



EBYTE NA111-A Serial Ethernet Serial Server User Manual

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EBYTE NA111-A Serial Ethernet Serial Server



Product Overview

The NA111-A is a serial port server that converts serial port data to Ethernet data. It has multiple Modbus gateway modes and MQTT/HTTPC IoT gateway modes, making it suitable for various serial port devices/PLCs. The product comes with an RJ45 interface and 3*3.81mm Phoenix terminal for guide rail installation. It adopts industrial design standards to ensure equipment reliability.

PRODUCT Features

- Configurable gateway
- Supports quick access to Alibaba Cloud, Baidu Cloud, OneNET, Huawei Cloud, and standard MQTT servers of version 3.1
- Supports HTTP protocol (GET/POST request)
- Supports virtual serial port
- Supports timeout restart function, time can be customized
- Supports short connection function, short connection interval time customization
- Supports heartbeat package and registration package function
- Supports serial port cache cleaning function
- Supports access to external network and local area network
- Supports hardware reset to factory settings
- Supports online upgrade function

Product Usage Instructions

Preparation for Use

Before using the serial server, you need to prepare network cables, computers, USB-to-serial converters, and other related accessories. Make sure you have the following:

- NA111-A device
- Cable
- Computer
- Plug Wire

- USB to RS485 converter

Device Wiring

Connect the NA111-A to power (AC 85-265v, L (live, red), N (neutral, blue)). Connect the serial port and network port as follows:

1. Use the standard 10M/100M self-adaptive RJ45 network port. After correct access, the orange indicator light of the device network port is always on, and the green indicator light is flashing.
2. Use the standard RS485 interface (4*3.81mm Phoenix terminal). Connect the device 485-A to the A.

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Note:

The contents of this manual are subject to change due to product version upgrades or other reasons. Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd. reserves the right to make changes to the contents of this manual without notice or suggestion. This manual serves only as a user guide and Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd. endeavours to provide accurate information in this manual, but Chengdu Billionaire Electronics Co., Ltd. does not ensure that the contents are completely error-free and that all statements, information, and suggestions in this manual do not constitute any express or implied warranty.

Product Overview

Brief Introduction

NA111-A is a serial port server that realizes serial port data \rightleftharpoons Ethernet data conversion; it has multiple Modbus gateway modes and MQTT/HTTP IoT gateway modes, which can meet the networking functions of various serial port devices/PLCs; Industrial design standards are adopted to ensure the reliability of equipment; The product comes with RJ45 interface and 3*3.81mm Phoenix terminal, guide rail installation.






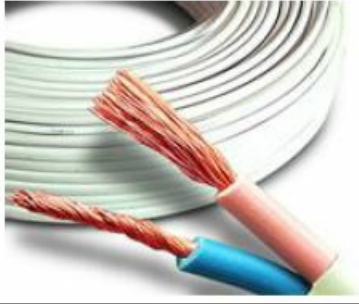
- RJ45 adaptive 10/100M Ethernet interface;
- Support multiple working modes (TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP Server, UDP Client, HTTP, MQTT);
- Support three configuration methods: configuration tool, web page and AT command;
- Server mode supports multiple socket connections;
- Support multiple baud rates;
- Support DHCP function;
- Support DNS (domain name resolution), and custom domain name resolution server;
- Support multiple Modbus gateways (simple protocol conversion, multi-host mode, storage gateway, configurable gateway, etc.);
- Supports quick access to Alibaba Cloud, Baidu Cloud, OneNET, Huawei Cloud, and standard MQTT servers of version 3.1;
- Support HTTP protocol (GET/POST request)
- Support virtual serial port;

- Support timeout restart function, time can be customized;
- Support short connection function, short connection interval time customization;
- Support heartbeat package and registration package function;
- Support serial port cache cleaning function;
- Support access to external network and local area network;
- Support hardware reset to factory settings;
- Support online upgrade function.

Quick Start

Preparation for use

Before using the serial server (hereinafter referred to as “device”), you need to prepare network cables, computers, USB-to-serial converters and other related accessories. details as follows:

		
NA111-A	Cable	Computer
		
Plug Wire	USB to RS485	Several cables

Device wiring

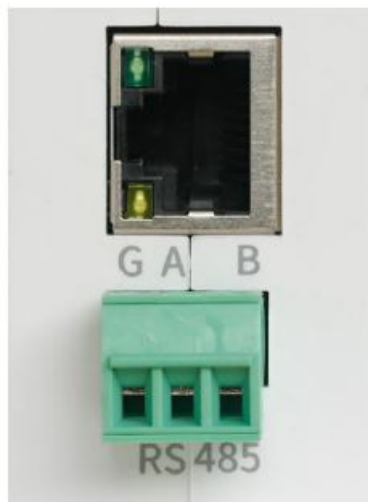
NA111-A power wiring (AC 85-265v, L (live, red), N (neutral, blue)):



Serial port and network port and wiring:

1. The standard 10M/100M self-adaptive RJ45 network port is adopted. After correct access, the orange indicator light of the device network port is always on, and the green indicator light is flashing;
2. The standard RS485 interface (4*3.81mm Phoenix terminal) is used, the device 485-A is connected to the A

of the USB to RS485 converter, and the device 485-B is connected to the B of the USB to RS485 converter (please use the standard RS485 twisted pair for long distances) cable, otherwise it may not be able to communicate normally due to excessive environmental interference);

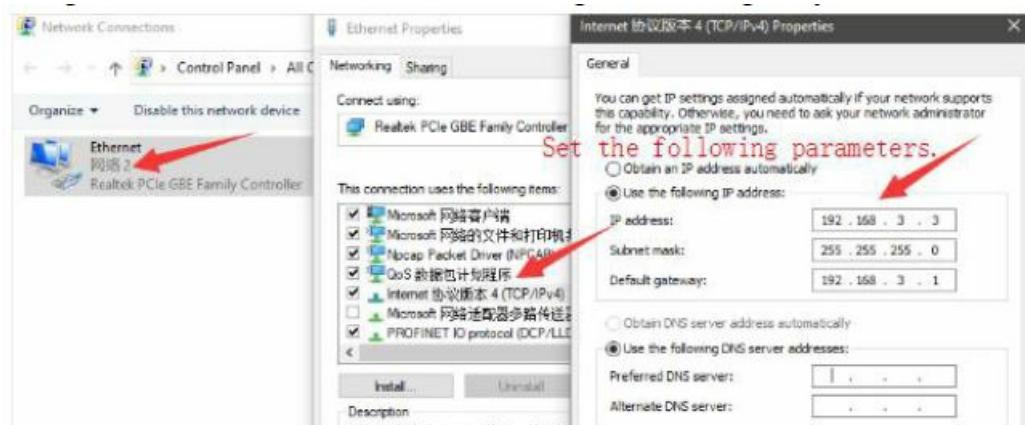


Software Settings

Network test environment

Avoid server search failures and inability to open web page configuration and other related problems in the actual application process. Check the computer settings first.

1. Turn off the firewall and anti-virus software of the computer;
2. Configure the network card connected to the device;
3. In this case, the PC is directly connected to the computer, and the static IP of the computer needs to be configured. The static IP of the computer, refer to the PC direct connection configuration) or the router needs to ensure that the device and the PC are on the same network end (for example 192.168.3.xxx);
4. Here, configure the static IP of the PC as 192.168.3.3 (the factory default destination IP of the serial port server), configure the subnet mask as 255.255.255.0, and configure the default gateway as 192.168.3.1;



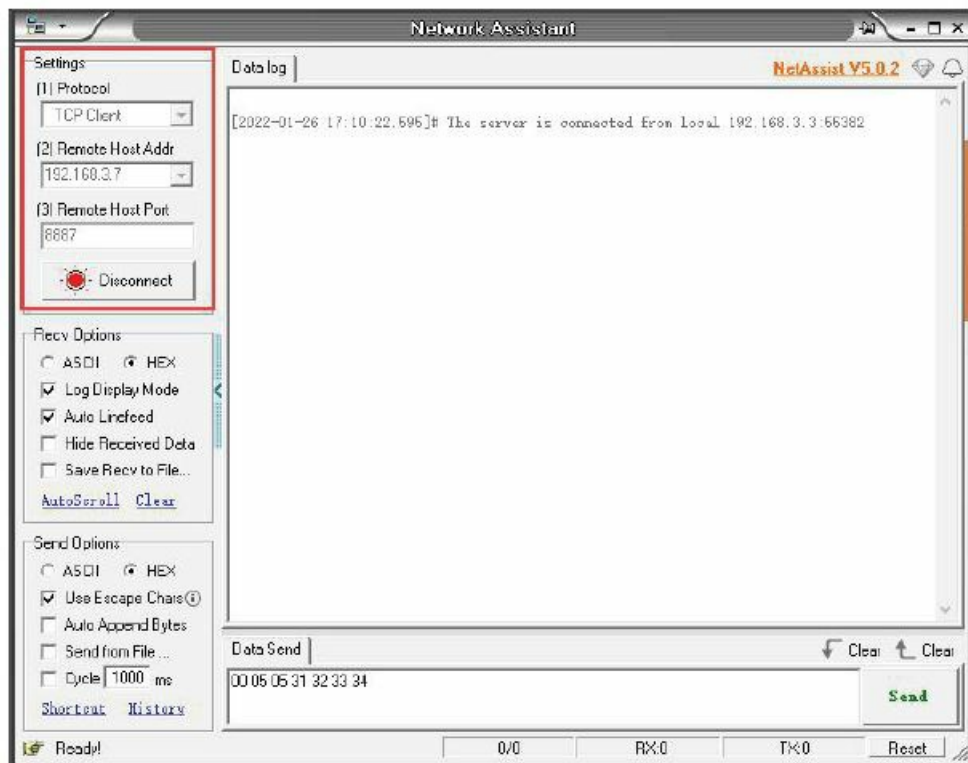
Default parameters

Item	default parameters
IP Address	192.168.3.7
Default local port	8887
subnet mask	255.255.255.0
default gateway	192.168.3.1
Default working mode	TCP Server
Default destination IP	192.168.3.3
Default destination port	8888
Serial port baud rate	115200
Serial port parameters	None / 8 / 1

