

# **Comba Comflex NG Analog DAS Solution User Manual**

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**Comba Comflex NG Analog DAS Solution** 

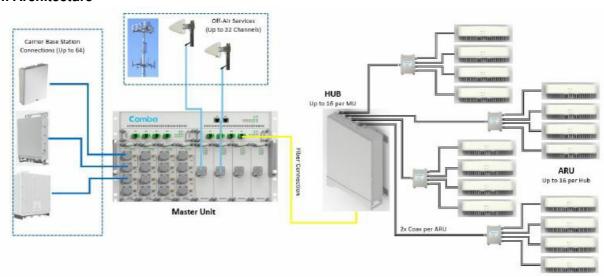


# **System Introduction**

#### Introduction

Comba Analog DAS Solution is an industrial-leading in-building distributed antenna solution for enterprise and consumer applications, supporting the wide application range of cellular generations: 4G and 5G. This solution is based on analog DAS technology with wide-band and multi-band distribution architecture, and flexible off-air or wired connection mode, enabling efficient utilization of signal links. It is designed to support multi-band, multi-technology, and multi-operator networks with flexible configuration and easy commissioning.

# **System Architecture**



#### MU - Master Unit

Select dedicated radio signal, transmit to fiber signal, and then transfer it to the fiber Hub. It can support two kinds of connectivity to radio signals: off-air connection and wired connection with a different modules.

#### **Fiber Hub**

The Fiber Hub is the central Hub and Distribution element for the analog DAS system. The fiber hub interfaces between the MU and the active antenna unit, allowing it to receive the operator's service signals in the optical link, and to route signals to the active antenna unit.

Active Antenna Unit

The active antenna unit is a low-power remote antenna unit with 19~22 dBm per MIMO stream per band

# **System Function**

### **System features**

1. Supports up to 6T6R, 4G and 5G signals

2. Output power

2.5GHz/3.5GHz: 22dBm

700MHz/850MHz/1900MHz/EAWS: 19dBm

3. Network topology

• MU + Fiber HUB + ARU: 1+16+256

• MU can connect to ONE slave MU

• MU can extend up to 16pcs fiber Hub

• Fiber HUB can connect to 16pcs ARU

• MU-HUB max fiber loss 8dBo

HUB-ARU max fiber loss distance 45dB

4. Power Supply

**MU & HUB:** AC 110V

ARU: DC 48V

5. Couple way Off-air couple: MU - BDA Card Wired couple: MU - POI card

# Monitoring

1. Local monitor: local debug and commission

2. Remote control: Control the system in MU site

3. System upgrade Software upgrade in MU

4. 4G/5G demodulation: Demodulate the cellular features: RSRP, SINR, PLMN

# **Specification**

#### **Optical Specification**

Optical Specification					
Operation Frequency			600MHz-1GHz,1.7GHz-2.2GHz, 3.3GHz-4GHz		
Fiber Mode		/	Simplex		
Wavelength	Wavelength		1310, 1550 + WDM		
Ontical Output	MU	dBm	-2 - +2		
Optical Output	Optical Output HUB		6-8		
Return loss		dB	> 45		
Connector Type /		/	SC/APC		

# **Cable Specification**

Cable Specification				
Operation Frequency		DC-4GHZ		
impedance	Ω	50		
VSWR	/	≤1.2		
Insert Loss	dB	≤ L*0.48+0.2 dB@DC-4GHz @ meter		

# **Radio Specification**

Radio Sp	ecificatio	on						
			700MHz	850MHz	1900MHz	EAWS	2.5G band	C band
	UL		698-716 / 777-787	824-849	1850 – 1915	1710 – 1755		
Frequen		MHz		1	1		2496-2690	3700-3980

су	DL		728-746 / 746-756	869-894	1930 – 1995	2110 – 2180		
IBW		MHz	18/10	25	65	45/70	194	280
Carrier nu ff- air card)	mber (o						1	1
Carrier IB <sup>1</sup> r card	W(off-ai	MHz					194	200
Uplink Outwer (PRRU)	tput Po	dBm	+10——+20dBm input POI card:-40 +20——+37dBm input POI card: -50					
Uplink Outwer (BDA Card		dBm	19	19	19	19	22	/
Downlink put power (AF		dBm	19	19	19	19	22	22
Downlink inge (BDA Card		dBm	-95	RSRP)			-100	5(RSRP)
Downlink inge (PRR		/	+10+20d +20+37d				nput	dBm(RSSI) i dBm(RSSI) i

