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ESPC6WROOM1 N16 Module Espressif System



Specifications

- Module Name: ESP32-C6-WROOM-1
- Wireless Connectivity: Wi-Fi, IEEE 802.15.4, Bluetooth LE
- Processor: ESP32-C6, 32-bit RISC-V single-core
- Flash Options: 4MB, 8MB, 16MB (Quad SPI)

Product Usage Instructions

Get Started

What You Need

To get started with the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module, you will need:

- ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module
- Hardware components for connection
- Development environment setup

Hardware Connection

Refer to the pin layout diagram for connecting the necessary hardware components to the module.

Set up Development Environment

- **Install Prerequisites:** Install the necessary software tools as per the requirements.
- Get ESP-IDF: Obtain the ESP-IDF (Espressif IoT Development Framework) for development.
- **Set up Tools:** Configure the development tools required for programming.
- Set up Environment Variables: Set up environment variables for the development environment.

Create Your First Project

Follow these steps to create your first project with the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module:

- 1. Start a Project: Begin a new project in your development environment.
- Connect Your Device: Connect the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module to your development setup.
- 3. **Configure:** Configure the project settings and peripherals as needed.
- 4. **Build the Project:** Build the project to generate the firmware.
- 5. Flash onto the Device: Flash the firmware onto the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module.
- 6. **Monitor:** Monitor the output and behavior of your project.

Module that supports 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi 6 (802.11 ax), Bluetooth® 5 (LE), Zigbee and Thread

(802.15.4)

Built around ESP32-C6 series of SoCs, 32-bit RISC-V single-core microprocessor

Flash up to 16 MB

23 GPIOs, rich set of peripherals

On-board PCB antenna

Module Overview

Features

• CPU and On-Chip Memory

- ESP32-C6 embedded, 32-bit RISC-V single-core microprocessor, up to 160 MHz
- ROM: 320 KB
- ∘ HP SRAM: 512 KB
- ∘ LP SRAM: 16 KB

Wi-Fi

- 1T1R in 2.4 GHz band
- Operating frequency: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
- IEEE 802.11ax-compliant
 - 20 MHz-only non-AP mode
 - MCS0 ~MCS9
 - Uplink and downlink OFDMA, especially suitable for simultaneous connections in high-density environments
 - Downlink MU-MIMO (multi-user, multiple input, multiple output) to increase network capacity

- Beamformee that improves signal quality
- Channel quality indication (CQI)
- DCM (dual carrier modulation) to improve link robustness
- Spatial reuse to maximize parallel transmissions
- Target wake time (TWT) that optimizes power saving mechanisms
- Fully compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n protocol
 - 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidth
 - Data rate up to 150 Mbps
 - Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)
 - TX/RX A-MPDU, TX/RX A-MSDU
 - Immediate Block ACK
 - Fragmentation and defragmentation
 - Transmit opportunity (TXOP)
 - Automatic Beacon monitoring (hardware TSF)
 - 4 × virtual Wi-Fi interfaces
 - Simultaneous support for Infrastructure BSS in Station mode, SoftAP mode,
 Station + SoftAP mode, and promiscuous mode
 Note that when ESP32-C6 scans in Station mode, the SoftAP channel will change along with the Station channel
 - o 802.11mc FTM

Bluetooth®

- Bluetooth LE: Bluetooth 5.3 certified
- Bluetooth mesh
- High power mode
- Speed: 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps
- Advertising extensions
- Multiple advertisement sets
- Channel selection algorithm #2
- LE power control
- Internal co-existence mechanism between Wi-Fi and Bluetooth to share the same antenna

IEEE 802.15.4

- Compliant with IEEE 802.15.4-2015 protocol
- OQPSK PHY in 2.4 GHz band

Data rate: 250 Kbps

Thread 1.3

Zigbee 3.0

Peripherals

- GPIO, SPI, parallel IO interface, UART, I2C, I2S,RMT (TX/RX), pulse counter, LED PWM, USB Serial/JTAG controller, MCPWM, SDIO2.0 slave controller, GDMA, TWAI® controller, on-chip debug functionality via JTAG, event task matrix,ADC, temperature sensor, general-purpose timers, watchdog timers, etc. Integrated Components on Module
- 40 MHz crystal oscillator
- SPI flash

