

# **DAVITEQ WSLRW LoRaWAN Sensor User Guide**

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**DAVITEQ WSLRW LoRaWAN Sensor** 



# **Product Information**

# **Specifications**

• Sensor Input: I2C, SPI, UART

Data rate: VariableAntenna: External

• Battery: 2 x AA-type battery

• RF Frequency and Tx Power: Configurable

· Protocol: LoRaWAN

• Data sending modes: OTAA or ABP

• Working temperature: Variable

Dimensions: VariableNet-weight: VariableHousing: Not specified

# **Product Usage Instructions**

**STEP 1:** Configure End Device (Using Modbus Configuration Cable)

- 1. Select the region (refer to register address 317)
- 2. End Device Operation:
  - Setting value (Example): AS923, IN865, EU868,...
  - Write AppEUI information from the Application Server to the Lorawan End Device

- · Write AppKey (created by the user) information for Lorawan End Device and Application Server
- Write DevEUI information from the Application Server to the Lorawan end device
- · Configure cycle to send data
- Configure sensor sampling\_rate
- Write Network Session Key and App Session Key (created by the user) information to the Lorawan end device (and Application Server)
- Configure the parameters of the sensor

# STEP 2: Configure the operation of LoRaWAN Gateway

- 1. Configure the information in the General tab
- 2. Configure the information in the Radio tab

# STEP 3: Configure the operation of LoRaWAN Gateway on the Network Server

(Refer to Check data configuration table)

(Ex: URSALINK Gateway)

- Configure Server address and server port (For more information)
- Select the Region Region (Other parameters to default)
- (Ex: URSALINK Gateway with Thethingsnetwork)
  - Gateway ID registration
  - Frequency Plan parameters configuration
  - Router parameters configuration
  - Check the connection of the gateway to the The Gateway status LED lights up and displays the message
     Status: connected on the network server Thethingsnetwork

### STEP 4: Configure the operation of the Application Server on the Network Server

- 1. App ID registration
- 2. Handler parameters configuration

# STEP 5: Register Lorawan End Device on Application Server on Thethingsnetwork

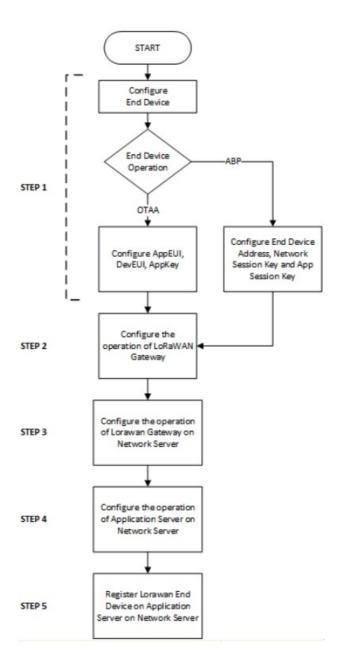
- 1. ID Registration
- 2. Select operation mode (OTAA or ABP)
- 3. Configure parameters DevEUI and AppKEY
- 4. Configure parameters Device Address, Network Session Key, App Session Key

#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q: How long does the sensor battery last?

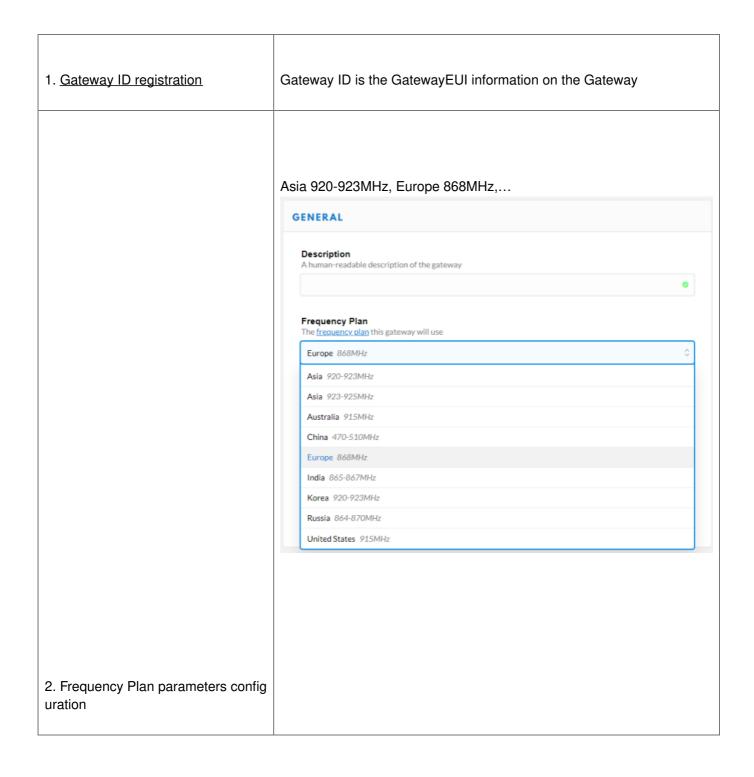
- A: The sensor can last up to 10 years with a 2 x AA-type battery (depending on configuration).
- Q: What is the FCC Warning for this device?
- A: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1)
   This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- Q: What should be the minimum distance between the radiator and the body when operating this
  equipment?
- A: This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20cm between the radiator and the body.