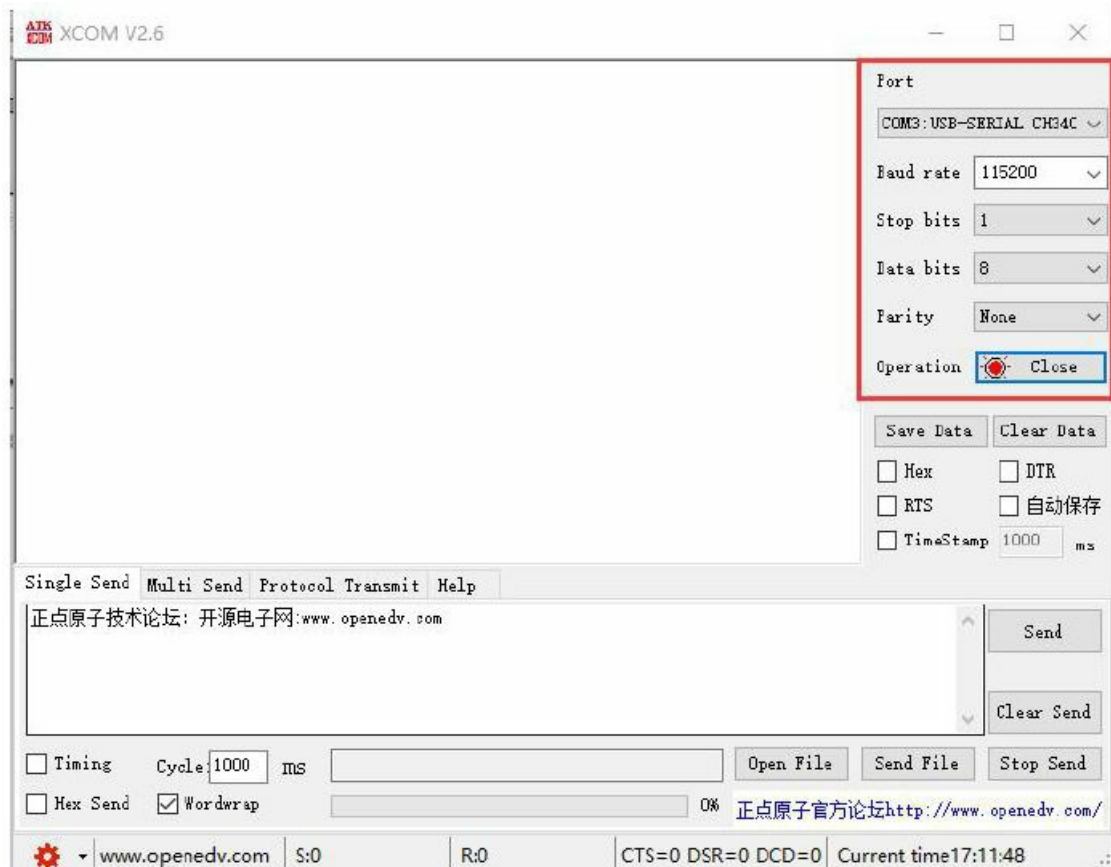
Data transmission test

After the above operation steps, follow the factory default parameters of the device and perform the following operations to realize the transparent transmission test of data. The operation steps are as follows:

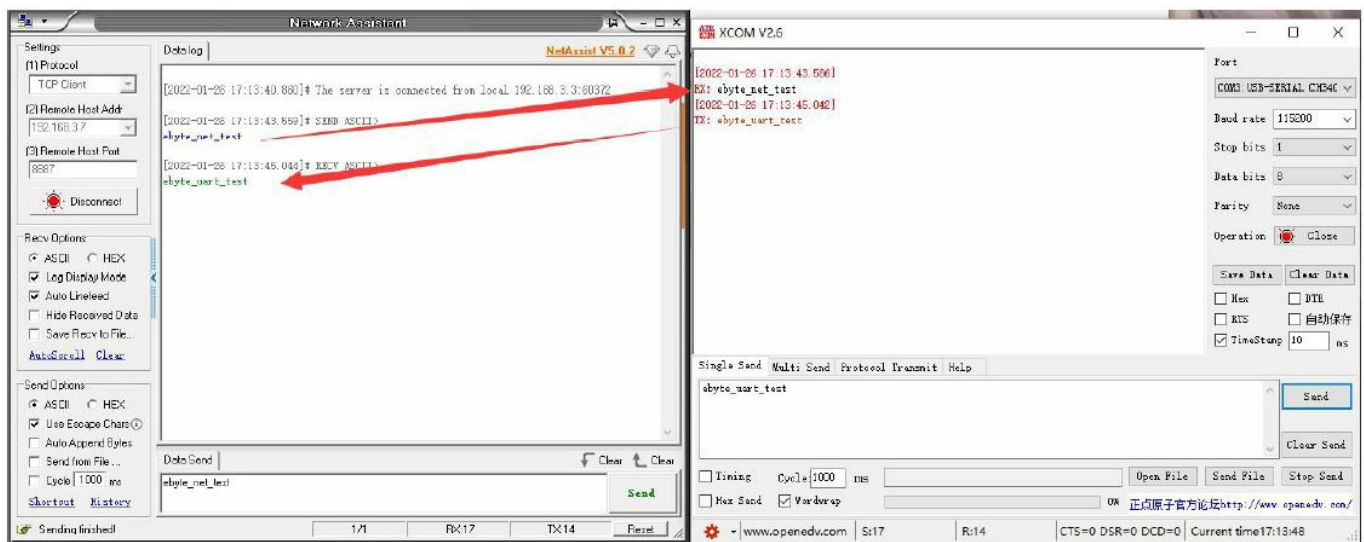
1. Open the test TCP/IP debugging assistant software.
2. Select the TCP client mode (TCP Client) in the "Network Setting Area", corresponding to the remote host address (the default local IP of the device: 192.168.3.7). The remote host port corresponds to the factory port 8887 of the device, click Connect.
3. Wait for the computer to connect to the serial server. After the connection is completed, the LINK light of the serial server is always on.



4. Open the serial port assistant, select the corresponding serial port, set the baud rate to 115200, set other serial port parameters to None/8/1, and click "Open Serial Port".



Data transmission test, the serial port assistant (serial port side) sends the test data, and the network debugging assistant (network side) receives the test data. The network debugging assistant (network side) sends test data, and the serial port assistant (serial port) receives test data. Realize duplex communication (that is, two-way data sending and receiving from local to network).



Product Overview

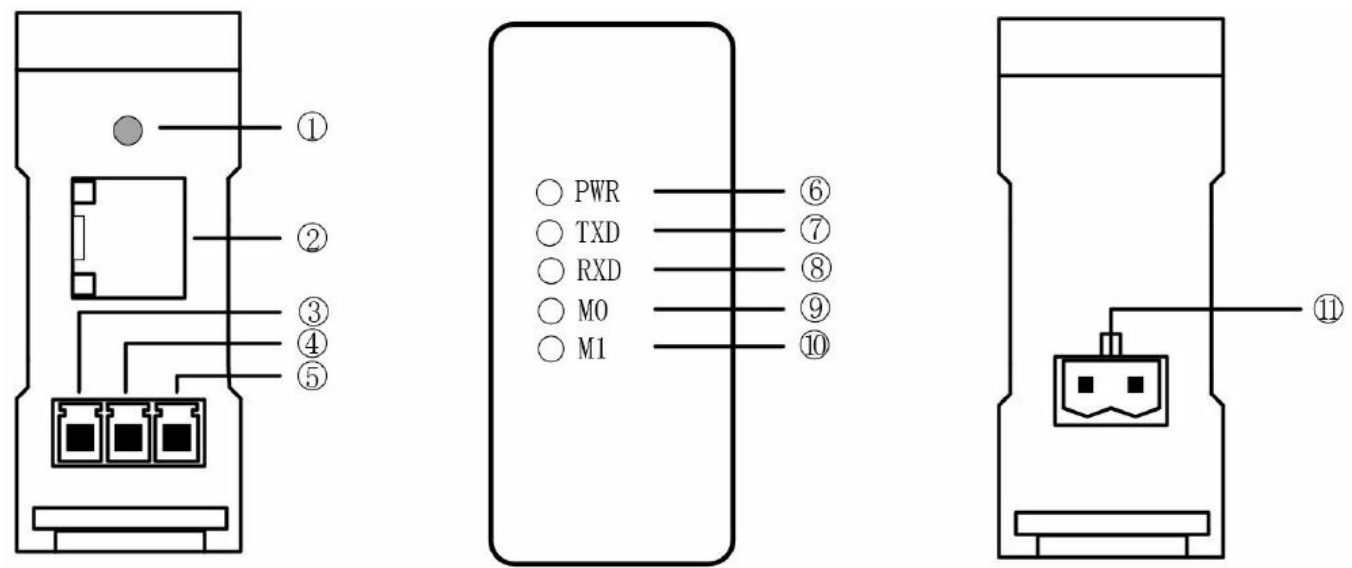
Technical parameters

Item	Instruction
Operating Voltage	AC 85 265V
Interface	Serial port (RS485, 3*3.81mm phoenix terminal) Ethernet port (RJ45)
Work Mode	TCP Server TCP Client UDP Server UDP Client HTTP Client MQTT Client(default TCP Server)
Socket connection	Support 6-way client connection (TCP server mode)
Network protocol	IPv4 TCP/UDP HTTP MQTT
How to get IP	DHCP Static IP (default static IP)

DNS	Support
DNS server	Customizable (default 114.114.114.114)
Configuration method	Web pages, configuration tools, AT commands
IP address	Customizable (default 192.168.3.7)
local port	Customizable (default 8887)
subnet mask	Customizable (default 255.255.255.0)
gateway	Customizable (default 192.168.3.1)
target IP	Customizable (default 192.168.3.3)
destination port	Customizable (default 8888)
Serial port cache	1024Byte
Packaging mechanism	512 Byte
Serial port baud rate	1200 230400 bps default 115200
data bits	5 6 7 8 default 8
stop bit	1 2 default 1

Check Digit	None Odd Even Mark Space default None
Product Size	92 mm * 66mm * 30mm length*width*height
product weight	93g ± 5g
Working temperature and humidity	-40 +85°C 5% 95%RH no condensation
Storage temperature and humidity	-40 +105°C 5% 95%RH no condensation

