

Benewake TF-NOVA LiDAR Distance Sensor Module User **Manual**

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Benewake TF-NOVA LiDAR Distance Sensor Module



Product Information

Specifications

TF-NOVA LIDAR

- IR Laser: Wavelength 905nm
- Class 1 according to IEC 60825-1:2014, EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021

Product Usage Instructions

Laser Safety Information

- The LiDAR contains IR and visible laser spots. IR laser: Wavelength 905nm; Class 1 according to IEC 60825-1:2014, EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021.
- **CAUTION!** Use of controls, adjustments, or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Installation and Maintenance

- CAUTION! This laser product is classified as Class 1 during operational procedures.
- When the ranging feature is activated, the laser emitter of the LiDAR module may emit laser radiation; therefore, the LiDAR should NOT be aimed at humans and animals to ensure safety.
- Only trained and qualified personnel may install, set up, and repair the LiDAR.

Product Overview

• This chapter mainly introduces the measuring principle, technical specifications, structural description, equipment coordinates, and field of view distribution of the TF-NOVA LiDAR.

Measuring Principle

• Figure. 1: Pulsed time of flight

Preface

- This user manual contains the introduction, use and maintenance of TF-NOVA LiDAR.
- Please read this manual carefully before formal use, and strictly follow the steps described in the manual during use to avoid product damage, property loss, personal injury or/and violation of product warranty terms.
- If you encounter problems that cannot be solved during use, please contact Benewake staff for assistance.

Laser Safety Information

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT IEC 60825-1:2014

EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021

• CAUTION! Use of controls, adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Installation and Maintenance

- CAUTION! This laser product is classified as Class 1 during operational procedures.
- When the ranging feature is activated, the laser emitter of the LiDAR module may emit laser radiation, therefore, the LiDAR should NOT be aimed at humans and animals to ensure safety.
- This product is designed and calibrated for installation with exposed lenses. If a protective window needs to be added in front of the lens, it is necessary to ensure the use of materials with high transmission at 905nm wavelength and anti-reflective coating.
- Avoid the presence of smoke and fog in the detection field.
- · Avoid condensation.
- · Avoid direct exposure to moisture and water.
- Do not use rough fabric or dirty towels or aggressive products to clean the laser lenses.
- Do not use a supply voltage higher than the maximum required in the specifications to power the product.
- Clean the laser lenses with compressed air. When needed, wipe the laser lenses only with a soft, clean microfiber cloth.
- Make sure the sensor is securely mounted to prevent false readings or damage.
- Only trained and qualified personnel may install, setup and repair the LiDAR.

Product Overview

• This chapter mainly introduces the measuring principle, technical specifications, structural description, equipment coordinates and field of view distribution of the TF-NOVA LiDAR.

Measuring principle

- TF-NOVA is a typical Pulse Time of Flight (PToF) sensor.
- TF-NOVA emits a narrow pulse laser, which is collimated by the transmitting lens, which enters the receiving system after being reflected by the measured target and is focused on the detector by the receiving lens.
- The time between the transmitted signal and the received signal is calculated through the circuit amplification and filtering, and the distance between TF-NOVA and the measured target can be calculated through the speed of light.

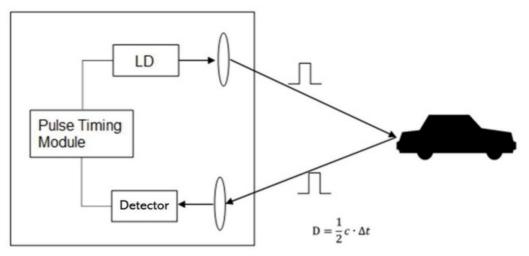


Figure. 1: Pulsed time of flight

Technical Specifications

Table. 1: Specification

Performance Parameter					
	≥3m @3%reflectivity, 0Klux				
Detection range®	≥7m @10% reflectivity, 0Klux				
	≥2m @10% reflectivity, 100Klux				
Blind zone	≤ 0.1m				
Accuracy@	±3cm @ 0.1-4m				
Repeatability	1cm (1 sigma)				
Distance resolution	1cm				
Default frame rate	Default 100Hz, 1-500Hz customizable				
Laser Parameters					
Light source	VCSEL				
Central wavelength	905nm				
FoV	Typ. 14°×1°				
Eye safety	Class 1 Eye-safe[EN60825] (Design assurance, the current prototype has not yet obtained the third-party				
Mechanical/Electrical					
Average power	TBD				
Peak current	TBD				
Power supply	DC 5±10%V				
Operating temperature	-25°C ~ +70°C				
Storage temperature	-30°C ~ +80°C				
Dimensions	TYP. 26.5x 21.05 x 12.0mm ³				
Weight	<5g				
Connector	1.25mm-5P				
Protection Level	N.A.				
Cable length	10cm				
Communication Protocol					
Communication Interface	UART, IIC, I/O				
Baud rate	Default 115200				
Data bit	8				
Stop bit	1				
Parity	None				

