

EBYTE E95M-DTU Lora Wireless Modem User Manual

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Specifications

• Product Name: E95M-DTU(400SLxx-xxx)

• Manufacturer: Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

• Wireless Technology: LoRa modulation

• Frequency Band: 410.125MHz~493.125MHz (default 433.125MHz)

• Power Supply: 8~28V (DC)

Data Transmission Rate: 2.4K~62.5Kbps
 Operating Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

Product Usage Instructions

Installation

 Mount the E95M-DTU unit securely using the rail installation structure provided. Ensure proper ventilation around the unit.

Power Supply

• Connect the power supply within the specified voltage range (8~28V DC) to the unit for operation.

Data Transmission

• Utilize the RS485 / RS232 / TTL interface for data transmission. Set the desired transmission mode and rate based on your requirements.

Signal Quality Assessment

 Monitor the RSSI signal strength indication function to assess the signal quality and optimize communication network performance.

Configuration

• Use wireless transmission to remotely configure or read parameters of the radio station as needed.

Environmental Adaptability

• The E95M-DTU is designed to operate in a wide temperature range (-40°C to +85°C) making it suitable for various industrial environments.

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Introduction

Brief Introduction

- E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx) is a wireless digital radio station using military grade LoRa modulation technology, with multiple transmission modes, working in (410.125MHz~493.125MHz) band (default 433.125MHz), the station provides transparent RS485 / RS232 / TTL interface, plastic case, rail installation structure, support 8~28V (DC) wide voltage, voltage input.
- LoRa spread frequency technology will bring further communication distance, and have the advantage of strong anti-interference ability.
- Wireless digital radio as a kind of communication media, and optical fiber, microwave, and open line, have a
 certain scope of application: it provides some special conditions of private network monitoring signal of realtime and reliable data transmission, with low cost, convenient installation and maintenance, shooting ability,
 flexible network structure, far coverage characteristics, suitable for point and scattered, complex geographical
 environment, and PLC, RTU, rainfall gauge, liquid level meter data terminal.

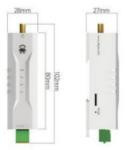
Features

- Using the latest LoRa technology, the traditional LoRa digital radio distance is farther, more powerful performance;
- Support serial port upgrade firmware, updating firmware is more convenient;
- Support AT instruction, it is more convenient to use;
- Ultra-small volume, size of 80 * 28 * 27mm, easy and quick installation;
- E95M-DTU (400SL22-xxx) is up to 5 Km under ideal conditions;

- E95M-DTU (400SL30-xxx) is up to 10 Km under ideal conditions;
- With data encryption, the subcontract length can be set;
- Using flame retardant plastic shell, guide rail type installation structure, convenient and efficient installation;
- Using a hidden button to switch the working mode, to avoid false triggering, the equipment operation is more reliable;
- Simple and efficient power supply design, support the power supply distribution device or voltage line mode, support 8~28V (DC) power supply;
- The transmitting power is 22 / 30 dBm and supports multi-stage adjustable, all technical indicators meet the industrial standards;
- Support for 2.4K~62.5Kbps of data transmission rate;
- Support for Modbus protocol transmission;
- Support RSSI signal strength indication function for assessing signal quality, improving communication network and ranging;
- Support LBT function, the station automatically sends according to the current ambient noise intensity. Greatly improve the communication success rate of radio stations in the harsh environment;
- Support for wireless transmission of command data packet, remote configuration, or reading of radio station parameters;
- Support the communication key function, and effectively prevent the data from being intercepted;
- It can realize the multi-stage relay networking, effectively expand the communication distance, and realize ultralong distance communication;
- Working temperature range: -40°C ~ + 85°C, adapt to a variety of harsh working environments, real industrialgrade products;
- Power reverse connection protection, adaptive protection, antenna surge protection, and other multiple protection functions, greatly increase the reliability of the station;
- Communication ports and power supply interfaces shall be isolated with high protection;
- Powerful software functions, all parameters can be programmed by settings: such as power, frequency, air rate, address ID, etc.;
- Built-in watchdog, and precise time layout, in the event of abnormalities, the station will automatically restart and can continue to work according to the previous parameter settings.

Quick start

1. You need to prepare two E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx)





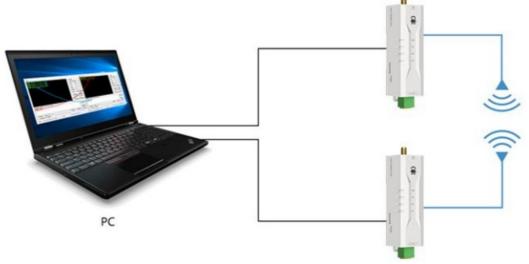




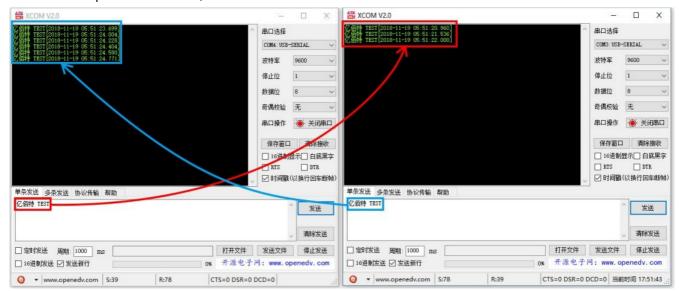
2. First, install the antenna to the digital radio station, and then install the power supply. The user selects the power adapter according to the need.