Interface and Indicator Description



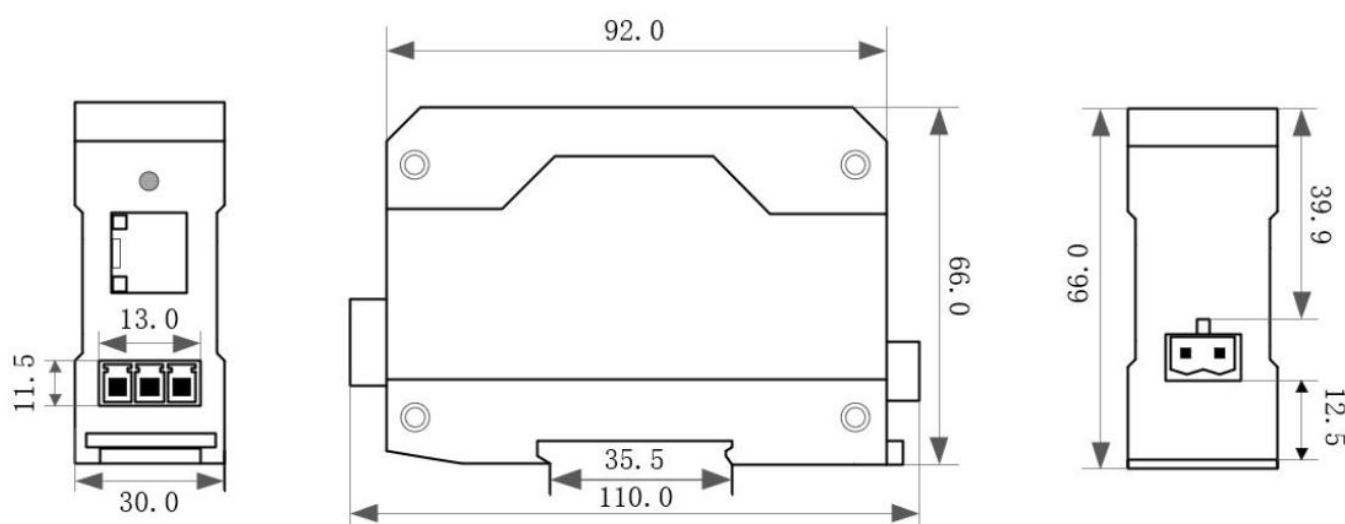
No.	Name	Function	Instruction
1	Restore	Restore	Press and hold for 5 seconds to restore factory Settings

2	RJ45	Ethernet	Ethernet interface
3	G	Signal ground	RS458 signal ground, The first pin of the 3 x 3.81mm terminal
4	A	RS458 signal A	RS458 signal A connects to RS485 signal A of the terminal device, Second pin of the 3 x 3.81mm terminal
5	B	RS458 signal B	RS458 signal B connects to RS485 signal B of the terminal device, The third pin of the 3 x 3.81mm terminal
6	PWR-LED	Power LED	The power input indicator is steady on
7	TXD-LED	Serial send light	Data sent: Light on. No data sent: Lights off.
8	RXD-LED	Serial reception indicator	Data sent: Light on. No data sent: Lights off.
9	M0-LED	Link light	TCP mode: network connection, light on. The network is down and the lights are off. UDP mode: The light is always on.

10	M1-LED	STATE indicator	<p>The network cable is connected and the light is always on.</p> <p>The network cable is disconnected and the light goes out.</p>
11	PWR	power interface	<p>2*5.08mm power input interface, the left side is positive, the right side is negative;</p> <p>Power input range: DC8-28V.</p>

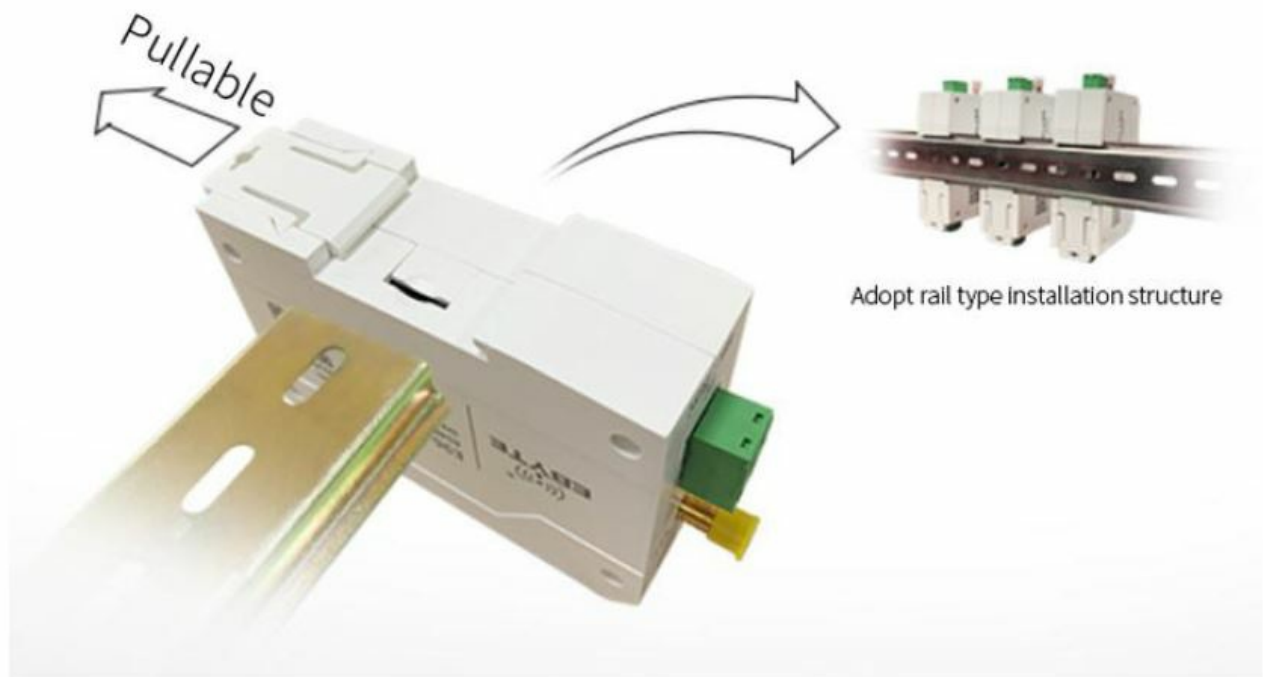
[Note] When the network cable is not connected, PWR, TXD,RXD, and M0 all light up, and the device is in the standby state.

Dimensions



Installation method

The equipment is mounted by rail.



Functional Introduction

Serial port parameters

The basic parameters of the serial port include baud rate, data bits, stop bits, and parity bits. Baud rate: serial communication rate, configurable 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400bps.

Data Bits: The length of the data bits, the range is 5, 6, 7, 8. Stop bit: range 1, 2 can be set.

Check digit: The check digit of data communication, supports five check modes: None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space.

Flow Control: Does not support.

Flow Control: Does not support.

Menu language about

Device list:

	Gateway	MAC	Device n
1	192.168.3.1	84-C2-...	NA11

Network parameters

Device name: A0001 Serial Number: 00001

DHCP: Disable Local port: 8887

Local IP: 192.168.3.7 DNS: 114.114.114.114

Mask: 255.255.255.0 Web server port: 80

Gateway: 192.168.3.1 Network mode: TCP server

Remote IP: 192.168.3.3 Remote port: 8888

Serial port parameter

Baud rate: 115200 word leng: 8 Parity: NONE Stop bit: 1 Flow cont: NONE

Modbus parameters

Introduction to basic functions

Web page configuration

The device has a built-in web server, which is convenient for users to set and query parameters through web pages.

The port of the web server can be customized (2-65535), default: 80 Operation method (Microsoft Edge version 94.0.992.50 is an example, it is recommended to use Google kernel browser, IE kernel browser is not supported):

- Step 1:** Open the browser, enter the IP address of the device in the address bar, for example 192.168.3.7 (the IP address and the computer need to keep the same network segment), if you forget the IP of the machine, you

can query it through AT commands and configuration software

The screenshot shows the EbyteNetConfig web interface in a browser window. The address bar shows the IP 192.168.3.7. The interface has a black header with the 'ebyte' logo. Below the header are several configuration sections:

- Device info:** Includes fields for Device model, Serial number (00001), Version, Device name (A0001), Language (English), and webserver password (*****).
- Network parameter:** Includes DHCP (disable), Work mode (TCP server), MAC (84-C2-E4-36-06-B6), Local IP (192.168.3.7), Local port (8887), Web port (80), MASK (255.255.255.0), Gateway (192.168.3.1), DNS (114.114.114.114), Target IP (192.168.3.3), and Target port (8088).
- Serial parameter:** Includes Baud rate (115200), Data bit (8), Parity (NONE), Stop bit (1), and Flow (NONE).
- MODBUS parameter:** Includes MODBUS TCP to RTU (Close), Modbus mode (disable), Modbus timeout (1000), Mosbus instructions (500), MODBUS Query time (Range:0-65535ms), Modbus keep time (10), and a spare space (49) with a hex display (01 03 00 00 00 0A).
- Advanced:** Includes Outage restart time (5), Reconnection times (5), Nodata reboot (300), Heartbit cycle (0), Short connection (0), NET connected clear cache (Enable), Heartbit mode (UART), Custom heartbeat (keepalive message), Registration mode (Disable), and Custom registration (register message).

A large 'submit' button is located at the bottom of the configuration sections.

- Step 2:** The webpage pops up the main interface, and you can query and set relevant parameters;
- Step 3:** Click Submit to save the configuration parameters after entering the correct key. The factory default key is: 123456;

This screenshot shows the same EbyteNetConfig web interface, but with a modal dialog box titled '192.168.3.7 显示' (192.168.3.7 Display) overlaid. The dialog box contains the text 'Please input a password:' and a text input field with '123456' entered. There are '确定' (Confirm) and '取消' (Cancel) buttons at the bottom of the dialog. The background web interface shows the 'Device info' section.

