

Danfoss iC7 Series Liquid Cooled dU dt Filter Installation Guide

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Installation Guide

iC7 Series Liquid-cooled dU/dt Filter OF7U1/ OF7U2

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Overview

dU/dt Filter

The dU/dt Filter reduces the slew rate of the voltage pulses at the AC drive output. This reduces the stress of the motor winding isolation, but the voltage shape remains pulse-width modulated.

There are 2 electrical sizes of the OF7U1 filter: DU10L (416 A) and DU12L (820 A).

The OF7U2 filter includes a dU/dt Filter and a Common-mode Filter. The Common-mode Filter reduces bearing and ground currents, and high frequency noise in the motor cables.

There is 1 electrical size of the OF7U2 filter: DUCM10L (416 A).

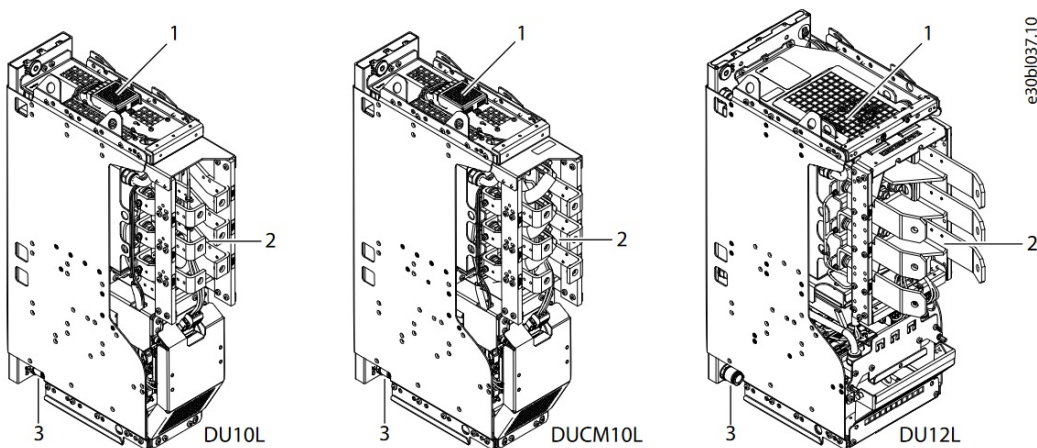


Illustration 1: Liquid-cooled dU/dt Filters

1. AuxBus temperature measurement board

2. Terminals

3. Cooling connectors

Contents of the Delivery

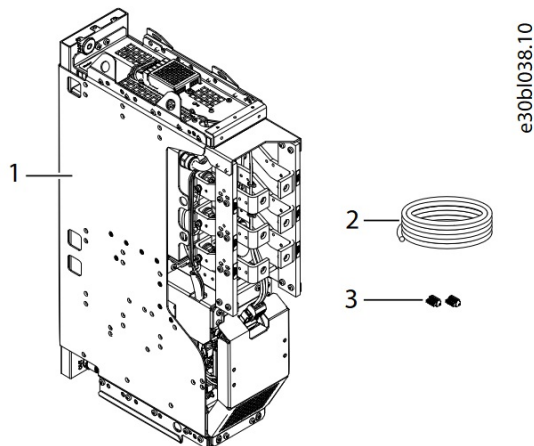


Illustration 2: Items Included in the Delivery

1. dU/dt Filter, DU10L, DUCM10L, or DU12L
2. AuxBus cable, 3 m (9.8 ft)
3. AuxBus terminal

Available options:

- +ANN1 = Push-in cooling connectors
- +ANNC = Threaded cooling connections, metric

Mechanical Installation

Safety Information

WARNING

SHOCK HAZARD FROM THE COMPONENTS

The components of the drive are live when the drive is connected to mains.

- Do not make changes in the AC drive when it is connected to mains.

CAUTION

BURN HAZARD

The filter is hot during operation.

- Do not install the filter on a combustible surface.
- Do not touch the filter when hot.

Only qualified personnel are allowed to perform the installation described in this guide.

Follow the instructions in this guide and relevant local regulations.

Also read the instructions and safety information in the operating guide for the iC7 Series System Modules.

Installation Requirements

The products that are described in this guide have the protection rating IP00/UL Open Type. Install them in a cabinet or other enclosure that has a correct level of protection against the ambient conditions in the installation area. Make sure that the cabinet gives protection against water, humidity, dust, and other contaminations. The cabinet must also be sufficiently strong for the weight of the system modules and other devices. The protection rating of the cabinet must be at least IP21/UL Type 1. When preparing the installation, obey the local regulations.

Installing the Filter into a Cabinet

Procedure

1. Install the filter into the cabinet in a vertical or horizontal position.
2. Attach the filter from the mounting holes on the frame to the cabinet.

For aluminum parts, use M6 grade 8.8 screws with a thread depth of 6–14 mm (0.24–0.55 in), and a tightening torque of 6–8 Nm (53–71 in-lb).

For sheet metal parts, use M5 (DIN 7500) screws with a maximum thread depth of 20 mm (0.79 in), and a tightening torque of 3–4 Nm (27–35 in-lb).