3. Using USB to RS 235 or other means;



4. Start two serial port debugging assistants, select serial port rate of 9600bps (default), check mode of 8N1, can achieve serial port transmission;



5. If the customer needs to switch the working mode, she can switch the different working modes (M0 indicator light, M1 indicator light) through the Mode button control. Press the Mode button once for about 1 ms to switch the mode once.

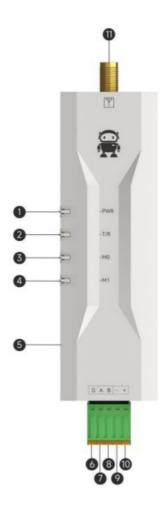
Details of the mode switching are shown in the following table:

No.	Class	M1	МО	Note
pattern 0	Through transmission m ode	light goes ou t	light goes ou t	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent transmission (factory default mode), support special command air configuration.
pattern 1	WOR pattern	light goes ou t	light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WOR receiver, suppor t aerial wake-up
pattern 2	Configuration mode	light on	light goes ou t	The user can register through the serial port to control the working status of the station. The user can configure the st ation through the upper computer configuration software.

Note: The radio station has the function of power loss saving mode (the default setting is transmission mode). The user needs to switch the corresponding mode according to the M1 and M0 indicators (effective immediately).

Description of each department

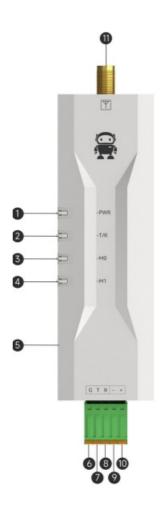
RS485 interface



No.	Name	Function	Description
1	PWR	power light	Light ates when power is on.
2	T/R	Send/receive the indicator light	The flashlight is red when sending data and green whe n receiving data.
3	МО	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
4	M1	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
5	Mode	Mode switch button	Working mode switching control.
6	G	GND	Ground.
7	A	The RS485 signal A	Standard RS485 interface.
8	В	The RS485 signal B	Standard RS485 interface.
9	_	GND	DC power input port, voltage line port.
10	+	VCC	DC power input port, voltage line port.
11	ANT	radio frequency interf ace	SMA-K External thread inner hole.

- Note: When the radio station is connected to multiple devices, but not with a single device, try to parallel 120 Ω resistance between terminal 485_A and 485_B terminals.
- E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx) can be powered by an 8~28V (DC) power supply, and the wiring port is connected by a terminal (2 PIN).

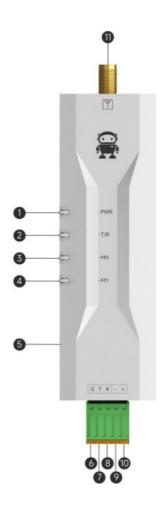
RS232 interface



No.	Name	Function	Description
1	PWR	Power light	Light ates when power is on.
2	T/R	Send/receive the indicator light	The flashlight is red when sending data and green whe n receiving data.
3	МО	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
4	M1	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
5	Mode	Mode switch button	Working mode switching control.
6	G	Signal ground	Anti-interference, grounding.
7	Т	The RS232 bus TX i nterface	RS232 interface The TX interface is connected to the device RX interface.
8	R	The RS232 bus RX i nterface	RS232 interface The RX interface is connected to the device TX interface.
9	-	GND	DC power input port, voltage line port.
10	+	VCC	DC power input port, voltage line port.
11	ANT	Radiofrequency inter face	SMA-K External thread inner hole.

E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx) can be powered by an $8\sim28V$ (DC) power supply, and the wiring port is connected by a terminal (2 PIN).

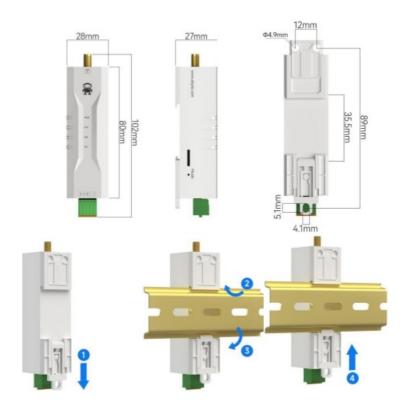
TTL interface



No.	Name	Function	Description
1	PWR	Power light	Light ates when power is on.
2	T/R	Send/receive the indicator light	The flashlight is red when sending data and green whe n receiving data.
3	МО	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
4	M1	Mode indicator light	Operating mode indicator light.
5	Mode	Mode switch button	Working mode switching control.
6	G	Signal ground	Anti-interference, grounding.
7	Т	The TTL bus TX inter face	RS232 interface The TX interface is connected to the device RX interface.
8	R	The TTL bus RX inte	RS232 interface The RX interface is connected to the device TX interface.
9	_	GND	DC power input port, voltage line port.
10	+	VCC	DC power input port, voltage line port.
11	ANT	Radiofrequency inter face	SMA-K External thread inner hole.

E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx) can be powered by an $8\sim28V$ (DC) power supply, and the wiring port is connected by a terminal (2 PIN).

