

Comba

RX14V3-B Digital
Band Selective
Repeater



Comba RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater User Manual

[Home](#) » [Comba](#) » Comba RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater User Manual 

Contents

- [1 Comba RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater](#)
- [2 GENERAL INFORMATION](#)
- [3 Specifications](#)
- [4 Main Features](#)
- [5 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION](#)
- [6 INSTALLATION](#)
- [7 INSTALLATION CHECKLIST](#)
- [8 EQUIPMENT CONNECTORS](#)
- [9 GROUNDING CONNECTION](#)
- [10 COMMISSIONING](#)
- [11 MAINTENANCE](#)
- [12 APPENDICES](#)
- [13 FAQs](#)
- [14 Documents / Resources](#)
 - [14.1 References](#)

Comba

Comba RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Abbreviation	Definition
ALC	Automatic Level Control
ATT	Attenuator
BTS	Base Transceiver Station
CH	Channel
CSA	Cross Sectional Area
dB	Decibel
dBm	Decibels relative to 1 milliwatt
DL	Downlink
DT	Donor Terminal
DPX	Duplexer
FS	Frequency Selection
Hz	Hertz
ID	Identification
IF	Intermediate Frequency
LNA	Low Noise Amplifier
LOS	Line-of-Sight
MCU	Main Control Unit
MHz	Megahertz
MT	Mobile Terminal
MTBF	Mean Time Between Failures
NF	Noise Figure
OMC	Operation & Maintenance Center
OMT	Operation & Maintenance Terminal
PA	Power Amplifier
PLL	Phase Locked Loop
PSU	Power Supply Unit
RF	Radio Frequency
SMA	Sub-Miniature A Connector
UL	Uplink
VAC	Volts Alternating Current
VDC	Volts Direct Current
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

SAFETY NOTICES AND ADMONISHMENTS

This document contains safety notices by appropriate standards. The equivalent territorial admonishments are also shown in the interests of conformity with the territory standards for the country concerned. Any installation,

adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the equipment must only be carried out by trained, authorized personnel. At all times, personnel must comply with any safety notices and instructions. Specific hazards are indicated by symbol labels on or near the affected parts of the equipment. The labels conform to international standards, are triangular, and are colored black on a yellow background. An informative text label may accompany the symbol label. Safety notices supplement hazard labeling in the appropriate equipment manual. These notices contain additional information on the nature of the hazard and may also specify precautions. Note: The grantee is not responsible for any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. For compliance with the general population RF exposure limits, each antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance during normal operation and must not be co-located with any other antenna that meets RF exposure requirements.

Warning Notices:

This is a part 90.219 class B device. These draw the attention of personnel to hazards that may cause death or injury to the operator or others. Examples of use are cases of high voltage, laser emission, toxic substances, points of high temperature, etc. **WARNING.** This is NOT a CONSUMER device. It is designed for installation by FCC LICENSEES and QUALIFIED INSTALLERS. You MUST have an FCC LICENSE or express consent of an FCC Licensee to operate this device. The PS BDA can be configured as a Class A or Class B Signal Booster. You MUST register Class B signal boosters (as defined in 47 CFR 90.219) online at www.fcc.gov/signal-boosters/registration. Unauthorized use may result in significant forfeiture penalties, including penalties over \$100,000 for each continuing violation. Note: The grantee is not responsible for any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. **Alert:** These draw the attention of personnel to hazards that may cause damage to the equipment. An example of use is the case of static electricity hazard. Caution notices may also be used in the handbook to draw attention to matters that do not constitute a risk of causing damage to the equipment but where there is a possibility of seriously impairing its performance, e.g. by mishandling or gross maladjustment. Warnings and Cautions within the main text do not incorporate labels and may be in shortened form. Disconnection of the 2 RF connectors may cause damage to the equipment when power is on.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Public Safety Critical Point NG VHF/UHF BDA is a new digital dual-band public safety repeater (hereafter referred to as PS BDA) designed to protect the lives of first responders and building occupants. Through the use of digital filtering technology, the Public Safety Critical Point NG VHF/UHF BDA helps eliminate adjacent channel interference to allow band selectivity and support UHF and VHF rebranding. Up to two non-contiguous frequency bands can be simultaneously supported in each of the UHF and VHF Public Safety frequencies via a web-based GUI, which provides versatility and total control to the user.

Specifications

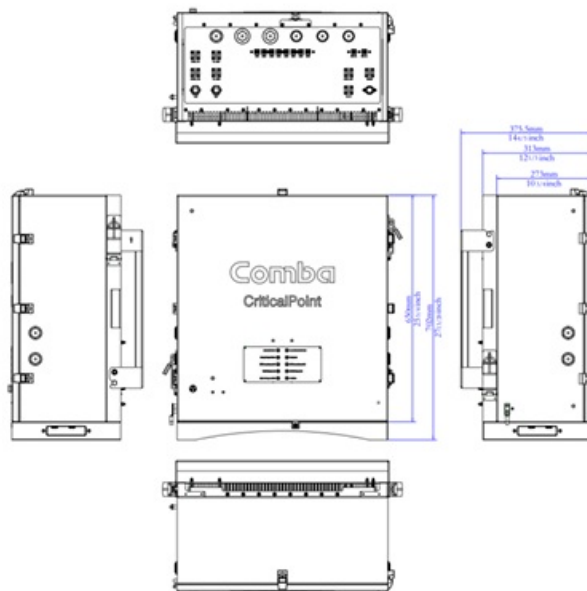
- Product Name: CriticalPoint Public Safety BDA – DIGITAL BAND SELECTIVE REPEATER
- Frequency: 150/450MHz
- Manufacturer: Comba Telecom Network Systems Ltd.
- Model: VHF/UHF Dual Band BDA QE
- Status: ENU STATUS – 1-0-0

Main Features

- Supports P25 P1/P2, digital and conventional analog communications simultaneously
- Built-in cavity filtering to protect the unit from interference
- Up to 64 narrow band filters share by VHF and UHF band (Class A)
- Channelized Auto Level Control (ALC) supported (Class A)
- Channelized uplink squelch supported (Class A)

