



# freescale FRDM-KL25Z NXP Semiconductors PCB Design Board User Manual

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## Overview

The Freescale Freedom development platform is a set of software and hardware tools for evaluation and development. It is ideal for rapid prototyping of microcontroller-based applications. The Freescale Freedom KL25Z hardware, FRDM-KL25Z, is a capable and cost-effective design featuring a Kinetis L series microcontroller, the industry's first microcontroller built on the ARM® Cortex™-M0+ core.

FRDM-KL25Z can be used to evaluate the KL14, KL15, KL24 & KL25 Kinetis L series devices. It features a KL25Z128VLK, a device boasting a max operating frequency of 48MHz, 128KB of flash, a full-speed USB controller, and loads of analog and digital peripherals. The FRDM-KL25Z hardware is form-factor compatible with the Arduino™ R3 pin layout, providing a broad range of expansion board options. The onboard interfaces include an RGB LED, a 3-axis digital accelerometer, and a capacitive touch slider.

The FRDM-KL25Z is the first hardware platform to feature the Freescale open standard embedded serial and debug adapter known as OpenSDA. This circuit offers several options for serial communications, flash programming, and run-control debugging.

## Reference Documents

The table below provides a list of reference documents for the FRDM-KL25Z hardware. All of these documents are available online at [www.freescale.com/FRDM-KL25Z](http://www.freescale.com/FRDM-KL25Z).

**Table 1. FRDM-KL25Z Reference Documents**

Filename	Description
<i>FRDM-KL25Z Quick Start Package</i>	Quick Start Guide and supporting files for getting started with the FRDM-KL25Z.
<i>FRDM-KL25Z User's Manual</i>	This document—overview and detailed information for the FRDM-KL25Z hardware.
<i>FRDM-KL25Z Pinouts</i>	Spreadsheet of pin connections for all MCU pins. Includes pinout for the I/O headers, Arduino R3 compatibility chart, and OpenSDA MCU pinout.
<i>FRDM-KL25Z Schematics</i>	PDF schematics for the FRDM-KL25Z hardware. Rev. E and Rev. D available.
<i>FRDM-KL25Z Design Package</i>	Zip file containing all design source files for the FRDM-KL25Z hardware.
<i>OpenSDA User's Guide</i>	Overview and instructions for use of the OpenSDA embedded debug circuit.

## Getting Started

See the FRDM-KL25Z Quick Start Package for step-by-step instructions for getting started with the FRDM-KL25Z. See the “Jump Start Your Design” section on [www.freescale.com/FRDM-KL25Z](http://www.freescale.com/FRDM-KL25Z) for the Quick Start Package and software lab guides.

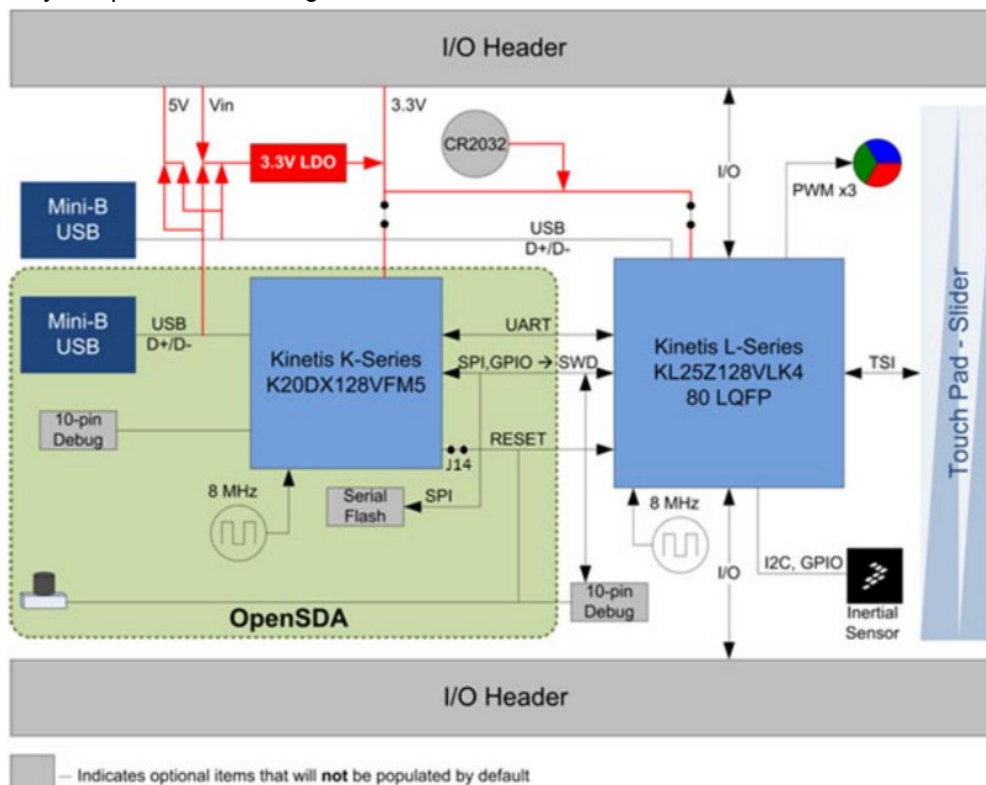
## FRDM-KL25Z Hardware Overview

The features of the FRDM-KL25Z include:

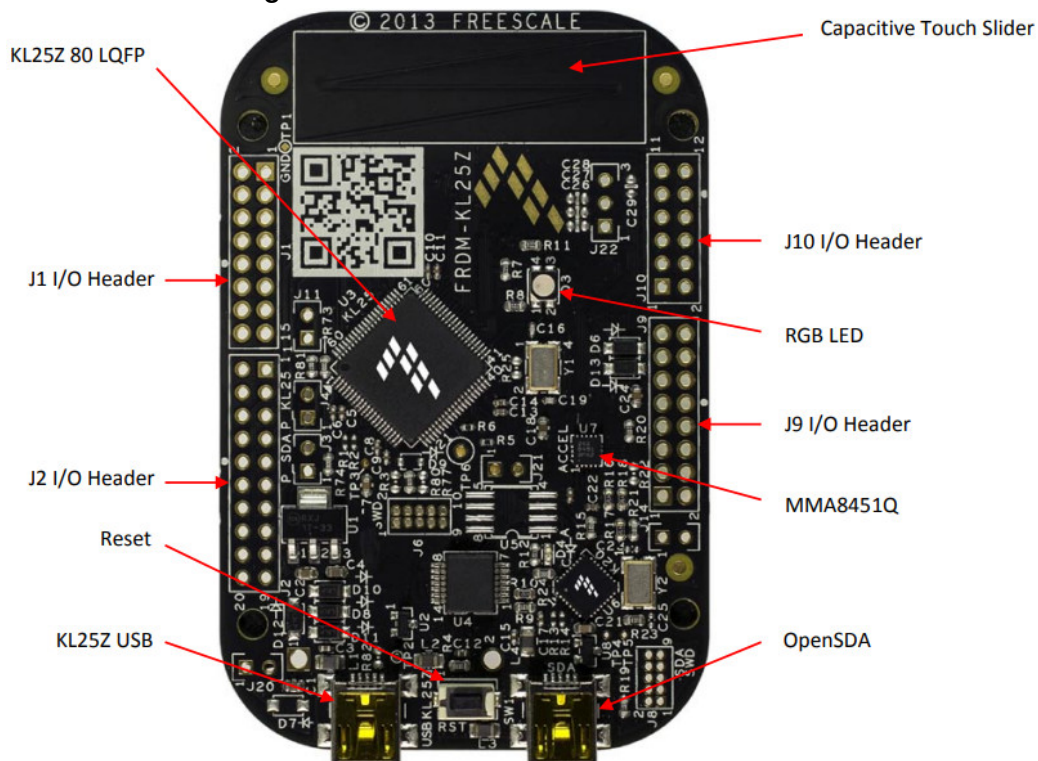
- MKL25Z128VLK4 in an 80 LQFP package
- Capacitive touch slider
- MMA8451Q accelerometer
- Tri-color (RGB) LED
- Flexible power supply options – USB, coin cell battery, external source
- Battery-ready, power-measurement access points
- Easy access to MCU I/O via Arduino <sup>™</sup> R3 compatible I/O connectors
- Programmable OpenSDA debug interface with multiple applications available including:
  - Mass storage device flash programming interface
  - P&E Debug interface provides run-control debugging and compatibility with IDE tools

- CMSIS-DAP interface: new ARM standard for embedded debug interface
- Data logging application

Figure 1 shows a block diagram of the FRDM-KL25Z design. The primary components and their placement on the hardware assembly are pointed out in Figure 2.