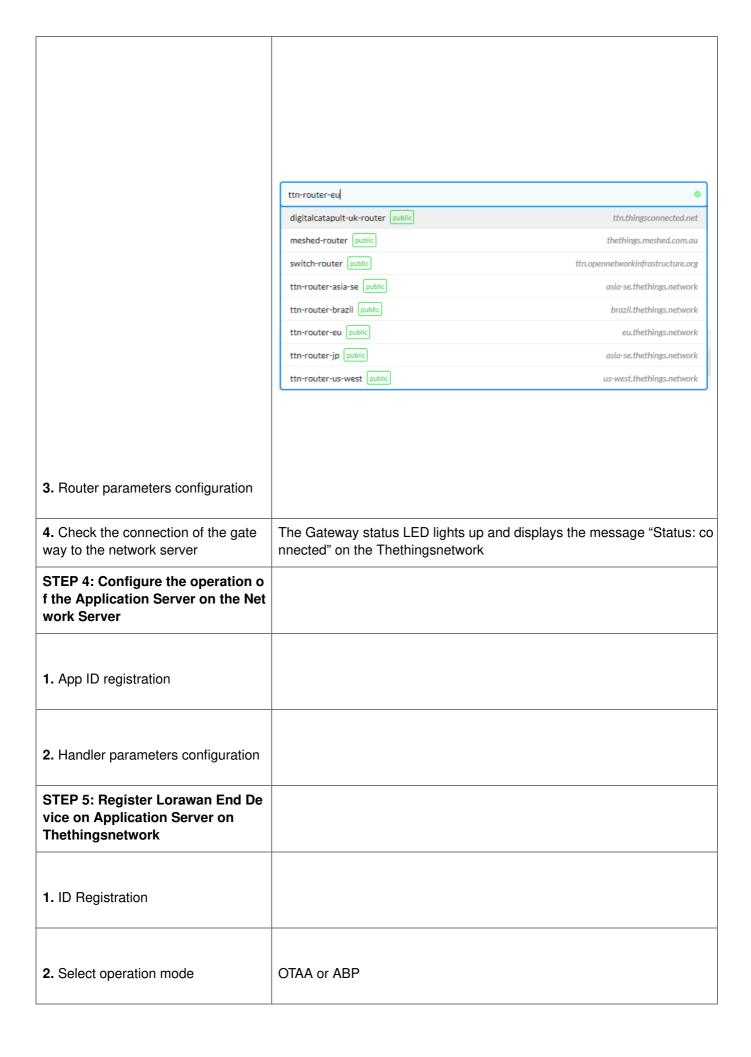
# **Configuration Check List**



| STEP 1: Configure End Device ( <u>Using Modbus Configuration Cable</u> ) | Setting value (Example)  |
|--|--|
| 1. Select region   | AS923, IN865, EU868, (refer to register address 317)   |
| 2. End Device Operation  | OTAA or ABP  |
|  | Write AppEUI information from the Application Server to the Loraw an End Device;                     |
| о <u>ОТАА</u>  | 2. Write AppKey (created by the user) information for the Lorawan End Device and Application Server. |
| о <u>АВР</u>   | Write DevEUI information from the Application Server to the Lorawa n end device;                     |

|  | 2. write Network Session Key and App Session Key (created by the u ser) information to the Lorawan end device (and Application Server). |
|--|---|
| 3. Configure "cycle send data"   | 900 sec (Default)   |
| 4. Configure "sensor sampling_rate"  | 120 sec (Default)   |
| 5. Configure the parameters of the s ensor                                       | (Refer to Check data configuration table)   |
| STEP 2: Configure the operation of L<br>oRaWAN Gateway                           | (Ex: URSALINK Gateway)  |
| Configure the information in the G eneral tab                                    | Server address, Server port (For more information)  |
| 2. Configure the information in the R adio tab                                   | Select the Region Region (Other parameters to default)  |
| STEP 3: Configure the operation of L<br>oRaWAN Gateway on the Network S<br>erver | (Ex: URSALINK Gateway with Thethingsnetwork)  |





| o OTAA | Configure parameters DevEUI and AppKEY  |
|--------|---|
| o ABP  | Configure parameters Device Address, Network Session Key, App Sessi<br>on Key |

#### Introduction

WSLRW-SMT is a LoRaWAN Soil Moisture Sensor, which can be used to measure Soil Moisture, Fertilizer and Soil Erosion, too. It is powered by 02 x AA-type batteries and can last up to 10 years. The Moisture sensor utilises the Frequency Domain measuring technique to deliver high accuracy and stable measurement of Soil moisture. The Moisture value is not affected by fertilizer content and temperature like other simple Capacitance Moisture sensors on the market. The sensor will transmit data in kilometres distance to the LoRaWAN gateway, any brand on the market. The typical applications are Smart Farms, Smart Agriculture, Automatic Irrigation Systems, Soil Quality Measurement, and Soil Erosion Monitoring.

### **FCC Warning**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2. this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifica; ons not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**NOTE**: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, under Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful

interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used following the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 2 0cm between the radiator and your body.