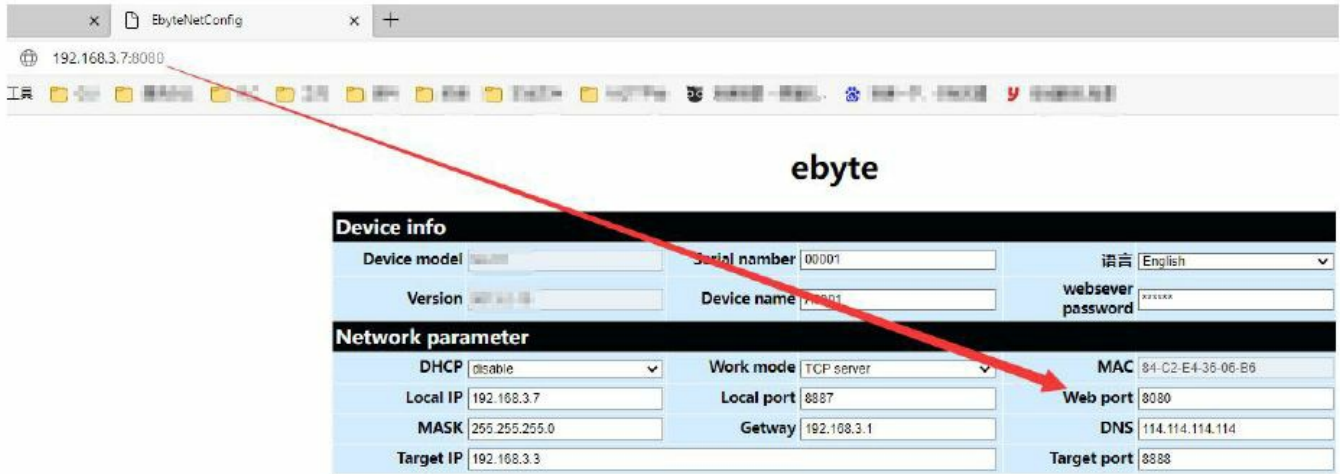
- Step 4:** The progress bar indicates the configuration progress. Do not refresh the web page again after the configuration is completed (refresh the web page to enter the configuration mode again, you can restart the device or submit it again to enter the communication mode);

Configuration succeeded

100.0%

It can also be opened through the Open Web Configuration button of the configuration software.

[Note] If the port number is modified, the port number should be added to the address input field. For example, if you modify the web page access port to 8080, you need to enter 192.168.3.7:8080 in the address bar to connect to the web page configuration.



Subnet mask/IP address

The IP address is the identification of the module in the local area network and is unique in the local area network. Therefore, it cannot be duplicated with other devices on the same local area network. There are two ways to obtain the IP address of the module, static IP and DHCP.

1. Static IP: Static IP needs to be set manually by the user. In the process of setting, pay attention to writing IP, subnet mask and gateway at the same time. Static IP is suitable for scenarios where IP and device statistics are required and one-to-one correspondence is required.
 - **Advantages:** Access to devices that cannot be assigned IP addresses can be searched through the broadcast mode of the entire network segment, which is convenient for unified management;
2. Disadvantages: Different network segments in different LANs, resulting in normal TCP/UDP communication.(2)
Dynamic DHCP: The main function of DHCP is to dynamically obtain the IP address, gateway address,

DNS server address and other information from the gateway host, thereby eliminating the tedious steps of setting the IP address. It is suitable for scenarios where there is no requirement for IP, and there is no mandatory one-to-one correspondence between IP and modules. Advantages: devices with DHCP Server such as access routers can communicate directly, reducing the trouble of setting IP address gateway and subnet mask. Disadvantage: Connecting to a network without DHCP Server, such as direct connection with a computer, the module will not work properly. The subnet mask is mainly used to determine the network number and host number of the IP address, to indicate the number of subnets, and to determine whether the module is in the subnet. The subnet mask must be set. Our commonly used class C subnet mask: 255.255.255.0, the network number is the first 24 bits, the host number is the last 8 bits, the number of subnets is 255, and the module IP is in the range of 255 within this subnet, the module IP is considered to be in this subnet. Gateway refers to the network number of the network where the current IP address of the module is located. If a device such as a router is connected to the external network, the gateway is the router

Domain Name Resolution (DNS)

Domain name resolution translates domain names into network-recognized IP addresses through Domain Name Resolution (DNS) servers. The domain name resolution (DNS) server address of the serial port server supports user definition, and can realize domain name resolution through a custom domain name resolution server in the event of an abnormal domain name server. The device will report the resolution to the custom domain name resolution (DNS) server during domain name resolution. Request, return the device connection parameters (usually the IP address) after the parsing is completed.

In DHCP mode, the domain name resolution (DNS) server address is automatically obtained (synchronized with the router's domain name resolution address) and cannot be modified. In static IP mode, the factory default address of the Domain Name Resolution (DNS) server is 114.114.114.114.

Restore factory settings

Press and hold the Reload pin of the device until the LED indicator lights up to release the key.

Socket function

TCP server mode

TCP Server is the TCP server. In TCP Server mode, the device listens to the local port, accepts the client's connection request and establishes a connection for data communication. When the Modbus gateway function is turned off, the device sends the data received by the serial port to all client devices that establish connections with the device, and supports connecting up to 6 clients. After the Modbus gateway function is enabled, the non-Modbus data will be cleared and not forwarded. Typically used for communication with TCP clients within a local area network.

TCP Client Mode

TCP Client is the TCP client. When the device is working, it will actively initiate a connection request to the server and establish a connection to realize the interaction between serial port data and server data. To use the client, you need to configure the target IP address/domain name and target port accurately.

UDP Server Mode

UDP Server means that the device does not verify the IP address of the data source when communicating with the UDP protocol. After receiving a UDP data packet, it saves the source IP address and source port of the data packet, and sets it as the destination IP and port, so The data sent by the device only sends data packets to the source IP address and port where the device received data last time. This mode is usually used in scenarios where multiple network devices communicate with this device, and the frequency is high, and the TCP Server cannot meet the conditions. Using UDP Server requires the remote UDP device to send data first, otherwise the data cannot be sent normally.

[Note] In UDP mode, the data sent by the network to the device should be less than 512Bit per packet, otherwise, it will cause data loss

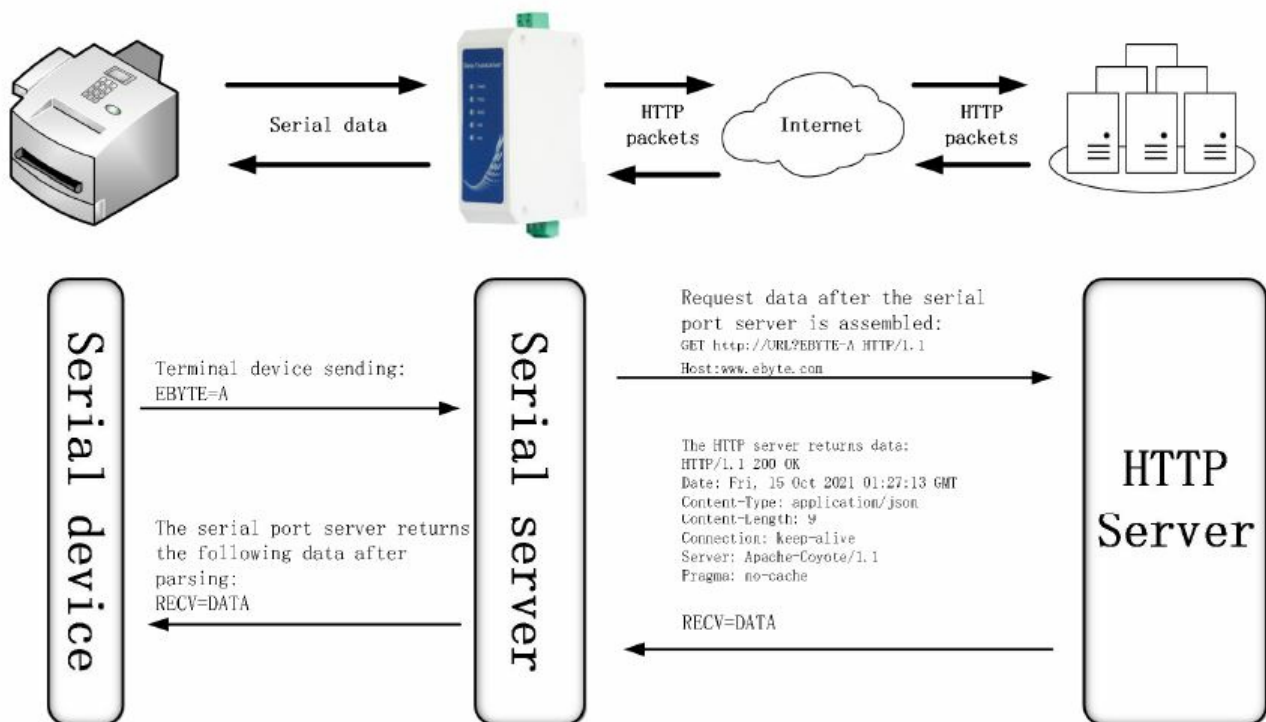
UDP Client Mode

UDP Client is a connectionless transmission protocol that provides transaction-oriented simple and unreliable information transmission services. There is no connection establishment and disconnection, and data can be sent to the other party only by configuring the destination IP and destination port. It is usually used in data transmission scenarios where there is no requirement for the packet loss rate, the data packets are small and the transmission frequency is fast, and the data is to be transmitted to the specified IP. In UDP Client mode, the device will only communicate with the configured (target IP and target port) remote UDP devices.

In this mode, the target address is set to 255.255.255.255, and the sent data will be broadcast on the entire network segment, but the transceiver device needs to ensure that the ports are consistent, and the device can also receive broadcast data.

HTTP Client Mode

This mode can realize the function of HTTP grouping. It provides two modes: GET and POST. Customers can configure URL, Header and other parameters by themselves, and the device (serial port server) will send packets to realize fast communication between the serial port device and the HTTP server. In HTTP client mode, it is recommended to use random ports and enable short connections to save HTTP server resources.



Configure the local network parameters and the HTTP server address and port(You are advised to enable DHCP and random ports), As shown in the figure below(Above is the upper computer, below is the web page):

Network parameters			
Device name	A0001	Serial Number	00001
DHCP	Enable	Local port	0
Local IP	192.168.4.162	DNS	192.168.4.1
Mask	255.255.255.0	Web server port	80
Getway	192.168.4.1	Network mode	HTTP client
Remote IP	HTTP Server	Remote port	HTTP Port

Network parameter			
DHCP	enable	Work mode	HTTP client
Local IP	192.168.4.162	Local port	0
MASK	255.255.255.0	Getway	192.168.4.1
Target IP	HTTP Server	Target port	HTTP Port

Return standard HTTP frame data (left image) and only valid data (right image):

Left Image (Standard HTTP frame data)	Right Image (Only valid data)
<input type="checkbox"/> payload without http head	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> payload without http head
<input type="checkbox"/> without http head	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> without http head

Parameter configuration description as shown in the figure (GET on, POST is under):

HTTP parameters

HTTP request GET

HTTP URL URL?