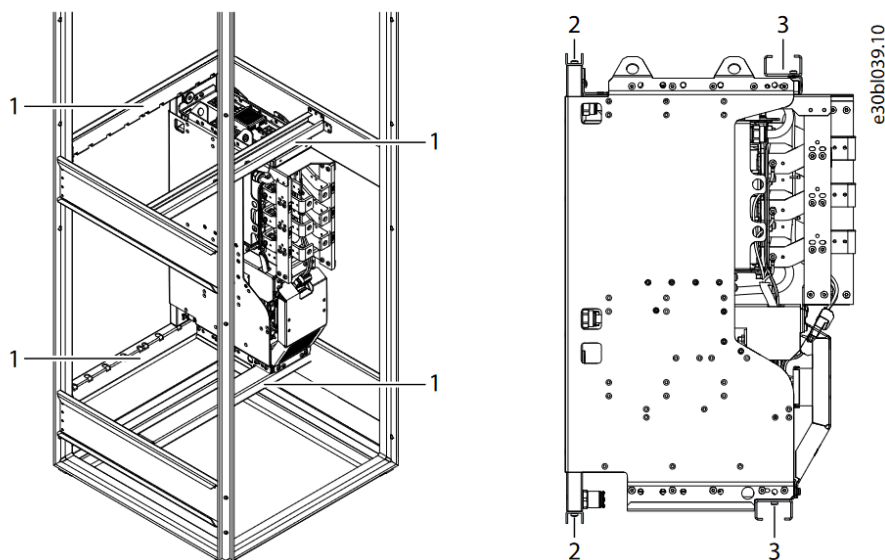


Illustration 3: Example of Mounting the dU/dt in the Cabinet Vertically

1. Mounting brackets
2. Mounting holes in aluminum parts
3. Mounting holes in sheet metal parts

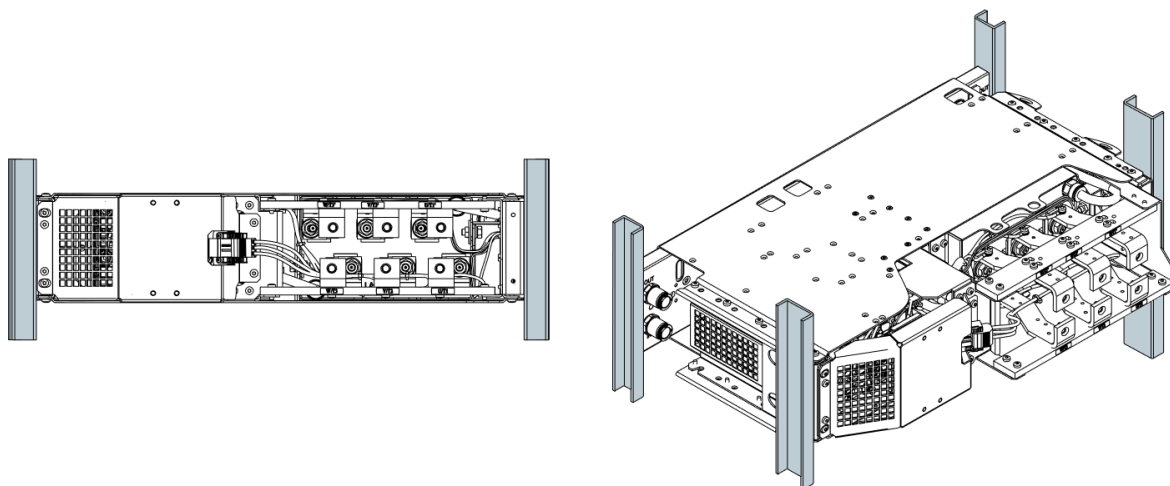


Illustration 4: Example of Mounting the dU/dt Horizontally

