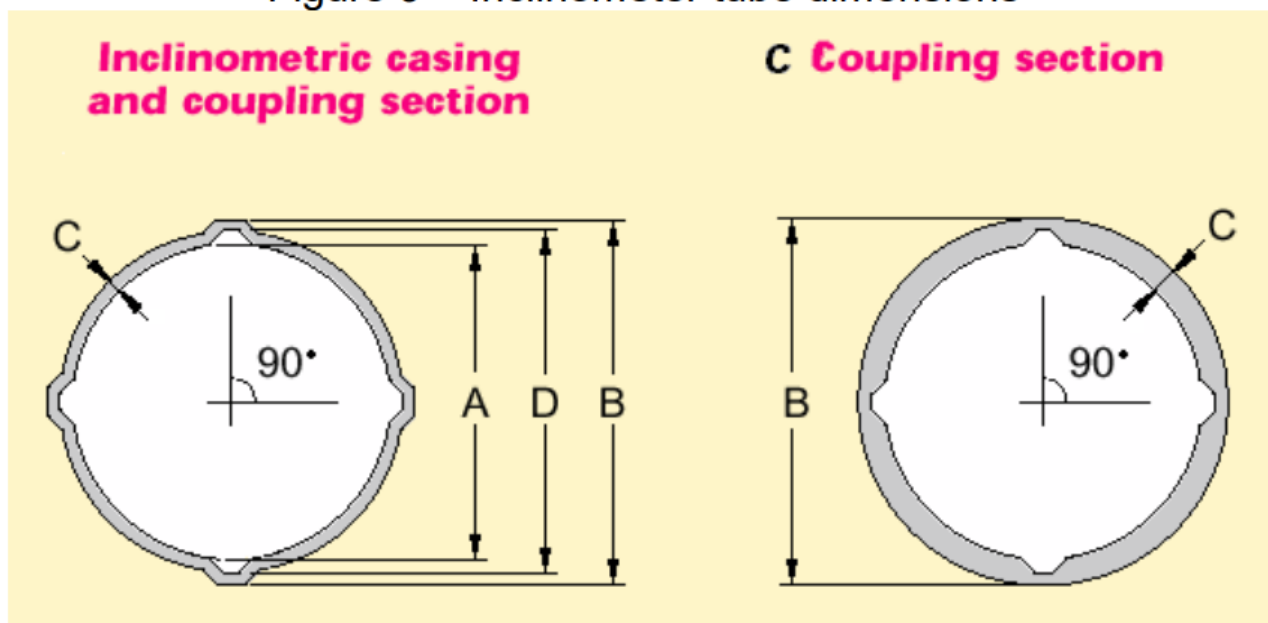
The free path for the inclinometer tube should be 10 to 15 cm, 12 cm typically.

It could be required to insert some water in the casing to sustain the water pressure at the bottom of the borehole. The inclinometer tube should be mounted with a maximum deviation of  $\pm 1^\circ / 3$  meters and with a maximum deviation from vertical at sensor location of  $\pm 3^\circ$ . The functional limit for the sensor is  $\pm 9^\circ$ .

The water level in the inclinometer tube should be maximum 50 meters, including fast elevation due to heavy rain. It is recommended to use the optional assembly kit that GeoSIG can provide (optional) with the inclinometer tube. It will insure a perfect sealing of the tube elements and would avoid concrete mix to enter the tube.

The dimensions of the inclinometer tube are:




Figure 9 – Inclinator tube dimensions



INCLINOMETRIC CASING (3 m section)			COUPLING ELEMENT		
A	Inner diameter	76.1 mm	A	Inner diameter	81.0 mm
B	Groove outer diameter	86.4 mm	B	Outer diameter	92.0 mm
C	Thickness	2.2 ±0.1 mm	C	Thickness	2.2 mm
D	Groove inner diameter	82.0 mm	D	Groove inner diameter	87.6 mm
	Length	3 meters		Length	300 mm
	Weight	1.4 Kg/m		Weight	0.5 kg
	Borehole diameter	> 120 mm			

Table 2 – Inclinator tube dimensions

The following elements will be inserted in the borehole:

Figure 10		Torpedo (the sensor and its cable)
Figure 11		Guiding system
Figure 12		Inclinometer tube