#### **Specification**

| Sensor Input                  | I2C, SPI, UART, Digital Input 0-3.3V, Analog input 0-3V                       |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Data rate                     | 250bps 5470bps  |
| Antenna                       | Internal Antenna 2.0 dbi  |
| Battery                       | 02 x AA size 1.5VDC, battery not included                                     |
| RF Frequency and TX Po<br>wer | US915, max +20 dBm Tx   |
| Protocol                      | LoRaWAN, class A  |
| Data sending modes            | interval time, an alarm occurred and was manually triggered by a magnetic key |
| Working temperature           | -40oC+60oC  |
| Dimensions                    | H106xW73xD42  |
| Net-weight                    | 190 grams   |
| Housing                       | Aluminum + Polycarbonate plastic  |

# **Operation Principle**

# **LoRaWAN** protocol specifications

# **LoRaWAN Sensor Protocol Specifications**

• LoRaWAN Protocol Version 1.0.3

• Application Server Version 1.3.0.0

• MAC Layer Version 4.4.2.0

• Radio Standards: LoRa Alliance Certified

• LoRaWAN Zone: LoRa Alliance AS923, KR920, AU915, US915, EU868, IN865, RU864

· Class A

• Join Active: OTAA / ABP

• Network Mode: Public Network / Private Network

Tx Power: up to 20 dBm
Frequency: 860 – 930Mhz
Date rate: 250 bps – 5kbps
Spreading factor: SF12 – SF7

• Bandwidth: 125 kHz

• Unconfirmed-data message

• LoRaWAN application port for certification: 224

# **Data rate of LoRaWAN Sensor**

| Data rate name | Data rate (bps) | Spreading factor (SF) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Region |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| DR0            | 980             | SF10                  | 125             |        |
| DR1            | 1760            | SF9                   | 125             |        |
| DR2            | 3125            | SF8                   | 125             |        |
| DR3            | 5470            | SF7                   | 125             | US915  |

# Tx power of LoRaWAN sensor

| Max EIRP (dBm) | Max Tx Power (dBm) | Region |
|----------------|--------------------|--------|
| 30             | 20                 | US915  |

When starting the power supply, the LoRaWAN sensor has 60 seconds to allow configuration to operate via the Configuration Cable with the Modbus RTU protocol. After 60 seconds, the first packet will be sent, then the LoRaWAN sensor will send the next packets in the following cases:

- Case 1: When it reaches the frequency of taking data, the LoRaWAN sensor will wake up to measure and calculate.
- **Then**: If the measured value exceeds the High or Low setting thresholds, the packet will be sent to the Gateway and then asleep;

If NOT then sleep without sending data.

#### NOTE:

Once the data to Gateway by this alarm event, the timer of sending time interval will be reset;

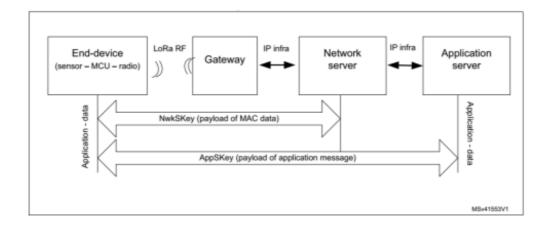
- Case 2: When the sending time interval is reached, the LoRaWAN sensor wakes up to measure calculate and send data to Gateway immediately, regardless of value.
- Case 3: By using the magnet key, the LoRaWAN sensor can be triggered to send data to Gateway immediately.

### NOTE:

The time between sending data for Class A is at least 3 seconds



**Principle of operation LoRaWAN Network** 



The LoRaWAN Gateway function is Packet Forwarder so:

- **Between Gateway and End Device:** Gateway receives data packets from End Device via RF connection, so it is recommended to configure Radio parameters (**Note:** the packet that Gateway receives is encrypted)
- Between Gateway and Network Server: Gateway forwards data packets to the Network server via an IP connection, so it is recommended to configure Network parameters such as Server Address, Server Uplink Port, Server Downlink Port,...

#### LoRaWAN Network is secured as follows:

- Network section key (NwkSKey) to ensure the security of communications on the Network
- The application session key (AppSKey) to ensure data security between the End Device and the Application Server
- Special keys of the device such as DevEUI, AppEUI, Gateway EUI, and Device Address. *Therefore, the data packet that the Gateway receives is encrypted and decrypted on the Application server.*

To End Device connect to the Network server, you need to register in the following two ways:

# Activation with OTAA (Over-the-Air activation):

Is the process of joining the Network automatically. Previously, both the End Device and Application Server installed the same DevEUI code, AppEUI, and AppKey. During activation, AppKey will generate 2 security keys for End Device and Network, which are:

- The network session key (NwkSKey): is the key to secure communication commands on the MAC layer between the End Device and the Network server.
- The application session key (AppSKey): is the key to secure data packets between the End Device and Application server.

#### ATTENTION:

- OTAA mode must be successfully activated for the End Device to send data packets to the Network through the Gateway;
- OTAA mode only needs to be activated once, if the device is reset or the battery is replaced, it will activate OTAA again:
- When the End Device is connected to the Network server, whether the Gateway is reset or the power is

# **Activation by ABP (Activation by Personalization):**

Is the process of joining the Network manually. Device Address, Network session key (NwkSKey), and Application session key (AppSKey) codes must be stored inside the End Device and Application server, so when the End Device sends data packets to the network server, it will also send the security codes to activate.