UL max gain (BD A Card)	dB	80				80	/
DL max gain (BD A Card)	dB	80				80	80
UL max gain (PR RU Card)	dB	+10——+20dBm input: 10 +20——+37dBm input: 0					
DL max gain (PR RU Card)	dB	+10+20dBm input: 10 +20+37dBm input: 0					
ATT adjust range	dB	MU: 0 – 30, ARU: 0 – 20					
In-band ripple(P-P)	dB	≤ 4	≤ 6	≤ 6	≤ 6	≤ 6	≤ 6
Emission spur		FCC	FCC	FCC	FCC	FCC	FCC
UL NF at max gai	dB	≤ 10					
System delay (B DA Card)	usec	≤ 10					
System delay (PRRU Card)	usec	≤3					
Input VSWR		≤ 1.5					

MU Max input po wer (BDA Card)	dBm	-10
MU Max input po wer (PRRU Card)	dBm	37
ARU Max input R F power	dBm	-10

#### **INSTALLATION**

#### **WARNINGS AND ALERTS**

#### Laser

Laser light can cause damage to the eyes. Laser light is not visible. Viewing it directly does not cause pain. The iris of the eye will not close when viewing a bright light. Consequently, serious damage to the retina of the eye is possible. NEVER LOOK INTO THE END OF A FIBER THAT MAY HAVE A LASER COUPLED TO IT.

# **Radio Frequency Energies**

There may be situations, particularly for workplace environments near high-powered RF sources, where recommended limits for safe exposure of human beings to RF energy could be exceeded. In such cases, restrictive measures or actions may be necessary to ensure the safe use of RF energy.

### **High Voltage**

The equipment has been designed and constructed to prevent practicable danger, as far as reasonably possible. Any work activity on or near equipment involving installation, operation, or maintenance must be free from danger, as far as reasonably possible.

Where there is a risk of damage to electrical systems involving adverse weather, extreme temperatures, wet, corrosive, or dirty conditions, and flammable or explosive atmospheres, the system must be suitably installed to prevent danger.

### **Protective Earthing**

Equipment provided for the purpose of protecting individuals from electrical risk must be suitable for the purpose and properly maintained and used.

#### **Handling Precautions**

This covers a range of activities including lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling, carrying, moving, holding, or restraining an object or person. It also covers activities that require the use of force or effort, such as pulling a lever, or operating power tools.

### **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)**

Observe standard precautions for handling ESD-sensitive devices. Assume that all solid-state electronic devices are ESD-sensitive. Ensure the use of a grounded wrist strap or equivalent while working with ESD-sensitive devices. Transport, store, and handle ESD-sensitive devices in static-safe environments.

#### WARNING

This is NOT a CONSUMER device. It is designed for installation by FCC LICENSEES and QUALIFIED INSTALLERS. You MUST have an FCC LICENSE or express consent of an FCC License to operate this device. Unauthorized use may result in significant forfeiture penalties, including penalties in excess of \$100,000 for each continuing violation. The device does not support home/personal use. Caution: for use of unauthorized antennas,

cables, and/or coupling devices not conforming with ERP/EIRP restrictions is not permitted. Antenna gain for remote unit Model number: ARU-6B-Internal

Antenna Type: Internal Antenna

• Antenna Gain: Lower 700MHz: 4dBi

• Upper 700MHz: 4dBi

• Cellular: 4dBi

• EAWS: 4dBi Broadband

· PCS: 4dBi

• BRS/EBS: 5dBi 3.7GHz

• Service: 3dBi

• Antenna gain for MU unit Model number: Comflex NG MU

Antenna Type: External Dedicated Antenna
 Permission Antenna Gain: 14dBi or less

This device is an industrial-leading in-building distributed antenna solution and is restricted to indoor use only. This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 24cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. The installation height of the antenna for AWS 1710-1755MHz band operation is limited to 10 meters above ground for compliance with section 27.50.

#### SITE PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

#### SITE PLANNING

Site Considerations

The MU is designed to be located indoors to facilitate the coupling of BTS signals and power supply connections. The input range of the MU RF unit is 10~30 dBm.