**Figure 1. FRDM-KL25Z Block Diagram**



**Figure 2. FRDM-KL25Z Feature Call-outs**

## FRDM-KL25Z Hardware Description

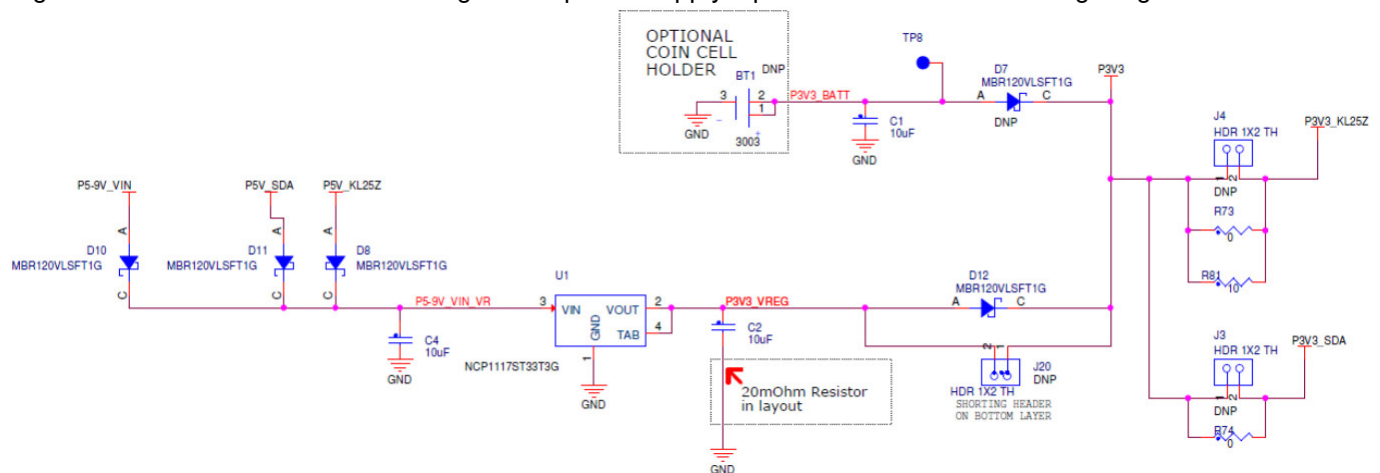
### 5.1 Power Supply

There are multiple power supply options on the FRDM-KL25Z. It can be powered from either of the USB connectors, the VIN pin on the I/O header, an on-board coin cell battery, or an off-board 1.71-3.6V supply from the

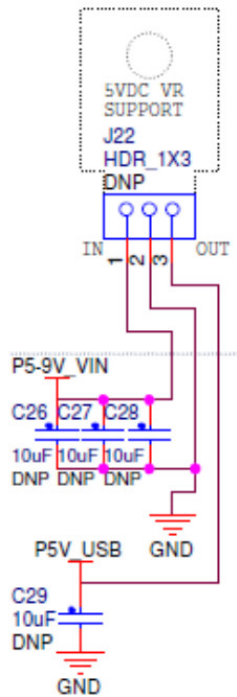
3.3V pin on the I/O header. The USB and VIN supplies are regulated onboard using a 3.3V linear regulator to produce the main power supply. The other two sources are not regulated onboard. Table 2 provides the operational details and requirements for the power supplies.

Supply Source	Valid Range	OpenSDA Operational ?	Regulated on-board?
OpenSDA USB (J7)	5V	Yes	Yes
KL25Z USB (J5)	5V	No	Yes
V <sub>IN</sub> Pin	4.3-9V	No	Yes
3.3V Pin	1.71-3.6V	No	No
Coin Cell Battery	1.71-3.6V	No	No

Figure 3 shows the schematic drawing for the power supply inputs and the onboard voltage regulator.



In addition, regulated power can be supplied to J3 pin 10 from an external source through P5-9V\_VINby populating the board with an optional voltage regulator, e.g. a 7805 style regulator in a TO-220 package, thus providing a high current supply to external devices. To prevent voltage sag under high load C23, C24, C25 & C28 should be populated with appropriately sized capacitors to match the regulator actually chosen. See Figure 4.



**Figure 4. Optional Voltage Regulator Schematic.**

**Table 3. FRDM-KL25Z Power Supplies**

Power Supply Name	Description
P5-9V_VIN	Power supplied from the <b>V<sub>IN</sub></b> pin of the I/O headers (J9 pin 16).
P5V_SDA	Power supplied from the <b>OpenSDA USB</b> connector (J7). A Schottky diode provides back drive protection.
P5V_KL25Z	Power supplied from the <b>KL25Z USB</b> connector (J5). A Schottky diode provides back drive protection.
P3V3_VREG	<b>Regulated 3.3V supply.</b> Sources power to the P3V3 supply rail with an optional back drive protection Schottky diode. <sup>1,3</sup>
P3V3_BATT	<b>Coin cell battery</b> supply voltage. Sources power to the P3V3 supply rail with the option of adding a back drive protection Schottky diode. <sup>4</sup>
P3V3	<b>Main supply rail</b> for the FRDM-KL25Z assembly. May be sourced from P3V3_VREG, P3V3_BATT, or directly from the I/O headers (J9 pin 8)
P3V3_KL25Z	<b>KL25Z MCU supply.</b> Header J4 provides a convenient means for energy consumption measurements. <sup>2</sup>
P3V3_SDA	<b>OpenSDA circuit supply.</b> Header J3 provides a convenient means for energy consumption measurements. <sup>2</sup>
P5V_USB	Nominal <b>5V</b> supplied to the I/O headers (J9 pin 10). Sourced from either the P5V_KL25Z or P5V_OSDA supply through a back drive protection Schottky diode.