Dimensions of the dU/dt Filter

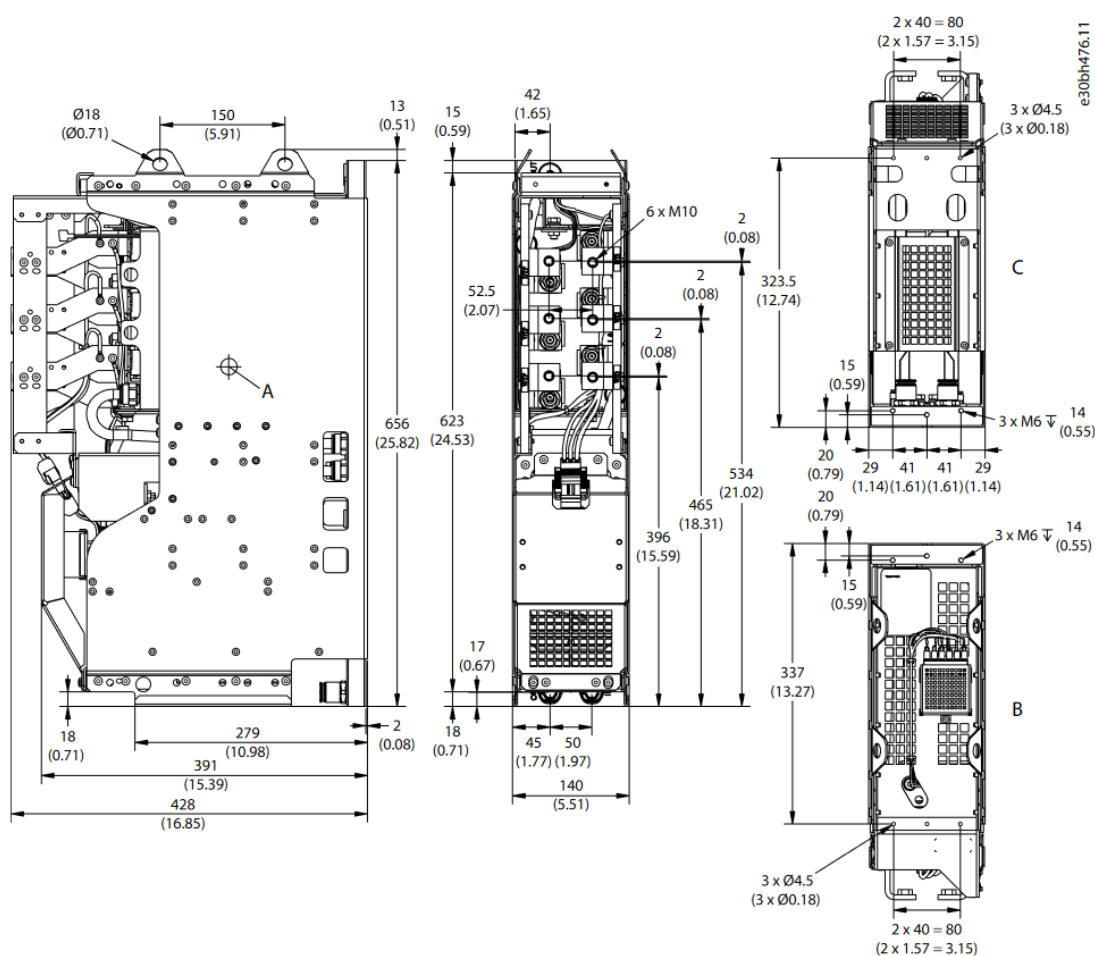


Illustration 5: Dimensions of the dU/dt Filter DU10L, in mm (in)

- A** Center of gravity
- B** View from the top
- C** View from the bottom

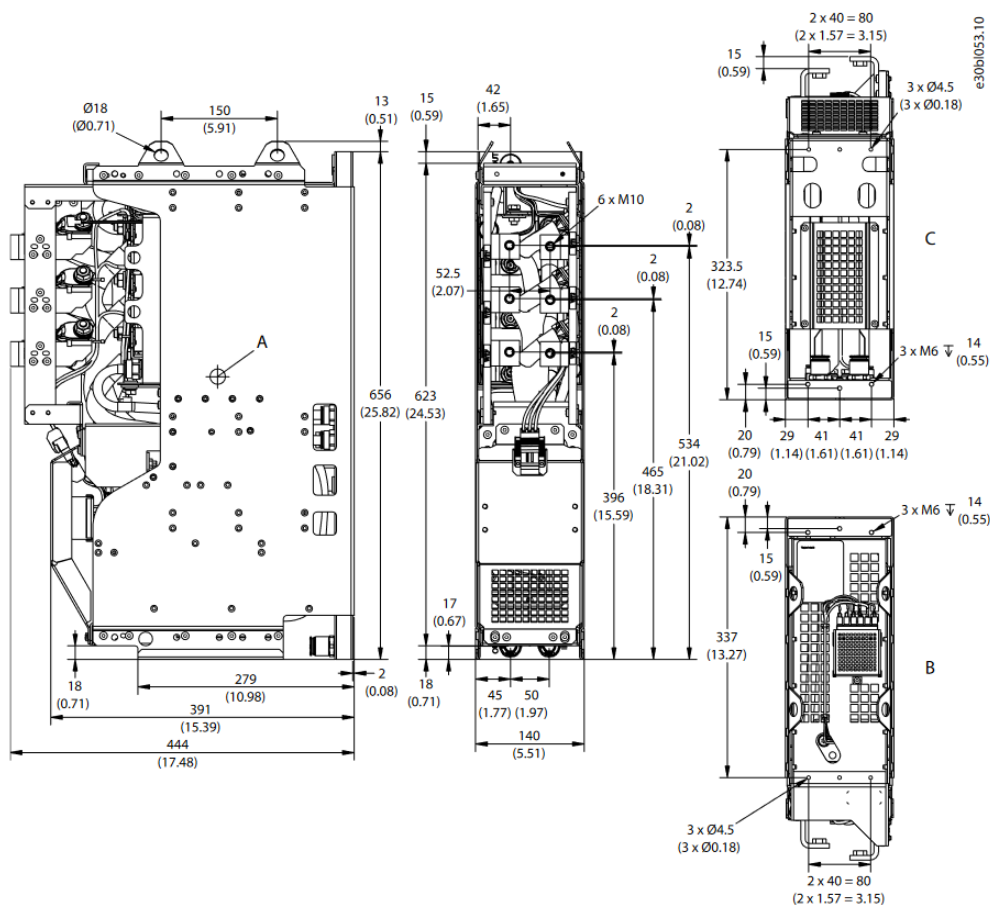


Illustration 6: Dimensions of the dU/dt and Common-mode Filter DUCM10L, in mm (in)