# **Configure the LoRaWAN Network**

# Configure End Device operation according to OTAA

Configuration parameters for the End Device to be activated by OTAA as the table below:

| Parameter settings | Setting value (example)       | Description   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Join Mode          | ОТАА                          | Device activation type on Network Server  |
|                    |                               | Device ID's unique ID number  |
| DevEUI             | 34 35 31 31 4B 37 75 12       | => Set this ID number for the Application server  |
|                    |                               | Application server's unique ID number (random or u ser-generated)   |
| AppEUI             | 70 B3 D5 7E D0 02 D5 0B       | => Set this ID number for the End Device  |
|                    | 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 | Key Number for generating 2 NwkSKey and AppSK ey security keys created by the user (factory-created by default) |
| AppKey             | 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C             | => Used to install for both the Device and Application Server End   |

# **ATTENTION:**

- The AppEUI number from the Application Server => is then installed for the End Device. AppEUI is randomly generated by the Application server or by the user;
- The number of AppKeys during OTAA activation will generate two security keys, Lora NwkSKey and AppSKey, which are used for both End Device and Network.

# Configure End Device operation according to ABP

Configuration parameters for the End Device to be activated by ABP as the table below:

| Parameter settings                    | Setting value (example)                               | Description  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Join Mode                             | ABP   | Device activation type on Network Server   |
| Device Address                        | 12 34 56 78   | End Device Address created by the Application serv er  => Set Device Address for End Device          |
| NwkSKey (Network s ession key)        | 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7<br>15 88<br>09 CF 4F 3C | NwkSKey number created by the user to install and use for both the End Device and Application Server |
| AppSKey (Applicatio<br>n session key) | 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7<br>15 88<br>09 CF 4F 3C | AppSKey number generated by the user to install fo r both End Device and Application Server          |

#### **LED** meaning

#### • RED LED:

- **Fixed ON:** due to noise caused peripheral components (i2c, spi, uart, timer, etc, wet, ...) do not initialize.
- Flashing 10ms ON / 10s OFF: Activation by OTAA on the Network server failed.
- Flashing 10ms ON / 2s OFF: Sending a data packet to Gateway failed.
- GREEN LED: Flashing 100ms ON / OFF when sending a data packet to Gateway.

#### • BLUE LED:

- Flashing 1s ON / 1s OFF for the first 60 seconds when booting (insert batteries or connected external sources), after 60 seconds OFF.
- ON during the LoRaWAN sensor receives data packets from the Network server and OFF when received.

#### **Process of measurement**

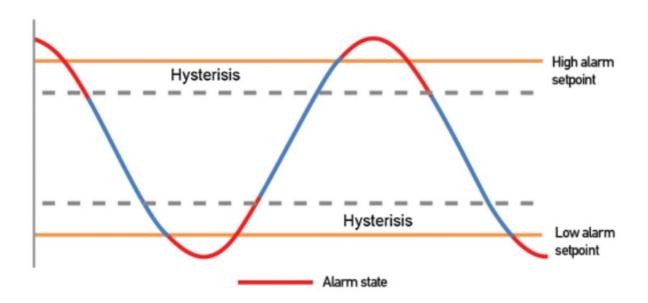
When the LoRa sensor wakes up, it will supply power to the internal or external sensor so that the sensor can start measuring. After measuring successfully it will turn off the power to the sensor for energy saving. The measured value is the raw value of the sensor. The measured value can be scaled according to the following formula:

#### Y = aX + b

- X: the raw value from the sensor
- Y: the calculated value will be sent to LoRaWAN Gateway in the payload data.
- a: constant (default value is 1)
- **b**: constant (default value is 0)

So, if there is no user setting for a and b ==> Y = X

The Y value will be compared with the Lo and Hi threshold. Please refer below to the graph of alarm processing.



# **Payload Data**

The following is the format of payload data that will be sent to the LoRaWAN Gateway.

| Sensor type (1 | Status1 (1 by | Status2 (1 byt | 1st – Parameter (I | 2nd – Paramete | 3rd – Parameter (Int |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| byte)          | te)           | e)             | nt16)              | r (Int16)      | 16)                  |

# Meaning of Data in the Payload

| Data                   | Size (byt<br>e) | Bit         | Format | Meaning   |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|---|
| Sensor type            | 1               | all         | Uint8  | Sensor type = 0x0D means LoRaWAN Tilt Sensor.<br>Sensor type = 0xFF means no sensor |
|                        |                 |             |        | Battery capacity in 04 levels 11: battery level 4 (99 %) 10: battery level 3 (60%)  |
|                        |                 |             |        | 01: battery level 2 (30%)   |
| Status1: battery level | 1               | Bit 7 and 6 | Uint8  | 00: battery level 1 (10%)   |
|                        |                 |             |        | Node status 01: error   |
| Status1: error         |                 | Bit 5 and 4 |        | 00: no error  |

| Status1: alarm 1 |   | Bit 3 and 2 |       | Alarm status of 1st – Parameter (X Tilt value) 11:<br>Hi alarm<br>01: Lo alarm 00: No alarm |
|------------------|---|-------------|-------|---|
| Status1: alarm 2 |   | Bit 1 and 0 |       | Alarm status of 2nd – Parameter (Y Tilt value) 11:<br>Hi alarm<br>01: Lo alarm 00: No alarm |
|                  | 1 | Bit 7 and 2 | Uint8 | Not Applicable  |
| Status2: alarm 3 |   | Bit 1 and 0 |       | Alarm status of 3rd – Parameter (Z Tilt value) 11:<br>Hi alarm<br>01: Lo alarm 00: No alarm |
| 1st – Parameter  | 2 | all         | Int16 | Measured value 1  |
| 2nd – Parameter  | 2 | all         | Int16 | Measured value 2  |
| 3rd – Parameter  | 2 | all         | Int16 | Measured value 3  |

**Configuration**Using the configuration cable to connect to the sensor as below picture.



# Serial port configuration on the computer:

• COMPort, Baudrate: 9600,

Parity: None,Stop bit: 1,

• Data bit: 8

• Modbus RTU: Reading data by Function 3 / Writing data by Function 16.