## 6.5 Axis orientation

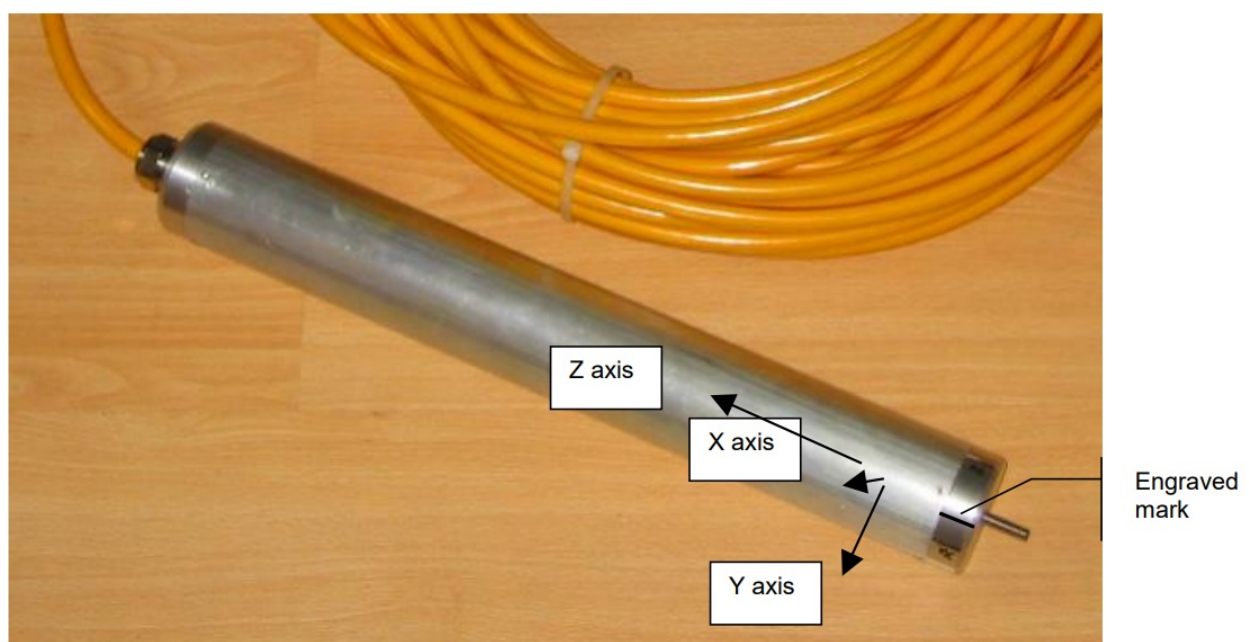
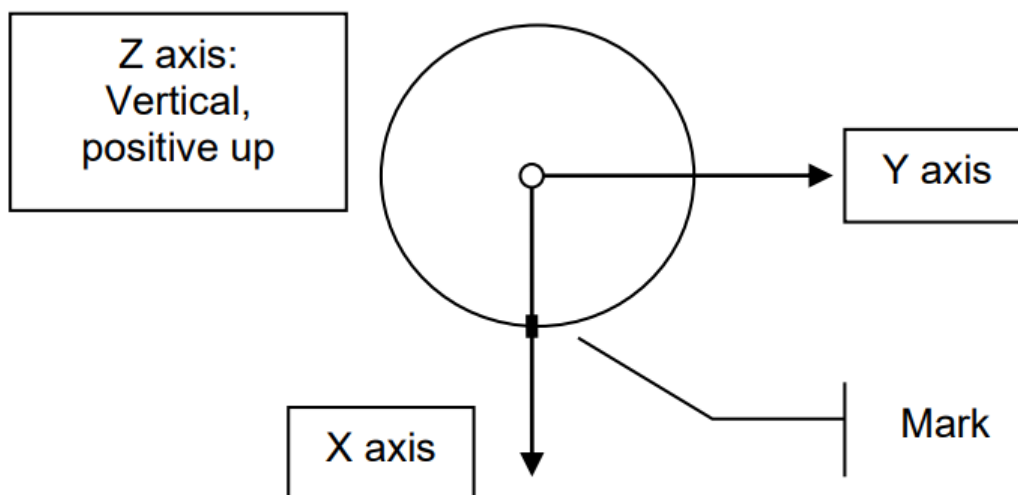


Figure 13, Down hole axis orientation



Before the sensor is inserted in the inclinometer tube, the guiding system must be mounted bellow it. The guiding system must be orientated before the insertion.

The engraved mark on bottom cover is showing the positive direction of X axis:



View for top:

## Installation Verification

Please note that temperature compensation device is mounted for each axis inside the sensor and that the temperature in the sensor has to stabilize before accurate measurement can be done. Allow at least half an hour for temperature stabilization.




### User Manual

AC-43 Accelerometer

11.08.2022/V07

## Documents / Resources

	<a href="#">GeoSIG AC-43 MEMS Accelerometer</a> [pdf] User Manual AC-43 MEMS Accelerometer, AC-43 MEMS, Accelerometer
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## References

- [GeoSIG | Seismometer, accelerometer, SHM, and other earthquake monitoring and measuring solutions](#)