The site consideration for HUB is listed below:

- The maximum fiber maximum path loss of 8dBo.
- The system delay of the optical system must be taken into consideration when there are neighboring BTS sites overlapping in coverage.

### **Installation Location**

The mounting surface shall be capable of supporting the weight of the equipment.

In order to avoid electromagnetic interference, a proper mounting location must be selected to minimize interference from electromagnetic sources such as large electrical equipment.

#### **Environmental**

Humidity has an adverse effect on the reliability of the equipment. It is recommended to install the equipment in locations having stable temperatures and unrestricted airflow.

The installation location for the system should be well-ventilated. The equipment has been designed to operate at the temperature range and humidity level as stated in the product specifications.

#### **Grounding Requirement**

Verify that the equipment has been well grounded. This includes antennas and all cables connected to the system. Ensure lightning protection for the antennas is properly grounded.

#### **Cable Routing**

Depending on equipment configuration, a variety of types of cables are connected to the MU HUB and RU: coaxial cables, optical fibers, power cables, communication cables, and commissioning cables. Where applicable, ensure cables are properly routed and secured so that they are not damaged.

### **Manual Handling**

During transportation and installation, take necessary handling precautions to avoid potential physical injury to the installation personnel and the equipment.

#### SYSTEM INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

- Working space available for installation and maintenance for each mounting arrangement. Ensure unrestricted airflow.
- Ensure earthing point is within reach of the ground wire. (2m; 6 ft. 10 in.).
- Ensure a power source is within reach of the power cord and the power source has sufficient capacity.
- Where appropriate, ensure unused RF connectors are terminated.
- Where appropriate, ensure unused optical fiber connectors are protected.
- Do not locate the equipment near large transformers or motors that may cause electromagnetic interference.
- Reduce signal loss in feeder cable by minimizing the length and number of RF connections.
- Ensure the equipment will be operated within the stated environment (refer to datasheet).
- Where needed, a couple of BTS RF signal with a coupler to prevent damaging the equipment.
- Where appropriate, confirm available of the suitably terminated grade of RF and optical fiber.
- Observe the handling of all cables to prevent damage.

#### **INSTALLATION PROCEDURES**

#### **GOODS INWARDS INSPECTION**

ComFlex was factory tested, inspected, packed, and delivered to the carrier with utmost care. Do not accept shipment from the carrier which shows damage or shortage until the carrier's agent endorses a statement of the irregularity on the face of the carrier's receipt. Without documentary evidence, a claim cannot be processed. Open and check each package against the packing list. For any shortage, contact Comba Telecom Systems. Do not remove items from packing materials until installation.

**TOOLS**See for a full list of tools required for installation and maintenance.

Tool Type	use	Usage Scenario
Impact drill	Drill installation holes to fit M8 expansion bolts	Wall hanging
adjustable wrench	Fix the bolt and tighten the M8 hex nut	Wall hanging
Pentagonal wrench	Fixing screw	Wall hanging
Cross screwdriver	Fixing screws, φ 5mm	Wall hanging

#### **PREPARATION**

### **Optical Fiber:**

• Fiber optic cables require proper handling. Do not stretch, puncture, or crush the fiber cable(s) with staples, heavy equipment, doors, etc.

• Always maintain the minimum bending radius specified by the cable manufacturer. The minimum bend radius is usually 10 times the cable's outer diameter. In the case of single optical fiber that is not in a cable, the minimum bending radius to be observed is 3cm. (1.2").

#### MU install

MU consists of three parts: MU chassis, RFU, and FOU. All components are individually packaged. Install the MU chassis on the rack first, then insert the RFU module and FOU module into the MU chassis MU unit



#### MU chassis mounted in a 19-inch rack

The MU chassis is a 19-inch rack-mounted device with a height of 6U, which can be installed into a 19-inch rack as follows:



**Step 1:** Determine the installation position of the MU chassis on the rack, install cabinet nuts on the corresponding holes on both sides of the rack as shown in Figure 3, and install cabinet screws on the 1U cabinet nuts on both sides. The cabinet screws are only screwed in half the length. Install cabinet nuts and support screws



**Step 2:** Place the MU chassis inside the rack, with the notches at the bottom of the hanging ears on both sides slightly higher than the cabinet screws. Then slide the MU chassis down to make the cabinet screws snap into the notches.