# Step to configure

# NOTE:

The Modbus configuration can only be performed in the first 60s after powering up the LoRaWAN sensor. After 60, if the user can not finish the configuration process, the user needs to reset the power of the LoRaWAN sensor again, by removing the battery in at least 15.

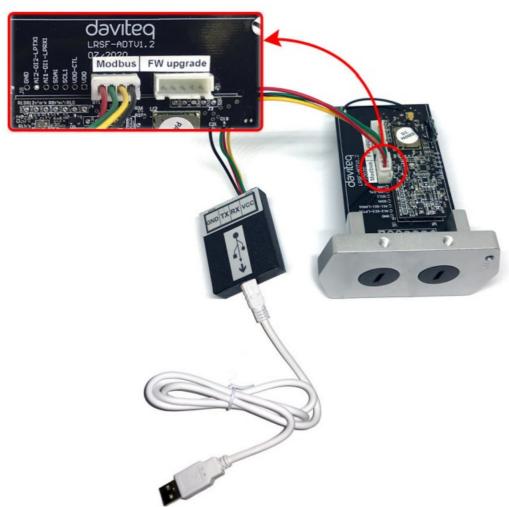
Step 1: Install the Modbus Configurator Software in the link below: <a href="https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?">https://filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?</a>
 id=qK0PGNbY1g1fuxTqbFW9SXtEvCw7bpc6

How to use the Modbus configuration software

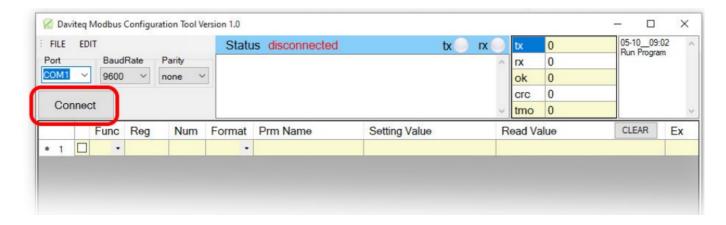
- Step 2: Plug the configuration cable into the computer via the USB port and install the driver;
- Step 3: Open the plastic housing with the L hex key to unscrew the M4 screws at the side of the housing



• Step 4: Plug the connector into the configuration port;



• Step 5: Import the configuration file by importing the CSV file: Go to MENU: FILE / Import New / => select the file with the name CONFIGURATION TEMPLATE FILE FOR LORAWAN SENSOR FW1.0.csv (in the link below). Then click Connect;



#### To write a new value to the device:

First, you need to write the password in "password for setting", after reading the value to check ok, you can write the new value AppEUI, AppKey,You only have 60 seconds after plugging the configuration cable or the power supply into the device for configuration.

# Register table

Here is the table of Data that will be read by the Modbus tool

| Modbus<br>Register<br>(Decima<br>I | Modbu<br>s<br>Regist<br>er (Hex | Functio<br>n n<br>Code | # of Reg<br>isters | Descriptio<br>n                  | Rang<br>e | Default       | Forma<br>t | Propert<br>y | Comment                               |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0                                  | 0                               | 3                      | 5                  | device info                      |           | WSLRW-<br>I2C | string     | Read         | Wireless Sen<br>sor LoRaWA<br>N – I2C |
| 5                                  | 5                               | 3                      | 4                  | firmware v<br>ersion             |           | 1.00ddmm      | string     | Read         | dd mm = day/<br>month                 |
| 9                                  | 9                               | 3                      | 2                  | hardware v<br>ersion             |           | 1.10          | string     | Read         |                                       |
| 11                                 | В                               | 3                      | 4                  | lorawan pr<br>otocol vers<br>ion |           | 01.00.03      | string     | Read         | lorawan v1.0.<br>3                    |

| 15 | F  | 3 | 6 | application version  | 01.03.00.0 | string | Read | application se rver v1.3.0.0   |
|----|----|---|---|----------------------|------------|--------|------|--|
| 21 | 15 | 3 | 6 | mac layer<br>version | 04.04.02.0 | string | Read | mac layer v4.<br>4.2.0   |
|    |    |   |   |                      |            |        |      | End Device's<br>EUI number,<br>used to regist<br>er the product<br>on the Netwo<br>rk Server by<br>OTAA      |
| 27 | 1B | 3 | 4 | device               |            | hex    | Read |  |
| 31 | 1F | 3 | 4 | Lora appe<br>ar      |            | hex    | Read | The application se rver's EUI nu mber is used to register the product on the Network Se rver by OTAA         |
| 35 | 23 | 3 | 8 | Lora apply           |            | hex    | Read | The number of keys used t o create two security keys of the End De vice, used to register the product on the |
|    |    |   |   |                      |            |        |      | Network Serv<br>er by OTAA   |