Antenna Options

On-board PCB antenna

Operating Conditions

- Operating voltage/Power supply: 3.0 ~ 3.6 V
- Operating ambient temperature:

∘ 85 °C version module: –40 ~ 85 °C

105 °C version module: –40 ~ 105 °C

Description

ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 is a general-purpose Wi-Fi, IEEE 802.15.4, and Bluetooth LE module. The rich set of peripherals and high performance make the module an ideal choice for smart homes, industrial automation, health care, consumer electronics, etc. ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module features an external SPI flash.

The ordering information for ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 is as follows:

 Table 1: ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 Ordering Information

		Ambient Temp. Size	
Ordering Code	Flash	(°C)	(mm)

ESP32-C6-WROOM-1-N4	4 MB (Quad SPI)	-40 ~ 85	
ESP32-C6-WROOM-1-H4	+ IVID (Quad OI I)	-40 ~ 105	
ESP32-C6-WROOM-1-N8	8 MB (Quad SPI)		400 055 04
ESP32-C6-WROOM-1-N1	16 MB (Quad SPI	−40 ~ 85	18.0 × 25.5 × 3.1

At the core of this module is ESP32-C6, a 32-bit RISC-V single-core processor.

ESP32-C6 integrates a rich set of peripherals including SPI, parallel IO interface, UART, I2C, I2S, RMT (TX/RX),LED PWM, USB Serial/JTAG controller, MCPWM, SDIO2.0 slave controller, GDMA, TWAI® controller, on-chip debug functionality via JTAG, event task matrix, as well as up to 23 GPIOs, etc.

Note:

For more information on ESP32-C6, please refer to ESP32-C6 Series Datasheet.

Pin Definitions

Pin Layout

The pin diagram below shows the approximate location of pins on the module.

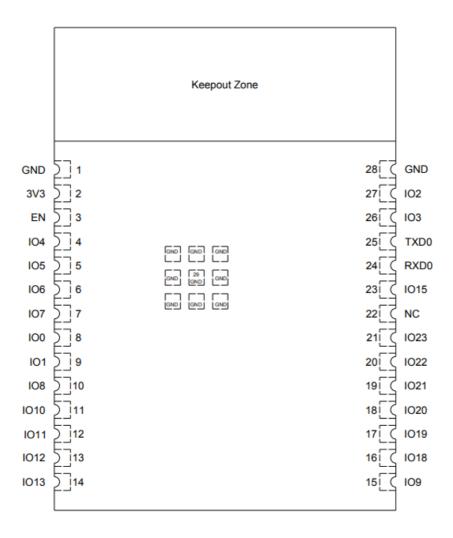


Figure 1: Pin Layout (Top View)

Pin Description

The module has 29 pins. See pin definitions in Table 2 Pin Definitions.

For peripheral pin configurations, please refer to <u>ESP32-C6 Series Datasheet</u>.

Table 2: Pin Definitions

Nam e	No.	Typ e ¹	Function
GND	1	Р	Ground
3V3	2	Р	Power supply
EN	3	I	High: on, enables the chip. Low: off, the chip powers off. Note: Do not leave the EN pin floating.