- Uplink PA shutdown during-traffic periods to minimize noise being introduced to the network (Class A)
- Built-in mandatory isolation test to prevent BDA oscillation
- Auto shutdown with alarm upon oscillation detection
- Web-based GUI for intelligent configuration, SNMP supported
- Integrated Battery Charger Unit, Comba BBU V3 supported
- NFPA / IFC / UL 2524 compliant dry contact alarms, with LED displays
- External Comba Annunciator Panel supported

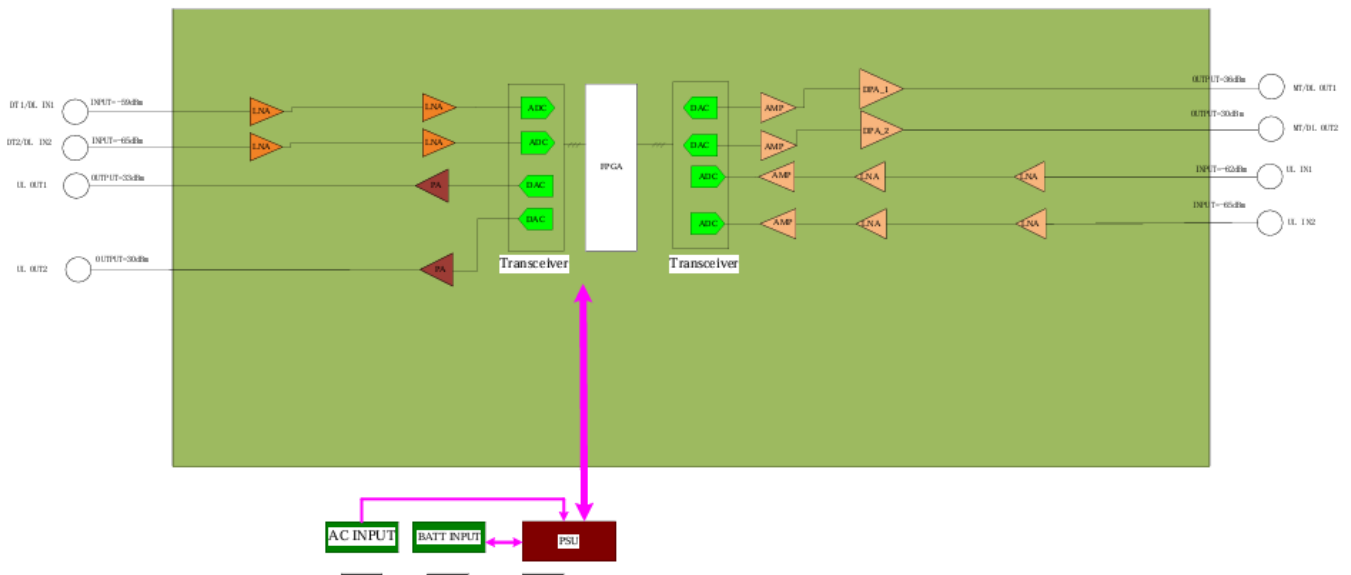
The following figure shows the enclosure of the PS BDA.



BDA		150MHz (VHF)	450MHz (UHF)
Passband (Downlink / Uplink)	MHz	150.05-173.4	406.1-420 421-430 450-512
Total Output Power, Uplink	dBm	30	33
Total Output Power, Downlink	dBm	30	36
Maximum System Gain	dB	95	95
Gain Adjustment Range (1dB step)	dB	30	30
Pass Band Ripple, p-p (Uplink / Downlink)	dB	3	
Uplink Noise Figure	dB	<5	
Intermodulation	dBm	FCC Compliance	FCC Compliance
Spurious	dBm	FCC Compliance	FCC Compliance
Maximum RF Input Level without Damage	dBm	0	0
Maximum RF Input Level without Overdrive	dBm	-10	-10
Maximum RF Input Level without AGC without filter	dBm	-65	-62
Input VSWR		≤ 2	≤ 2
Impedance	Ω	50	50

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

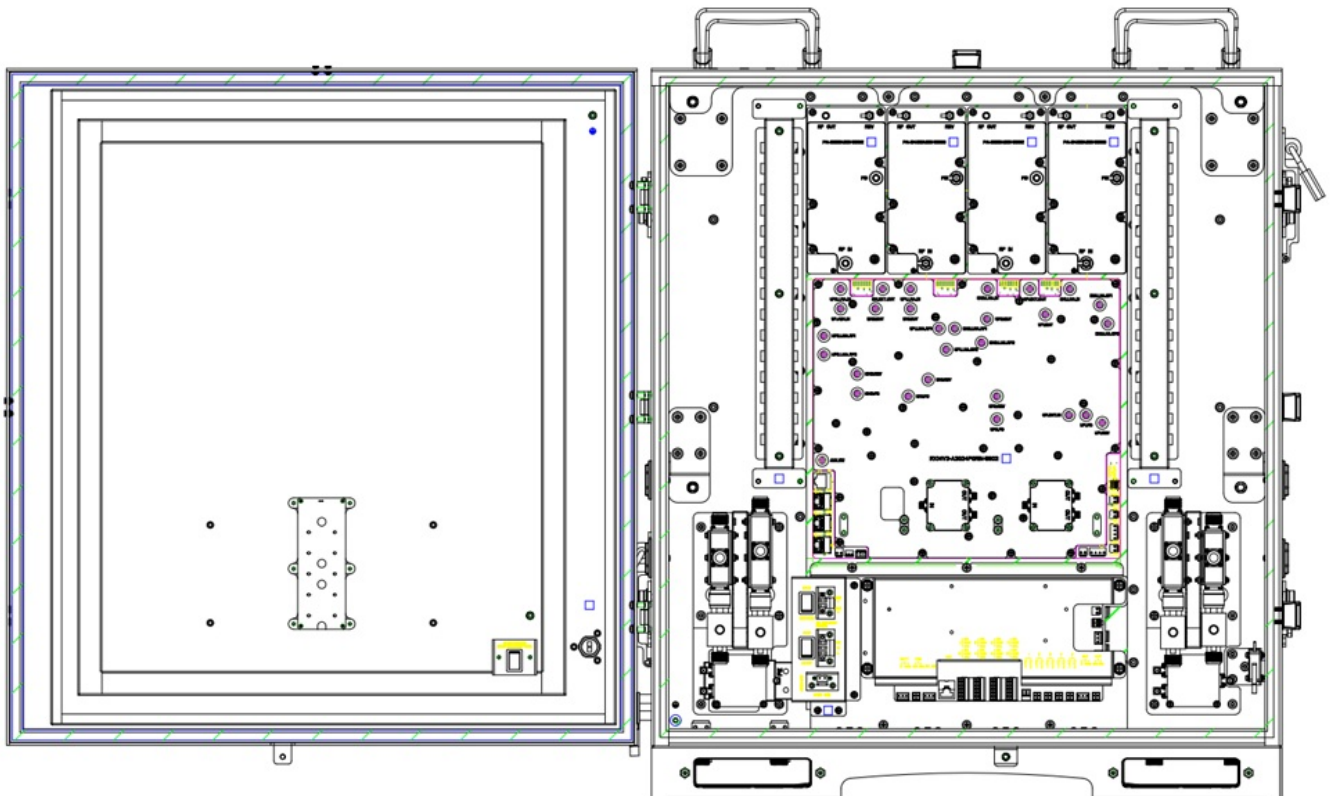
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