|    |    |   |   |                    |   |        |      | key number e<br>ncrypts the<br>communicatio<br>n command o<br>f the MAC lay<br>er of the End<br>Device, which<br>is used to reg              |
|----|----|---|---|--------------------|---|--------|------|--|
| 43 | 2B | 3 | 8 | Lora whisk         |   | hex    | Read | ister the prod<br>uct on the Net<br>work Server b<br>y ABP   |
| 51 | 33 | 3 | 8 | Lora apps<br>key   |   | hex    | Read | End Device d<br>ata<br>encryption ke<br>y number, us<br>ed to register<br>the product o<br>n the Network<br>Server by AB<br>P                |
| 59 | 3В | 3 | 2 | device add<br>ress | 0 | uint32 | Read | End Device a<br>ddress create<br>d by the Appli<br>cation server<br>used to regist<br>er the product<br>on the Netwo<br>rk server by A<br>BP |

| 61  | 3D | 3 | 2 | network ID        |       | 0       | uint32 | Read | Network serv<br>er ID number<br>used to regist<br>er the product<br>on the Netwo<br>rk server by A<br>BP |
|-----|----|---|---|-------------------|-------|---------|--------|------|--|
| 63  | 3F | 3 | 2 | join mode         |       | ОТАА    | string | Read | OTAA: Over-t<br>he-Air activati<br>on, ABP:<br>Activation by<br>Personalizatio<br>n n                    |
| 65  | 41 | 3 | 4 | network m         |       | PUBLIC  | string | Read | PUBLIC, PRI<br>VATE  |
| 76  | 4C | 3 | 3 | bandwidth         |       | BW125   | string | Read | BW125  |
| 79  | 4F | 3 | 2 | spread fac<br>tor |       | SF10    | string | Read | SF10, SF9, S<br>F8, SF7  |
| 81  | 51 | 3 | 4 | activation of ADR |       | ADR OFF | string | Read | ADR ON, AD<br>R OFF  |
| 85  | 55 | 3 | 1 | class             |       | A       | string | Read |  |
| 103 | 67 | 3 | 1 | sensor typ        | 1-255 |         | uint16 | Read | 1-254: sensor<br>type, 255: no<br>sensor   |

| 104 | 68 | 3 | 1 | battery lev<br>el     | 0-3                         | uint16 | Read | 4 levels of bat<br>tery capacity<br>status             |
|-----|----|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|------|--|
| 105 | 69 | 3 | 1 | error statu           | 0-1                         | uint16 | Read | Error code of sensor, 0: no error, 1: error            |
| 106 | 6A | 3 | 1 | prm1 alar<br>m status | 0-2                         | uint16 | Read | Alarm status of parameters 1, 0: none, 1: Low, 2: High |
| 107 | 6B | 3 | 1 | prm2 alar<br>m status | 0-2                         | uint16 | Read | Alarm status<br>of parameter<br>2                      |
| 108 | 6C | 3 | 2 | prm1 value            |                             | float  | Read | Value of para<br>meter 1                               |
| 110 | 6E | 3 | 2 | prm2 value            |                             | float  | Read | Value of para<br>meter 2                               |
| 112 | 70 | 3 | 1 | battery %             | 10%,<br>30%,<br>60%,<br>99% | uint16 | Read | % Value of battery capacity                            |
| 113 | 71 | 3 | 2 | battery volt<br>age   | 0-3.6<br>7<br>VDC           | float  | Read | Value of batte<br>ry voltage                           |

| 115 | 73 | 3 | 2 | mcu<br>temperatur<br>e | оС                | float  | Read | Temperature value of RF module  |
|-----|----|---|---|------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|---|
| 117 | 75 | 3 | 1 | mcu ref                | 0-3.6<br>7<br>VDC | uint16 | Read | Vref value of<br>RF module  |
| 118 | 76 | 3 | 1 | button1 sta<br>tus     | 0-1               | uint16 | Read | Button state,<br>0: No button<br>pressed, 1: B<br>utton pressed                                 |
| 119 | 77 | 3 | 1 | button2 sta<br>tus     | 0-1               | uint16 | Read | Button status,<br>0: No<br>magnetic sen<br>sor detected,<br>1: Magnetic s<br>ensor detecte<br>d |
| 126 | 78 | 3 | 2 | prm3 value             |                   | float  | Read | Value of para<br>meter 3  |
| 128 | 7A | 3 | 1 | prm3 alar<br>m status  | 0-2               | uint16 | Read | Report the al<br>arm status of<br>parameter 3   |

