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Beijer ELECTRONICS GT-3911 Analog Input Module



About This Manual

This manual contains information on the software and hardware features of the Beijer Electronics GT-3911 Analog Input Module. It provides in-depth specifications, guidance on installation, setup, and usage of the product.

Symbols Used in This Manual

This publication includes Warning, Caution, Note and Important icons where appropriate, to point out safety-related, or other important information. The corresponding symbols should be interpreted as follows:



MARNING

The Warning icon indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury, and major damage to the product.

ACAUTION

The Caution icon indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury, and moderate damage to the product.



The Note icon alerts the reader to relevant facts and conditions.



The Important icon highlights important information.

Safety

- Before using this product, please read this manual and other relevant manuals carefully. Pay full attention to safety instructions!
- In no event will Beijer Electronics be responsible or liable for damages resulting from the use of this product.
- The images, examples and diagrams in this manual are included for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Beijer Electronics cannot take responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

Product Certifications

The product has the following product certifications.

General Safety Requirements

WARNING

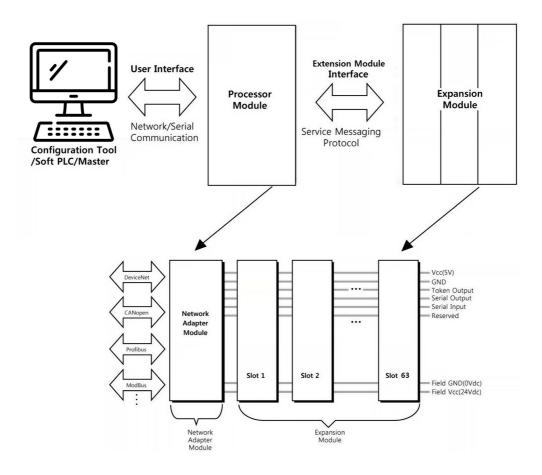
- Do not assemble the products and wires with power connected to the system. Doing so cause an "arc flash", which can result in unexpected dangerous events (burns, fire, flying objects, blast pressure, sound blast, heat).
- Do not touch terminal blocks or IO modules when the system is running. Doing so may cause electric shock, short circuit or malfunction of the device.
- Never let external metallic objects touch the product when the system is running.
 Doing so may cause electric shock, short circuit or malfunction of the device.
- Do not place the product near inflammable material. Doing so may cause a fire.
- All wiring work should be performed by an electrical engineer.
- When handling the modules, ensure that all persons, the workplace and the packing are well grounded. Avoid touching conductive components, the modules contain electronic components that may be destroyed by electrostatic discharge.

CAUTION

- Never use the product in environments with temperature over 60°C. Avoid placing the product in direct sunlight.
- Never use the product in environments with over 90% humidity.
- Always use the product in environments with pollution degree 1 or 2.

• Use standard cables for wiring.

About the G-series System

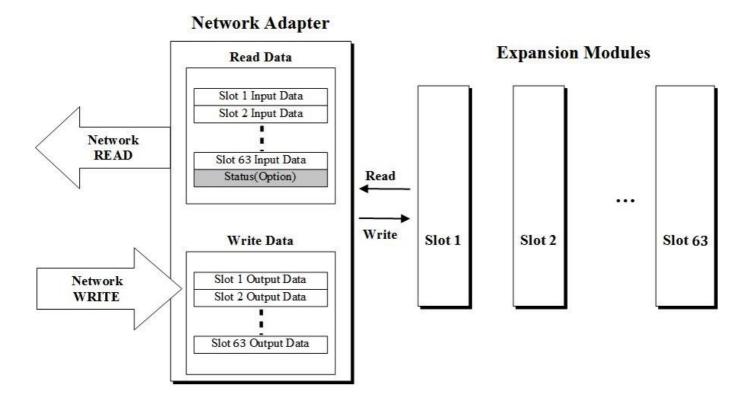


System overview

- Network Adapter Module The network adapter module forms the link between the field bus and the field devices with the expansion modules. The connection to different field bus systems can be established by each of the corresponding network adapter module, e.g., for MODBUS TCP, Ethernet IP, EtherCAT, PROFINET, CC-Link IE Field, PROFIBUS, CANopen, DeviceNet, CC-Link, MODBUS/Serial etc.
- Expansion Module Expansion module types: Digital IO, Analog IO, and Special modules.
- Messaging The system uses two types of messaging: Service messaging and IO messaging.