In the downlink path, the BTS signals are received by the donor antenna of the repeater. After the duplexer, the signals are sent to the LNA module for pre-amplification and to the digital RF integrated module for digital filtering and frequency conversion. Then the DL signals will be sent to the downlink PA to amplify power and filter via the duplexer. After amplification, the signals are transmitted at the MT port to the service antenna. In the uplink path, the mobile signals are received by the service antenna. After the MT port integrated duplexer, the signals are sent to the LNA, integrated module for digital filtering, then to the PA for power amplification, and to the duplexer. After that, the uplink signals are sent to the donor antenna for transmission back to the BTS.

EQUIPMENT LAYOUT

Shown below is the internal layout of the PS BDA.



EQUIPMENT CONSTITUTION

The typical PS BDA unit consists of the following components:

Master Digital Board and Slave Digital Board: The MCU is used to monitor and control the operation of the repeater. It also provides the communication interface for remote control and status indication. LED indicators provide the operation status of the MCU.

UHF+VHF Digital Integrated Module and Power Amplifier: Consists of the Power Conversion module, RF module, digital process module, and monitoring modules. The Power Conversion module converts +28V DC voltage into +9VJK and +9VRF. +9VJK and +9VRF are supplied to the monitoring unit, and the RF unit in the integrated module separately. The RF module amplifies and converts the RF signal to an IF signal. The Digital process module converts the IF signal into a baseband signal via AD conversion extraction, and filtering. After that, the IF signal will be amplified and converted to an RF signal by the RF module for RF filtering and amplification. The Monitoring module monitors and controls the system parameters and is the interface for both remote monitoring and local commissioning.

Power Supply Unit (PSU): The PSU converts the input voltage into a stable DC supply to provide power for the internal functional modules.

INSTALLATION

WARNINGS AND ALERTS

Radio Frequency Energies

There may be situations, particularly for workplace environments near high-powered RF sources, where recommended limits for safe exposure of human beings to RF energy could be exceeded. In such cases, restrictive measures or actions may be necessary to ensure the safe use of RF energy.

High Voltage

The equipment has been designed and constructed to prevent, as far as reasonably practicable danger. Any work activity on or near equipment involving installation, operation, or maintenance must be, as far as reasonable, free from danger. Where there is a risk of damage to electrical systems involving adverse weather, extreme temperatures, wet, corrosive, or dirty conditions, and flammable or explosive atmospheres, the system must be suitably installed to prevent danger.

Protective Earthing

Equipment provided to protect individuals from electrical risk must be suitable for the purpose and properly maintained and used.

Handling Precautions

This covers a range of activities including lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling, carrying, moving, holding, or restraining an object, animal or person from the equipment. It also covers activities that require the use of force or effort, such as pulling a lever, or operating power tools. Where some of the abovementioned activities are required, the equipment must be handled with care to avoid being damaged.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

Observe standard precautions for handling ESD-sensitive devices. Assume that all solid-state electronic devices are ESD-sensitive. Ensure the use of a grounded wrist strap or equivalent while working with sensitive devices. Transport, store, and handle ESD-sensitive devices in static-safe environments.

SITE PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

SITE PLANNING

Site Considerations

Outdoor equipment is designed to be waterproof, rainproof, and with snow protection. Temporary protection should be taken when the equipment enclosure is opened for installation or maintenance in an outdoor environment. The equipment must not be opened for installation or maintenance in bad weather (e.g. gale, storm rainfall, extreme temperature, and high humidity)

Installation Location

The mounting surface shall be capable of supporting the weight of the equipment. To avoid electromagnetic

interference, a proper mounting location must be selected to minimize interference from electromagnetic sources such as large electrical equipment.

Environmental

Humidity hurts the reliability of the equipment. It is recommended to install the equipment in locations having stable temperatures and unrestricted air flow. The installation location for the product should be well-ventilated. The equipment has been designed to operate at the temperature range and humidity level as stated in the product specifications in the datasheet. Direct sunlight exposure to the equipment should be avoided. Provide additional shelter if necessary.

Power Supply

The power supply unit (PSU) provides power to all modules within the equipment. Depending on the product variant, it is recommended that the PSU be operated on a dedicated circuit breaker or fused circuit.

Grounding Requirement

Verify that the equipment has been well grounded. This includes antennas and all cables connected to the system. Ensure lightning protection for the antennas is properly grounded.

Cable Routing

Depending on equipment configuration, a variety of types of cables are required. Where applicable, ensure cables are properly routed and secured so that they are not damaged.

Manual Handling

During transportation and installation, take necessary handling precautions to avoid potential physical injury to the installation personnel and the equipment.

INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

- Working space available for installation and maintenance for each mounting arrangement. Ensure unrestricted airflow.
- Ensure the earth ground point is within reach of the ground wire.
- Ensure a power source is within reach of the power cord and the power source has sufficient capacity.
- Where appropriate, ensure unused RF connectors are terminated.
- Do not locate the equipment near large transformers or motors that may cause electromagnetic interference.
- Reduce signal loss in feeder cable by minimizing the length and number of RF connections.
- Ensure VSWR of antenna system $< 1.5:1$.
- Ensure equipment will be operated within the stated environment (see datasheet)
- Observe the handling of all cables to prevent damage.
- The donor antenna should have a narrow beamwidth and be positioned in line-of-sight (LOS) to the donor BTS site so that the donor signal level is maximized. This allows the use of minimum gain to achieve the maximum DL output power. The UL gain is typically set lower than or equal to the DL gain to minimize noise interference to the donor BTS.
- Service antennas should be selected based on the type of service area, e.g., indoor antenna for indoor application, and panel antenna for outdoor application.

INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

GOODS INWARDS INSPECTION

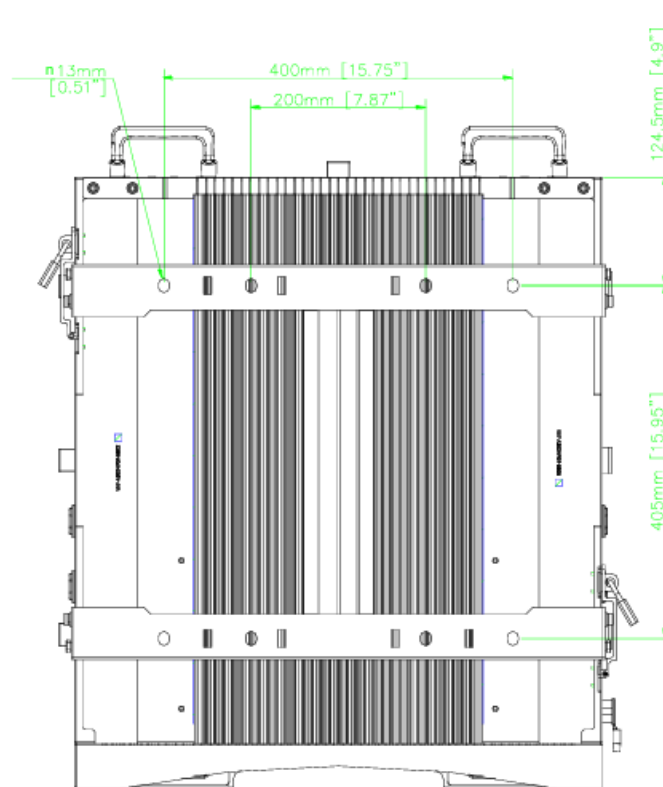
- Verify the number of packages received against the packing list.
- Check all packages for external damage; report any external damage to the shipping courier. If there is damage, a shipping agent should be present before unpacking and inspecting the contents because damage during transit is the responsibility of the agent.
- Open and check each package against the packing list. If any items are missing, contact Comba.
- Do not remove items from anti-static packing until ready for installation. If damage is discovered at the time of installation, contact the shipping agent.

TOOLS

See Appendix A for a list of the recommended installation and routine maintenance tools.

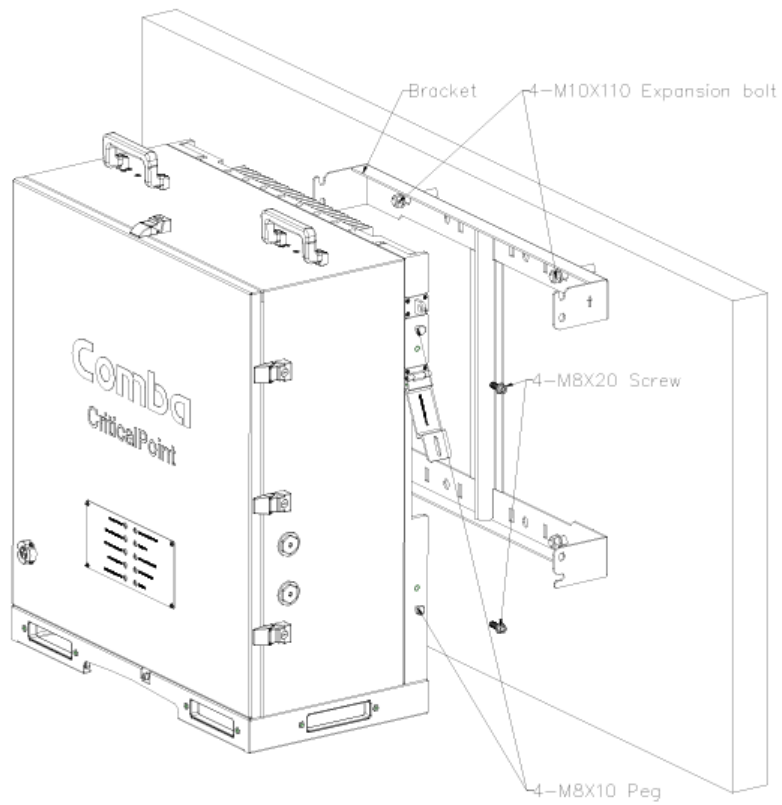
PREPARATION

Wall mounting with the masonry bolts supplied, which make use of the outer hole.



WALL MOUNTING

- Drill four holes on the wall using the position of four holes on the mounting rack as a guide. Fix the mounting rack to the wall using four masonry bolts (M10x110mm).
- Install the Mounting Rack to the wall.
- Hang the equipment and secure the enclosure to the mounting rack.