Here is the table for Configuration:

| Modbus<br>Registe<br>r (Deci<br>mal | Modbu<br>s's Re<br>gister<br>(Hex) | Functi<br>on n C<br>ode | # of Re<br>gisters | Descriptio<br>n          | Rang<br>e | Defau<br>It t | Form<br>a t | Property           | Comment                                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---|
| 256                                 | 100                                | 3 / 16                  | 1                  | modbus ad<br>dress       | 1-24<br>7 | 1             | uint16      | R/W                | Modbus address of the device            |
| 257                                 | 101                                | 3 / 16                  | 1                  | modbus ba<br>udrate      | 0-1       | 0             | uint16      | R/W                | 0: 9600, 1: 19200                       |
| 258                                 | 102                                | 3 / 16                  | 1                  | modbus pa<br>rity        | 0-2       | 0             | uint16      | R/W                | 0: none, 1: odd, 2: e                   |
| 259                                 | 103                                | 3 / 16                  | 9                  | serial num<br>ber        |           |               | string      | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) |   |
|                                     |                                    |                         |                    |                          |           |               |             |                    |   |
| 268                                 | 10C                                | 3 / 16                  | 2                  | password f<br>or setting |           |               | uint32      | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | password 190577                         |
|                                     |                                    |                         |                    |                          |           |               |             |                    | The application server's EUI number, us |

270

10E

Lora

appear

4

3 / 16

ed to register the pr oduct on the Networ

k Server by OTAA

R/W (Pa ssword)

hex

| 274 | 112 | 3/16 | 8 | Lora apply       |  | hex | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | The number of keys used to create two s ecurity keys of the E nd Device, used to r egister the product on the Network serv er by OTAA   |
|-----|-----|------|---|------------------|--|-----|--------------------|---|
| 282 | 11A | 3/16 | 8 | Lora whisk<br>ey |  | hex | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | key number encrypt<br>s the<br>communication com<br>mand of the MAC la<br>yer of the End Devic<br>e, which is used to r<br>egister the product<br>on the Network<br>Server by ABP |
| 290 | 122 | 3/16 | 8 | Lora apps<br>key |  | hex | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | End Device data en<br>cryption key number<br>, used to register the<br>product on the Netw<br>ork Server by ABP   |

| 298 | 12A | 3/16   | 2 | device add<br>ress |           |    | uint32 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | End Device address<br>created by the Appli<br>cation server used t<br>o register the<br>product on the Netw<br>ork server by ABP |
|-----|-----|--------|---|--------------------|-----------|----|--------|--------------------|--|
| 300 | 12C | 3/16   | 2 | network ID         |           |    | uint32 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | Network server ID n<br>umber used to regis<br>ter the product on th<br>e Network server by<br>ABP                                |
| 302 | 12E | 3 / 16 | 1 | activation<br>mode | 0-1       | 1  | uint16 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | 1: OTAA (Over-the-Air  Activation), 0: ABP ( Activation by Personalization)  |
| 304 | 130 | 3/16   | 1 | application port   | 1-25<br>5 | 1  | uint16 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | Port 224 is reserved for certification   |
| 319 | 13F | 3/16   | 1 | tx power           | 2-20      | 16 | uint16 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | tx power: 2,4,6,8,10, 12,14,16,18, 20  |

|     | 1   | 1      | 1 | I                              | I   | 1     |        | 1                  |   |
|-----|-----|--------|---|--------------------------------|-----|-------|--------|--------------------|---|
| 320 | 140 | 3 / 16 | 1 | adaptative<br>data rate        | 0-1 | 0     | uint16 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | Automatically adjust data rate, 0: disable, 1: enable |
| 334 | 14E | 3 / 16 | 2 | cycle send<br>data             |     | 900   | uint32 | R/W                | sec (data sending c ycle)                             |
| 338 | 152 | 3 / 16 | 1 | alarm limit                    |     | 44    | uint16 | R/W                | limit the number of e vents/day                       |
| 340 | 154 | 3 / 16 | 2 | sensor1: s<br>ampling_ra<br>te |     | 120   | uint32 | R/W                | sec (frequency of data taken from sen sor 1)          |
| 348 | 15C | 3/16   | 2 | prm1: a                        |     | 1     | float  | R/W                | Scale parameter "a" of Measured value 1               |
| 350 | 15E | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: b                        |     | 0     | float  | R/W                | Scale parameter "b" of Measured value 1               |
| 354 | 162 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: High<br>Threshold        |     | 10000 | float  | R/W                | A high threshold value of Measured value 1            |
| 356 | 164 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: High<br>Hysteresis       |     | 10000 | float  | R/W                | High hysteresis valu<br>e of Measured value<br>1      |

| 358 | 166 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Threshold  | 0     | float | R/W | A low threshold value of Measured value          |
|-----|-----|--------|---|-------------------------|-------|-------|-----|--|
| 360 | 168 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Hysteresis | 10000 | float | R/W | Low hysteresis valu<br>e of Measured value<br>1  |
| 362 | 16A | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: High<br>Cut       | 10000 | float | R/W | The upper limit valu<br>e of Measured value<br>1 |
| 364 | 16C | 3/16   | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Cut        | 0     | float | R/W | The lower limit value of Measured value 1        |

# Installation

# **Installation location**

To maximize the distance of transmission, the ideal condition is Line-of-sight (LOS) between the LoRaWAN sensor and Gateway. In real life, there may be no LOS condition. However, the LoRaWAN sensor still communicates with Gateway, but the distance will be reduced significantly.

# **ATTENTION:**

DO NOT install the LoRaWAN sensor or its antenna inside a completed metallic box or housing, because the RF signal can not pass through the metallic wall. The housing is made from Non-metallic materials like plastic, glass, wood, leather, concrete, cement...is acceptable.