- A** Center of gravity
- B** View from the top
- C** View from the bottom

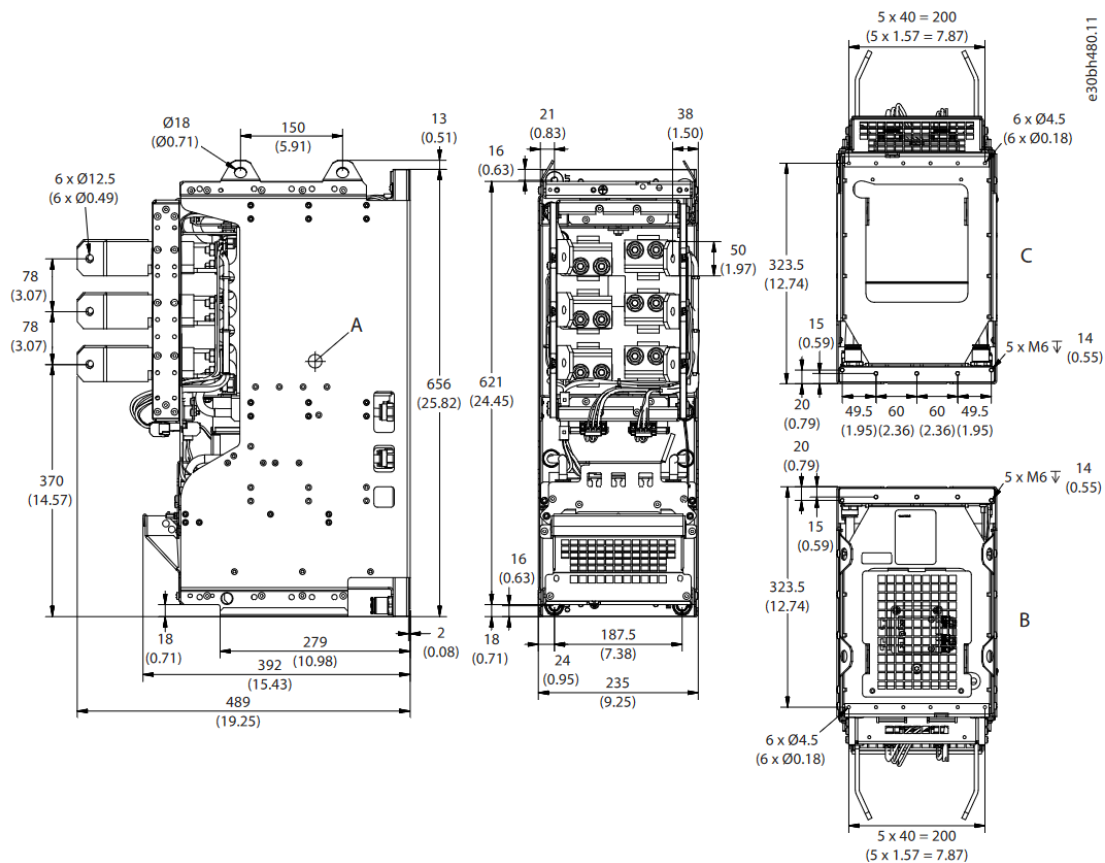


Illustration 7: Dimensions of the dU/dt Filter DU12L, in mm (in)

- A** Center of gravity
- B** View from the top
- C** View from the bottom

Cooling Requirements

Safety in Liquid-cooling

WARNING

POISONOUS COOLANTS

Glycols and inhibitors can be poisonous. If touched or consumed, they can cause injury.

- Prevent the coolant from getting into the eyes.
- Do not drink the coolant

CAUTION

HOT COOLANT

Hot coolant can cause burns.

- Avoid contact with the hot coolant

CAUTION

PRESSURIZED COOLING SYSTEM

Sudden release of pressure from the cooling system can cause injury.

- Be careful when operating the cooling system.

NOTICE

INSUFFICIENT COOLING CAPACITY

Insufficient cooling can cause the product to become too hot and thus become damaged.

- To make sure that the cooling capacity of the cooling system stays sufficient, make sure that the cooling system is vented, and that the coolant circulates properly.

NOTICE

DAMAGE TO COOLING SYSTEM

If the coolant circulation is stopped too soon, high temperature components can cause rapid local increase in the coolant temperature, which can damage the cooling system.

- Do not stop the cooling system when stopping the drive. Keep the coolant circulation flowing for 2 minutes after the drive has been stopped.

General Information on Cooling

NOTICE

For more detailed information about the requirements for liquid-cooling, see the iC7 Series Liquid-cooled System Modules Operating Guide.

The product is cooled with liquid. The liquid circulation of the drive is usually connected to a heat exchanger (liquid-to-liquid or liquid-to-air) that cools down the liquid circulating in the cooling elements. The cooling elements are made of aluminum.

If there is no risk of freezing, purified water can be used as coolant. Freezing water permanently damages the

cooling system. Purified water is demineralized, deionized, or distilled water.

The allowed antifreeze coolants are the following ethylene glycols and propylene glycols.

- **Ethylene glycols:** DOWCAL 100 or Clariant Antifrogen N
- **Propylene glycols:** DOWCAL 200 or Clariant Antifrogen L

These glycols already include corrosion inhibitors. Do not add any other inhibitor. Do not mix different glycol qualities because there can be harmful chemical interactions.

The glycol concentration of the coolant must be 25–55% by volume, according to the specified ambient temperature. Higher concentration reduces cooling capacity. Lower concentration results in biological growth and inadequate amount of corrosion inhibitors. Antifreeze must be mixed with purified water.

To gain full performance of the product, the temperature of the coolant entering the system module must be a maximum of 45 °C (113 °F). Typically, 95% of the power losses are dissipated in the coolant. It is recommended to equip the cooling circulation with temperature supervision.