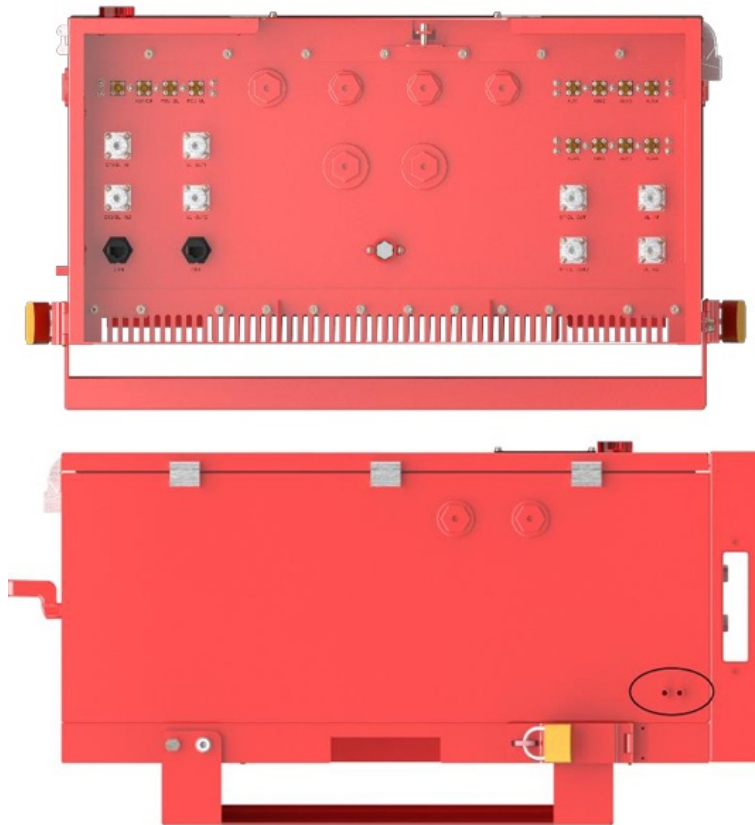
DRIP-LOOP


Comba recommends that every horizontal cable entry to the equipment forms a 'U' before it enters the equipment. Water on the cable will drip down at the bottom of the loop and will not accumulate at the equipment connectors.

EQUIPMENT CONNECTORS

PS BDA

CONNECTORS The PS BDA is designed for all cable entries from the right or left of the enclosure, as shown in the following figure.



Identifier	Descriptions
Knock Out	3/4": For Hybrid cable (include AC cable and monitor cable from BBU) 1": Reserved. 1/2": For Dry contactors or External alarm cables
DT1/DL IN1	Duplex input/Simplex DL input: Donor antenna or Downlink input port
DT2/DL IN2	Duplex input/Simplex DL input: Donor antenna or Downlink input port
UL OUT1	Simplex UL output: Uplink output port
UL OUT2	Simplex UL output: Uplink output port
MT1/DL OUT1	Duplex output/Simplex DL output: Service antenna or Downlink output port
MT2/DL OUT2	Duplex output/Simplex DL output: Service antenna or Downlink output port
UL IN1	Simplex UL output: Uplink input port
UL IN2	Simplex UL output: Uplink input port
AUX 1-8	Reserved
AUX/CW	Reserved
FOU DL	Reserved for DAS system
FOU UL	Reserved for DAS system
OMT	RJ45 Connector for local WEB GUI connection.
LAN	RJ45 Connector for internet connection.
	Ground terminal

PS BDA LED

INDICATORS The LED indicators help the user to check the equipment status easily.



Identifier	Descriptions
Normal AC Power	Alarm: OFF Normal: ON(Green)
Loss of Normal AC Power	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
Battery Charger Failure	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
Battery Low	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
VHF Donor Antenna Fail	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
UHF Donor Antenna Fail	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
VHF RF Emitter Fail	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
UHF RF Emitter Fail	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
System Component Fail	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF
Oscillation	Alarm: ON(Red) Normal: OFF

GROUNDING CONNECTION

Ground Connection

To ensure the safe operation of the product, a ground (earth) connection is required. For a single phase AC power source, the product must be grounded by connecting the “earth wire” of the power cord to the ground terminal of the AC supply. For operating this product with a DC power system (such as rectifiers), the product should not be connected to power systems that switch open the return lead because the return lead could function as the ground (earth) connection for the equipment.

Protective Ground Connection

The enclosure must be grounded securely by connecting a copper wire (CSA 16mm²) to the grounding terminal on the equipment/rack, and the other end to a protective ground (i.e. building earth point). An internationally acceptable color code for the ground connection wire is green/yellow. Such a ground connection implements the “Protective Ground Connection”, and must be connected to the equipment at the designated ground point. In general, do not connect the supply before establishing an adequate ground (earth) connection. Construct the ground wire, and use appropriate crimp connectors where necessary. Locate and connect the equipment grounding terminal to a protective ground (i.e. building earth point).

RF CABLE CONNECTION

PS BDA RF cables connection is as follows:

- PS BDA MT/DL OUT1 and MT/DL OUT2 port → Connects to the feeder cable from service antennas.
- PS BDA DT1/DL IN1 and DT2/IN2 port → Connects to the feeder cable from donor antennas.

ETHERNET CONNECTION

Connect Ethernet with the 'LAN' port in the panel.

DRY CONTACT CABLE CONNECTION

Below please find the pin definitions of dry contact cables.

Pin NO.	Pin	Input	Output
ALM1			
1	CLOSE1	1(A)	Red
2	COM1	2(B)	White
3	OPEN1	3(C)	Blue
4	CLOSE2	4(D)	Black
5	COM2	5(E)	Brown
6	OPEN2	6(F)	Purple
7	RR_A	7(G)	Green
8	RR_B	8(H)	Orange
9	NC	9(J)	Yellow
10	GND	10(K)	Grey
ALM2			
11	CLOSE3	1(A)	Red
12	COM3	2(B)	White
13	OPEN3	3(C)	Blue
14	CLOSE4	4(D)	Black
15	COM4	5(E)	Brown
16	OPEN4	6(F)	Purple
17	GND	7(G)	Green
18	NC	8(H)	Orange
19	NC	9(J)	Yellow
20	NC	10(K)	Grey
AUX			
21	EXT ALM0	1(A)	Red
22	EXT ALM1	2(B)	White
23	EXT ALM2	3(C)	Blue
24	EXT ALM3	4(D)	Black
25	EXT Li+	5(E)	Brown
26	EXT Li+	6(F)	Purple
27	NC	7(G)	Green
28	GND	8(H)	Orange
29	EXT Li-	9(J)	Yellow
30	EXT Li-	10(K)	Grey