**Battery installation** 

# RECOMMENDED BATTERIES FOR LORAWAN SENSOR

# E91 AA Alkaline battery

# L91 AA Lithium battery



-18 .. + 60 oC working temperature -40 .. + 60 oC working temperature 10-year shelf life 3000 mAH Capacity

Price: 1X

20-year shelf life 3500 mAH Capacity Price: 3.5X

WSLRW-AG-H7.PNG

# Steps for battery installation:

• Step 1: Using the L hex key to unscrew the M4 screws at the side of the housing and carefully pull out the top plastic housing in the vertical direction



• Step 2: Insert 02 x AA 1.5VDC battery, please take note of the poles of the battery



# **ATTENTION:**

REVERSED POLARITY OF BATTERIES IN 10 SECONDS CAN DAMAGE THE SENSOR CIRCUIT!!!

• Step 3: Insert the top plastic housing and locking by the L hex key

# **ATTENTION:**

When reinstalling the cover, pay attention to putting the PCB edge into the middle slot of the box inside as shown below)



# Troubleshooting

| 320 | 140 | 3/16 | 1 | adaptative<br>data rate | 0-1 | 0   | uint16 | R/W (Pa<br>ssword) | Automatically adjust data rate, 0: disable, 1: enable |
|-----|-----|------|---|-------------------------|-----|-----|--------|--------------------|---|
| 334 | 14E | 3/16 | 2 | cycle send<br>data      |     | 900 | uint32 | R/W                | sec (data sending c<br>ycle)                          |
| 338 | 152 | 3/16 | 1 | alarm limit             |     | 44  | uint16 | R/W                | limit the number of e vents/day                       |

| 340 | 154 | 3 / 16 | 2 | sensor1: s<br>ampling_ra<br>te | 120   | uint32 | R/W | sec (frequency of<br>data taken from sen<br>sor 1) |
|-----|-----|--------|---|--------------------------------|-------|--------|-----|--|
| 348 | 15C | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: a                        | 1     | float  | R/W | Scale parameter "a" of Measured value 1            |
| 350 | 15E | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: b                        | 0     | float  | R/W | Scale parameter "b" of Measured value 1            |
| 354 | 162 | 3/16   | 2 | prm1: High<br>Threshold        | 10000 | float  | R/W | A high threshold value of Measured value 1         |
| 356 | 164 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: High<br>Hysteresis       | 10000 | float  | R/W | High hysteresis valu<br>e of Measured value<br>1   |
| 358 | 166 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Threshold         | 0     | float  | R/W | A low threshold value of Measured value            |
| 360 | 168 | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Hysteresis        | 10000 | float  | R/W | Low hysteresis value of Measured value             |
| 362 | 16A | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: High<br>Cut              | 10000 | float  | R/W | The upper limit value of Measured value            |

| 364 | 16C | 3 / 16 | 2 | prm1: Low<br>Cut |  | 0 | float | R/W | The lower limit value of Measured value 1 |
|-----|-----|--------|---|------------------|--|---|-------|-----|---|
|-----|-----|--------|---|------------------|--|---|-------|-----|---|

| 10 | The node does not send RF to Gateway according to the alarm, LED does not blink                             | <ul> <li>The alarm configuration is incorrect</li> <li>Running out of the number of alarms set for the day</li> </ul>  | Check alarm configuration     Check the configuration for the maximum number of alarms per day   |
|----|---|--|--|
| 11 | The node does not send RF to Gateway when activated by the magnetic key, LED does not blink                 | The magnetic sensor has m alfunctioned   | Read the status of the magnetic sensor via Modbus (when powering or attaching the battery) to see if the magnetic sensor is working.     |
| 12 | Node has blinked LED GRE<br>EN when sending RF but th<br>e Gateway or Application se<br>rver cannot receive | <ul> <li>LoRa module on the G ateway is faulty</li> <li>The IP connection (4G / WiFi /) on the Gateway is faulty</li> </ul>  | Check Gateway's LoRa status lights on Gateway     Check 4G / WiFi status lights on the Gateway   |
| 13 | The value of the sensor is 0 and sensor_type = 0xFF   | Lost connection with the sen sor   | Check sensor connection     Replace the module sensor  |
| 14 | RSSI is weak and often lose s data  | <ul> <li>The distance between Node and Gateway is far or there are many obstructions</li> <li>Connection to Antenna problem</li> <li>Install metal nodes or in metal cabinets</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Configure Data rate = DR0 / SF1</li> <li>Check Antenna position</li> <li>Install Node in a well-ventilated I ocation</li> </ul> |

# **Support contacts**

# Manufacturer

Daviteq Technologies Inc No.11 Street 2G, Nam Hung Vuong Res., An Lac Ward, Binh Tan Dist., Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. **Tel:** +84-28-6268.2523/4 (ext.122) **Email**: <a href="mailto:info@daviteq.com">info@daviteq.com</a> | <a href="mailto:www.daviteq.com">www.daviteq.com</a> | <a href="m

# **Documents / Resources**



<u>DAVITEQ WSLRW LoRaWAN Sensor</u> [pdf] User Guide WSLRW LoRaWAN Sensor, WSLRW, LoRaWAN Sensor, Sensor

# References

- Daviteq Nhà sản xuất cảm biến đo lường và hệ thống loT
- <u>filerun.daviteq.com/wl/?id=qK0PGNbY1g1fuxTqbFW9SXtEvCw7bpc6</u>
- User Manual

Manuals+, Privacy Policy