NOTICE

- 1. The measurement range is measured when all light spots are placed on the target board, at 25 °C. Changes in conditions may cause variations in the measurement results.
- 2. The accuracy is measured under the condition of 25 °C, 0Klux and 10% reflectance background board, and changes in conditions may cause changes in the measurement results.

Structural Appearance

The overall appearance of the LiDAR is as shown in the figure below.



Figure. 2: TF-NOVA Appearance

FoV

The FoV (field of view) is the angle covered by the LiDAR sensor. The horizontal FoV is 14° and the vertical FoV is 1°.

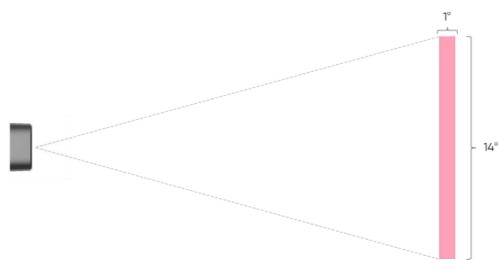


Figure. 3: FoV of TF-NOVA

NOTICE 14° and 1° are theoretical values. Because the manufacturing error and the installation error exist, there is divergence between actual and theoretical values.

Device Installation

This section introduces the mechanical installation and connection information of TF-NOVA LiDAR.

Mechanical installation

As shown in the following figure. TF-NOVA has 2 installation positioning holes available for use.

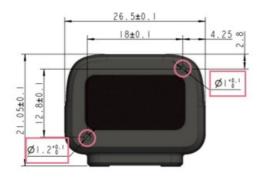


Figure. 4: Diagram of TF-NOVA installation hole

Connector

The connector is 1.25mm-5P, appearance and definition are shown as below.

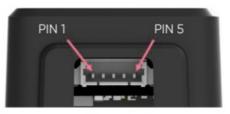


Figure. 5: LiDAR connector appearance

Table. 2: Interface connector pin definitions

Pin number	Definition
PIN 1	VCC
PIN 2	GND
PIN 3	TXD(3.3V)/SDA
PIN 4	RXD(3.3V)/SCL
PIN 5	Ю

Communication Protocol and data format

Serial Communication

- To connect two devices for TTL communication, the TXD of the transmitter should be connected to the RXD of the receiver, and the TXD of the receiver should be connected to the RXD of the transmitter.
- The LiDAR does not include a power switch. When power is supplied to the LiDAR, data will begin to be automatically transmitted.

Table. 3: Characteristics of UART Interface

Character	Value	Configurability
Baud rate	115200	Configurable
Data bit	8	Non-configurable
Stop bit	1	Non-configurable
Parity	None	Non-configurable

- NOTE Baud rate can be set to 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 56000, 57600, 115200, 128000, 230400, 256000, 460800, 500000, 512000, 600000, 750000, and 921600. If other value were set, TF-NOVA will set it to 115200.
- Serial port output format: 9-byte/cm (Default)

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Description	0x59	0x59	Dist_L	Dist_H	Peak_L	Peak_H	Temp	Confidence	Check_sum

• Dist: cm

• Peak: Signal strength

• Temp: Chip Temperature °C

• Confidence: Confidence level 0-100

• 9-byte/cm

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Description	0x59	0x59	Dist_L	Dist_H	Peak_L	Peak_H	Temp	Confidence	Check_sum

• Dist: mm

• Peak: Signal strength

• Temp: Chip Temperature °C

• Confidence: Confidence level 0-100

I²C Communication

- TF-NOVA supports up to 400kps clock speed as slave machine and its default address is 0x10. For more information about the I²C register table, refer to Appendix I²C register table.
- **Note:** In this document, the address of I²C slave device is a 7-bit value with value range [0x08, 0x77] ([08, 119] in decimal).
- For the first byte after I²C releases a start signal, the 7-bit address should be shifted leftward for one bit (i.e. multiplied with 2), and then filled with the read-write sign on the lowest bit.
- For TF-NOVA, the default address of slave device is 0x10, the address for write operations is 0x20, and the address for read operations is 0x21.