IO Process Data Mapping

An expansion module has three types of data: IO data, configuration parameter, and memory register. The data exchange between the network adapter and the expansion modules is made via IO process image data by internal protocol.



- Data flow between network adapter (63 slots) and expansion modules
- The input and output image data depend on the slot position and the data type of the
 expansion slot. The ordering of input and output process image data is based on the
 expansion slot position. Calculations for this arrangement are included in the manuals
 for network adapter and programmable IO modules.
- Valid parameter data depends on the modules in use. For example, analog modules
 have settings of either 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA, and temperature modules have settings
 such as PT100, PT200, and PT500. The documentation for each module provides a
 description of the parameter data.

Specifications

Environment Specifications

Operating temperature	-20°C – 60°C
UL temperature	-20°C – 60°C
Storage temperature	-40°C – 85°C
Relative humidity	5% – 90% non-condensing

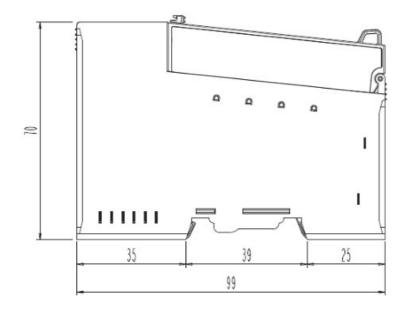
Mounting	DIN rail
Shock operating	IEC 60068-2-27 (15G)
Vibration resistance	IEC 60068-2-6 (4 g)
Industrial emissions	EN 61000-6-4: 2019
Industrial immunity	EN 61000-6-2: 2019
Installation position	Vertical and horizontal
Product certifications	CE, FCC

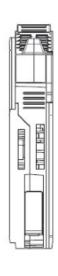
General Specifications

Power dissipation	Max. 125 mA @ 5 VDC	
Isolation	I/O to Logic: Photocoupler isolation Field power: Non-isolation	
Supply voltage: 24 VDC nominal Voltage rang 26.4 VDC Field power Power dissipation: 0 mA @ 24 VDC		
Wiring	I/O cable max. 2.0mm2 (AWG 14)	
Weight	63 g	
Module size	12 mm x 99 mm x 70 mm	

Dimensions







Module dimensions (mm)

Input Specifications

WARNING

As a product used for high voltage and high current, RTB is not removable for safety purposes.

Number of channels	3 Ch voltage input, 3 Ch current input via CT	
Indicators	Status, VL1, VL2, VL3, IL1, IL2, IL3	
Maximum input voltage range	V _{LN} = 288 VACV _{LL} = 500 VAC	
Input resistance voltag e path	1200 kΩ	

Measuring current	5 A (max.)CT 1: 4000 (max.)	
Input resistance curren t path	30 mΩ	
Resolution	24 bits	
Input frequency range	45 – 65 Hz	
Measured values	Angle, Voltage, Current, Power, Energy, Frequency, Power Factors	

NOTE

- \bullet The measuring accuracy is reduced, if the extended temperature range is used (-40 60 °C).
- If the input value is small, the error of calculation value can be large (please input 10% or more of the whole range).