Installation dimensions



Qualification

Model and specification

Model	Frequency Transmitting power		Referenc e distance	Specification	Application
	MHz	dBm	km		
E95M -DTU(400SL22- 485)	410.125 493 .125	22	5	New generation of LoRa frequency expansion, DC po wer supply	Suitable for distant, v ulnerable environments.
E95M -DTU(400SL 22 -232)	410.125 49 3.125	22	5	New generation of LoRa frequency expansion, DC po wer supply	Suitable for distant, v ulnerable environments.
E95M -DTU(400SL 30 -485)	410.125 49 3.125	30	10	New generation of LoRa frequency expansion, DC po wer supply	Suitable for distant, v ulnerable environments.
E95M -DTU(400SL 30 -232)	410.125 49 3.125	30	10	New generation of LoRa frequency expansion, DC po wer supply	Suitable for distant, v ulnerable environments.
E95-DTU(400SL22-T TL)	410.125 49 3.125	22	5	The new generation of LoRa frequency expansion, DC power supply, isolated version	Suitable for long dist ances, vulnerable to i nterference environm ent, high protection
E95-DTU(400SL 30-T TL)	410.125 49 3.125	30	10	The new generatio n of LoRa frequen cy expansion, DC power supply, isol ated version	Suitable for long dist ances, vulnerable to i nterference environm ent, high protection

Note: In sunny weather, no shelter, 12V / 1A power supply, or 5 dBi suction cup antenna, the antenna is 2 meters away from the ground height, using the factory default parameters.

General specifications and parameters

No.	Item	Specifications	Description
1	product size	80*28*27 mm	See installation size for details
2	Product weight	32 g	Weight tolerance of 2g
3	working temperature	-40°C +85°C	technical grade
4	voltage range	8 28V DC	12V or 24V
5	communication interface	RS485/RS232/TTL	RS485, RS232, TTL three choose one, subject to the p hysical identification of the product
6	Baud rate	Factory default: 960	The Baud rate range is from 1200 to 115200
7	address code	Factory default 0	A total of 65,536 address codes can be set

Frequency range and channel number

Model	Frequency	ency Transmitting power		Specification	
	MHz	dBm	km		
E95M -DTU(400SLxx -xxx)	433.125M	410.125 493.125M	1M	84, Half duplex	

Note: In the same area, use multiple sets of transmission stations to communicate one-to-one at the same time. It is suggested that the channel interval be set above 2 MHz.

Transmitting power level

Model	22dBm / 30dBm	17dBm / 27dBm	13dBm / 24dBm	10dBm / 21dBm
E95M -DTU(400SLxx-xxx	Factory default	√		V

Note: The lower the transmission power is, the closer the transmission distance is, but the working current will not decrease in the same proportion, so it is recommended to use the maximum transmission power.

Air rate rating

Model	Default air rate	Equal series	Air rate grade	
Wodel	bps	Lquai Series	k bps	
E95M -DTU(400SLxx-xxx)	2.4k	6	2.4 4.8 9.6 19.2 38.4 62.5	

Note: The higher the airspeed setting, the faster the transmission rate, and the closer the transmission distance; so if the rate meets the usage requirements, the lower the airspeed, the better.

Current parameters

Model	Emission current mA		Waiting for the current mA	
Woder	12V	24V	12V	24V
E95M -DTU(400SL 22-xxx	45	26	10	7
E95M -DTU(400SL 30-xxx)	250	125	9	5

Note: It is recommended to retain more than 50% of the current margin when selecting the power supply, which is conducive to the long-term and stable operation of the radio station.

Length of receiving and receiving and the subcontracting method

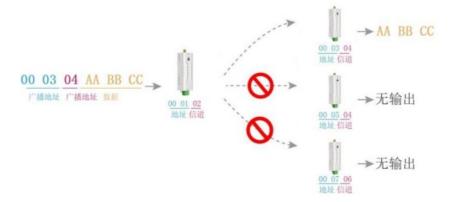
ts	Cache size	Subcontracting method
E95M -DTU(400SLxx -xxx	1000 Bytes	Can be sent by instruction subcontracting 32 / 64 / 128 / 240 bytes

Pay attention to:

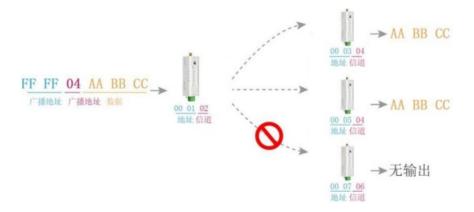
- 1. If the single received data of the radio station is greater than the single package capacity, the excess data will be automatically allocated to the second transmission until the transmission is completed;
- 2. Single-received data cannot be greater than the cache capacity.

Functional detailed explanation

Fixed point launch (162 m)



Broadcast transmission (16 approx.)



Broadcast address

- Example: Set the station A address to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When station A is used as transmission (the same mode, transparent transmission mode), all receiving stations under the 0x04 channel can receive data to achieve the purpose of broadcasting.

Listen to address

- Example: Set the station A address to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When station A is received, it can receive all the data under the 0x04 channel to achieve the purpose of listening.

Work Pattern

- E95-DTU has three working modes. When there is no harsh low power consumption demand, it is recommended to configure the radio station as the transparent transmission mode (mode 0);
- The default setting of the station is transmission mode (mode 0).

order num ber	class	M1	МО	explanatory note
pattern 0	Through trans mission mode	light goes ou t	light goes ou t	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent transmission (factory default mode), support special command air configuration.
pattern 1	WOR pattern	light goes ou t	light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WOR receiver, suppor t aerial wake up
pattern 2	Configuration mode	light on	light goes ou t	The user can register through the serial port to control the working status of the station. The user can configure the st ation through the upper computer configuration software.

Note: If no low power requirements, no concern about WOR mode (mode 1).