Install cabinet nuts and support screws



**Step 3:** Install the remaining 6 cabinet screws on both sides of the MU chassis, tighten the 8 screws (including the pre-installed 2 cabinet screws), and complete the installation of the MU chassis. Install cabinet nuts and support screws



### RFU and FOU installation

**Step1:** RFU module installation: Remove the baffle of the RFU slot in the MU chassis, insert the RFU module, and tighten the fastening screws on the module (10 RFU modules can be inserted into any of 8 RFU slots)



# **RF Unit Installation**

**Step2:** FOU module installation: Remove the FOU slot baffle from the MU chassis, insert the FOU module, and tighten the fastening screws (FOU module can be inserted into any of the 2 FOU slots)

#### **FOU Installation**



#### **HUB Wall mounted installation**

Install HUB onto the wall as follows

**Step 1:** Choose the appropriate wall position: The wall can safely bear the weight of HUB Capable of comfortable wiring at the top and bottom of the HUB

**Step 2:** Drill installation holes and fix the installation bracket Use a mounting bracket as a template to mark the positions of four installation holes on the wall. Use a Ø 10 impact drill bit to drill installation holes for M8 expansion bolts, with a depth of no less than 50mm. Install the expansion bolts into the wall, and then fix the installation bracket to the wall through the expansion bolts Figure 8: Punch installation holes and fix the installation bracket



**Step 3:** Hang HUB Hang the HUB on the fixed mounting bracket Hang HUB



**Step 3:** Fix HUB and complete installation At the middle of the bottom of the HUB, use an M6X16 screw to secure the HUB chassis and mounting bracket together to complete the installation. Tighten the chassis screws

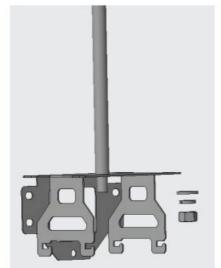


# **ARUinstall**

#### Hanger installation

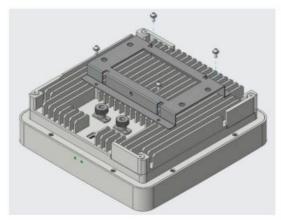
In the scenario where ARU is fixed with a suspension rod, complete the installation as follows.

**Step 1:** Fix hanger 1 on the suspension rod. Use nuts and washers to fix Hanger 1 to the already set suspension rod on site (nuts and washers need to be provided by oneself, supporting M8 to M12 suspension rods) Hanger 1 mounted on the boom

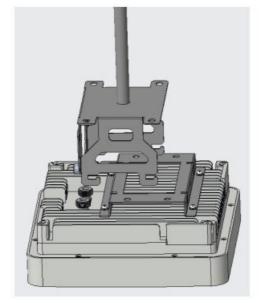


**Step 2:** Mount Hanger 1 on the boom and secure Hanger 2 to the ARU. Use M4X10 screws to secure mounting bracket 2 to the ARU.

ARU mounting rack 2

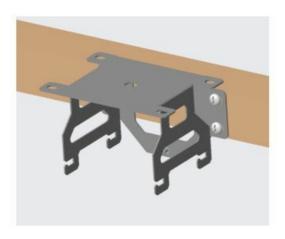


**Step 3:** Hang the ARU, tighten the screws, and complete the installation. Hang the ARU on rack 1, tighten the fastening screws on rack 1, and complete the installation. ARU mounting rack 2

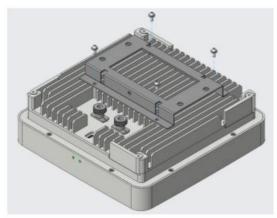


#### Installation of wooden beams

**Step 1:** Fix hanger 1 on the wooden beam. Use four ST6.3X30 wood screws to secure the hanging bracket 1 to the wooden beam.