☐ payload without http head

Http head

HTTP HEADER

HTTP parameters

HTTP request GET

HTTP URL URL

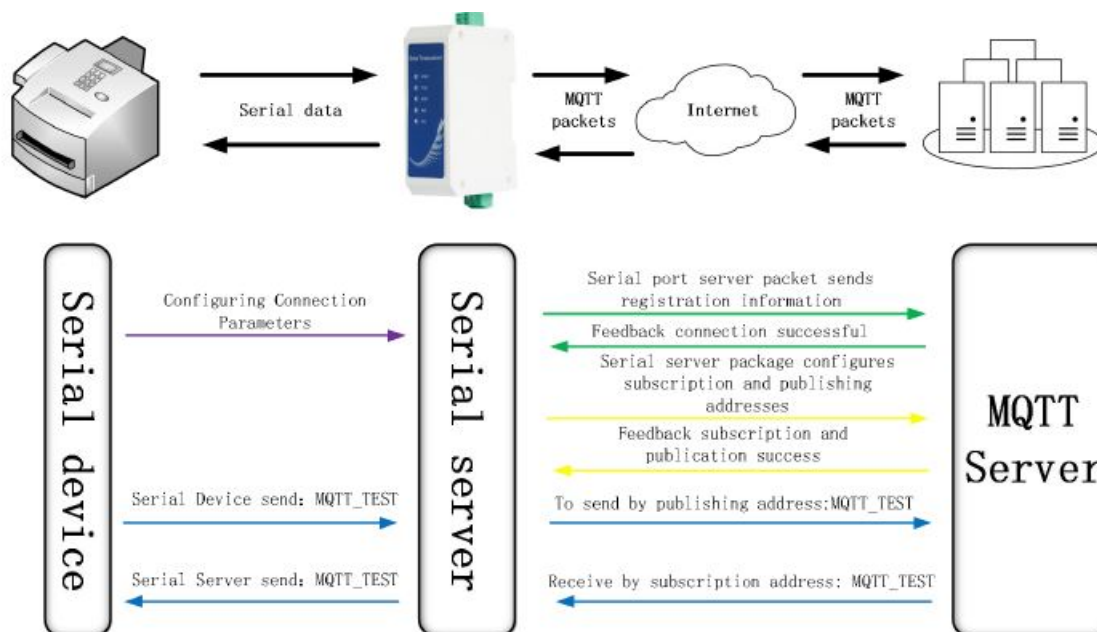
☐ payload without http head

Http head

HTTP HEADER

MQTT Client mode

The serial port server supports quick access to standard MQTT3.1.1 protocol servers (OneNET, Baidu Cloud, Huawei Cloud, user-built and other server types) and Alibaba Cloud servers, supports service quality level configuration (QoS 0, QoS 1), and supports super long text Configuration, convenient and better access to network service operators (server address, three elements, subscription and publishing addresses support up to 128 characters of configuration).



[Note] Data is forwarded based on the rule engine configured on the platform. This section takes sending back as an example

To use MQTT function, advanced Settings such as short links should be turned off as shown in the figure below (upper computer and webpage configuration as shown below) :

Advanced

Reconnection time: 5s Reconnect count: 5freq Empty cache when connected: Enable

No data autoboot time: 300s ☒ No data autoboot

Short connection time: 0s ☐ Short connection

keepalive mode: Disable Keepalive cycle: 0s

Keepalive content: keepalive message ☐ HEX

Registration mode: Disable

Custom registration: register message ☐ HEX

Advanced

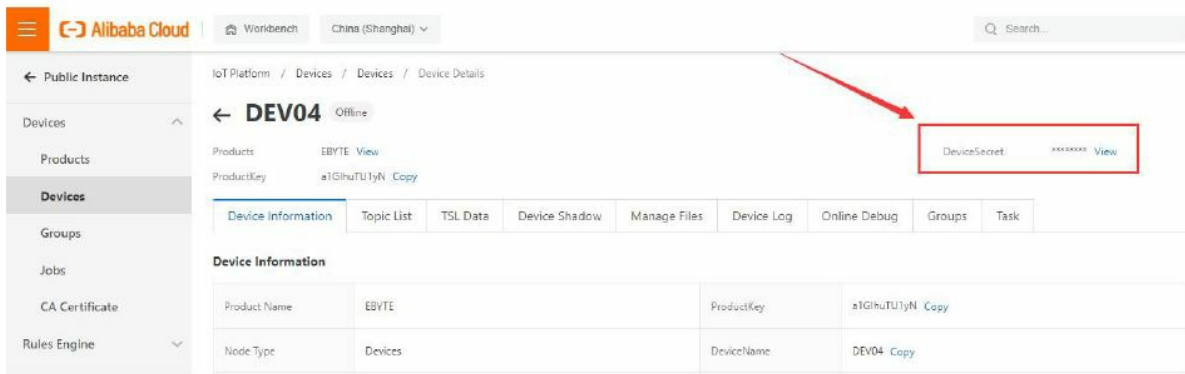
Outage restart time: 5 Off:0;Range:1-255s	Reconnection times: 5 Range:1-60	Nodata reboot: 300 Off:0;Range:60-65535s
Heartbit cycle: 0 Off:0;Range:1-65535s	Short connection: 0 Off:0;Range:2-255s	NET connected clear cache: Enable
Heartbit mode: Network	Custom heartbeat: keepalive message <input type="checkbox"/> Hex	
Registration mode: Disable	Custom registration: register message <input type="checkbox"/> Hex	

1) standard MQTT3.1.1 and Baidu Cloud and Huawei Cloud and OneNET(Left: software, right: web page)

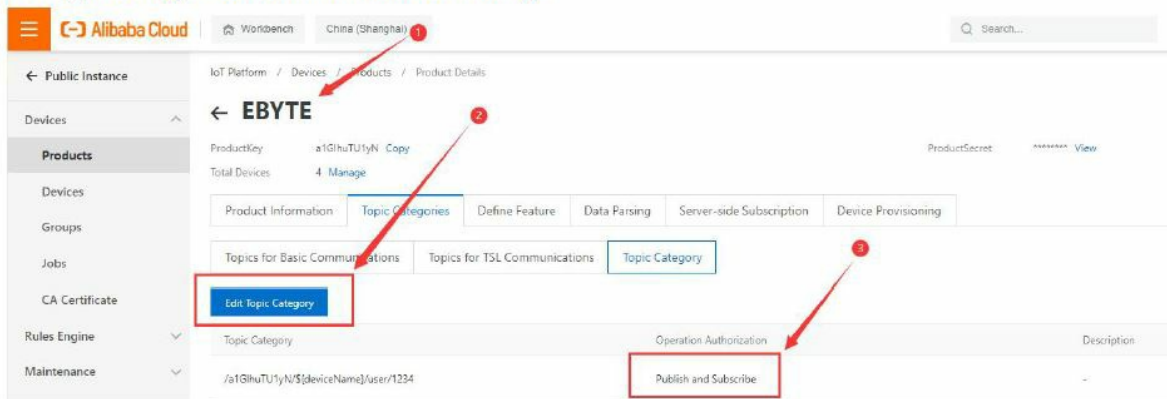
<p>Network parameters</p> <p>Device name: E0001 Serial Number: 00001</p> <p>DHCP: Enable Local port: 8886</p> <p>Local IP: 192.168.4.101 DNS: 114.114.114.114</p> <p>Mask: 255.255.255.0 Web server port: 80</p> <p>Gateway: 192.168.4.1 Network mode: MQTT client</p> <p>Remote IP: MQTT Server Remote port: MQTT Port</p> <p>MQTT parameters</p> <p>MQTT server: typical MQTT 3.1.1 Keepalive cycle: 60s</p> <p>Client ID: Client ID</p> <p>User name (Device name): User Name</p> <p>Password (Device secret): Password</p> <p>ProductKey: </p> <p>Subscribe topic: SUB-TOPIC Qos: 0</p> <p>Publish topic: PUB-TOPIC Qos: 0</p>	<p>Network parameter</p> <p>DHCP: enable Work mode: MQTT client MAC: 84-C2-E4-36-00-73</p> <p>Local IP: 192.168.4.101 Local port: 0 Web port: 80</p> <p>MASK: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.4.1 DNS: 114.114.114.114</p> <p>Target IP: MQTT Server Target port: MQTT Port</p> <p>MQTT client parameter</p> <p>MQTT server: Standard 3.1.1 keepAlive: 60 Range:1-255 s</p> <p>Device name (Client ID): Client ID</p> <p>User name: User Name</p> <p>password: (Device secret): Password</p> <p>ProductKey: </p> <p>Publish topic: SUB-TOPIC Qos: 0</p> <p>Subscribe topic: PUB-TOPIC Qos: 0</p>
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Alibaba Cloud

Alibaba Cloud Supports the use of Alibaba Cloud's "Three Elements" to directly connect to the server to obtain the "Three Elements" required to connect to Alibaba Cloud, as shown in the figure(The following parameters are only examples):



To configure a topic for communication testing:



Select the corresponding product, go to “Custom Topic” under the Topic class list (for details, please refer to the Alibaba Cloud documentation), click “Define Topic Class”, set the name to 1234, and grant publish and subscribe permissions (for data return pass). Configure the device connection parameters, as shown in the following figure:

- “ProductKey”: “a1GihuTU1yN”,
- “DeviceName”: “DEV04”,
- “DeviceSecret”: “xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx”

Alibaba Cloud server address: ProductKey.iot-as-mqtt.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com:1883 Topic for subscription and publication: /a1GihuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234

Network parameters

Device name: 80001 Serial Number: 00001

DHCP: Enable Local port: 8086

Local IP: 192.168.4.101 DNS: 114.114.114.114

Mask: 255.255.255.0 Web server port: 80

Gateway: 192.168.4.1 Network mode: MQTT client

Remote IP: ProductKey.iot-as-mqtt-cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com Remote port: 1883

MQTT parameters

MQTT server: Alibaba cloud Keepalive cycle: 60s

Client ID: DeviceName

User name (Device name): DeviceName

Password (Device secret): DeviceSecret

ProductKey: ProductKey

Subscribe topic: SUB-TOPIC Qos: 0

Publish topic: PUB-TOPIC Qos: 0

Network parameter

DHCP: Enable Work mode: MQTT client MAC: 84-C2-E4-36-80-73

Local IP: 192.168.4.101 Local port: 0

MASK: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.4.1 Web port: 80

Target IP: ProductKey.iot-as-mqtt-cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com Target port: 1883