Transmission mode (mode 0)

type	When the M0 indicator is out, the M1 indicator is out and the station works in mode 0
launch	Users can enter the data through the serial port, and the radio station will start the wireless trans mission.
receive	The radio wireless reception function is turned on, and it will be output through the serial port TX D pin after receiving the wireless data.

WOR Mode (Mode 1)

type	When the M0 indicator is on, the M1 indicator is off and the station works in mode 1
launch	When defined as the transmitting side, the wake-up code is automatically added for a certain time before launch
receive	Data can be received normally, and the receiving function is equivalent to mode 0

Configuration Mode (Mode 2)

type	When the M0 indicator is off, the M1 indicator lights on and the station works in mode 2
launch	Wireless configuration is available
receive	Wireless configuration is available
configure	The user can access the register to configure the radio operating status

Register read and write control

Instruction format

Under the configuration mode (mode 2: M 1 = OFF, M 0 = ON), the supported instruction list is as follows (when setting, only 9600,8N1 format is supported).

orde		
r		1.6
num ber	instruction format	define
		Instructions: C0 + starting address + length + parameter Response: C1 + starting address + length + parameter Example 1: The configuration channel is 0x09
		Command start address length parameter Send to: C0 05 01 09
1	Set the register	Return: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: simultaneously configure the module address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), empty speed (2.4K) Send to: C0 00 04 12 34 00 60
		Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 60
		Instructions: C1 + starting address + length Response: C1 + starting address + length + parameter
		Example 1: Read the access channel Command start address length parameter
2	Read the register	Send to: C1 05 01
	2 Read the register	Return: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: Read the module address, network address, serial port, and empty speed simultaneously Send to: C1 00 04
		Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 60
		Instructions: C2 + starting address + length + parameter Response: C1 + starting address + length + parameter
3	Set up the temporary register	Example 1: The configuration channel is 0x09 Command start address length parameter
	register	Send to: C2 05 01 09
		Return: C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: simultaneously configure the module address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), empty speed (2.4K)
		Send to: C2 00 04 12 34 00 60 Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 60
		Instruction: CF CF + General instruction Response: CF CF + conventional response
4	Wireless	Example 1: The wireless configuration channel is 0x09 Wireless command header command starting address length parameter Send to: CF CF C0 05 01 09
	configuration	Return: CF CF C1 05 01 09
		Example 2: wireless simultaneous configuration module address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), and airspeed (2.4K)
		Send to: CF CF C0 00 04 12 34 00 60 Return: CF CF C1 00 04 12 34 00 60
5	format error	Format error response FF FF FF / "=ERR "

Register description

order number	read-w rite	name				description	remarks	
00H	Read / write	ADDH	ADDI	ADDH (default 0)			Module address of high and low bytes; Note: When the module address is equal to FFFF	
01H	Read / write	ADDL	ADDI	ADDL (default 0)			it can be used as a broadcast and listening address that is, the module will not filter the address	
02H	Read / write	NETID	NETII	ETID (default 0)			Network address, used to distinguish networks; When communicating with each other, set it as the	
			-			TIADES : ID ((I)	same.	
			7	6	5	UART Serial Rate (bps)		
			0	0	0	The serial port port rate is 1200		
			0	0	1	The serial port port rate is 2400	The two modules of mutual communication, the	
			0	1	0	The serial port port rate is 4800	serial port port rate can be different, the	
			0	1	1	Serial port port rate of 9600 (default)	calibration mode can also be different; When large data packets are launche	
			1	0	0	The serial port port rate is 19200	continuously, users need to consider the dat blocking caused by the same port rate, or ma even be lost;	
03H	Read /	REG0	1	0	1	The serial port port rate is 38400	It is generally recommended that the same have the same	
	write		1	1	0	The serial port port rate is 57600	the same the same.	
			1	1	1	The serial port port rate is		
			4	3	Serial	check bit		
		0	0	8N1 (by default)				
		0	1	801	,	The communication two sides serial port mode		
		1	0	8E1		can be different;		
			1	1	8N1 (equivalent to 00)		†	
	1		2	1	0	Wireless aerial rate (bps)		
			0	0	0	Aerial rate of 2.4k (default)		
			0	0	1	The air rate is 4.8k	Both parties to communicate, the air rate, mu	
			0	1	0	The air rate is 9.6k	be the same;	
			0	1	1	Aerial rate 19.2k	The higher the air rate, the smaller the delay, and shorter the transmission distance.	
			1	0	0	Aerial rate 38.4k	shorter the transmission distance.	
			1	0	1	Aerial rate 62.5k		
			7	6	Subco	ontract setting	The data sent by the user is less than the	
			0	0	240 b	ytes (by default)	subcontract length, and the serial port output of the receiving end is presented as uninterrupted	
			0	1	128 B	tytes	continuous output;	
			1	0	64 By	rtes	If the data sent by the user is greater than the	
			1	1	32 By	rtes	subcontract length, the serial port of the receivin end will subcontract the output.	
			5	The F	RSSI am	bient noise is enabled	When enabled, instruction C0 C1 C2 C3 can rea	
			0	Disab	le (defa	ult)	register in transmission mode or WO transmission mode;	
			1 start using			Register 0x00: current ambient noise RSSI; Register 0X01: RSSI last received (The current channel noise is: dBm = (256-RSSI)); Instruction format: C0 C1 C2 C3 + starting address + read length; Return: C1 + address + read length + read value; like send C0 C1 C2 C3 00 01 Return to C1 00 01 RSSI (address only starts from		
							00)	
			4	3	conti	nue to have		