104	4	I/O/ T	MTMS, GPIO4, LP_GPIO4, LP_UART_RXD, ADC1_CH4, FSPIH
105	5	I/O/ T	MTDI, GPIO5, LP_GPIO5, LP_UART_TXD, ADC1_CH5, FSPIW
106	6	I/O/ T	MTCK, GPIO6, LP_GPIO6, LP_I2C_SDA, ADC1_CH6, FSPICLK
107	7	I/O/ T	MTDO, GPIO7, LP_GPIO7, LP_I2C_SCL, FSPID
100	8	I/O/ T	GPIO0, XTAL_32K_P, LP_GPIO0, LP_UART_DTRN, ADC1_CH
IO1	9	I/O/ T	GPIO1, XTAL_32K_N, LP_GPIO1, LP_UART_DSRN, ADC1_CH
IO8	10	I/O/ T	GPIO8
IO10	11	I/O/ T	GPIO10
IO11	12	I/O/ T	GPIO11
IO12	13	I/O/ T	GPIO12, USB_D-
IO13	14	I/O/ T	GPIO13, USB_D+
IO9	15	I/O/ T	GPIO9

IO18	16	I/O/ T	GPIO18, SDIO_CMD, FSPICS2
IO19	17	I/O/ T	GPIO19, SDIO_CLK, FSPICS3
1020	18	I/O/ T	GPIO20, SDIO_DATA0, FSPICS4
IO21	19	I/O/ T	GPIO21, SDIO_DATA1, FSPICS5
1022	20	I/O/ T	GPIO22, SDIO_DATA2
IO23	21	I/O/ T	GPIO23, SDIO_DATA3
NC	22	_	NC
IO15	23	I/O/ T	GPIO15
RXD 0	24	I/O/ T	U0RXD, GPIO17, FSPICS1
TXD 0	25	I/O/ T	U0TXD, GPIO16, FSPICS0
103	26	I/O/ T	GPIO3, LP_GPIO3, LP_UART_CTSN, ADC1_CH3
102	27	I/O/ T	GPIO2, LP_GPIO2, LP_UART_RTSN, ADC1_CH2, FSPIQ
GND	28	Р	Ground

EPA D	29	Р	Ground	
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1 P: power supply; I: input; O: output; T: high impedance.

Get Started

What You Need

To develop applications for module you need:

- 1 x ESP32-C6-WROOM-1
- 1 x Espressif RF testing board
- 1 x USB-to-Serial board
- 1 x Micro-USB cable
- 1 x PC running Linux

In this user guide, we take Linux operating system as an example. For more information about the configuration on Windows and macOS, please refer to <u>ESP-IDF Programming</u> Guide.

Hardware Connection

Solder the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module to the RF testing board as shown in Figure
 2.

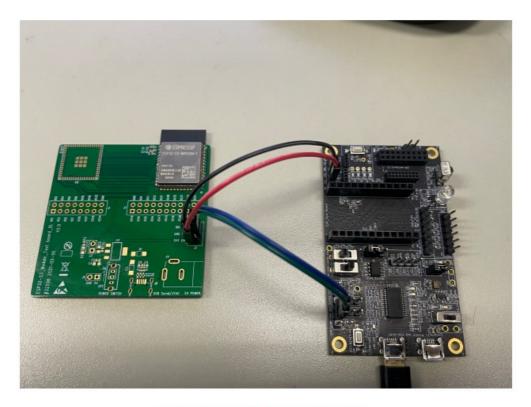


Figure 2: Hardware Connection

- 2. Connect the RF testing board to the USB-to-Serial board via TXD, RXD, and GND.
- 3. Connect the USB-to-Serial board to the PC.
- 4. Connect the RF testing board to the PC or a power adapter to enable 5 V power supply, via the Micro-USB cable.
- 5. During download, connect IO9 to GND via a jumper. Then, turn "ON" the testing board.
- 6. Download firmware into flash. For details, see the sections below.
- 7. After download, remove the jumper on IO9 and GND.
- 8. Power up the RF testing board again. The module will switch to working mode. The chip will read programs from flash upon initialization.

Note:

IO9 is internally logic high. If IO9 is set to pull-up, the Boot mode is selected. If this pin is pull-down or left floating, the

Download mode is selected. For more information on ESP32-C6-WROOM-1, please refer to ESP32-C6 Series Datasheet.