DNS: 114.114.114.114

MQTT client parameter

MQTT server: All keepAlive: 60 Range: 1-255 s

Device name (Client ID): DeviceName

User name (Device name): DeviceName

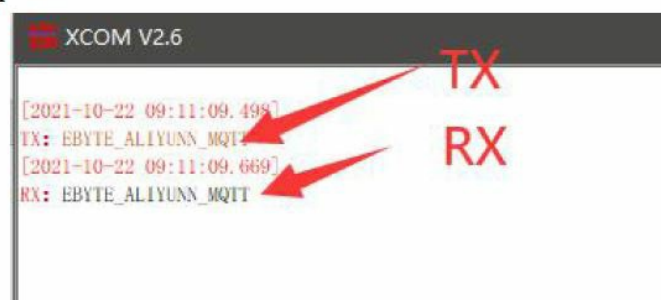
Password (Device secret): DeviceSecret

ProductKey: ProductKey

Publish topic: PUB-TOPIC Qos: 0

Subscribe topic: SUB-TOPIC Qos: 0

Alibaba Cloud MQTT platform communication test:



Advanced Features

Random native port

TCP client, UDP client, HTTP client, MQTT client can configure the local port to 0 (use random local port), and server mode cannot use random port, otherwise the client cannot establish a connection correctly. Using a random port connection can quickly re-establish the connection when the device disconnects the server unexpectedly, preventing the server from rejecting the connection due to four waves of incompleteness. It is recommended to use a random port in client mode .

The device will automatically enable random ports when configuring the TCP client, HTTP client, and MQTT client modes.

Heartbeat Packet Function

In client mode, users can choose to send heartbeat packets and set the time of heartbeat packets by themselves. The heartbeat packet can be selected in two modes: network heartbeat packet and serial port heartbeat packet. It supports hexadecimal and ASCII transmission. This heartbeat packet is not MQTT heartbeat and needs to be turned off in MQTT client mode. MQTT heartbeat only needs to configure KeepAlive in "MQTT function settings" Time, it is recommended not to configure less than 60s, for example, 120s is recommended in the Alibaba Cloud manual.Heartbeat packet sending mode:

1. The default is to turn off the heartbeat packet mode.
2. Serial port mode -> The device sends heartbeat content to the serial bus according to the set heartbeat interval.
3. Network port mode -> The device sends heartbeat content to the network port bus according to the set heartbeat interval. Customize heartbeat packet content (maximum support 40 bytes (ASCII) data, 20 bytes (HEX) data) Customize the interval for sending heartbeat packets. When it is set to 0, the heartbeat packet function is turned off. If the setting value is greater than zero, the heartbeat packet function is turned on. When it is turned on, the range can be set: (1-65536) seconds.

Registration package function

In the client mode, the user can choose to send the registration package, and set the registration package time by definition.The registration package supports the following modes:

1. The MAC address (OLMAC) is sent when the network establishes a connection with the device
2. The data of the custom registration package sent when the network establishes a connection with the device (OLCSTM)
3. After the network and the device are connected, each packet of data sent by the device to the network is preceded by a MAC address (EMBMAC)
4. After the network and the device are connected, each packet of data sent by the device to the network is prepended with custom registration packet data (EMBCSTM)Custom registration package content (maximum support 40 bytes (ASCII) data, 20 bytes (HEX) data)

Short connection function

In client mode, short network connection is supported (this function is disabled by default). TCP short connection is mainly used to save server resource overhead, and is generally used in multi-point (multi-client)-to-point (server) scenarios. In client mode, short network connection is supported (this function is disabled by default). TCP short connection is mainly used to save server resource overhead, and is generally used in multi-point (multi-client)-to-point (server) scenarios. When the short link hold time is set to 0, the short link function is turned off. When the setting range is (2-255) seconds, the short connection function is enabled, and the default hold time is 0 seconds (disabled).

Timeout restart function

Supports the timeout restart function (default: 300 seconds), which is mainly used to ensure the long-term stable operation of the device. If data is not sent and received within the set timeout restart time, the device will restart to

avoid the impact of abnormal conditions on communication. The parameter range of timeout restart time is (60-65535) seconds. If it is set to 0, it means shutdown timeout restart. The default is 300 seconds.

Cache cleaning function

The device is in the client mode. When the TCP connection is not established, the data received by the serial port will be placed in the buffer area. The serial port receiving buffer is 1024 bytes, and the data larger than 1024 bytes will cover the earliest received data. After the network connection is successful, you can Select to clear the serial port cache or send the cache through the network through configuration. Enable: The device does not save the data received by the serial port before the connection is established. Disabled: After the connection is established, the network will receive the serial buffered data.

Network disconnection and reconnection

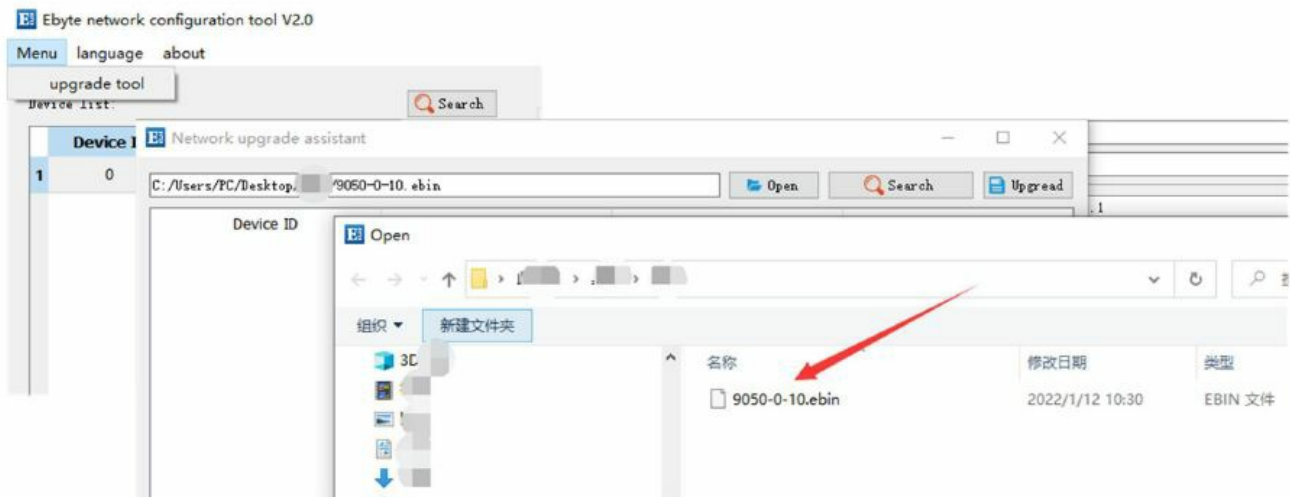
In client mode, after the device is disconnected from the network, it will try to actively connect to the server at the specified time. If the request times out and the set number of reconnections has not been successfully reconnected, the device will restart to prevent the device from disconnecting from the network. Unable to restore connection. Disconnection and reconnection time: The time interval between each attempt of the device to re-establish the network. Number of reconnections: The number of times the device tries to re-establish the network, and the cumulative number of requests reaches the preset value. If the connection is not successful, the device will automatically restart. The actual restart time is the network disconnection reconnection period multiplied by the number of reconnections. It is recommended to use the factory default parameters without special requirements.

Remote upgrade

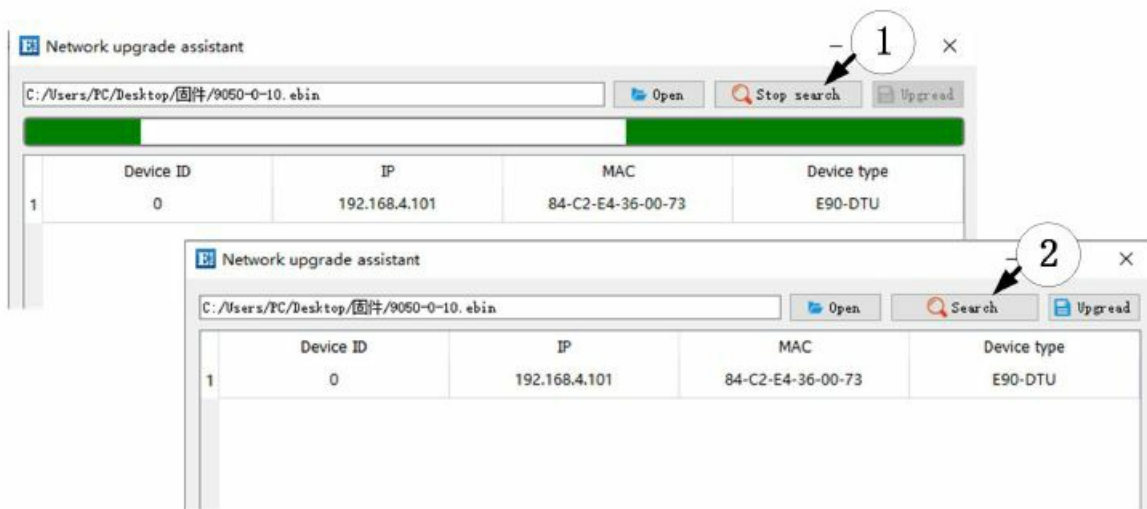
In order to facilitate later maintenance and upgrade functions and to replace different firmware, the serial server (NA11x series, NB114, NS1, NT1, etc.) supports online upgrade, and users can upgrade or replace the current firmware through the upgrade firmware provided by our company through the host computer.