			2	Softv	vare mode switching	If we use our upper position computer		
			0	Disabl	le (default)	configuration parameters, we will actively close		
04H	Read /	REG1				the bit. If you do not want to use M0 M1 pins to		
	write					switch working mode, you can enable this		
						function, use specific serial instructions to switch		
						mode.		
						Format: C0 C1 C2 C3 02 + working mode		
						Send C0 C1 C2 C3 02 00 to transmission mode		
						Send the C0 C1 C2 C3 02 01 to switch to the		
						WOR mode		
			1	start u	sing	Send the C0 C1 C2 C3 02 02 to switch to the		
						configuration mode		
						Send the C0 C1 C2 C3 02 03 to switch to the		
						sleep mode		
						Return: C1 C2 C3 02 + working mode		
						Note: When this function is enabled, only 9600		
						baud rate is supported in WOR mode and sleep		
						mode.		
			1	0	transmitting power	Power and current are nonlinear relationship,		
			0	0 22 / 30 dBm (by default)		when the maximum power, the power supply		
			0			efficiency is the highest;		
			1	0	13/24dBm	The current will not decrease in equal proportion		
			1	1	10/21dBm	with the power decrease.		
				_	rol (CH)	will the power decrease.		
05H	Read /	REG2	0-83 €	each rep	resent a total of 84 channels (900 band	Actual frequency = 410.125 + CH * 1M		
	write		applic	able)				
			7	Enab	le the RSSI bytes	When enabled, the module receives wireless data		
			0	Disabl	le (default)	and the output through the serial port TXD will		
			1	start u	sing	follow an RSSI strength byte.		
			6	transn	nission mode	During the fixed-point transmission, the module		
			0	Transp	parent transfer (by default)	will identify the first three bytes of the serial port		
			1		point transmission	data as: address high + address low + channel, and take it as the wireless transmission target.		
			5		function	After the relay function is enabled, if the target		
			0		le Relay function (default)	address is not the module itself, the module will start a forward;		
				Enable relay function		To prevent data return, it is recommended to work		
			1			with fixed point mode; namely, target address and source address are different.		
			4			After enabling, the wireless data will be		
			0	Disabl	le (default)	monitored before transmission, which can avoid interference to a certain extent, but may bring data		
						delay;		
			1	start u	sing	The maximum residence time of LBT is 2		
						seconds, reaching two seconds.		

1	1	i					, ,			
			3	The W	/OR m	ode transceiver control				
06H	Read /	REG3		WOI	R recip	ient (default)	Only valid for mode 1; 1. In the receiving mode of word, the module can			
	write			Worki	ng in V	VOR listening mode, the listening	modify the delay time after wake up, and the			
			0	cycle	see bel	ow (WOR cycle), can save a lot of	default time is 0; 2. The receiving terminal needs to send instruction			
				power consumption.		mption.	C0 09 02 03 E8 in configuration mode (C0 is a			
				The	WOR t	ransmitter party	write command, 09 is the register initiator address, 02 is the length, 03 E8 is the set delay,			
				The m	odule :	sends and receives open, and adds	the maximum FFFF is 65535ms, and set to 0, the			
			1	a certa	in time	wake code when transmitting	wake up delay is closed.) 3. Data can be sent within the delay			
				data.			3. Data can be sent within the delay			
			2	1	0	WOR period				
			0	0	0	500ms	Only valid for mode 1;			
			0	0	1	1000ms				
			0	1	0	1500ms	Cycle T= (1 + WOR) * 500ms, maximum 4000ms, minimum 500ms;			
			0	1	1	2000ms (by default)	The longer the WOR monitoring interval period,			
			1	0	0	2500ms	the lower the average power consumption, but the			
			1	0	1	3000ms	greater the data delay;			
			1	1	0	3500ms	It must be consistent (very important)			
			1	1	1	4000ms				
07H	write	CRYPT _H	Key H	igh Byt	es (defa	ault 0)	Write only, read back to 0; For encryption, to avoid the aerial wireless data intercepted by similar modules;			
		CRYPT				4.0	These two bytes will be used as the calculation			
08H	write	_L	Key L	Low Bytes (default 0)		ult 0)	factor to encrypt the wireless signal in the air.			
80H ~	a slight	DID	D 1	duct information is 7 bytes		i- 71-4	Use has been suspended for reserved only. Please			
86H	pause	PID	Prodi			is / bytes	refer to the AT + DEVTYPE and AT + FWCODE			
	in						instructions in Section 9.1.			
	reading									

Factory default parameters

Factory defaul t parameter value	C0 00 09 00 00 00 60 00 23 03 00 00							
Module model	frequency	address	channel	Air rate	Baud rate	Serial port f	transmitt ing g po wer	
E95M -DTU (40 0SL 20-485)	433.125MHz	0x0000	0x 23	2.4kbps	9600	8N1	20dBm	
E95M -DTU (40 0SL 30-485)	433.125MHz	0x0000	0x 23	2.4kbps	9600	8N1	30dBm	

AT Directive

- Using AT instructions for parameter configuration or query should be performed in configuration mode;
- AT instructions are used in configuration mode. AT instructions are divided into three categories: command instruction, setting instruction, and query instruction;
- Users can go through the words "AT + HELP =?"Query to the AT instruction set supported by the module, the AT instruction adopts the port rate of 9600 8N1;
- When the input parameter exceeds the range, it will be limited. Please do not let the parameter exceed the