COMMISSIONING

PRE-COMMISSIONING TASKS

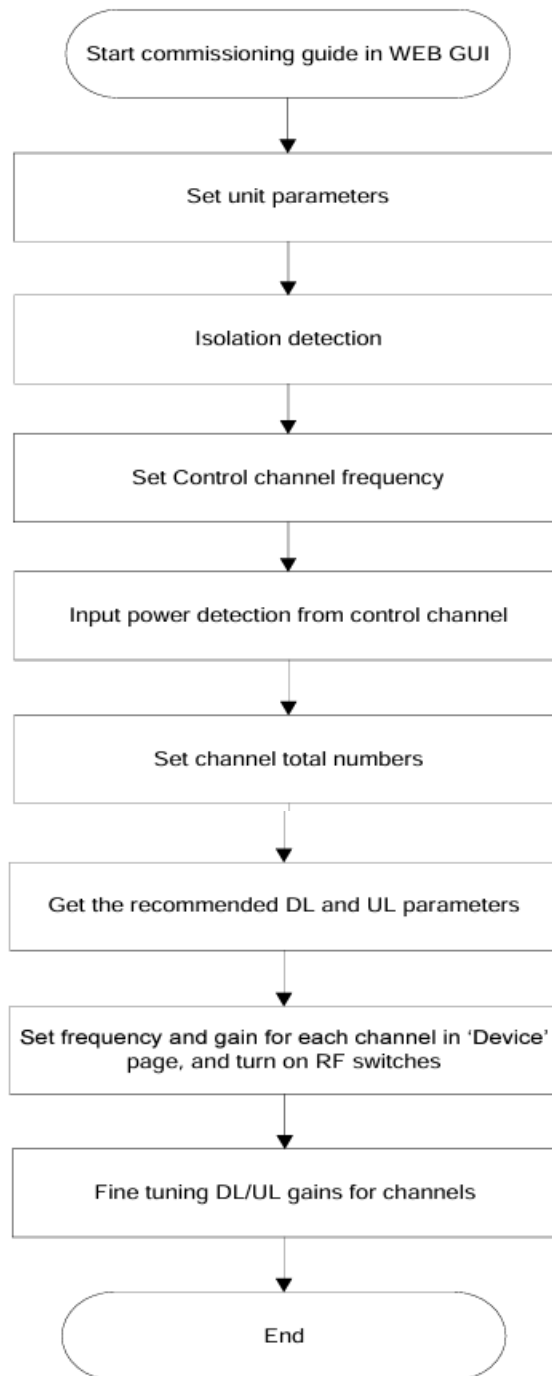
After equipment installation, perform the following steps before equipment powering and commissioning:

- Verify that the expected voltage, current, and power levels do not violate any ratings.
- Visually inspect the power connection within the equipment. Ensure that the power cable is correctly and securely connected, including the grounding wire, RF cable, and other cables.

- Check the grounding connection and verify that the ground resistance is less than 5Ω .
- Test the antenna system and ensure that the echo loss within the working frequency is less than -14dB (VSWR<1.5).

COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE

Perform the following procedures for system commissioning.



Commissioning Task Explanation

Commissioning Tasks	Observation
1. Isolation detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detect isolation of service antenna and donor antenna.
2. Set control channel frequencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the center frequency of the main control channel, the commissioning guide will provide recommended DL/UL gain settings based on main control channel input power and the total channel numbers. Users can skip this step and directly finish the commissioning guide even if the frequency information or the total channel numbers are unknown. Users can set the DL/UL gain manually any time after the isolation detection has been completed and passed.
3. Set Channel No.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter the total channel numbers
4. Recommended DL and UL gain parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The commissioning guide will provide recommended DL/UL gain settings. Users will still need to set all the gains manually in the "Device" pages, and the frequencies for all the independent channels in the same "Device" pages after the commissioning process is finished.

WEB GUI

The PS BDA can be monitored and controlled via the WEB GUI; use the following guide to finish system parameter setting and commissioning.

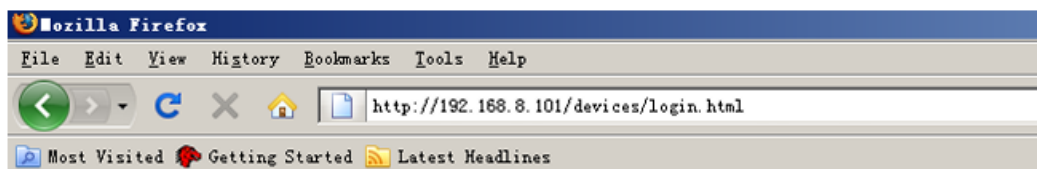
WEB GUI CONNECTION

Step 1: Connect the OMT port to the PC RJ45 port with the supplied RJ45 cable to set up a physical connection.

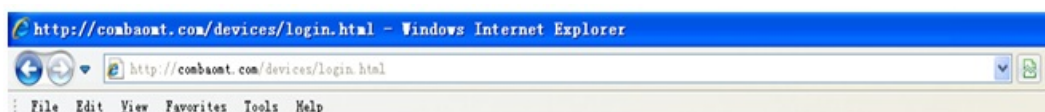
Step 2: Open a browser (browser IE7.0, IE8.0, Chrome or Firefox, suggested display resolution is 1024×768), input Web GUI IP address: 192.168.8.101, click [Enter].

NOTE: DHCP and DNS are also available to login to the Web GUI. The domain name is: www.combaomt.com.

Input IP Address



Input Domain Name

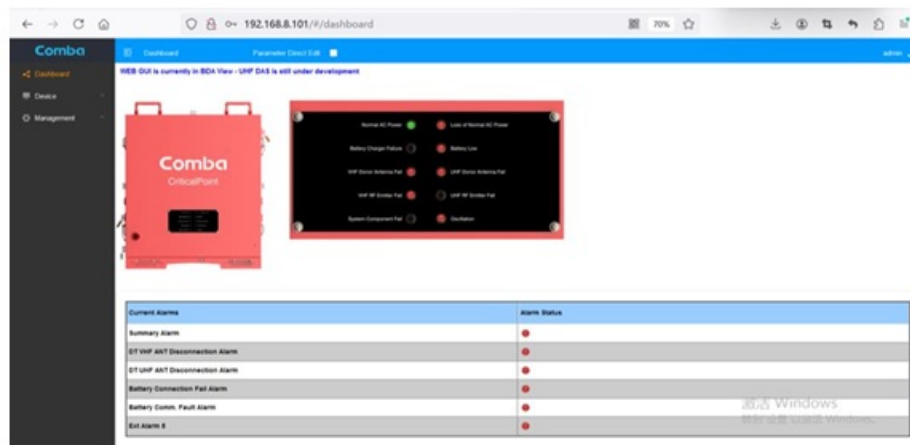


Step 3: Input User Name: admin; Password (default password: admin). Click [Log in].