Network upgrade firmware operation steps:

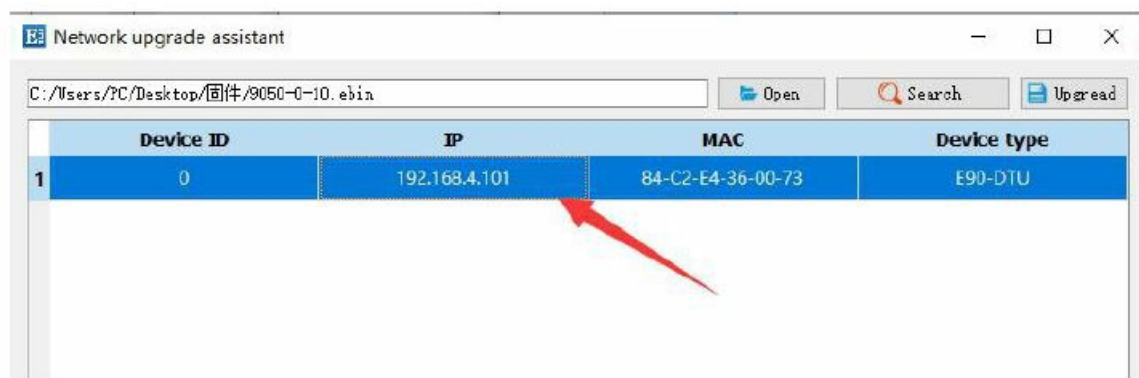
1. **Step 1:** Open the host computer, open the device upgrade assistant in the menu bar, and select the required firmware (The official website only provides the latest firmware, please refer to “Firmware Instructions” for details);



2. **Step 2:** Click to search for devices, and click to stop searching after finding the device;

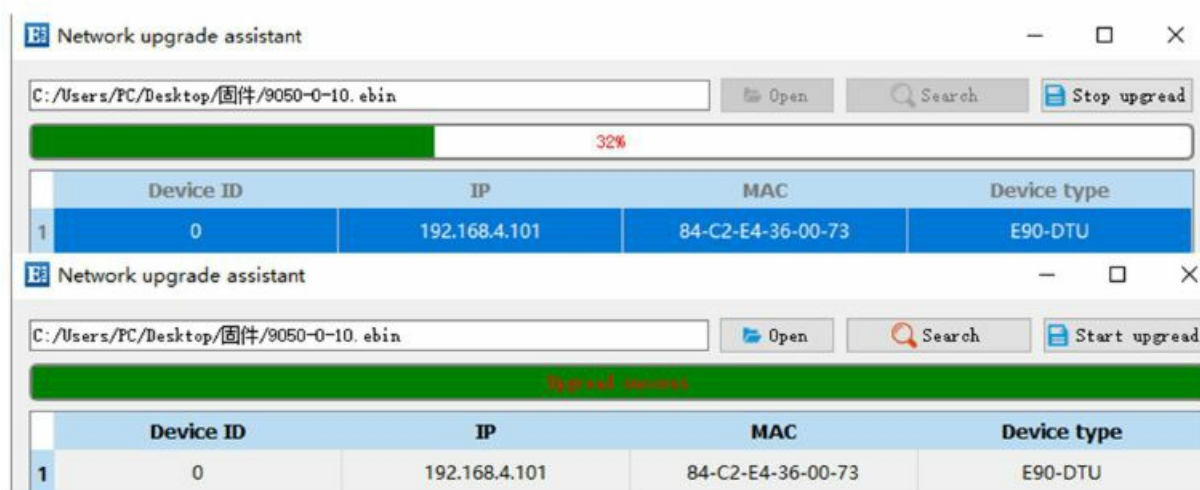


3. **Step 3:** Select the corresponding device that needs to be upgraded;



4. **Step 4:** Click to start the upgrade, the device indicator flashes, and wait for the upgrade to complete.

[Note] When the device is just powered on, click “Search Device” in the upgrade assistant, the device will enter the firmware burning state, and it will return to normal mode after power off and restart.



Modbus Gateway

Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP protocol conversion

Modbus parameters

MODBUS Getway Simple protocol conver

MODBUS RTU Response timeout time 3000ms

Storage time of Modbus instruction 200s

Modbus Auto query interval 500ms

☐ Modbus RTU <-> Modbus TCP

Instruction list: Delete

... Add

Enable(Check): Convert Modbus RTU protocol to Modbus TCP protocol.

Disabled: Do not perform protocol conversion but verify Modbus data, discard non-Modbus data (RTU/TCP) and not transmit.

Simple Protocol Conversion Mode

Convert Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data, or convert Modbus TCP data to Modbus RTU data, to realize the mutual conversion of Ethernet Modbus data and serial port Modbus data. Simple protocol conversion can work in any mode (TCP client, TCP server, UDP client, UDP server etc.), no matter what mode it is working in, there can only be one Modbus master station. Simple protocol conversion configuration (TCP server mode as an example, the upper computer on the left, web page on the right).

Network parameters			
Device name	AD001	Serial Number	00001
DHCP	Disable	Local port	0
Local IP	192.168.4.104	DNS	192.168.4.1
Mask	255.255.255.0	Web server port	80
Gateway	192.168.4.1	Network mode	TCP server
Remote IP	192.168.3.100	Remote port	5000

Network parameter			
DHCP	disable	Work mode	TCP server
Local IP	192.168.4.164	Local port	0
MASK	255.255.255.0	Gateway	192.168.4.1
Target IP	192.168.3.100	Target port	5000

MODBUS parameter			
MODBUS TCP to RTU	Open	Mosbus instructions	add clear
Modbus mode	Simple	MODBUS	500
Modbus timeout	1000	Query time	Range:0-65535ms
		Modbus	10
		keep time	Range:0-255s

Instruction format: "XX XX XX XX XX XX"; "XX" is a 2-digit hexadecimal number. Must add a space between "XX" and "XX"
Up to 50 instructions can be configured

Multi-host mode

There is only one Modbus master station for relatively simple protocol conversion, while the multi-master mode can handle up to 6 Modbus TCP masters. One request is processed at a time, while the multi-host mode will be sequenced according to the TCP request, and other links will wait) to solve the bus conflict problem (currently only 6 host connections are supported), only supports working in TCP server mode, slave machine Only in the serial port, otherwise, it will not work properly. It is recommended to configure "Simple Protocol Conversion" when no multi-channel host is used. Multi-host mode configuration (upper computer, web page below) :

Network parameters			
Device name	E0001	Serial Number	00001
DHCP	Disable	Local port	8886
Local IP	192.168.4.101	DNS	192.168.4.1
Mask	255.255.255.0	Web server port	80
Gateway	192.168.4.1	Network mode	TCP server
Remote IP	192.168.4.100	Remote port	8887

Modbus parameters			
MODBUS Getway	Multihost mode	MODBUS RTU Response timeout time	3000ms
		Storage time of Modbus instruction	200s
		Modbus Auto query interval	500ms
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Modbus RTU <-> Modbus TCP	

Instruction list: Delete

... Add

Network parameter			
DHCP	disable	Work mode	TCP server
Local IP	192.168.4.101	Local port	8886
MASK	255.255.255.0	Gateway	192.168.4.1
Target IP	192.168.4.100	Target port	8887

MODBUS parameter			
MODBUS TCP to RTU	Open	Modbus mode	Multi host
Modbus timeout	3000	Modbus	3000
		keep time	Range: 0 - 65535ms

Storage Gateway

The storage gateway not only arbitrates the bus data but also stores the repeated read commands. When

different hosts request the same data, the gateway does not need to query the register status of the RTU device multiple times, but directly returns the data cached in the storage area. To a certain extent, the multi-host request processing capability of the gateway is improved, and the time consumed by the entire request process is also shortened. Users can customize the storage area command polling interval and command storage time according to their needs. As the optimization of multi-host request performance, the storage gateway can only work in the TCP server mode, which improves the response speed of the network side.

Features:

1. The gateway has a 5K cache for storing instructions and returning results (reading 10 holding registers an example, it can store 189 instructions and return results);
2. The RTU response time-out automatically clears the cache to ensure the real-time and authenticity of the
3. The polling interval can be customized, 0-65535ms;
4. The gateway will poll the RTU device according to the storage time of the instruction used for configuration. If the MODBUS host does not query the instruction again during the storage time, the gateway will automatically delete the storage instruction to release the cache;
5. The first command and control command (05, 06, 0F, 10 function codes) will directly access the RTU device;
6. Only 01, 02, 03, 04 Modbus function code query result storage is supported; Storage gateway configuration (upper computer, web page) :

The screenshot displays two configuration panels. The 'Network parameters' panel includes fields for Device name (E0001), Serial Number (00001), DHCP (Disable), Local port (8886), Local IP (192.168.4.101), DNS (192.168.4.1), Mask (255.255.255.0), Web server port (80), Gateway (192.168.4.1), Network mode (TCP server), Remote IP (192.168.4.100), and Remote port (8887). The 'Modbus parameters' panel shows MODBUS Gateway (Storable gateway), MODBUS RTU Response timeout time (3000ms), Storage time of Modbus instruction (200s), Modbus Auto query interval (500ms), and a checked option for Modbus RTU <-> Modbus TCP. Below these are summary tables for Network and MODBUS parameters.

Network parameter		
DHCP	disable	Work mode
Local IP	192.168.4.101	Local port
MASK	255.255.255.0	Gateway
Target IP	192.168.4.100	Target port
MAC	84-C2-E4-36-00-73	Web port
		DNS

MODBUS parameter	
MODBUS TCP to RTU	Open
Modbus mode	Storable
Modbus timeout	3000
Modbus instructions	599
Query time	Range:0-65535ms
Modbus keep time	200
	Range:0-255s

Configurable Gateway

The gateway automatically polls the RTU device registers according to the pre-configured MODBUS commands (only supports the configuration of the MODBUS read command), and the commands in the non-storage table will directly operate the RTU device. Frequently read commands can be stored in the gateway in advance, which can shorten the response time (query configured commands). Due to the above features, the serial port side of the configurable gateway can only be connected to Modbus slaves.