The AT instruction sheet

command instruction	description	instance	Example description
AT + IAP (Use carefully, see article 6.3 serial port upgrade firmware considerations)	Enter the IAP upgrade mode	AT+IAP	Enter the IAP upgrade mode
AT+RESET	Equipment restart	AT+RESET	Equipment restart
AT+DEFAULT	Configure the parameters to restore the default And the device restarted	AT+DEFAULT	Configure the parameters to restore the default And the device restarted

Set instructions	description	instance	Example	descript	ion	
AT+UART=baud,parity	Set the port rate and check	AT+UART=3,0	Set the	port	rate	to
			9600,8N1			

AT+RATE=rate	Set air rate	AT+RATE=7	Set the air rate to 62.5K
AT+PACKET=packet	Set the length of the pack age	AT+PACKET=0	Set the packet to 240 bytes
AT+WOR=role,period	Set the WOR roles and cycles	AT+WOR=0,3	Set to WOR receive for a p eriod of 2000ms
AT+POWER=power	Set the sending power	AT+POWER=0	The transmission power is set to be 20 / 30 dBm
AT+TRANS=mode	Set the send mode	AT+TRANS=1	Set to point mode
AT+ROUTER=router	Set relay mode	AT+ROUTER=1	Set to the relay mode
AT+LBT=lbt	Set the Listen Before Talk function switch	AT+LBT=1	Set on, refer to section 5.2 LBT enable details
AT+ERSSI=erssi	Set the ambient noise RS SI switch	AT+ERSSI=1	Set on, refer to section 5.2 RSSI environmental noise function in detail
AT+DRSSI=data_rssi	Sets the receiving data RSSI switch	AT+DRSSI=1	The received data RSSI fu nction is turned on
AT+ADDR=addr	Set module address	AT+ADDR=1234	Set the module address to 1234

AT+CHANNEL=channel	Set up the module workin g channel	AT+CHANNEL=23	Set the frequency to 433.1 25M
AT+NETID=netid	Set the network ID	AT+NETID=2	Set the network ID to 2
AT+KEY=key	Set the module key	AT+KEY=1234	Set the module key to 123
AT+DELAY=delay	Set the WOR delay sleep time	AT+DELAY=1000	Set the WOR delay dorma ncy to 1000ms (during whi ch send tasks can be performed. It is often used for the WOR receiver to perform wireless transmission with out switching to the trans transmission mode.
AT+SWITCH=switch	Set the software switchin g mode switch	AT+SWITCH=1	Set on in configuration mo de to allow software switch ing
AT+MODE=mode	Switch the working mode	AT+MODE=0	Switch to transmission mo de

Query instructions	description	Return an example	Example description
AT+HELP=?	Query the AT timetable		Returns the AT repertoire
AT+DEVTYPE=?	Query module model	DEVTYPE=E90M-DTU(400S L30)	Return Module Model
AT+FWCODE=?	Query firmware encodin g	FWCODE=7432-0-10	Return firmware version
AT+UART=?	Query the baud rate and the check	AT+UART=3,0	Return to a port rate of 96 00,8N1

AT+RATE=?	Query air rate	AT+RATE=7	The return to the air rate i s 62.5k
-----------	----------------	-----------	--------------------------------------

AT+PACKET=?	Query the length of the package	AT+PACKET=0	The return packet is 240 bytes
	pastago		
AT+WOR=?	Query the WOR roles a nd cycles	AT+WOR=0,3	Return to WOR receive w ith a period of 2000
AT+POWER=?	Query send power	AT+POWER=0	The return-sending power is 20 / 30 dBm
AT+TRANS=?	Query send mode	AT+TRANS=1	Returns to the fixed-point mode
AT+ROUTER=?	Query Relay Mode	AT+ROUTER=1	Returns to the relay mode
AT+LBT=?	Query the Listen Before Talk function switch	AT+LBT=1	Return to the LBT switch status
AT+ERSSI=?	Query the ambient nois e RSSI switch	AT+ERSSI=1	Return to the ambient noise switch state
AT+DRSSI=?	Query the RSSI output	AT+DRSSI=1	The return-channel RSSI function is turned on
AT+ADDR=?	Query module address	AT+ADDR=1234	The return module addres s is 1234
AT+CHANNEL=?	Query the module working channel	AT+CHANNEL=23	The return frequency is s et at 433.125M

AT+NETID=?	Query network ID	AT+NETID=2	The return network ID is 2
AT+KEY=?	Query module key	Read is not supported (securi ty considerations)	return ERR
AT+DELAY=?	Query WOR delay dorm ancy time	AT+DELAY=1000	The return WOR delay sleep time is 1000ms
AT+SWITCH=	Query software switch mode switch	AT+SWITCH=0	The software switching m ode is turned off
AT+MODE=	Query the current worki ng mode (available in all modes)	AT+MODE=0	Return to the current tran smission mode

AT parameter resolution

When the serial port receives the correct instruction, the serial port returns "instruction =OK", otherwise it returns "= ERR"

Instruction parameters	Parameter meaning				
Baud (serial port rate)		1:2400	2:4800	3:9600	
Badd (Serial port rate)	4:19200	5:38400	6:57600	7:115200	
Parity (Serial port check bit)	0:8N1	1:801	2:8E1	3:8N1	
Rate (air rate)	0:2.4K	1:2.4K	2:2.4K	3:4.8K	
Trate (all rate)	4:9.6K	5:19.2K	6:38.4K	7:62.5K	