The minimum nominal flow rate of the coolant:

- 18.5 l/min (4.89 gal/min) with water
- 24.1 l/min (6.37 gal/min) with 30% glycol
- 27.8 l/min (7.34 gal/min) with 50% glycol

The liquid volume per element:

- OF7U1/OF7U2, 416 A: 0.68 l (0.180 gal)
- OF7U1, 820 A: 1.34 l (0.354 gal)

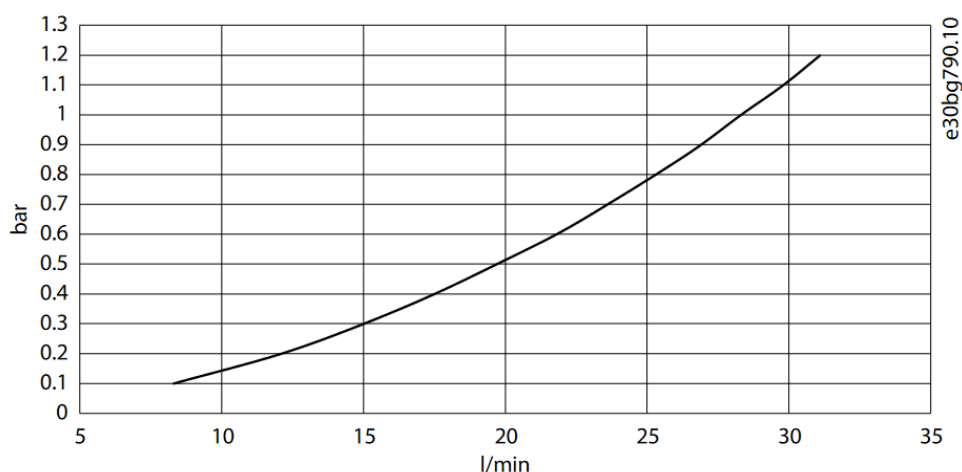


Illustration 8: Pressure Drop with Water, dU/dt Filter OF7U1/OF7U2, 416 A

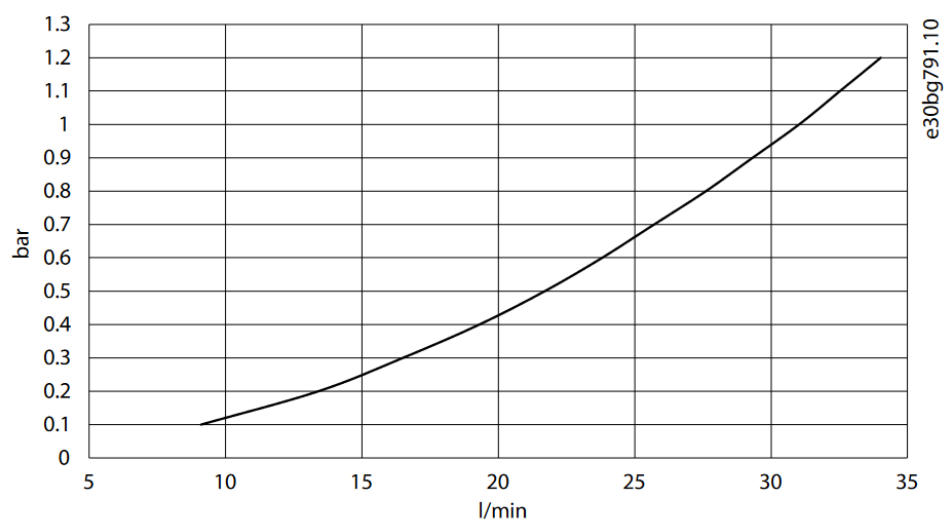


Illustration 9: Pressure Drop with Water, dU/dt Filter OF7U1, 820 A

Cooling Circuit Connectors

The dU/dt Filter has cooling circuit connectors in the manifold plate. The internal thread size is G1/2. The depth of the threads is 13 mm (0.51 in). The maximum tightening torque is 30 Nm (265 in-lb). Push-in connectors are available as option +ANN1.

The inlet and outlet connectors are at the bottom of the filter. An alternative outlet connector is available at the top of the filter. If the optional outlet connector at the top is used, the outlet connector at the bottom must be closed with a plug.

Do not connect filters in series. Connecting in series requires high flow rates and high pressure because of the temperature rise of the coolant in the filters.

Table 1: Recommended Connectors

Connector	Tightening torque	Pipe	Pipe ferrule
Parker 69111621 MALE STUD 1/2"BSPP SS STEEL 31 6L D16 EPDM SEAL	20–30 Nm (177–265 in-lb)	PA 16/13 pipe	Parker 1827-16-13

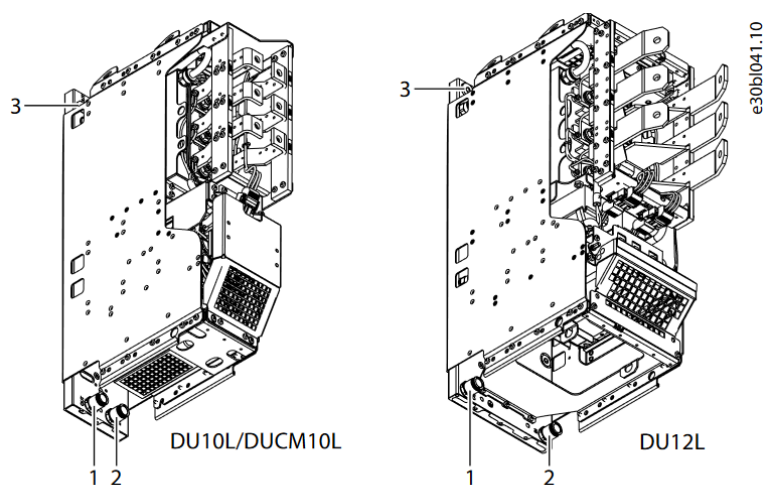


Illustration 10: Location of the Cooling Circuit Connectors

1. Outlet connector
2. Inlet connector

3. Alternative outlet connector

Electrical Installation

Electrical Installation Safety



WARNING

OVERHEATED CABLES

Overheated cables are a fire hazard.

– Because of several possible cable installations and environmental conditions, it is important to consider local regulations and IEC/EN standards.