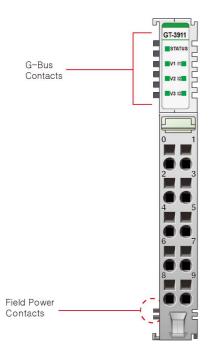
Update Cycle of Process Data

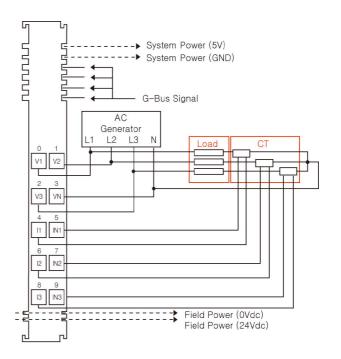
Measuring error	Voltage & current: 0.3 % @ 25 °C Voltage & current: 0.5 % @ -20 – 40 °C Voltage & current: 1 % @ -20 – 50 °C V	
	oltage & current: 1.5 % @ -40 – 60 °C Frequency: ± 0.1 Hz Phase angle: ± 0.6 °	

Read data	Update time
neau uata	Max
RMS voltage	300 us
Max. RMS voltage	300 us
Min. RMS voltage	300 us

RMS current	300 us
Max. RMS current	300 us
Min. RMS current	300 us
Apparent power	250 us
Active power	350 us
Max. active power	350 us
Min active power	350 us
Reactive power	2000 us
Apparent energy	100 ms
Total apparent energy	100 ms
Active energy	100 ms
Total active energy	100 ms
Reactive energy	100 ms
Total reactive energy	100 ms
cos phi	200 us
Supply network frequency	200 us
Max. supply network frequency	200 us
Min. supply network frequency	200 us
Phase angle phi	300 us

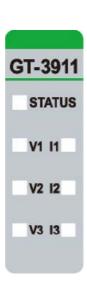
Wiring Diagram





Pin no.	Signal description
0	Voltage input 0 (L1)
1	Voltage input 1 (L2)
2	Voltage input 2 (L3)
3	Voltage input common (neutral)
4	Current input L1
5	Current input N1
6	Current input L2
7	Current input N1
8	Current input L3
9	Current input N3

LED Indicator



LED no.	LED function / description	LED color
0	Status	Green
1	Voltage input channel 1	Green
2	Current input channel 1	Green
3	Voltage input channel 2	Green
4	Current input channel 2	Green
5	Voltage input channel 3	Green
6	Current input channel 3	Green

LED Channel Statu

LED	Indicates
Voltage input LED: Off	Error occurred
Voltage input LED: Green	Normal operation
Voltage input LED: Off	Error occurred
Voltage input LED: Green	Normal operation
Current input LED: Off	Error occurred
	Voltage input LED: Off Voltage input LED: Green Voltage input LED: Off Voltage input LED: Green

Over current	Current input LED: Green	Normal operation
No signal	Voltage input LED: Off Current input LED: Off	Error occurred
No signal	Voltage input LED: Green Current input LED: Green	Normal operation
G-Bus status	Status LED: Off	Disconnection
	Status LED: Green	Connection

^{*} Please refer to Input Image Data.(Error Byte)

Mapping Data Into the Image Table

Byte	Output data	Input data
0	Control byte 0	Status byte 0
1	Control byte 1	Status byte 1
2	Control byte 2	Status byte 2
3	Control byte 3	Status byte 3
4		Error byte 0
5		Error byte 1
6		Error byte 2
7		Reserved
8		
9		

10		Process value 1			
11					
12					
13	Not used	Process value 2			
14		1 100030 Value 2			
15					
16					
17		Process value 3			
18					
19					
20					
21		Process value 4			
22		1 100035 VAIAO T			
23					

Input Image Value

Status bytes

Status by	rte 0									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bi	t 5		Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
RES	Meası	ıre	sele	ect	-	CON_	CON_ID			
Measure	select	0	=	Voltage						
		<u> </u>	1	1		-				