Set up Development Environment

The Espressif IoT Development Framework (ESP-IDF for short) is a framework for developing applications based on the Espressif ESP32. Users can develop applications with ESP32-C6 in Windows/Linux/macOS based on ESP-IDF. Here we take Linux operating system as an example.

1. Install Prerequisites

To compile with ESP-IDF you need to get the following packages:

- CentOS 7 & 8:
 - sudo yum -y update && sudo yum install git wget flex bison gperf python3 cmake ninja-build ccache dfu-util libusbx
- Ubuntu and Debian:
 - sudo apt-get install git wget flex bison gperf python3 python3-venv cmake ninjabuild ccache libffi-dev libssl-dev dfu-util libusb-1.0-0
- Arch:
 - sudo pacman -S --needed gcc git make flex bison gperf python cmake ninja ccache dfu-util libusb

Note:

- This guide uses the directory ~/esp on Linux as an installation folder for ESP-IDF.
- Keep in mind that ESP-IDF does not support spaces in paths.

2. Get ESP-IDF

To build applications for ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module, you need the software libraries provided by Espressif in <u>ESP-IDF repository</u>.

To get ESP-IDF, create an installation directory (~/esp) to download ESP-IDF to and clone the repository with 'git clone':

```
mkdir -p ~/esp
cd ~/esp
git clone --recursive https://github.com/espressif/esp-idf.git
```

ESP-IDF will be downloaded into ~/esp/esp-idf. Consult <u>ESP-IDF Versions</u> for information about which ESP-IDF version to use in a given situation.

3. Set up Tools

Aside from the ESP-IDF, you also need to install the tools used by ESP-IDF, such as the compiler, debugger, Python packages, etc. ESP-IDF provides a script named 'install.sh' to help set up the tools in one go.

```
cd ~/esp/esp-idf
./install.sh esp32c6
```

4. Set up Environment Variables

The installed tools are not yet added to the PATH environment variable. To make the

tools usable from the command line, some environment variables must be set. ESP-IDF provides another script 'export.sh' which does that. In the terminal where you are going to use ESP-IDF, run:

```
. $HOME/esp/esp-idf/export.sh
```

Now everything is ready, you can build your first project on ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module.

Create Your First Project

1. Start a Project

Now you are ready to prepare your application for ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module. You can start with <u>get-started/hello_world</u> project from <u>examples directory</u> in ESP-IDF. Copy get-started/hello_world to ~/esp directory:

```
cd ~/esp
cp -r $IDF_PATH/examples/get-started/hello_world .
```

There is a range of <u>example projects</u> in the examples directory in ESP-IDF. You can copy any project in the same way as presented above and run it. It is also possible to build examples in-place, without copying them first.

2. Connect Your Device

Now connect your module to the computer and check under what serial port the module is visible. Serial ports in Linux start with '/dev/tty' in their names. Run the command below two times, first with the board unplugged, then with plugged in. The port which appears the second time is the one you need:

```
1 ls /dev/tty*
```

Note:

Keep the port name handy as you will need it in the next steps.

3. Configure

Navigate to your 'hello_world' directory from Step 3.4.1. Start a Project, set ESP32-C6 chip as the target and run the project configuration utility 'menuconfig'.

```
cd ~/esp/hello_world
idf.py set-target esp32c6
idf.py menuconfig
```

Setting the target with 'idf.py set-target ESP32-C6' should be done once, after opening

a new project. If the project contains some existing builds and configuration, they will be cleared and initialized. The target may be saved in environment variable to skip this step at all. See <u>Selecting the Target</u> for additional information.

If the previous steps have been done correctly, the following menu appears:

```
Espressif IoT Development Framework Configuration
   SDK tool configuration
   Build type --->
   Application manager --->
   Bootloader config
   Security features
   Serial flasher config
   Partition Table
   Compiler options --->
                    --->
   Component config
   Compatibility options --->
[Space/Enter] Toggle/enter [ESC] Leave menu
                                                       [S] Save
                               Symbol info
                                                          Jump to symbol
                               Toggle show-name mode
  Toggle show-help mode
                                                      [A] Toggle show-all mode
        (prompts for save)
                               Save minimal config
```

Figure 3: Project Configuration - Home Window

You are using this menu to set up project specific variables, e.g. Wi-Fi network name and password, the

processor speed, etc. Setting up the project with menuconfig may be skipped for "hello_word". This example will

run with default configuration

The colors of the menu could be different in your terminal. You can change the appearance with the option '–style'. Please run 'idf.py menuconfig –help'–for further information.