Write register timing:

Start Slave Addr W Ack r Addr Ack Data1 Ack DataN Ack Stop

Read register timing:

Start	Slave Addr	W	Ack			Register Addr		Ack	Stop
Start	Slave Addr	R	Ack	Data1	Ack		DataN	Nack	Stop

- Note that in the read register sequence, the host can directly generate the second Start signal without generating the first Stop signal. The last Nack can also be an Ack signal.
- After a write operation on the I²C register, it takes TF-NOVA some time to process. If users need to read the
 value from the register for validation purposes, we recommend waiting for 100ms after the write operation,
 before the next read operation.

On/off Mode

- On/off mode is designed for those users who only need to detect the existence of an object.
- TF-NOVA can start this mode using "Enable/disable on-off mode ID_ON_OFF_MODE=0x3B" and then shows result through pin 5.
- Figure 5 below shows how the mode works when a high level is set to represent an object is detected.

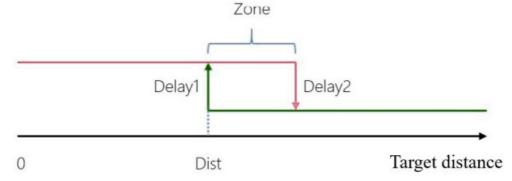


Figure 6 On/off mode that high level means closer

- **Zone value:** If an object is detected closer than Dist, then Pin 5 outputs high-level, but only if an object is detected farther than Dist + Zone, then Pin 5 outputs low-level.
- When zone is set to 0, pin 5 may output up and down due by the fluctuation of the measuring when the real distance happens to be the same as Dist. That is why a proper zone value is needed to help avoid this situation by having a hysteretic interval.
- Delay is also supported to avoid inaccurate jumping output. Pin 5 changes its output depends on the Dist value condition and the time it lasts.
- Delay1 (ms) and Delay2 (ms) determine how long the approaching changes and the leaving changes should wait after

- Dist value is already over the line.
- **Note:** Since the Dist value is set to 0 under factory setting when no object is detected and Amp is too low, then pin 6 may have false output in the on/off mode.

Serial communication commands

- Some parameters in TF-NOVA can be customized by customers, such as data frame format, frame rate, etc., which can be changed by sending specific instructions.
- After successful configuration, all parameters will be saved in Flash and do not need to be reconfigured when powered on again.
- When configuring parameters, please follow specific formats and rules to avoid sending commends not introduced below.

Byte	Definitio n	Description
Byte 0	Head	Fixed 0x5A
Byte 1	Length	The length of bytes from the head byte to check- sum
Byte 2	ID	Indicates how to parse the payload data
Byte 3~Byte N-2	Payload	Data segment, parsed based on ID, Little Endian Opt: Non 1 read/ 1. Write in
Byte N-1	Check sum	The lower 8 bytes of the sum from Head to Payload

Version information ID_GET_VERSION=0x01

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Check_sum

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3-5	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Version	Check_sum

• Version: For instance, if the third, fourth, and fifth bytes are 112, 50, 9, then the version is 9.50.112.

• Sample: Command [5A 04 01 5F]

System software restore ID_SOFT_RESET=0x02

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Check_sum

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status	Check_sum

• Status: 0 (success), otherwise (fail)

• Note: Any change without "save current setting" instruction will not be saved and will restore to original setting.

• Sample: Command [5A 04 02 60]

Output frequency ID_SAMPLE_FREQ=0x03

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3~4	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	FPS	Check_sum
Default				100	

• Freq: The actual operating frequency achieved by the LiDAR.

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3~4	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	FPS	Check_sum

• Freq: The actual operating frequency achieved by the LiDAR.

Sample: 10Hz [5A 06 03 0A 00 6D]

Output format setting ID_OUTPUT_FORMAT=0x05

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Format	Check_sum
Default				0x01	

• Format: 0x01(9byte cm),0x06(9byte mm)

• Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Format	Check_sum

Format: current output format settingSample: 9byt mm [5A 05 05 06 6A]

Baud rate setting ID_BAUD_RATE=0x06

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3~6	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Baudrate	Check_sum
Default				115200	

• Baudrate: current baud rate.

• Note: Configurable baud rate range [9600921600], effective after saving.