						1	I	I	ı
		1	=	Current					
		2	=	Power					
		3	=	PF					
		4	=	Phase angle					
		5	=	Frequency					
		6	=	Energy					
		7	=	Reserved					
RES		Re	eset	ting all min / max / energy	values				
CON_ID		C	_NC	ID					
Status by	rte 1								
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bi	t 5		Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserve d	Meas	ure	sele	ect		CON_	İD		
Measure select		Ι		Voltage					
Measure	select	0	=	Voltage					
Measure	select	0	=	Voltage Current					
Measure	select								
Measure	select	1	=	Current					
Measure	select	1 2	=	Current					
Measure	select	1 2 3	= =	Current Power PF					
Measure	select	1 2 3 4	= = =	Current Power PF Phase angle					

CON_ID		C	CON_ID						
Status by	rte 2								
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bi	t 5		Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserve d	Measi	ure	re Select CON_ID						
Measure	select	0	=	Voltage					
	1 = Current								
		2	=	Power					
		3	=	PF					
		4	=	Phase angle					
		5	=	Frequency					
		6	=	Energy	Energy				
		7	=	Reserved	Reserved				
CON_ID		C	ON_	ID					

Status byte 3										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Reserved	Measure	select		CON_ID						

Measure select	0 = Voltage 1 = Current 2 = Powe 3 = PF 4 = Phase angle 5 = Frequency 6 = Energy 7 = Reserved
CON_ID	CON_ID

Error bytes

Error byte 0										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
ERR_VL2	VL2_Err	or code		ERR_VL1	VL1_Error code					
ERR_VL1 Phase 1 voltage in				put ERROR 0	= OK1 = E	Error occui	rred			
ERR_VL2		Phase 2	voltage in	put ERROR 0	= OK1 = E	Error occui	rred			
Error byte 1										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
ERR_IL1	IL1_Erro	or code		ERR_VL3	VL3_Error code					
ERR_VL3		Phase 3	voltage in	put ERROR 0	= OK1 = E	Error occui	rred			
ERR_IL1		Phase 1	current in	put ERROR 0 :	= OK1 = E	rror occur	red			
Error byte 2										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
ERR_IL3 IL3_Error code				ERR_IL2	IL2_Erro	or code				

ERR_IL2 Phase 2 current input ERROR 0 = OK1 = Error occurrent	d
---	---

ERR_IL3	Phase 3 current input ERROR 0 = OK 1 = Error occurred
Error code	0 = No error 1 = Over input 2 = Under input 3 = No connect

Process value bytes

	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0							
	value 0 of s	tatus byte (
	value 0 of s	tatus byte (
byte		Proc0[7:0] Process value 0 of status byte 0										
	Process value 0-1 byte											
Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0							
Process	value 0 of s	tatus byte ()									
2 byte												
Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0							
Process	value 0 of s	tatus byte ()									
B byte												
	Bit 5 Process v 2 byte Bit 5	Bit 5 Process value 0 of s byte Bit 5 Bit 4 Process value 0 of s	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Process value 0 of status byte 0 2 byte Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Process value 0 of status byte 0 2 byte Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Process value 0 of status byte 0	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Process value 0 of status byte 0 2 byte Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Process value 0 of status byte 0							

Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
Proc0[31 : 24]										
Proc0[31:24] Process value 0 of status byte 0										
Process value 1-0 byte										
Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
Proc1[7:0]										
0]	Process v	alue 1 of st	atus byte 1							
Process value 1-1 byte										
Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
: 8]										
: 8]	Process v	alue 1 of st	atus byte 1							
alue 1-2 by	yte									
Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
: 16]										
: 16]	Process v	alue 1 of st	atus byte 1							
alue 1-3 by	yte									
Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
: 24]										
: 24]	Process v	alue 1 of st	atus byte 1							
	: 24] : 24] : 24] /alue 1-0 by Bit 6 0] /alue 1-1 by Bit 6 : 8] /alue 1-2 by Bit 6 : 16] /alue 1-3 by Bit 6 : 24]	: 24] : 24]	: 24] : 24] Process value 0 of start and the start and t	: 24] : 24] Process value 0 of status byte 0 ralue 1-0 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 0] 0] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-1 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 : 8] : 8] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-2 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 : 16] : 16] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-3 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 : 24]	: 24] : 24] Process value 0 of status byte 0 ralue 1-0 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 0] 0] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-1 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 : 8] : 8] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-2 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 : 16] : 16] Process value 1 of status byte 1 ralue 1-3 byte Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 : 24]	: 24] : 24]				