Route the wires away from sharp edges, screw threads, burrs, fins, moving parts, drawers, and similar parts, which can abrade the wire insulation.

For the main circuit, use double insulated wires or protect the wires with, for example, a protective sleeve or wrap to minimize the risk of short circuit. Maintain separation between the main and control circuit wires.

Installing the dU/dt Filter

Install the dU/dt Filter at the inverter output. If the inverter has parallel power units, install a separate dU/dt Filter at the output of each power unit.

Cable Requirements

For information about recommended cable types and required cable sizes, see the iC7 Series Liquid-cooled System Modules Operating Guide.

Grounding

Ground the filter in accordance with applicable standards and directives.

Unless local wiring regulations state otherwise, the cross-sectional area of the protective grounding conductor must be at least ½ times of the phase conductor and made of the same material when the phase conductor cross-section is above 35 mm² (AWG 2) according to IEC 60364-5-54; 543.1.

The connection must be fixed.

Installing the Cables

Procedure

1. Connect the AC cables from the inverter module to terminals U', V', and W'.

Use M10 screws and tightening torque 35–40 Nm (310–354 in-lb).

2. Connect the motor phase cables to terminals U, V, and W.

Use M10 screws and tightening torque 35–40 Nm (310–354 in-lb).

3. Connect the grounding cable to the PE terminal.

Use M8 screws and tightening torque 17–20 Nm (150–177 in-lb).

Terminals

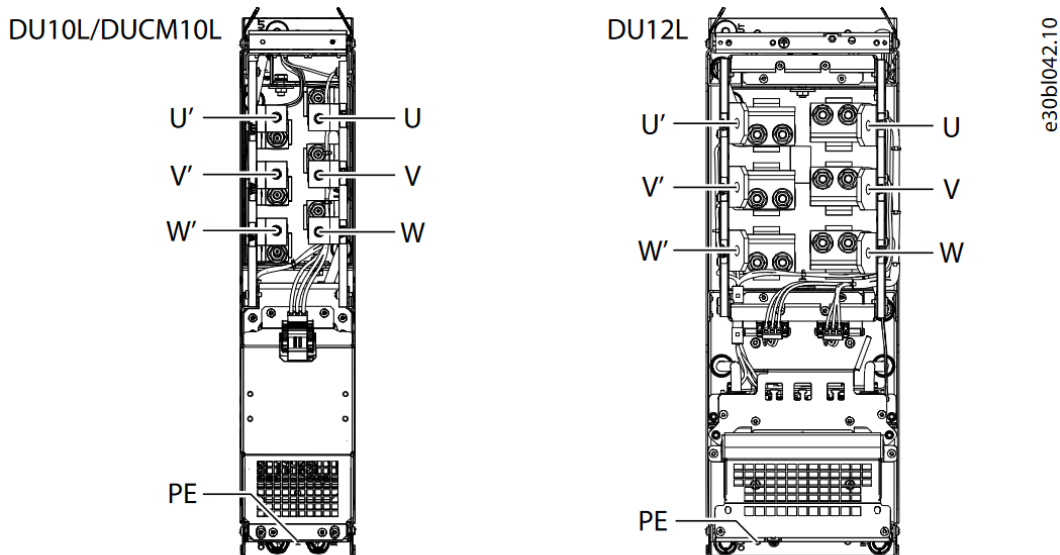


Illustration 11: Terminals of the dU/dt Filter

Table 2: dU/dt Filter Terminal Descriptions

Terminal	Description
U/T1 V/T2 W/T3	Connection point for motor output
U/T1' V/T2' W/T3'	Connection point for inverter module to dU/dt Filter
PE	Grounding terminal for filter frame

Preparing the AuxBus Cable

1. Cut the cable to the required length.
2. To reveal the wires, strip the cable at both ends.
3. At 1 end of the cable, remove approximately 15 mm (0.59 in) of the insulation of the cable.
4. Strip the wires 7 mm (0.28 in).
5. Connect the wires to the terminals included in the delivery. Use the tightening torque 0.22–0.25 Nm (1.9–2.2 in-lb).

Table 3: Wiring of the AuxBus Terminals

Pin	Wire color	Signal
1	White	+24 V
2	Brown	GND
3	Green	CAN_H
4	Yellow	CAN_L
5	Grey	+24 V

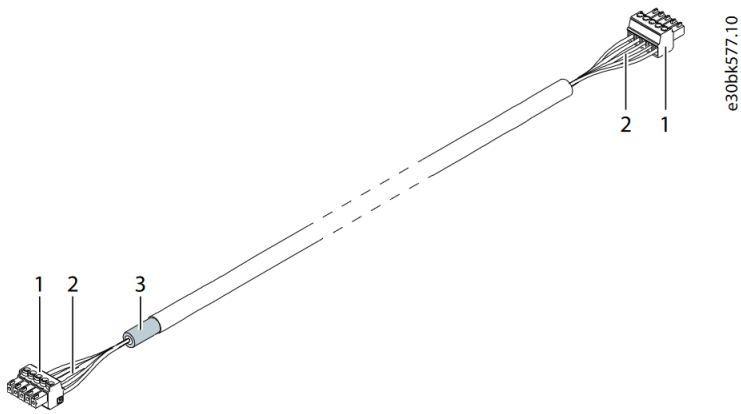


Illustration 12: The Ready AuxBus Cable

1. Terminals
2. Wires
3. Shield removed

AuxBus Connections

NOTICE

For the drive to be able to protect the filters, AuxBus must be connected.