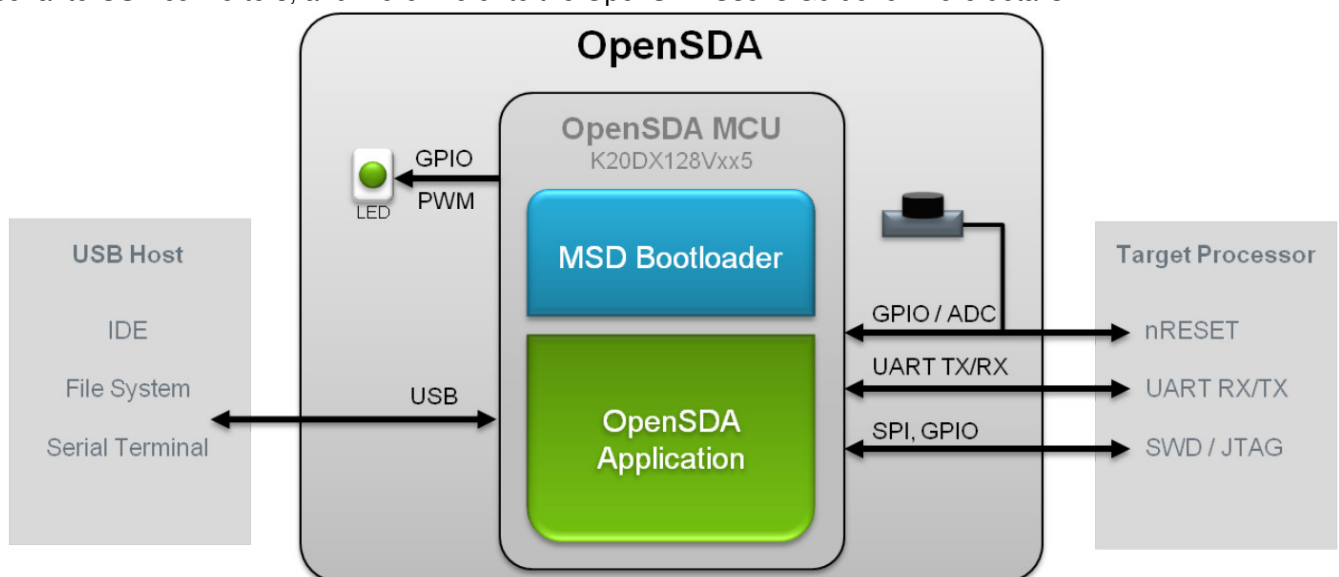
**NOTES:**



1. By default, the linear regulator, U1, is a 3.3V output regulator. However, this is a common footprint that would allow the user to modify the assembly to utilize an alternative device such as a 1.8V or 2.5V regulator. The KL25Z microcontroller has an operating range of 1.71V to 3.6V.
2. J3 and J4 are not populated by default. The two pins of these headers are in parallel with 0  $\Omega$  resistors. In addition, J4 is also in parallel with a 10  $\Omega$  resistor. To measure the energy consumption of the KL25Z, either a voltmeter or an ammeter may be used. To use a voltmeter, R73 (0  $\Omega$ ) must be removed before connecting the voltmeter probes to the pins of J4. Both R73 and R81 (10  $\Omega$ ) must be removed to measure current with an ammeter. For the OpenSDA MCU, energy consumption can be measured by removing R74 (0  $\Omega$ ) and connecting ammeter probes to the pins of J3.
3. D12 is bypassed by J20. By default, the pins of J20 are shorted together, to reduce the voltage drop across D12. To use D12, cut the trace between the pins of J20.
4. If a coin cell battery is to be used add a small amount of solder to the coin cell ground pad before adding the battery holder. Also, it is recommended to populate D7 as a protection diode when using a coin cell battery.

### Serial and Debug Adapter (OpenSDA)

OpenSDA is an open-standard serial and debugs adapter. It bridges serial and debugs communications between a USB host and an embedded target processor as shown in Figure 5. The hardware circuit is based on a Freescale Kinetis K20 family microcontroller (MCU) with 128 KB of embedded flash and an integrated USB controller. OpenSDA features a mass storage device (MSD) bootloader, which provides a quick and easy mechanism for loading different OpenSDA Applications such as flash programmers, run-control debug interfaces, serial-to-USB converters, and more. Refer to the OpenSDA User's Guide for more details.



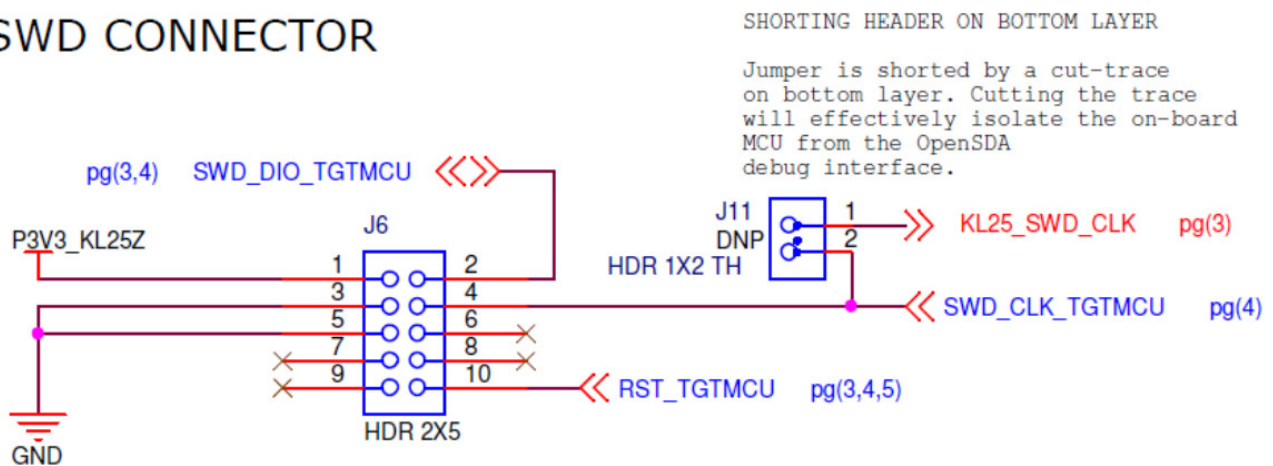
**Figure 5. OpenSDA High-Level Block Diagram**

OpenSDA is managed by a Kinetis K20 MCU built on the ARM® Cortex™-M4 core. The OpenSDA circuit includes a status LED (D4) and a pushbutton (SW1). The pushbutton asserts the Reset signal to the KL25Z target MCU. It can also be used to place the OpenSDA circuit into Bootloader mode. The OpenSDA MCU RESET can be isolated from SW1 by cutting the trace between pins on J14. SPI and GPIO signals provide an interface to the SWD debug port of the KL25Z. Additionally, signal connections are available to implement a UART serial channel. The OpenSDA circuit receives power when the USB connector J7 is plugged into a USB host.