4. Build the Project

Build the project by running:

```
idf.py build
```

This command will compile the application and all ESP-IDF components, then it will generate the bootloader, partition table, and application binaries.

```
$ idf.py build
Running cmake in directory /path/to/hello_world/build
Executing "cmake -G Ninja --warn-uninitialized /path/to/hello_world"...
```

```
Warn about uninitialized values.

-- Found Git: /usr/bin/git (found version "2.17.0")

-- Building empty aws_iot component due to configuration

-- Component names: ...

-- Component paths: ...

... (more lines of build system output)

[527/527] Generating hello_world.bin
esptool.py v2.3.1

Project build complete. To flash, run this command:
../../../components/esptool_py/esptool/esptool.py -p (PORT) -b 921600
write_flash --flash_mode dio --flash_size detect --flash_freq 40m
0x10000 build/hello_world.bin build 0x1000 build/bootloader/bootloader.bin 0x8000
build/partition_table/partition-table.bin
or run 'idf.py -p PORT flash'
```

If there are no errors, the build will finish by generating the firmware binary .bin file.

5. Flash onto the Device

Flash the binaries that you just built onto your module by running:

```
idf.py -p PORT [-b BAUD] flash
```

Replace PORT with your ESP32-C6 board's serial port name from Step: Connect Your Device.

You can also change the flasher baud rate by replacing BAUD with the baud rate you need. The default baud rate is 460800.

For more information on idf.py arguments, see idf.py.

Note:

The option 'flash' automatically builds and flashes the project, so running 'idf.py build' is not necessary.

When flashing, you will see the output log similar to the following:

```
esptool esp32c6 -p /dev/ttyUSB0 -b 460800 --before=default_reset --after=hard_reset --no-
      stub write_flash --flash_mode dio --flash_freq 80m --flash_size 2MB 0x0 bootloader/
      bootloader.bin 0x10000 hello_world.bin 0x8000 partition_table/partition-table.bin
esptool.py v4.3
4 Serial port /dev/ttyUSB0
5 Connecting....
6 Chip is ESP32-C6 (revision v0.0)
7 Features: WiFi 6, BT 5
8 Crystal is 40MHz
9 MAC: 60:55:f9:f6:01:38
10 Changing baud rate to 460800
 Changed.
12 Enabling default SPI flash mode...
   Configuring flash size...
   Flash will be erased from 0x00000000 to 0x00004fff...
   Flash will be erased from 0x00010000 to 0x00028fff...
   Flash will be erased from 0x00008000 to 0x00008fff...
   Erasing flash...
   Took 0.17s to erase flash block
18
   Writing at 0x00000000... (5 %)
19
   Writing at 0x00000c00... (23 %)
   Writing at 0x00001c00... (47 %)
21
   Writing at 0x00003000... (76 %)
   Writing at 0x00004000... (100 %)
   Wrote 17408 bytes at 0x00000000 in 0.5 seconds (254.6 kbit/s)...
   Hash of data verified.
   Erasing flash...
   Took 0.85s to erase flash block
   Writing at 0x00010000... (1 %)
   Writing at 0x00014c00... (20 %)
   Writing at 0x00019c00... (40 %)
   Writing at 0x0001ec00... (60 %)
   Writing at 0x00023c00... (80 %)
   Writing at 0x00028c00... (100 %)
   Wrote 102400 bytes at 0x00010000 in 3.2 seconds (253.5 kbit/s)...
   Hash of data verified.
   Erasing flash...
   Took 0.04s to erase flash block
   Writing at 0x00008000... (33 %)
```

```
Writing at 0x00008400... (66 %)
Writing at 0x00008800... (100 %)
Wrote 3072 bytes at 0x00008000 in 0.1 seconds (269.0 kbit/s)...
Hash of data verified.

Leaving...
Hard resetting via RTS pin...
```

If there are no issues by the end of the flash process, the board will reboot and start up the "hello_world" application.