 A screenshot of the Comba System Management Platform login page. The page has a blue header with the 'Comba' logo and the title 'System Management Platform'. Below the header, there is a login form with two input fields: 'username' with the value 'admin' and 'password' with a masked password '●●●●●●'. A 'Log In' button is located at the bottom right of the form.

WEB GUI INTRODUCTION

After logging in, the Web GUI main screen will appear.



1, First, confirm if the carrier mode is correct. See carrier mode (Class A or Class B)

Name	Value
Serial Num	AA2207000001
MAC Address	00-00-00-00-00-00
IP Address	192.168.0.101
Dev ID	0
Site ID	00000000
Dev Model	RX7W22-2W
Dev Info	
Carrier Mode	Class-B

2, and then confirm whether the RF switch is turned on and whether the device parameter settings are in line with the usage scenario.

RF Switch	ON	ON
DL P_in	-73.24dBm	<-90dBm
UL P_in	<-90dBm	<-90dBm
DL P_out	16.36dBm	<0dBm
UL P_out	<0dBm	<0dBm
DL_Target	33dBm	33dBm
UL_Target	27dBm	27dBm
UL Mute Switch	OFF	OFF
DL Mute Switch	OFF	OFF
UL Mute TH	-82dBm	-82dBm
DL Mute TH	-82dBm	-82dBm
DL P_out Low Alarm TH	0dBm	0dBm
DL P_in Low Alarm TH	-90dBm	-90dBm
DL P_out Over Alarm TH	39dBm	39dBm
DL P_in Over Alarm TH	-30dBm	-30dBm

MAINTENANCE

The PS BDA is designed for trouble-free operation and generally does not need maintenance. Maintenance activities should only be carried out by trained personnel. Periodic inspection of the repeater equipment(s) is

recommended, the recommended tasks include:

- Verify the direction and position of antennas. Re-align if necessary.
- Make sure the cable connector and sealing on the RF cable connectors are not damaged.
- Verify lightning and grounding protection iarein good condition.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: TOOLS

The following is the recommended list of tools for new installation and routine maintenance.

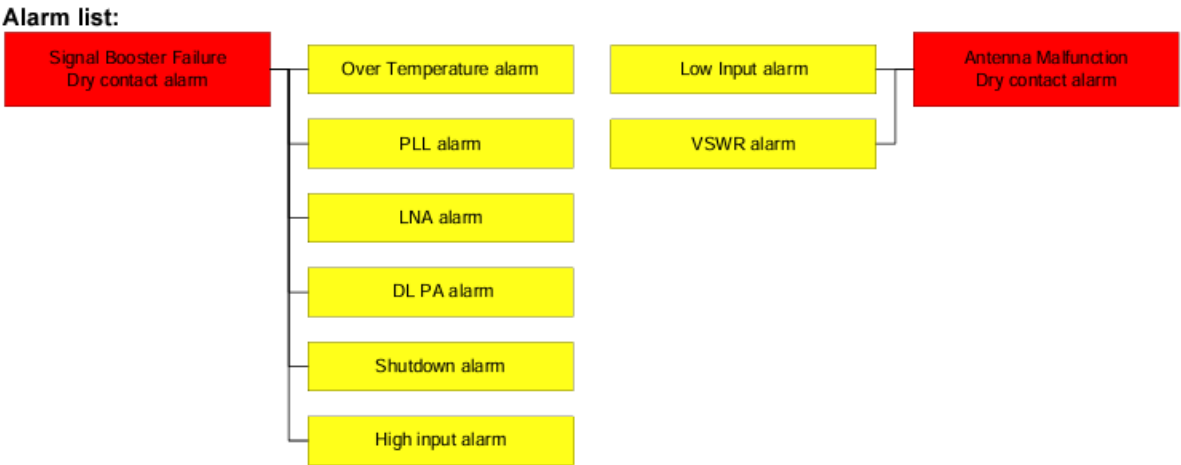
- Slotted Screwdriver
- Philips Screwdriver
- Ring Spanner (Assorted size: 12~20mm)
- Electrically operated drill and masonry drill bits 12mm
- Anti-static Wrist Strap
- Side Cutter
- Frequency Counter (e.g. FLUKE PM6685R)
- RF Power Meter (e.g. Bird 5000)

APPENDIX B: DECLARATION OF HARMFUL SUBSTANCES AND CONTENT

HThe harmfulsubstance and content of this product as below table shown:

Part Name	Harmful Substance					
	Pb	Hg	Cd	Cr (VI)	PBB	PBDE
A	×	○	○	○	○	○
B	×	○	○	○	○	○
<p>Note: Above table complies with SJ/T 11364.</p> <p>○: Indicates that the harmful substance content in all homogeneous materials for corresponding part is under the limited requirement of GB/T 26572.</p> <p>×: Indicates that the harmful substance content in at least one single homogeneous material for the corresponding part exceeds the limited requirement of GB/T 26572.</p> <p>Remark: The content of the parts marked with “×”above exceeds the requirement as there is still no mature alternative technologies to achieve the replacement of poisonous and harmful materials or elements.</p>						