### Debug Interface

Signals with SPI and GPIO capability are used to connect directly to the SWD of the KL25Z. These signals are also brought out to a standard 10-pin (0.05") Cortex Debug connector (J6). It is possible to isolate the KL25Z MCU from the OpenSDA circuit and use J6 to connect to an off-board MCU. To accomplish this, cut the trace on the bottom side of the PCB that connects J11 pin 1 to J11 pin 2. This will disconnect the SWD\_CLK pin to the KL25Z so that it will not interfere with the communications to an off-board MCU connected to J6.

# SWD CONNECTOR



**Figure 6. SWD Debug Connector**

**Note** that J6 is not-populated by default. A Samtec FTSH-105-02-F-D or compatible connector can be added to the J6 through-hole connector. A mating cable, such as a Samtec FFSD IDC cable, can then be used to connect from the OpenSDA of the FRDM-KL25Z to an off-board SWD connector.

## Virtual Serial Port

A serial port connection is available between the OpenSDA MCU and pins PTA1 and PTA2 of the KL25Z. Several of the default OpenSDA Applications provided by Freescale, including the MSD Flash Programmer and the P&E Debug Application, provide a USB Communications Device Class (CDC) interface that bridges serial communications between the USB host and this serial interface on the KL25Z.

## KL25Z Microcontroller

The target microcontroller of the FRDM-KL25Z is the KL25Z128VLK4, a Kinetis L series device in an 80 LQFP package. The KL25Z MCU features include:

- 32-bit ARM Cortex-M0+ core up to 48 MHz operation Single-cycle fast I/O access port
- Memories
  - 128 KB flash
  - 16 KB SRAM
- System integration
  - Power management and mode controllers
  - Low-leakage wakeup unit
  - Bit manipulation engine for read-modify-write peripheral operations
  - Direct memory access (DMA) controller
  - Computer operating properly (COP) Watchdog timer
- Clocks
  - Clock generation module with FLL and PLL for system and CPU clock generation
  - 4 MHz and 32 kHz internal reference clock
  - System oscillator supporting external crystal or resonator
  - Low-power 1kHz RC oscillator for RTC and COP watchdog
- Analog peripherals
  - 16-bit SAR ADC w/ DMA support
  - 12-bit DAC w/ DMA support
  - High-speed comparator
- Communication peripherals
  - Two 8-bit Serial Peripheral Interfaces (SPI)
  - USB dual-role controller with built-in FS/LS transceiver
  - USB voltage regulator
  - Two I2C modules



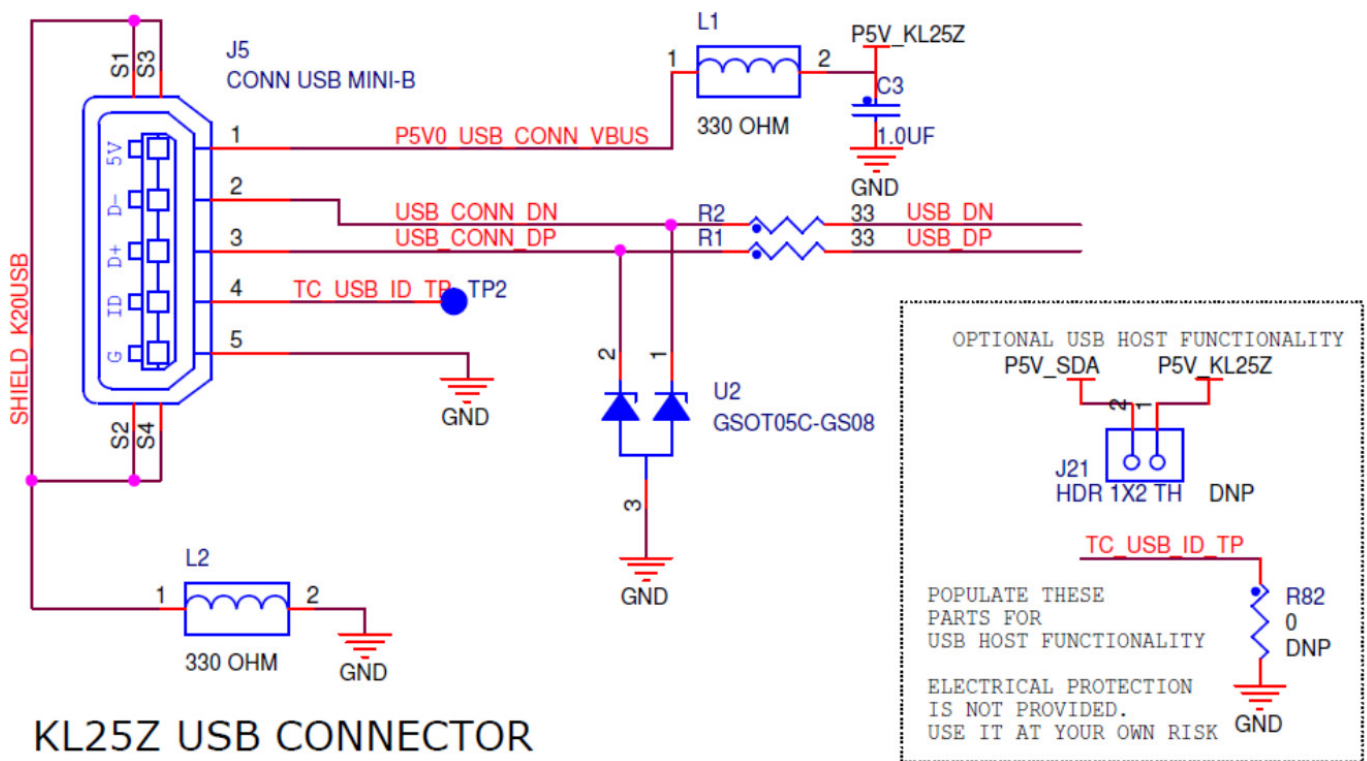
- One low-power UART and two standard UART modules
- Timers
  - One 6-channel Timer/PWM module
  - Two 2-channel Timer/PWM modules
  - 2-channel Periodic Interrupt Timer (PIT)
  - Real-time clock (RTC)
  - Low-power Timer (LPTMR)
  - System tick timer
- Human-Machine Interfaces (HMI)
  - General purpose input/output controller
  - Capacitive touch sense input interface hardware module