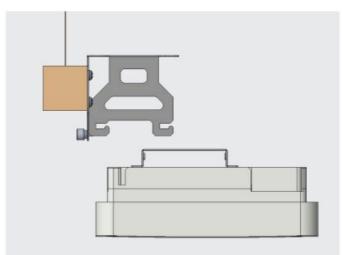


**Step 2:** Secure rack 2 to the ARU. Use M4X10 screws to secure mounting bracket 2 to the ARU. ARU MOUNTING RACK 2



**Step 3:** Hang the ARU, tighten the screws, and complete the installation. Hang the ARU on rack 1, tighten the fastening screws on rack 1, and complete the installation.

ARU MOUNTING RACK 2

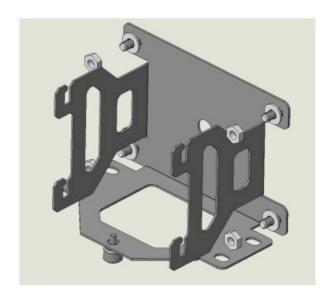


# Wall mounted installation

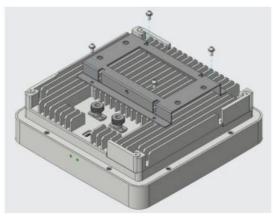
Step 1: Fix hanger 1 on the wall.

Use hanging bracket 1 as a template to mark the drilling position on the wall, and use a  $\emptyset$  8 impact drill bit to drill the installation hole for M6 expansion bolt, with a drilling depth of no less than 40mm.

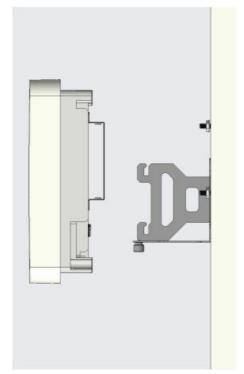
Install the expansion bolts into the wall, and then fix the installation bracket to the wall through the expansion bolts Hanger 1 fixed to the wall



**Step 2:** Secure rack 2 to the ARU. Use M4X10 screws to secure mounting bracket 2 to the ARU. ARU MOUNTING RACK 2



**Step 3:** Hang the ARU, tighten the screws, and complete the installation. Hang the ARU on rack 1, tighten the fastening screws on rack 1, and complete the installation. ARU hanging into rack 2

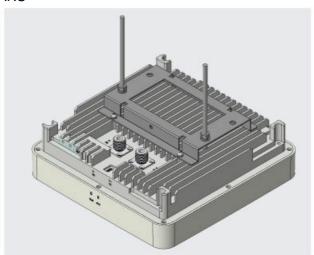


# Installation of ceiling gantry

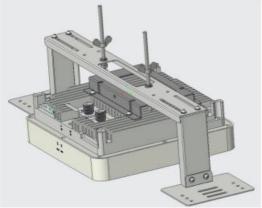
Step 1: Fix the screw onto the mounting bracket 2. Fix the screw onto the mounting bracket 2 using M6 nuts and



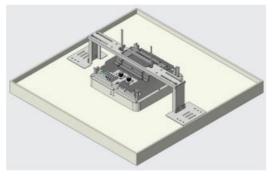
**Step 2:** Secure rack 2 to the ARU. Use M4X10 screws to secure mounting bracket 2 to the ARU. Installation rack 2 installed on ARU



**Step 3:** Fix the ARU on the gantry. Use M6 ordinary nuts and butterfly nuts to fix the ARU on the gantry through screws and adjust the appropriate height. Installation rack 2 installed on ARU

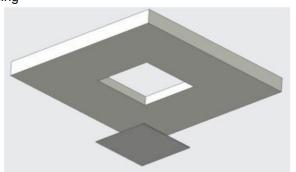


**Step 4:** Place the gantry on the ceiling and complete the installation. Adjust the width of the gantry to the appropriate position, and then place the entire structure on the ceiling to complete the installation. Place the gantry on the ceiling



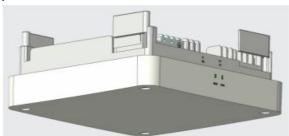
#### **Ceiling mounted installation**

**Step 1:** Ceiling openings. Use a hole template to create a square hole in the ceiling. Opening square holes in the ceiling



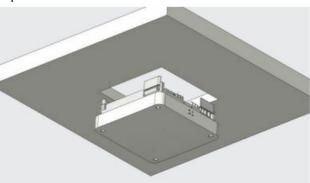
**Step 2:** Loosen the corner part screws. Remove the four plugs from the top cover and loosen the screws that secure the corner pieces. The spacing between the corner pieces to be loosened is determined by the thickness of the ceiling.

