

# CISCO How to Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings User Guide

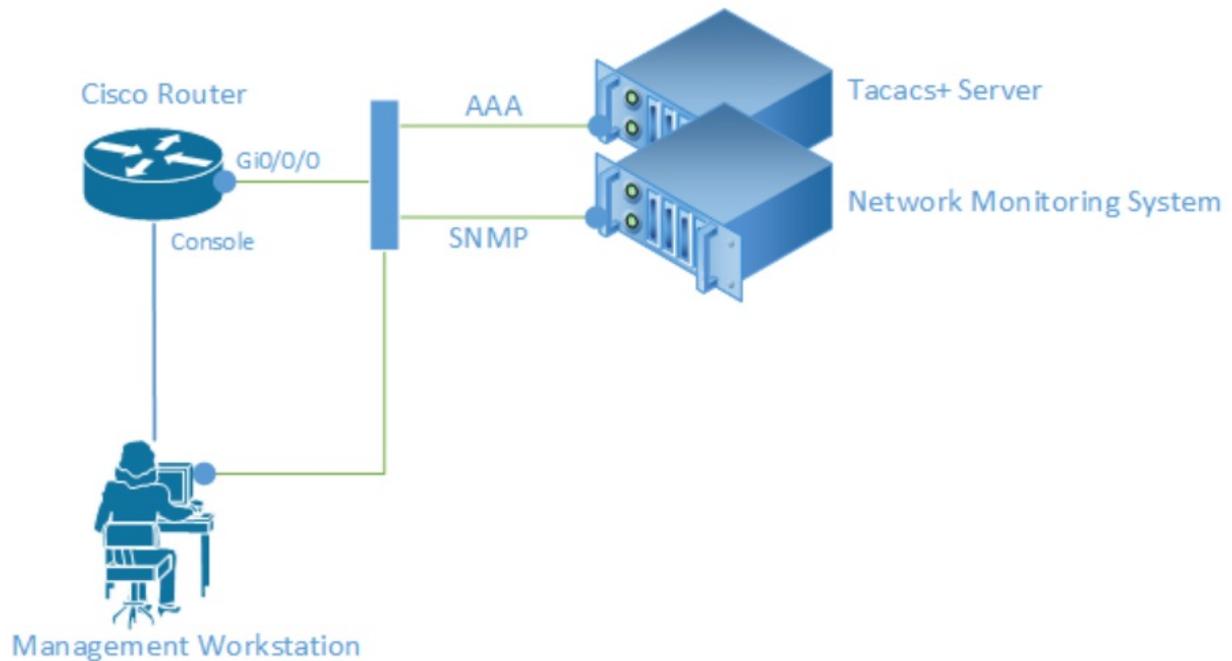
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**CISCO How to Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings**



Configure vCenter Security Hardening SettingsConfigure vCenter Security Hardening SettingsProduct Information

The product is a vCenter security hardening tool that allows users to configure additional security parameters for vCenter. It provides an automated script for setting STIG (Security Technical Implementation Guide) parameters and also allows manual configuration of certain settings.

## Product Usage Instructions

### Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings

To configure the vCenter Security Hardening settings, follow these steps:

1. Ensure that the automated script for setting STIG parameters has been executed. Refer to the user manual section “Automation Script for Setting STIG Parameters” for more information.
2. Manually configure the two additional vCenter Security Hardening settings by following the procedure below:

#### Procedure

1. Step 1: [Insert Step 1 details here]
2. Step 2: [Insert Step 2 details here]

### Automation Script for Setting STIG Parameters

The product provides an automation script for setting STIG parameters for the Controller VMs, ESXi hosts, and vCenter in an HX Cluster. The script can be executed from either the Controller VM or a server with specific specifications. To run the STIG automation script, follow these steps:

```
python stig_security_settings.py
```

### Set STIG Parameters for ESXi Hosts

The product allows users to manually set STIG parameters for ESXi hosts. However, it is important to note that

expanding an HX cluster does not automatically apply the STIG settings to newly added hosts and VMs. To manually set the STIG parameters for ESXi hosts, follow these steps:

### Steps for vCenter Version 6.0 Using vSphere Web Client

1. Browse to the host in the vSphere Web client inventory.
2. Click the Manage tab and click Settings.
3. Under System, select Advanced System Settings.
4. Select UserVars.ESXiShellTimeout and click the Edit icon.
5. Enter the idle timeout setting.
6. Restart the SSH service for the timeout to take effect.

### Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings

For the security hardening of vCenter, there are two additional parameters that must be configured manually in addition to the ones set via the automated script. For information on the automated script, see Automation Script for **Setting STIG Parameters, on page 2**.

To configure these two additional vCenter Security Hardening settings:

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Set the vpxd.hostPasswordLength parameter to 32.

- The vpxuser password default length is 32 characters.
- The vpxuser password length must never be modified to less than the default length of 32 characters.
- From the vSphere Web Client, go to vCenter Inventory Lists >> vCenter Servers >> Select your vCenter Server >> Manage >> Settings >> Advanced Settings. Click Edit and edit the config.vpxd.hostPasswordLength setting to 32, or if the value does not exist, create it by entering the values in the Key and Value fields. Then click Add.
- If required, to change the password length policy, locate the vCenter Server configuration file “vpxd.cfg” on the system where vCenter Server is running and edit the vpxd.hostPasswordLength parameter.
- Restart the vCenter Server.

**Step 2** Disable the vCenter Server Datastore browser.

- Stop the VirtualCenter Server service.
- Locate the vpxd.cfg file on the system where vCenter Server is running.
- Open the vpxd.cfg file using a text editor.
- Locate the <vpxd> and </vpxd> tags and add the following entry in tags, shown as follows: <vpxd>  
<enableHttpDatastoreAccess>false</enableHttpDatastoreAccess> </vpxd>
- Save the changes to the vpxd.cfg file.
- Start the VirtualCenter Server service.

### Automation Script for Setting STIG Parameters

The STIG automation script for setting the STIG parameters for the Controller VMs, ESXi hosts, and vCenter in an HX Cluster can be executed either from the Controller VM or from a server with the following specification:

- Ubuntu Version: 16.04.4 LTS (Xenial Xerus)
- Python Version: 2.7.12
- Packages required: pyvmomi

The script, the configuration file, and log file are present on the controller VM at location: /usr/share/springpath/storfs-misc/hx-scripts/. The file names are:

- stig\_security\_settings.py
- stig\_config.ini

**Note** The preceding 2 files should be copied to the machine from where the script is to be executed.

**To run the STIG automation script, enter:**

```
python stig_security_settings.py
```

**The following STIG parameters are set by the script:**

- For ESXi hosts: ESXiShellTimeOut:900DcuiTimeOut:900 DVFilterBindIpAddress: BlockGuestBPDU:1 PasswordQualityControl:similar=deny retry=3 min=disabled,disabled,disabled,disabled,15 SyslogDir: [/scratch/log SyslogHost:udp://localhost issue:This is a monitored system subject to Federal and International regulation. Specific settings based on DISA STIGs have been implemented. WelcomeMessage:This is a monitored system subject to Federal and International regulation. Specific settings based on DISA STIGs have been implemented. AccountLockFailures:3 AccountUnlockTime:900
- For Controller VMs: isolation.tools.hgfsServerSet.disable:true RemoteDisplay.maxConnections:1 RemoteDisplay.vnc.enabled:false isolation.device.connectable.disable:true isolation.device.edit.disable:true tools.guestlib.enableHostInfo:false isolation.tools.copy.disable:true isolation.tools.dnd.disable:true
- isolation.tools.setGUIOptions.enable:false isolation.tools.paste.disable:true
- isolation.tools.ghi.autologon.disable:true isolation.bios.bbs.disable:true
- isolation.tools.getCreds.disable:true
- isolation.tools.ghi.launchmenu.change:true isolation.tools.memSchedFakeSampleStats.disable:true isolation.tools.ghi.protocolhandler.info.disable:true isolation.ghi.host.shellAction.disable:true
- isolation.tools.dispTopoRequest.disable:true isolation.tools.trashFolderState.disable:true isolation.tools.ghi.trayicon.disable:true isolation.tools.unity.disable:true
- isolation.tools.unityInterlockOperation.disable:true isolation.tools.unity.push.update.disable:true isolation.tools.unity.taskbar.disable:true isolation.tools.unityActive.disable:true
- isolation.tools.unity.windowContents.disable:true isolation.tools.vmxDnDVersionGet.disable:true isolation.tools.guestDnDVersionSet.disable:true isolation.tools.vixMessage.disable:true
- isolation.tools.autoInstall.disable:true
- tools.setinfo.sizeLimit:1048576

**• For vCenter:**

```
config.nfc.useSSL:true
```

**For the ESXi Welcome message, the script is set to a default value**

.To set the STIG parameters manually for security hardening, see the following sections:

- For ESXi hosts, see Set STIG Parameters for ESXi Hosts, on page 3.
- For Controller VMs, see Set STIG Parameters for Controller VMs, on page 5.
- For vCenter, see Set STIG Parameters for vCenter, on page 5.
- For the ESXi Welcome message, see Set ESXi Welcome Message, on page 6.