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3~6	7	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Baudrate	Status 0: succes s !0: fail	Check_sum

Sample:

- 9600 [5A 08 06 80 25 00 00 0D]
- 19200 [5A 08 06 00 4B 00 00 B3]
- **38400** [5A 08 06 00 96 00 00 FE]
- **57600** [5A 08 06 00 E1 00 00 49]
- 115200 [5A 08 06 00 C2 01 00 2B]
- 230400 [5A 08 06 00 84 03 00 EF]
- **460800** [5A 08 06 00 08 07 00 77]

• 921600 [5A 08 06 00 10 0E 00 86]

Enable/disable output ID_OUTPUT_EN=0x07

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Enable	Check_sum
Default				1	

• Enable: 0 (disable),1 (enable).

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Enable	Check_sum

Sample:

• Enable output [5A 05 07 01 67] Disable output [5A 05 07 00 66]

Enable/disable checksum comparison ID_FRAME_CHECKSUM_EN=0x08

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Enable	Check_sum
Default				0	

• Enable: 0 (disable), 1 (enable)

• **Note:** Even if the Downward data checksum comparison is disabled, the valid checksum is still included in the upward data frame.

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Enable	Check_sum

Sample:

• Enable checksum comparison [5A 05 08 01 68]

• Disable checksum comparison [5A 05 08 00 67]

Communication interface settings ID_IF_PROTOCOL=0x0A

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Opt	If_protocol	Check_sum
Default					!1	

• Opt: !1:read, 1:write

• If_protocol: !1:UART, 1:I2C

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status 0: suc cess !0:fail	If_protocol	Check_sum

Sample:

• Set to I²C [5A 06 0A 01 01 6C]

• Note: Effective after saving

I²C slave machine address configuration ID_I²C_SLAVE_ADDR=0x0B

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Opt	I ² C_slave_addr	Check_sum
Default					0x10	

• Opt: !1: read, 1:write

• I²C_slave_addr: range[0x08, 0x77]

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4		Len-1
Descriptio n	Head(0x5 A)	Le n	I D	Status 0:su ccess !0:fail	I ² C_slave_addr	Check_sum	

• Sample:

Restore default setting ID_RESTORE_DEFAULT=0x10

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	Len-1	
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Check_sum	

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status	Check_sum

• Status: 0(success), Non 0(fail).

• Sample:

• **Command** [5A 04 10 6E]

Save current setting ID_SAVE_SETTINGS=0x11

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Check_sum

Upward

Byte	0	1	2	3	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status	Check_sum

Status: 0 (success), Non 0 (fail).Sample: Command [5A 04 11 6F]

Distance limit setting rangeID_DIST_RANGE=0x3A

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4-5	6-7	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Opt	Min_dist	Max_dist	Check_sum
Default					0	65535	

• Opt: !1:read, 1:write

Min_dist: minimum distance output in mm,Max_dist: maximum distance output in mm

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	4-5	6-7	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status	Dist_min	Dist_max	Check_sum

• Status: 0 (success), Non 0 (fail).

Sample:

• Output limit when out of range with the minimum set to be 200mm and the maximum set to be 5000mm [5A 09 3A 01 C8 00 88 13 01]

Enable/disable on-off mode ID_ON_OFF_MODE=0x3B

Downward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	44	5-6	7-8	9-10	11–12	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Opt	Mode	Dist	Zone	Delay1	Delay2	Check_sum
Default					0	0	0	0	0	

- Opt:!1:read, 1:write
- Mode: 0 (Normal output), 1 (On-off mode with high level output when closer), 2
- (On-off mode with low level output when closer)
- Dist: critical dist value (the closer one) in centimeters.
- Zone: Zone size in centimeters
- **Delay1:** Delay time 1 in milliseconds. Pin 6 switch level only if the distance detected is less than Dist and the situation lasts for Delay1 long.
- **Delay2:** Delay time 2 in milliseconds. Pin 6 switch level only if the distance detected is more than Dist + Zone and the situation lasts for Delay2 long.

Upward:

Byte	0	1	2	3	44	5-6	7-8	9-10	11–12	Len-1
Description	Head(0x5A)	Len	ID	Status	Mode	Dist	Zone	Delay1	Delay2	Check_sum

- Sample: Enable on-off mode with high level output when closer, and set Dist = 200cm
- Zone=10cm, Delay1 = Delay2 = 1000ms: [5A 0E 3B 01 01 C8 00 0A 00 E8 03 E8 03 4D]
- CAUTION Do not send the command that is not in the list above.