### Clock Source

The Kinetis KL25 microcontrollers feature an on-chip oscillator compatible with three ranges of input crystal or resonator frequencies: 32-40 kHz (low freq. mode), 3-8 MHz (high freq. mode, low range), and 8-32 MHz (high freq. mode, high range). The KL25Z128 on the FRDM-KL25Z is clocked from an 8 MHz crystal.

### USB Interface

The Kinetis KL25 microcontrollers feature a dual-role USB controller with on-chip full-speed and low-speed transceivers. The USB interface on the FRDM-KL25Z is configured as a full-speed USB device. J5 is the USB connector for this interface.



**Figure 7. USB Connector Schematic**

In order to enable USB host functionality on the FRDM-KL25Z, it is necessary to populate J21 and R82 as shown in the figure above. However, there is no electrical protection provided. Use the USB host functionality at your own risk.

### Serial Port

The primary serial port interface signals are PTA1 and PT A2. These signals are connected to both the OpenSDA and to the J1 I/O connector. Note that the OpenSDA connection can be isolated from J1 by removing R5 & R6 if required.

### Reset

The PTA20/RESET signal on the KL25Z128 is connected externally to a pushbutton, SW1, and also to the OpenSDA circuit. However, J14 has been provided to isolate the OpenSDA MCU from SW1. Isolating the RESET line allows a more accurate measurement of the target device's power consumption in low-power modes. The reset button can

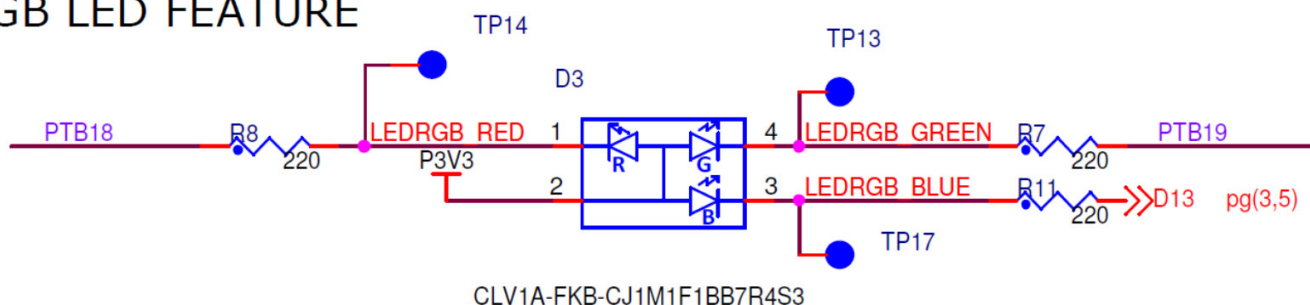
### Table 5. RGB LED Signal Connections

<b>RGB LED</b>	<b>KL25Z128</b>
Red Cathode	PTB18
Green Cathode	PTB19
Blue Cathode	PTD11