For more information about AuxBus, see the iC7 Series System Module operating guides.

Procedure

1. To access the AuxBus temperature measurement board, remove the cover.

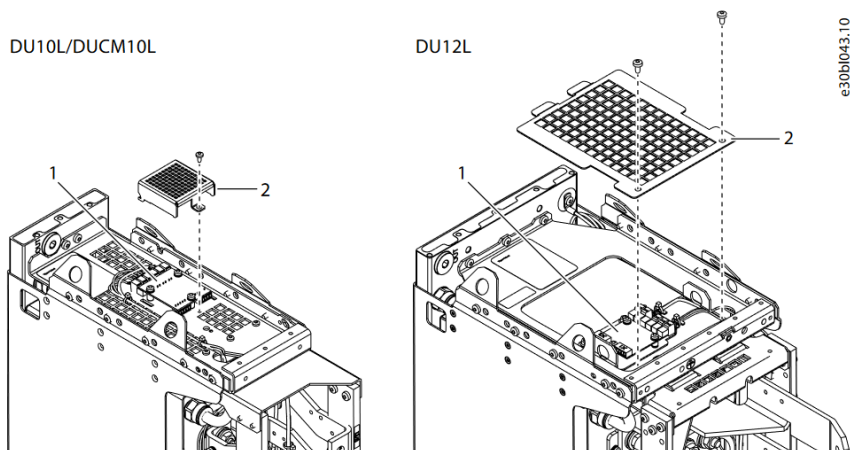


Illustration 13: Accessing the AuxBus Temperature Measurement Board

1. AuxBus temperature measurement board
 2. Cover
2. Connect the AuxBus cable between the filter and the power unit. If there are several power units and filters, connect each filter to the power units individually.
 - a. Connect the end of the AuxBus cable where the insulation was removed to terminal X79 on the power unit.
 - b. Connect the other end of the AuxBus cable to terminal X86 on the AuxBus temperature measurement board.

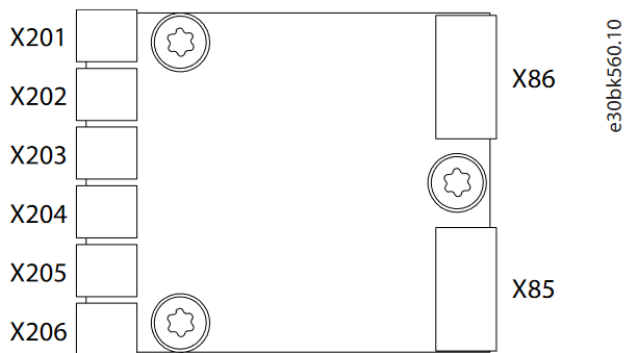


Illustration 14: Terminals on the AuxBus Temperature Measurement Board

X206 Temperature measurement input

X85 AuxBus in

X86 AuxBus out

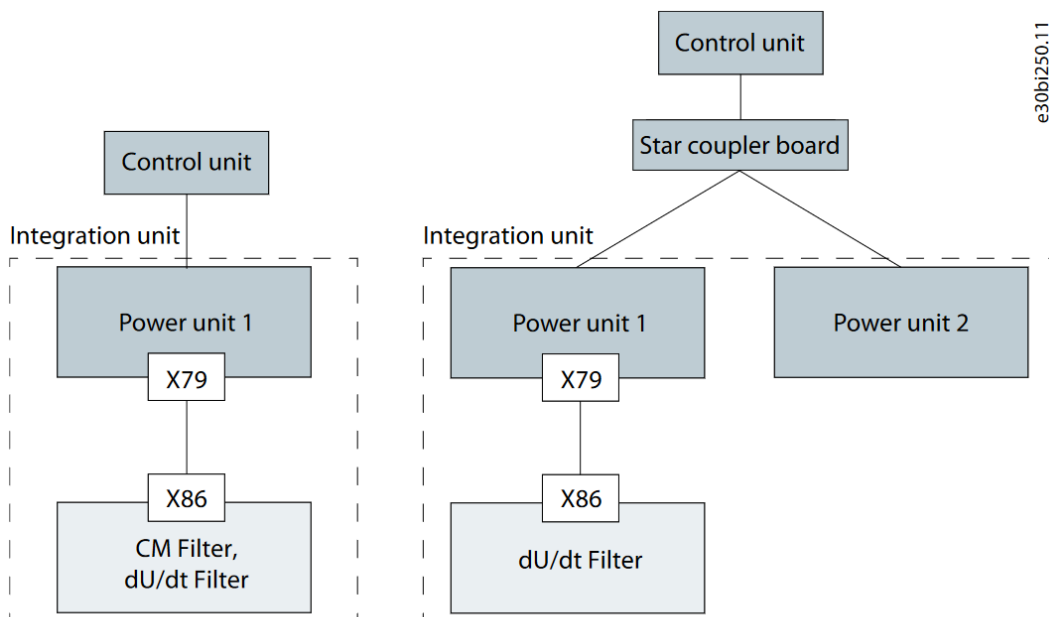


Illustration 15: AuxBus Topology

3. Route the cable so that there is no risk of getting in touch with bare busbars or terminals.
 4. Ground each AuxBus cable at 1 end at the X79 terminal. To make the grounding connection, attach the shield of the cable to the frame with a cable clamp.
- The lower part of the cable clamp fixes the cable to the plate and provides strain relief. The upper part provides ~360° grounding for the cable shield.