## Note

1. When a HX cluster is expanded, the STIG settings do not automatically get applied to the newly added hosts and VMs. Either the script has to be run again or the settings have to be applied manually.
2. Currently if user wants to reset the STIG settings, this has to be done manually.

## Set STIG Parameters for ESXi Hosts

This procedure provides the instructions for manually setting the STIG parameters for ESXi hosts.

**Warning** This causes the ESXi shell to be disabled after 900 seconds, which causes the HX upgrade to fail. To manually set the STIG parameters for ESXi hosts:

### Steps for vCenter Version 6.0 Using vSphere Web Client

1. Browse to the host in the vSphere Web client inventory.
2. Click the Manage tab and click Settings.
3. Under System, select Advanced System Settings.
4. Select UserVars.ESXiShellTimeOut and click the Edit icon.
5. Enter the idle timeout setting.
6. Restart the SSH service for the timeout to take effect.
  - Select the host.
  - Click the Manage tab and click Settings.
  - Under System, select Security Profile.
  - In the Services section, click Edit.
  - Select SSH.
  - Click Restart.
  - Click OK.
  - Click OK.

### Steps for vCenter Version 6.5 Using vSphere Web Client

1. Browse to the host in the vSphere Web Client inventory.
2. Click Configure.
3. Under System, select Advanced System Settings.
4. Select UserVars.ESXiShellTimeOut and click the Edit icon.
5. Enter the Value.
6. Restart the SSH service for the timeout to take effect.
  - Select the host.

- Click the Manage tab and click Settings.
- Under System, select Security Profile.
- In the Services section, click Edit.
- Select SSH.
- Click Restart.
- Click OK.

## Set STIG Parameters for Controller VMs

This procedure provides the instructions for setting the STIG parameters for Controller VMs

**:Note** It is recommended that you set this parameter for the VMs in the cluster one at a time. Each time after powering on the VM, wait for the cluster state to be healthy before proceeding to the next one

### .Procedure

#### Step 1

- Log in to the vCenter Server system using the vSphere Client.
- Select the virtual machine in the inventory.
- Right click on the virtual machine > Power > Power off.
- Select the Virtual Machine.
- Right click and go to Edit Settings.
- Select Virtual Hardware >> target hard disk and change the mode to Independent-persistent.
- Right click the virtual machine > Power > Power on.

#### Step 2

- Log in to the vCenter Server system using the vSphere web client.
- Select the virtual machine in the inventory.
- Right click on the virtual machine > Power > Power off.
- Select the Virtual Machine.
- Right click and go to Edit Settings.
- Select Virtual Hardware >> target hard disk and change the mode to Independent-persistent.
- Right click on the virtual machine > Power > Power on.

## Set STIG Parameters for vCenter

This procedure provides the instructions for setting the STIG parameters for vCenter:

### Procedure

To set the STIG parameters for vCenter, see [Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings](#)

## Set ESXi Welcome Message

To manually set the ESXi Welcome message:

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Using the vSphere Client, select the ESXi host in the Inventory.
- **Step 2** Click the Configuration tab.
- **Step 3** Click Advanced Settings under Software.
- **Step 4** Click Annotations.
- **Step 5** Enter the desired text in the Annotations.WelcomeMessage field.
- **Step 6** Click OK.

Or, you can use the following procedure:

- Browse to the host in the vSphere Web Client inventory.
- Click the Manage tab and click Settings.
- Under System, select Advanced System Settings.
- Select Annotations.WelcomeMessage and click the Edit icon.
- Enter the desired text.
- Click OK.

## Note

When a HX cluster is expanded, the STIG settings do not automatically get applied to the newly added hosts and VMs. Either the script has to be run again or the settings have to be applied manually. Currently if user wants to reset the STIG settings, it has to be done manually.

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## Documents / Resources

	<p><a href="#">CISCO How to Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings</a> [pdf] User Guide How to Configure vCenter Security Hardening Settings, How to Configure, vCenter Security Hardening Settings, Security Hardening Settings, Hardening Settings</p>
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