**NOTE:**

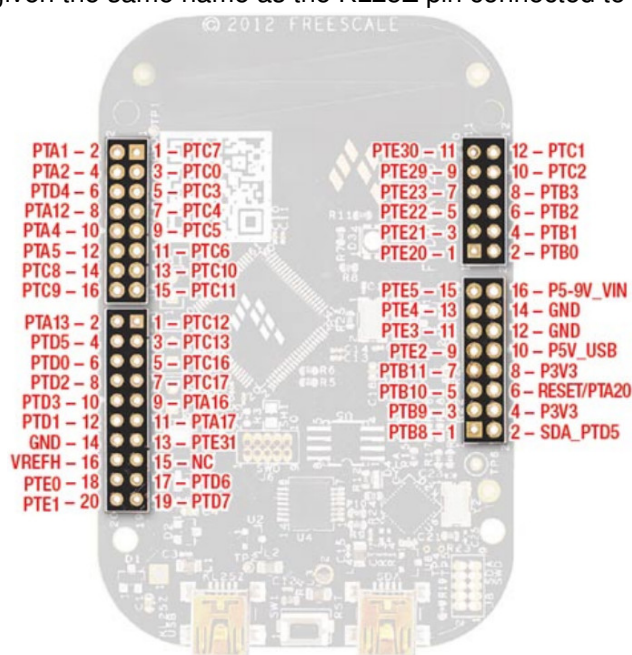
1) PTD1 is also connected to the I/O header on J2 pin 10 (also known as D13).

## RGB LED FEATURE



**Figure 9. RGB LED Schematic Diagram**  
**Input/Output Connectors**

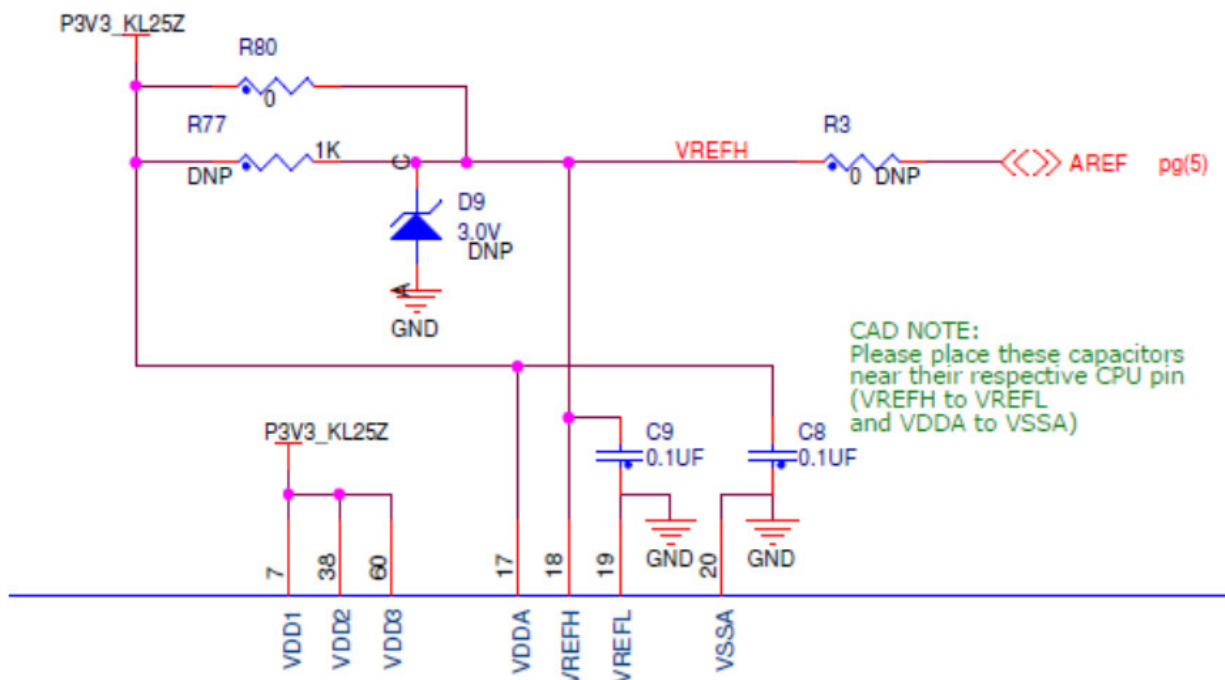
The KL25Z128VLK4 microcontroller is packaged in an 80-pin LQFP. Some pins are utilized in on-board circuitry, but many are directly connected to one of four I/O headers. The pins on the KL25Z microcontroller are named for their general-purpose input/output port pin function. For example, the 1st pin on Port A is referred to as TA1. The I/O connector pin names are given the same name as the KL25Z pin connected to it, where applicable.



**Note** that all pinout data is available in spreadsheet format in FRDM-KL25Z Pinouts. See the Reference Documents section for details.