Packet (Packet length)	0:240	1:128	2:64 3:32	
Role (WOR role)	0: Receive	e 1: send		
Period (WOR Cycle)	0:500ms 4:2500m s	1:1000ms 5:3000ms	2:1500ms 6:3500ms	3:2000ms 7:4000ms
Power (transmit power)Note 1	0:22dBm	1:17dBm	2:13dBm	3:10dBm
Tower (transmit power)	0:30dBm	1:27dBm	2:24dBm	3:21dBm
Mode (Transport mode)	0: transparent 1: fixed point			
Router (Relay mode)	0: Off 1: On			
LBT(listen before talk)	0: Off 1: On			
Erssi (Environmental RSSI)	0: Off 1: On			
Data _ rssi (Data RSSI)	0: Off 1: On			
Addr (module address)	Module address 0~			
Channel (Module channel)	Module channel 0~83 (10 decimal system)			em)
Netid(network ID)	Module network 0~255 (10 r)			
Key(cipher code)	Module key 0~65535 (10 r)			
Delay (WOR delay dormancy)	Delay hibernation 0~65535 (10 decimal poi			

• Note 1: Different module sets for different powers. You can check the transmitting power in manual 6.2.

Notes for serial port upgrade firmware

- If the customer needs to upgrade the firmware, it needs to find the corresponding BIN file provided by the official, and then use the official provided upper machine to upgrade the firmware.
- Generally, the user does not need to upgrade the firmware, so do not use the "AT + IAP" command.
- First, connect to RS485 / RS232 / TTL, then send the "AT + IAP" command instruction in configuration mode into upgrade mode.
- If you need to exit the IAP upgrade mode, you need to stay on and wait for 60 seconds, the program will

automatically exit, otherwise even if the restart, it will enter the upgrade mode indefinitely.

• After entering the upgrade mode, the port rate will automatically switch to 115200 until you automatically exit, with a log output.

Use of the relay network mode

order number	Relay mode description
1	After setting the relay mode through the configuration mode, switch to the general mode, and the relay starts working.
2	In relay mode, ADDH, ADDL is no longer used as the radio address but corresponds to the NETID forwarding pair. If one of the networks is received, it is forwarded to another net work. The repeater's network ID is invalid.
3	In relay mode, the relay radio cannot send and receive data and cannot perform low-power operations.
4	The user enters another mode from mode 3 (sleep mode), or during the reset process, the e station will reset the user parameters, during which the AUX outputs a low level.

Description of the relay networking rules:

- 1. Forward rules, the relay can forward data between two NETIDs.
- 2. In relay mode, ADDH \ ADDL is no longer paired as a radio address and as a NETID forwarding pair. as shown in the figure:

1. Level 1 Relay

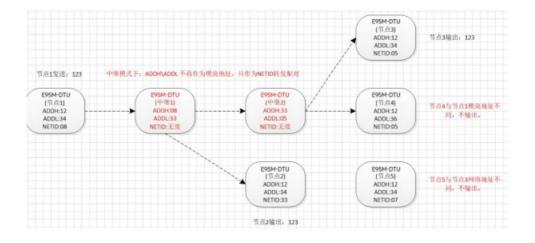
- "Node 1" NETID is 08.
- "Node 2" NETID is 33.
- The ADDH \ ADDL for relay 1 was 08,33, respectively.
- So the signal sent by node 1 (08) can be forwarded to node 2 (33)
- At the same time, node 1 and node 2 have the same address, so the data sent by node 1 can be received by node 2.

2. Secondary Relay

- The ADDH \ ADDL for relay 2 was 33,05, respectively.
- So relay 2 can forward the data of relay 1 to the network NETID: 05.
- Thus, the nodes 3 and the node 4 can receive the node 1 data. Node 4 normally outputs data and node 3 has different addresses from node 1, so it does not output data.

3. bi-directional relay

 As configured, data nodes 2 and 4 sent by nodes 1 may be received, and data sent by nodes 2 and 4 can also be received by nodes 1.



Description of the upper computer machine configuration

• The following figure shows E95M-DTU (400SLxx-xxx) configured with the upper machine display interface. Users can switch to configuration mode through the MODE key, and quickly configure and read parameters in the upper machine.



• In the configuration computer, the radio address, frequency channel, network ID and key are all in decimal display mode, including the value range of each parameter:

Network address: 0~65535 • Frequency channel: 0~83

network ID: 0~255

• **Key**: 0~65535

- When using the upper computer to configure the relay mode, users need to pay special attention to it. In the upper computer, the parameters are in decimal display mode, so the radio address and network ID need to be converted into binary.
- If the network ID input by the transmitter A is 02 and the network ID input by the receiver B is 10, then the relay terminal.
- R sets the station address, then the hex value 0X020A is converted to the decimal value 522 as the radio address filled by the relay end R. That is, the radio address value of the relay terminal R that needs to be filled in is 522.

Program the radio stations



work pattern	M1	МО	explanatory note
Configuration mode	The indicator light is bright	The indicator li ghts go out	Stations can only be programmed by using the configuration software in the current mode

- 1. Programming can only be performed in a specific working mode (see table above). Please sure the radio working mode is correct.
- 2. Relevant parameters can be modified by opening the E95M-DTU (400 SLxx-xxx) configuration software without complex programming.