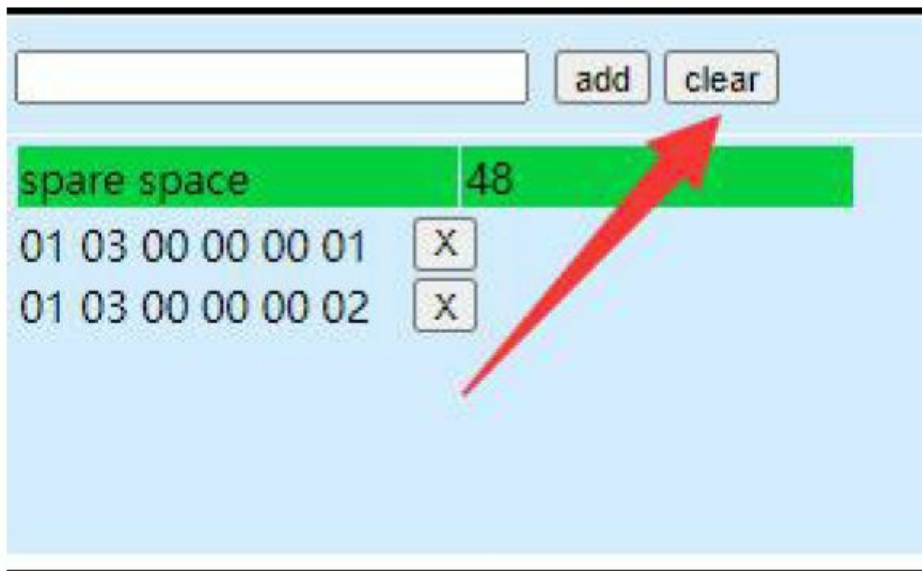
This screenshot shows the 'Configurable gateway' settings. The 'MODBUS parameters' section is identical to the previous one. The 'Instruction list' section shows a list of commands: 1 01,03,00,00,00,01 and 2 01,03,00,00,00,02. A red arrow points to the 'Add' button. To the right, a table shows the status of stored instructions. Instruction 1 (01 03 00 00 00 03) is marked with an 'X' and is highlighted in green. Instruction 2 (01 03 00 00 00 01) is marked with an 'X'. Instruction 3 (01 03 00 00 00 02) is marked with an 'X'. A red arrow points to the 'X' for instruction 3.

Instruction	Status
1 01,03,00,00,00,03	X
2 01,03,00,00,00,01	X
3 01,03,00,00,00,02	X

Instruction storage description (Delete, Left picture software right picture web page):

This screenshot shows the 'Configurable gateway' settings with a red box around the 'Delete' button in the 'Instruction list' section. The 'Instruction list' shows three commands: 1 01,03,00,00,00,03, 2 01,03,00,00,00,01, and 3 01,03,00,00,00,02. A red arrow points to the 'Delete' button. To the right, a table shows the status of stored instructions. Instruction 1 (01 03 00 00 00 03) is marked with an 'X' and is highlighted in green. Instruction 2 (01 03 00 00 00 01) is marked with an 'X'. Instruction 3 (01 03 00 00 00 02) is marked with an 'X'. A red arrow points to the 'X' for instruction 3.

Instruction	Status
1 01,03,00,00,00,03	X
2 01,03,00,00,00,01	X
3 01,03,00,00,00,02	X



Configurable gateway configuration (Left picture software right picture web page) :

Modbus parameters

MODBUS Gateway: **Configurable gateway**

MODBUS RTU Response timeout time: 3000ms

Storage time of Modbus instruction: 200s

Modbus Auto query interval: 500ms

☒ Modbus RTU (->) Modbus TCP

Instruction list:

1 01,03,00,00,00,01
2 01,03,00,00,00,02

Network parameters

Device name: E0001 Serial Number: 00001

DHCP: **Disable** Local port: 8886

Local IP: 192.168.4.101 DNS: 192.168.4.1

Mask: 255.255.255.0 Web server port: 80

Gateway: 192.168.4.1 Network mode: **TCP server**

Remote IP: 192.168.4.100 Remote port: 8887

Network parameter

DHCP: disable	Work mode: TCP server	MAC: 04-C2-E4-36-00-73
Local IP: 192.168.4.101	Local port: 8886	Web port: 80
MASK: 255.255.255.0	Gateway: 192.168.4.1	DNS: 192.168.4.1
Target IP: 192.168.4.100	Target port: 8887	

MODBUS parameter

MODBUS TCP to RTU: Open	Mosbus instructions: <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="add"/> <input type="button" value="clear"/>
Modbus mode: Configurable	MODBUS 500
Modbus timeout: 3000	Query time Range: 0-65535ms
Modbus keep time: 200	keep time Range: 0-255s

spare space: **48**

01 03 00 00 00 01 ☒
01 03 00 00 00 02 ☒

Instruction format: "XX XX XX XX XX XX XX"; "XX" is a 2-digit hexadecimal number. Must add a space between "XX" and "XX". Up to 50 instructions can be configured

Automatic upload

In client mode (TCP client, UDP client etc.), the gateway will automatically poll the instructions in the stored instruction table and upload it to the server, and the feedback format (Modbus RTU format or Modbus TCP format) can be selected according to the requirements.) and the command polling interval (0-65535ms). For instruction pre-storage, refer to "Configurable Gateway – Instruction Storage Instructions", and automatically upload the upper computer/web page configuration:

Network parameters

Device name: E0001 Serial Number: 00001

DHCP: **Disable** Local port: 0

Local IP: 192.168.4.101 DNS: 192.168.4.1

Mask: 255.255.255.0 Web server port: 80

Gateway: 192.168.4.1 Network mode: **TCP client**

Remote IP: 192.168.4.100 Remote port: 8887

Modbus parameters

MODBUS Gateway: **AutoUpdate**

MODBUS RTU Response timeout time: 3000ms

Storage time of Modbus instruction: 200s

Modbus Auto query interval: 500ms

☐ Modbus RTU (->) Modbus TCP

Instruction list:

1 01,03,00,00,00,01
2 01,03,00,00,00,02

Network parameter

DHCP: disable	Work mode: TCP client	MAC: 04-C2-E4-36-00-73
Local IP: 192.168.4.101	Local port: 0	Web port: 80
MASK: 255.255.255.0	Gateway: 192.168.4.1	DNS: 192.168.4.1
Target IP: 192.168.4.100	Target port: 8887	

MODBUS parameter

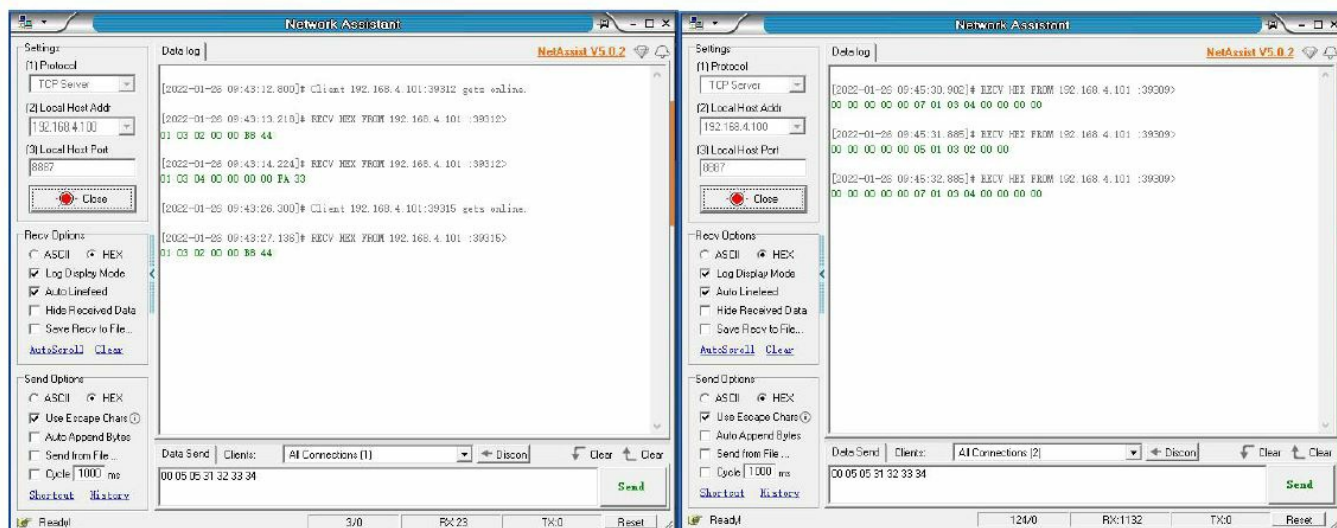
MODBUS TCP to RTU: Close	Mosbus instructions: <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="add"/> <input type="button" value="clear"/>
Modbus mode: Auto update	MODBUS 500
Modbus timeout: 3000	Query time Range: 0-65535ms
Modbus keep time: 200	keep time Range: 0-255s

spare space: **48**

01 03 00 00 00 01 ☒
01 03 00 00 00 02 ☒

Instruction format: "XX XX XX XX XX XX XX"; "XX" is a 2-digit hexadecimal number. Must add a space between "XX" and "XX". Up to 50 instructions can be configured

TCP client demo (Modbus RTU format on the left and Modbus TCP format on the right):



Configuration Mode

Web Settings

You can customize the relevant parameters through the Web setting method. Open the browser, enter the device IP in the address bar (default: 192.168.3.7), enter the page, you can query and set parameters, and finally click the “Submit” menu to wait for the page to return to the successful prompt, and it will take effect.

Note: Do not enter the web page configuration during normal use, which may cause data loss. If you enter the web page configuration, you need to restart to enter the communication mode.

Web page configuration initialization password: 123456, can be customized configuration, only supports 6-bit uppercase and lowercase letters and numerical configuration.

The webpage configuration requires browsers with newer kernels to work properly, such as Microsoft Edge (96.0.1054.62), Google chrome (96.0.4664.110), Firefox (95.0.2), etc.

[Note] IE, 360 compatibility mode, QQ browser compatibility mode and other browsers using IE core are not supported to use web page configuration.

5.2 Configuration tool software settings

Open the configuration tool software, search for devices, double-click the identified device, and the parameter query configuration interface will pop up. You can customize and modify relevant parameters according to your needs, then save the configuration, restart the device, and complete the parameter modification.

Note : Do not use multiple host computers in the same local area network environment. Multi-network card industrial computers need to temporarily disable and do not use network cards, otherwise the host computer will not be able to search for devices normally (the same device is displayed multiple times, no device can be found, etc.)

The host computer shields the wireless network card, so the network cable must be connected to use the host computer, and the wireless network card can be configured through the web page.

AT command configuration


The query and modification of relevant parameters of the device can be completed through AT command configuration. For specific AT commands, please refer to “NA11x&NT&NS-AT Command Set”.

Version	Date	Description	Issued by
1.0	2021-06-28	Initial version	LC
1.1	2022-09-13	Content revision	LZX
1.2	2022-02-12	Adapt to “9013-2-xx” firmware	LC

About us

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Documents / Resources

	<p>EBYTE NA111-A Serial Ethernet Serial Server [pdf] User Manual</p> <p>NA111-A Serial Ethernet Serial Server, NA111-A, Serial Ethernet Serial Server, Ethernet Serial Server, Serial Server, Server</p>
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References

- [LoRa/ZigBee/WiFi/ - - - - -](#)