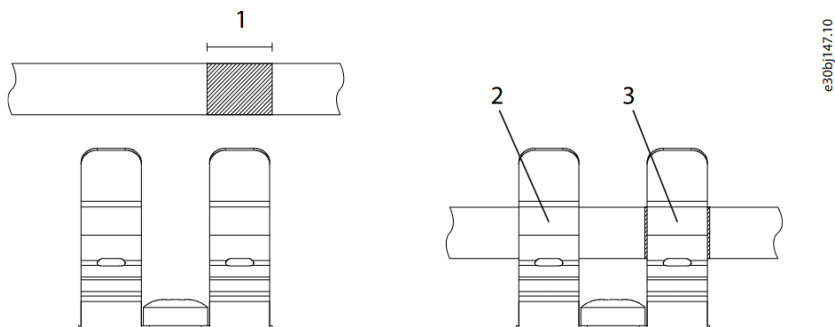


Illustration 16: Using the Cable Clamps

1. Stripping length, 15 mm (0.59 in)
2. Strain relief
3. Grounding

5. At the terminal X86 end of the cable, place the cable in a cable clamp for strain relief.

Wiring Diagrams

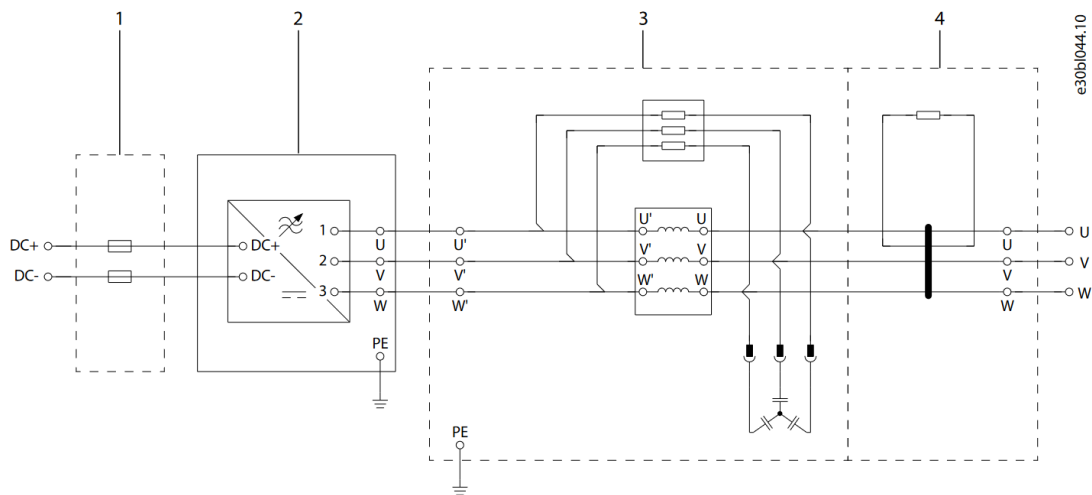


Illustration 17: Wiring Diagram, DU10L and DUCM10L

1. DC fuses, loose option
2. Inverter module IM10L
3. dU/dt Filter DU10L/DUCM10L
4. Common-mode Filter, included only in DUCM10L

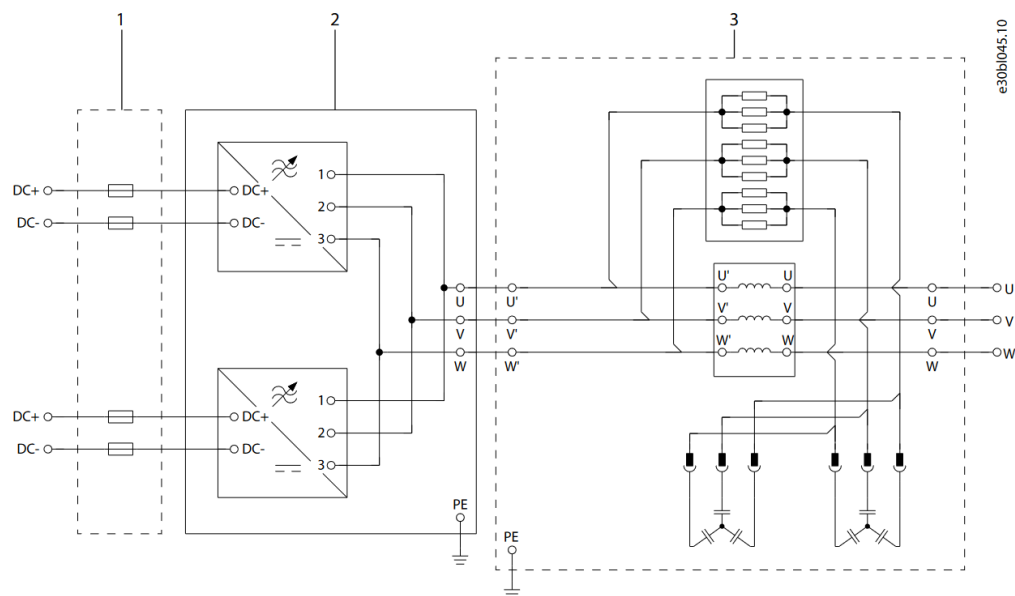


Illustration 18: Wiring Diagram, DU12L

1. DC fuses, loose option
2. Inverter module IM12L
3. dU/dt Filter DU12L

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Documents / Resources

	<p>Danfoss iC7 Series Liquid Cooled dU dt Filter [pdf] Installation Guide OF7U1, OF7U2, iC7 Series Liquid Cooled dU dt Filter, iC7 Series, Liquid Cooled dU dt Filter, Co oled dU dt Filter, Filter</p>
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References

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