The connection diagram in the test and practical application



Related products

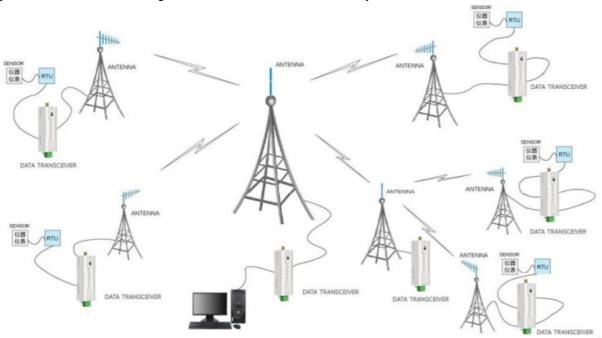
product model	interf ace t ype	service frequency M Hz	trans mit tin g pow er dB m	Refe r enc e dis tanc e	functional characteristics
E95-DTU(400SL22-48 5)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS485, E90-DTU S L system type co mmunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL 22-23 2)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS232, E90-DTU S L system type co mmunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL 30-48 5)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS485, E90-DTU S L system type co mmunication, DC power supply
					New responsible to December with well to the

E95-DTU(400SL 30-23 2)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS232, E90-DTU S L system type co mmunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22P - 485)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series interchan ge, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL 22P - 232)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS485, E90-DTUL system interconne ction, high protection, DC power supp ly
E95-DTU(400SL 30P - 485)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series interchan ge, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL 30P - 232)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation LoRa, guide rail type, RS485, E90-DTU S L series interchange, high protection, DC pow er supply

E96-DTU(400SL22-48 5)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation of LoRa, guide rail ty pe, RS485, E90-DTU S L system clas s communication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL 22-23 2)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	22	5	New generation of LoRa, guide rail ty pe, RS232, E90-DTU S L system clas s communication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL 30-48 5)	RS48 5	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation of LoRa, guide rail ty pe, RS485, E90-DTU S L system clas s communication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL 30-23 2)	RS23 2	410.125 493.125	30	10	New generation of LoRa, guide rail ty pe, RS232, E90-DTU S L system clas s communication, AC power supply

Practical applications

Radio is suitable for all kinds of point-to-point, multi-point wireless data transmission systems, such as intelligent home, Internet of things, power load monitoring, distribution network automation, hydrological hydrologic monitoring, water pipe network monitoring, city street lamp monitoring, air defense alarm control, railway signal monitoring, railway water supply centralized control, oil gas supply network monitoring, GPS positioning system, remote meter reading, electronic weighing, report, automatic target, earthquake monitoring, fire prevention, security, environmental monitoring and other industrial automation system, the chart below:



- 1. This radio station shall not be operated near flammable places (such as coal mines) or explosive dangerous objects (such as detonators).
- 2. A suitable DC voltage power supply should be selected for strong high-frequency interference resistance, small ripple, and sufficient load capacity; preferably overcurrent, overvoltage protection, and lightning protection functions to ensure the normal operation of the digital transmission station.
- 3. Do not use it in a working environment beyond the environmental characteristics of the digital transmission radio station, such as high temperature, humidity, low temperature, strong electromagnetic field, or large dust environment.
- 4. Do not let the transmission station continuously at full capacity, otherwise the fire may burn the transmitter.
- 5. The ground wire of the digital transmission station should be well connected with the ground wire of external equipment (such as PC, PLC, etc.) and the ground wire of the power supply, otherwise, it is easy to burn out the communication interface; do not plug or pull the serial port.
- 6. During the test, the matching antenna or 50 Ω false load must damage the transmitter. If the antenna is connected, the distance between the human body should be more than 2 meters to avoid damage, do not touch the antenna during transmission.
- 7. Wireless data transmission stations often have different communication distances in different environments, which are often affected by temperature, humidity, obstacle density, obstacle volume, and electromagnetic environment. To ensure stable communication, it is suggested to reserve more than 50% communication distance margin.
- 8. If the measured communication distance is not ideal, it is suggested to analyze and improve the communication distance from the antenna quality and antenna installation mode. Also available with support@cdebyte.com get in touch and seek help.
- 9. When selecting the power supply, in addition to keeping the 50% current allowance as recommended, it should be noted that the ripple should not exceed 100 mV.

Important statement

- 1. Ebai reserves the right to final interpretation and modification of all the contents in this manual.
- 2. Due to the continuous improvement of the hardware and software of the product, this specification may be changed without further notice, and the latest version shall prevail.

Revise the history

edition	Revised date	revision note	Maintain people
1.0	2023-6-28	The initial version	Нао
1.1	2024-8-5	Revision content	Нао

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Frequently Asked Questions

- Q: Can the E95M-DTU support Modbus protocol transmission?
 - **A:** Yes, the E95M-DTU supports Modbus protocol transmission as mentioned in the product features section of the user manual.
- Q: What is the default frequency band for the E95M-DTU?
 - A: The default frequency band for the E95M-DTU is 433.125MHz, which can be adjusted within the range of 410.125MHz~493.125MHz.

Documents / Resources



EBYTE E95M-DTU Lora Wireless Modem [pdf] User Manual 400SLxx-xxx, E95M-DTU Lora Wireless Modem, E95M-DTU, Lora Wireless Modem Modem

References

- EBYTE-LoRa/WiFi/BLE/ZigBee wireless modules Manufacturers, industrial IoT terminals suppliers
- EBYTE-LoRa/WiFi/BLE/ZigBee wireless modules Manufacturers, industrial IoT terminals suppliers
- <u>« Китайские производители беспроводных модемов Lora, поставщики промышленных терминалов IoT</u>
- User Manual

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