Appendix I²C REGISTER TABLE

Addres s	R/W	Name	Initial V alu e	Description
0x00	R	DIST_LOW	_	cm
0x01	R	DIST_HIGH	_	
0x02	R	PEAK_LOW	_	
0x03	R	PEAK_HIGH	_	
0x04	R	TEMP_LOW	_	Unit: 0.01 Celsius
0x05	R	TEMP_HIGH	_	
0x06	R	TICK_LOW	_	Timestamp
0x07	R	TICK_HIGH	_	
0x08	R	ERROR_LOW	_	Error code
0x09	R	ERROR_HIGH	_	
0x0A	R	VERSION_REVISION	_	
0x0B	R	VERSION_MINOR	_	
0x0C	R	VERSION_MAJOR	_	
	W/			0(2MHz),1(10MHz),2(50MH
0x0D	R	IIC_SLAVE_IO_SPEED	0x00	z)
	W/			
0x0E	R	FITLER_DIST_LOW	_	distance filter threshold
0x0F	W/	FILTER_DIST_HIGH	_	

0x10- 0x1D	R	SN	_	Production code in 14 bytes ASCII code (0x10 is the first byte)
0x1E	W/R	IF_PROTOCOL	0x00	0x00: UART 0x01: IIC Save and restart to take effect
0x20	W	SAVE	_	Write 0x01 to save current setting
0x21	W	SHUTDOWN/REBOOT	_	Write 0x02 to reboot
0x22	W/ R	SLAVE_ADDR	0x10	range: [0x08, 0x77]
	I		I	
0x25	W/ R	ENABLE	0x01	0x00: Turn off LiDAR 0x01: Turn on LiDAR
0x26	W/	FPS_LOW	0x64	Frame rate
0x27	W/ R	FPS_HIGH	0x00	
0x29	W	RESTORE_FACTORY_DEFAULT S	_	Write 0x01 to restore factory default settings
0x2A	W/	PEAK_THR_LOW	_	PEAK threshold
0x2B	W/	PEAK_THR_HIGH	_	
0x2C	W/	PEAK_THR_FILTER_LOW	_	PEAK threshold filtering

0x2D	W/	PEAK_THR_FILTER_HIGH	_	
0x2E	W/R	MIN_DIST_LOW	0x00	Minimum dist in mm, but not workin g on DUMMY_DIST
0x2F	W/	MIN_DIST_HIGH	0x00	
0x30	W/R	MAX_DIST_LOW	0xFF	Maximum dist in mm, but not working on DUMMY_DIST
0x31	W/	MAX_DIST_HIGH	0xFF	
0x32	W/ R	ON_OFF_MODE_DIST_LOW	0x00	ON_OFF mode related registers, pl ease refer to: ON_OFF mode. Note that the distance unit in the IIC register is mm. Note: Minimum firmware version V 1.3.19
0x33	W/ R	ON_OFF_MODE_DIST_HIGH	0x00	

0x34	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_ZONE_LOW	0x00	
0x35	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_ZONE_HIGH	0x00	
0x36	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_DELAY1_LOW	0x00	
0x37	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_DELAY1_HIG	0x00	
0x38	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_DELAY2_LO W	0x00	
0x39	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_DELAY2_HIG	0x00	
0x3A	W/	ON_OFF_MODE_EN	0x00	
0x3C- 0x3F	R	SIGNATURE	_	'S' 'P' 'A' 'D'

Contact Details

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Disclaimer

- The TF-NOVA product is constantly being improved, and its specifications and parameters will undergo iterative changes. Please refer to the official website for the latest version.
- This user manual is only applicable to TF-NOVA prototypes between October 1st and November 15th, 2024.
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FAQ

- Q: Can the LiDAR be used outdoors?
 - **A:** The TF-NOVA LiDAR can be used outdoors but should be protected from extreme weather conditions like heavy rain or direct sunlight.
- Q: How far can the LiDAR measure?
 - A: The maximum range of the TF-NOVA LiDAR is X meters under optimal conditions.

Documents / Resources



Benewake TF-NOVA LiDAR Distance Sensor Module [pdf] User Manual

TF-NOVA LiDAR Distance Sensor Module, LiDAR Distance Sensor Module, Distance Sensor Module, Sensor Module, Module

References

• User Manual

Manuals+, Privacy Policy

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