APPENDIX C: TROUBLESHOOTING QUICK GUIDE



Troubleshooting

Alarms	Causes and actions
Low input (for DT port)	DT composite input power lower than -80dBm will trigger the alarm 1. Donor antenna/passive system failure 2. Wrong channel frequency setting 3. Site is not commissioned yet
VSWR	Service antenna/passive system failure
Over temperature	Environment temperature shall be lower than 140degF (60degC)
PLL (Phase lock loop)	Hardware failure, RMA the equipment
LNA (Low noise amp.)	Hardware failure, RMA the equipment 1. Handling RF connectors when RF power is ON may damage LNA 2. High power injection to DT/MT port may damage LNA
DL PA (Downlink amp.)	Fix any other existing alarms first, then reset PA (see next page) If alarm still exists, RMA the equipment
Shutdown	Other critical alarm causes the equipment shutdown Follow instructions to fix other alarms first
High input (for DT port)	Check input power to DT port, the power shall be lower than -30dBm 1. Avoid other inference 2. Put attenuator between antenna and PS BDA, if donor signal is high

Reset PA: The Downlink PA will try to automatically reboot during the first 2 hours after alarms occur and then may shut down permanently if alarms still exist. Users need to manually reset the PA in WEBOMT after fixing the alarm. Go to Management -> Device Reset: Click the Reset button at the lower table to reset DL PA for UHF or VHF band.



Power detection:

- The power detection can be done from the reading number in WEBOMT, available in:
 - Downlink input power (per channel)
 - Downlink output power (composite)
 - Uplink input power (per channel)
- Or from the test ports for DT/MT, which are 27dB lower than the DT/MT port respectively, the test portscano detect both DL and UL signals

Isolation: The system doesn't allow users to set a gain higher than isolation-20dB. The PS BDA has a mandatory process to check the isolation during commissioning, when isolation is not good (lower than 120dB, even though the PS BDA passes the commissioning process), a check on isolation (between donor and service antennas) is always recommended. The maximum system gain that can be set must be 20dB lower than the isolation. (For example, if the isolation is 110dB, then the maximum gain that can be set is 90 dB.) The PS BDA has an automatic process that prevents the gain from being set to a value that does not follow this parameter. If this gain is insufficient, then the isolation situation must be corrected to provide a higher isolation value.

Safety operation to protect the LNA (low noise amplifier):

1. Connect RF cables before powering on.
2. Any changes or handling of the RF connection requires the user to switch off RF power (RF switch off in WEBOMT) or power off the unit first.

APPENDIX D: DEVICE REPORT EXAMPLE

Device Report

Basic Info

Dev Model	RX-7W22	Dev Info	
Site ID	00000000	Firmware Version	M75RX7W22FH10V8201
Uptime	1:41:44 0/0/0	RF Unit Alm	Normal
Temperature	37	Over Temperature Alm	Normal
Serial Num	T201605190001		

Overview RF Info

Slave	Freq Band	DL P_out	RF Switch	PLL	LNA	DL PA	VSWR	High Input	Low Input	Shutdown	PA Status	Isolation
1	800(MHz)	-2dBm	ON	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Disable	Normal	Normal	120dB
2	700(MHz)	26dBm	ON	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Disable	Normal	Normal	120dB

Sub Band RF Info

Freq Band	Sub Band	Center Freq	BandWidth	DL P_in	UL P_in	Switch	UL ATT	DL ATT	UL Gain	DL Gain
800(MHz)	1	851.00625MHz	25KHz	-84.8dBm	-112dBm	ON	28dB	28dB	62dB	62dB
	2	860.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	3	868.99375MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	4	851.15625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	5	851.30625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	6	851.45625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	7	859.85625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	8	860.15625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	9	860.30625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	10	868.54375MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	11	868.69375MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	12	868.84375MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	13	852.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	14	853.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	15	854.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	16	855.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	17	856.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	18	857.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	19	858.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	20	859.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	21	861.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	22	862.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	23	863.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	24	864.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	25	865.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	26	866.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	27	867.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	28	868.00625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	29	864.50625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	30	865.50625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	31	866.50625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB
	32	867.50625MHz	12.5KHz	-106dBm	-112dBm	OFF	30dB	30dB	60dB	60dB

APPENDIX E: RMA (RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION)

**Comba Telecom Ltd.**

611 East Wing, No. 8 Science Park West Avenue, Hong Kong Science Park, Tai Po, Hong Kong
Tel: +852 2636 6861 Fax: +852 2637 0966

RMA Request Form

Date: _____

From: _____
Address: _____
Tel: _____ Fax: _____
E-Mail: _____
ATTN: _____

Product Information:

Item	Model	Serial Number	Return Category	Qty	Problem Description
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					

Notes:

1. For 'Return Category' column, please select from **A:** Return of Defective Product, **B:** Return of Trial Sample, or **C:** Return of New and Unused Product.
2. If **A** or **C** category of return product is chosen, please give short description of the problem or reason for returning.

Transportation Information:

Location of Product: _____

Transportation Method: _____

Shipping Forwarder: _____

Note: Location of Product must be stated, while 'Transportation Method' or 'Shipping Forwarder' can be left blank if not determined.

Signature: _____

For Comba Use (Only)

Return Merchandise Authorization Number (RMA#): _____

Recommended Action: _____

Shipment and Handling Cost to be paid by: _____

Approved by: _____

Date: _____

Comba Telecom Inc.

568 Gibraltar Drive, Milpitas, CA 95035

Tel: +1 866 802 7961

Fax: +1 408 526 0181

Email: customer.nam@comba-telecom.com.**FAQs****Q: How do I reset the BDA to factory settings?**

A: To reset the BDA to factory settings, locate the reset button on the device and press and hold it for 10 seconds until the status LEDs indicate a successful reset.

Q: What is the recommended antenna type for optimal performance?

A: For optimal performance, use high-gain directional antennas designed for VHF/UHF frequencies and ensure proper alignment for maximum signal reception.

Documents / Resources



[Comba RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater](#) [pdf] User Manual
PX8RX14V3-B, PX8RX14V3B, RX14V3-B Digital Band Selective Repeater, RX14V3-B, Digital Band Selective Repeater, Band Selective Repeater, Selective Repeater, Repeater

References

- [User Manual](#)

[Manuals+](#), [Privacy Policy](#)

This website is an independent publication and is neither affiliated with nor endorsed by any of the trademark owners. The "Bluetooth®" word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. The "Wi-Fi®" word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by the Wi-Fi Alliance. Any use of these marks on this website does not imply any affiliation with or endorsement.