6. Monitor

To check if "hello_world" is indeed running, type 'idf.py -p PORT monitor' (Do not forget to replace PORT with your serial port name).

This command launches the IDF Monitor application:

After startup and diagnostic logs scroll up, you should see "Hello world!" printed out by the application.

```
Hello world!
Restarting in 10 seconds...
This is esp32c6 chip with 1 CPU core(s), WiFi/BLE, 802.15.4 (Zigbee/Thread), silicon revision v0.0, 2 MB external flash
Minimum free heap size: 337332 bytes
Restarting in 9 seconds...
Restarting in 8 seconds...
Restarting in 7 seconds...
```

To exit IDF monitor use the shortcut Ctrl+].

That's all what you need to get started with ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module! Now you are ready to try some other <u>examples</u> in ESP-IDF, or go right to developing your own applications.

U.S. FCC Statement

The device complies with KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01. Below are integration instructions for host product manufacturers according to the KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01.

List of Applicable FCC Rules

FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

Specific Operational Use Conditions

The module has WiFi and BLE functions.

Operation Frequency:

WiFi: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz

Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz

Zigbee/Thread:2405 ~ 2480 MHz

• Number of Channel:

。 WiFi: 11

Bluetooth: 40

Zigbee/Thread: 26

Modulation:

WiFi: DSSS: OFDM

Bluetooth: GFSK

Zigbee/Thread:O-QPSK

Type: On-board PCB Antenna

Gain: 3.26 dBi Max

The module can be used for IoT applications with a maximum 3.26 dBi antenna. The host manufacturer installing this module into their product must ensure that the final composit product complies with the FCC requirements by a technical assessment or evaluation to the FCC rules, including the transmitter operation. The host manufacturer has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Limited Module Procedures

Not applicable. The module is a single module and complies with the requirement of FCC Part 15.212.

Trace Antenna Designs

Not applicable. The module has its own antenna, and does not need a host's printed board microstrip trace antenna, etc.

RF Exposure Considerations

The module must be installed in the host equipment such that at least 20cm is maintained between the antenna and users' body; and if RF exposure statement or module layout is changed, then the host product manufacturer required to take responsibility of the module through a change in FCC ID or new application. The FCC ID of the module cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the host manufacturer will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

Antennas

Antenna specification are as follows:

• Type: PCB Antenna

• Gain: 3.26 dBi

This device is intended only for host manufacturers under the following conditions:

- The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.
- The module shall be only used with the external antenna(s) that has been originally tested and certified with this module.
- The antenna must be either permanently attached or employ a 'unique' antenna coupler.

As long as the conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the host manufacturer is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

Label and Compliance Information

Host product manufacturers need to provide a physical or e-label stating "Contains FCC ID: 2AC7Z-ESPC6WROOM1" with their finished product.

Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

Operation Frequency:

WiFi: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz

Bluetooth: 2402 ~ 2480 MHz

Zigbee/Thread: 2405~ 2480 MHz

• Number of Channel:

。WiFi: 11

Bluetooth: 40

Zigbee/Thread:26

Modulation:

WiFi: DSSS; OFDM

Bluetooth: GFSK

Zigbee/Thread:O-QPSK

Host manufacturer must perform test of radiated and conducted emission and spurious emission, etc., according to the actual test modes for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host, as well as for multiple simultaneously transmitting modules or other transmitters in a host product. Only when all the test results of test modes comply with FCC requirements, then the end product can be sold legally.

Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B compliant

The modular transmitter is only FCC authorized for FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247 and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. If the grantee markets their product as being Part 15 Subpart B compliant (when it also contains unintentional-radiator digital circuity), then the grantee shall provide a notice stating that the final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital

device, pursuant to Part15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

OEM Integration Instructions

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

- The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.
- The module shall be only used with the external antenna(s) that has been originally tested and certified with this module.

As long as the conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emissions, PC peripheral requirements, etc.).

Validity of Using the Module Certification

In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization for this module in combination with the host equipment is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID of the module cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

End Product Labeling

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: 2AC7Z-ESPC6WROOM1".

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada's licence-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause interference; and
- This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled

environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

RSS-247 Section 6.4 (5)

The device could automatically discontinue transmission in case of absence of information to transmit, or operational failure. Note that this is not intended to prohibit transmission of control or signaling information or the use of repetitive codes where required by the technology.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions (For module device use):

- The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
- The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

As long as 2 conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

In the event that these conditions can not be met (for example certain laptop configurations or colocation with another transmitter), then the Canada authorization is no longer considered valid and the IC ID can not be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate Canada authorization.

End Product Labeling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in device where the antenna may be installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains IC: 21098-ESPC6WROOM

End Product Labeling

This transmitter module is authorized only for use in device where the antenna may be

installed such that 20 cm may be maintained between the antenna and users. The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following:

Related Documentation and Resources

Related Documentation

- ESP32-C6 Series Datasheet Specifications of the ESP32-C6 hardware.
- ESP32-C6 Technical Reference Manual Detailed information on how to use the ESP32-C6 memory and peripherals.
- ESP32-C6 Hardware Design Guidelines Guidelines on how to integrate the ESP32-C6 into your hardware product.
- Certificates
 https://espressif.com/en/support/documents/certificates
- Documentation Updates and Update Notification Subscription
 https://espressif.com/en/support/download/documents

Developer Zone

- <u>ESP-IDF Programming Guide for ESP32-C6</u> Extensive documentation for the ESP-IDF development framework.
- ESP-IDF and other development frameworks on GitHub. https://github.com/espressif
- ESP32 BBS Forum Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community for Espressif products
 where you can post questions, share knowledge, explore ideas, and help solve
 problems with fellow engineers.

https://esp32.com/

- The ESP Journal Best Practices, Articles, and Notes from Espressif folks.
 https://blog.espressif.com/
- See the tabs SDKs and Demos, Apps, Tools, AT Firmware.
 https://espressif.com/en/support/download/sdks-demos

Products

• ESP32-C6 Series SoCs – Browse through all ESP32-C6 SoCs.

https://espressif.com/en/products/socs?id=ESP32-C6

- ESP32-C6 Series Modules Browse through all ESP32-C6-based modules.
 https://espressif.com/en/products/modules?id=ESP32-C6
- ESP32-C6 Series DevKits Browse through all ESP32-C6-based devkits.
 https://espressif.com/en/products/devkits?id=ESP32-C6
- ESP Product Selector Find an Espressif hardware product suitable for your needs by comparing or applying filters. https://products.espressif.com/#/product-selector?
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Revision History

Date	Version	Release notes
2023-04-2	v1.0	Official release

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Frequently Asked Questions

Q: What are the main features of the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module?

A: The ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module offers Wi-Fi, IEEE 802.15.4, and Bluetooth LE connectivity, making it suitable for various applications like smart homes, industrial automation, health care, and consumer electronics.

Q: How many pins does the ESP32-C6-WROOM-1 module have?

A: The module has a total of 29 pins for various functions.

Refer to the pin definitions table for detailed information on each pin's function.

Documents / Resources



ESPRESSIF ESPC6WROOM1 N16 Module Espressif System [pdf] User

Manual

2AC7Z-ESPC6WROOM1, 2AC7ZESPC6WROOM1, espc6wroom1, ESPC 6WROOM1 N16 Module Espressif System, ESPC6WROOM1, N16 Modul e Espressif System, System

References

- User Manual
- **ESPRESSIF**

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