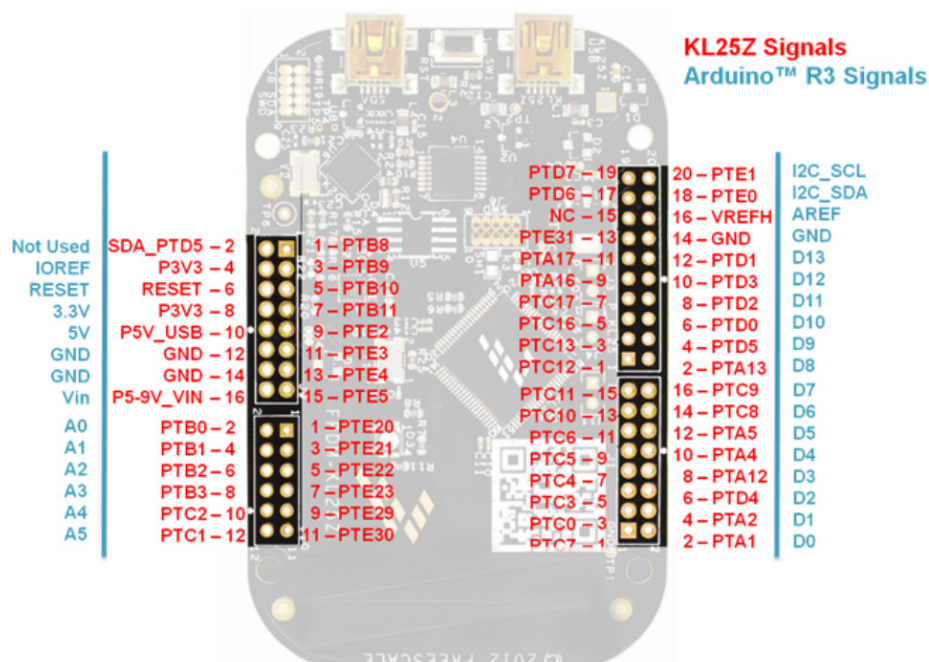
### Analog Reference Voltage

The onboard ADC of the KL25Z128VLK4 MCU uses the Reference Voltage High (VREFH) and Reference Voltage Low (VREFL) pins to set high and low voltage references for the analog modules. On the FRDMKL25Z, by default VREFH is attached to P3V3\_KL25Z(3.3V Supply). VREFL is connected to GND. Figure 10 illustrates this circuitry.



**Figure 10. FRDM-KL25Z VREFH Circuit Schematic**

If desired, VREFH can use a VDDA independent reference by adding R77 and a Zener diode (D9). R80 (0  $\Omega$  resistor) must be removed when implementing this option. Alternatively, VREFH can be attached to an external source through AREF by removing R80 and populating R3 with a 0  $\Omega$  resistor. 5.9 Arduino Compatibility The I/O headers on the FRDM-KL25Z are arranged to allow compatibility with peripheral boards (known as shields) that connect to Arduino™ and Arduino-compatible microcontroller boards. The outer rows of pins (the even-numbered pins) on the headers share the same mechanical spacing and placement as the I/O headers on the Arduino Revision 3 (R3) standard.



Refer to the FRDM-KL25Z Pinouts spreadsheet for a compatibility chart showing how all the functions of the KL25Z signals on the I/O connectors map to the pin functions available on the Arduino Uno R3.

## Appendix A

### Revision History

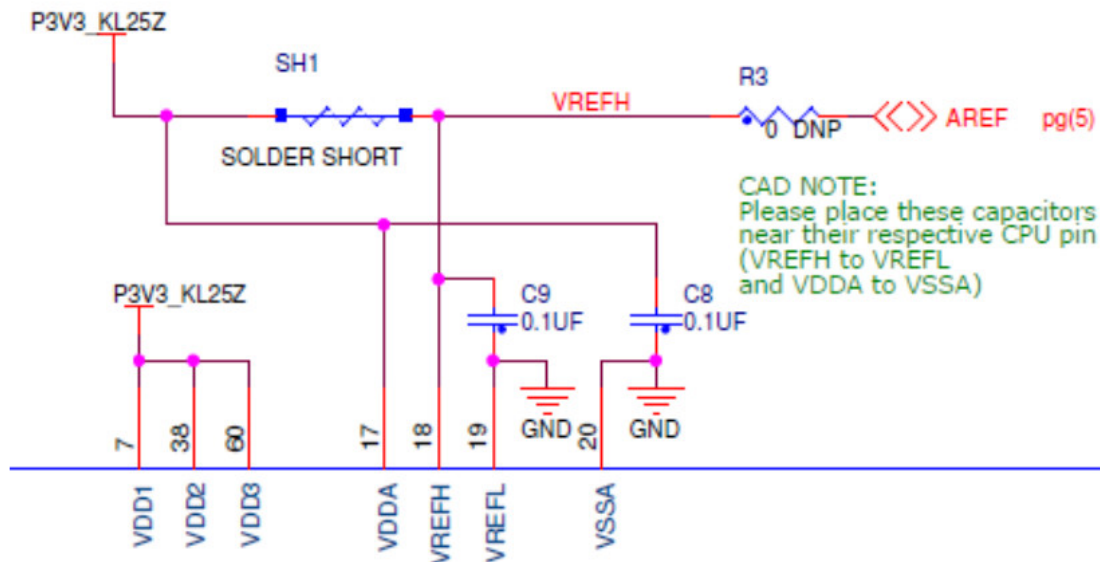
This appendix describes corrections to this user's manual for convenience. Grammatical and formatting changes are not listed here unless the meaning of something changed.

#### A.1 Changes Between Document Revisions 2 and 1

**Table A-1. Changes between revisions 2 and 1**







**Figure A-2. FRDM-KL25Z VREFH Schematic Rev. D.**

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**Rev. 2.0**

**10/2013**



**Documents / Resources**



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