Loosen the screws of the corner piece

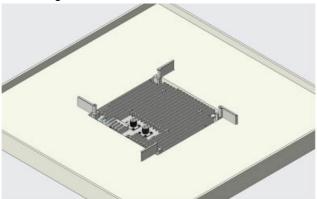


**Step 3:** Place the ARU in the ceiling. Place the ARU into the square hole in the ceiling that has been opened, and use a screwdriver to rotate the fixing screw of the corner piece. The fixing screw will drive the corner piece to rotate and clamp onto the ceiling.

Loosen the screws of the corner piece

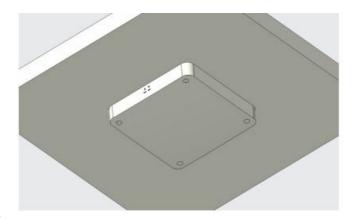


Corner pieces are clamped to the ceiling



**Step 4:** Tighten the screws to complete the installation. Tighten the fixing screws and reinstall the plugs for the four holes to complete the installation.

Complete installation



# **Equipment power supply**

MU and HUB require 110V AC power supply, and the preferred power supply method is to use the power line cut off method. This power supply method requires single-phase electricity (110V AC) to be extracted from the three-phase electricity in the distribution cabinet If there is no power cord cutting method available on site, use a socket to take 110V AC power. The power socket must be at a height that is not easily accessible by ordinary people to prevent manual unplugging of the base station power plug.

# **Equipment grounding**

- 1. Use the resistance range of a multimeter, with one probe connected to the device's casing screw and one probe connected to the ground wire of the power socket. If the measured resistance value is relatively small (less than  $10 \Omega$ ), it is considered that the device has good grounding performance. If the resistance value is too large, it can be investigated from the following aspects
  - Eliminate the problem with the multimeter itself: short circuit the two probes of the multimeter and observe if the resistance value is zero; The resistance value is zero, and the multimeter is normal; Not zero, abnormal multimeter.
  - Is the screw for equipment grounding tightened.
  - Is the grounding wire broken.
- 2. Touch the device casing with an electric pen. If the electric pen light is on, it indicates that there is current in the equipment casing and there is a leakage situation. Need to check if the equipment grounding is standard.

#### **Cable connection**

The fiber length insertion loss between MU and HUB shall not exceed 8dBo, and the 5D cable insertion loss between HUB and the farthest ARU shall not exceed 45dB. After the installation of MU, HUB, and ARU is completed, the installation interface needs to be connected and checked for accuracy before turning on the power and working normally.

#### **Device identification**

Each device, as well as wall mounted boxes and meter boxes, should be labeled clearly for future management and maintenance. The labels should be pasted in a visible area on the front of the equipment and equipment. The labels for each cable (such as 5D cable, power cord, tail fiber, etc.) are affixed at 20mm away from the wire head at both ends for easy reading and future management and maintenance. The labeling should be neat and clear. The label of the device should be prominently placed on the device and not affect the overall harmony of the environment to maintain overall aesthetics. Warning signs must be attached to the host and power supply. When there are multiple devices or lines running side by side, the labels must be placed on the same horizontal line

# Power on inspection

After powering on, it is possible to observe whether the power supply, optical fiber, etc. are connected properly, and whether the optical fiber and 5D cable are normal can be confirmed through the device indicator light.

### **Routine inspection**

Equipment installation: Check whether the installation position of the equipment matches the design, and whether the installation is firm; Power supply installation: Check whether the power supply is normal and whether the installation process of the power cord is qualified; Site labels: Check if the equipment, power supply, and other labels are complete and labeled in a standardized manner; Cable continuity: Use an optometry pen to test whether the physical link of the tail fiber is normal; Equipment grounding integrity: Use a multimeter to test the resistance of the grounding wire to ground, etc. Other: After powering on, check if the relevant indicator lights are

# **Documents / Resources**

Comflex NG User ma

Comba Comflex NG Analog DAS Solution [pdf] User Manual PX8CFNG-MU, PX8CFNGMU, CFNG-MU, Comflex NG Analog DAS Solution, Comflex NG, An alog DAS Solution

# References

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Manuals+, home privacy