Process value 2-0 byte

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Proc2[7 :	Proc2[7:0]							
Proc2[7 :	Proc2[7:0] Process value 2 of status byte 2							
Process v	/alue 2-1 by	yte						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Proc2[15	: 8]							
Proc2[15	: 8]	Process v	alue 2 of st	atus byte 2)			
Process v	/alue 2-2 by	yte						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Proc2[23	: 16]							
Proc2[23	: 16]	Process v	alue 2 of st	atus byte 2)			
Process v	/alue 2-3 by	yte						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Proc2[31	: 24]							
Proc2[31	: 24]	Process v	alue 2 of st	atus byte 2	2			
Process v	/alue 3-0 by	yte						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Proc3[7:0]								
Proc3[7 :	Proc3[7:0] Process value 3 of status byte 3							
Process value 3-1 byte								
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	

Proc3[15 : 8]							
Proc3[15	Proc3[15:8] Process value 3 of status byte 3						
Process v	value 3-2 b	yte					
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Proc3[23 : 16]							
Proc3[23	: 16]	Process v	alue 3 of s	tatus byte 3	3		
Process value 3-3 byte							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Proc3[31 : 24]							
Proc3[31:24] Process value 3 of status byte 3							

Output Image Value

Control byte 0							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
RESET	Measure select			CON_ID			

Management	0 = Voltage 1 = Current 2 = Power 3 = PF
Measure select	4 = Phase angle 5 = Frequency 6 = Energy 7 = Reserved

RESET		Resetting all of the min/max energy values							
CON_ID		CON_ID							
Control byte	1								
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Reserved	Measure	select		CON_ID					
Measure select		0 = Voltage 1 = Current 2 = Power 3 = PF 4 = Phase angle 5 = Frequency 6 = Energy 7 = Reserved							
CON_ID		CON_ID							
Control byte	2								
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Reserved	Measure	select		CON_ID	ON_ID				
Measure select		0 = Voltage 1 = Current 2 = Power 3 = PF 4 = Phase angle 5 = Frequency 6 = Energy 7 = Reserved							
CON_ID		CON_ID							

Control byte X3							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Reserved	Measure select			CON_ID			

Measure select	0 = Voltage 1 = Current 2 = Power 3 = PF 4 = Phase angle 5 = Frequency 6 = Energy 7 = Reserved
CON_ID	CON_ID

CON_ID	Measured value	Data type	Scaling
Measure s	elect = Voltage	Data type	Scaling
00	RMS voltage L1-N	uint32	0.01 V
01	RMS voltage L2-N	uint32	0.01 V
02	RMS voltage L3-N	uint32	0.01 V
03	Max. RMS voltage L1-N	uint32	0.01 V
04	Max. RMS voltage L2-N	uint32	0.01 V
05	Max. RMS voltage L3-N	uint32	0.01 V
06	Min. RMS voltage L1-N	uint32	0.01 V
07	Min. RMS voltage L2-N	uint32	0.01 V

08	Min. RMS voltage L3-N uint32 0.01 V						
09							
0A							
0B							
0C	Reserved						
0D							
0E							
0F							
CON_ID	Measured value	Data type	Scaling				
Measure s	elect = Current	Data typo	County				
00	RMS Current L1-N	uint32	0.001 A				
01	RMS Current L2-N	uint32	0.001 A				
02	RMS Current L3-N	uint32	0.001 A				
03	Max. RMS Current L1-N	uint32	0.001 A				
04	Max. RMS Current L2-N	uint32	0.001 A				
05	Max. RMS Current L3-N	uint32	0.001 A				
06	Min. RMS Current L1-N	uint32	0.001 A				
07	Min. RMS Current L2-N	uint32	0.001 A				
08	Min. RMS Current L3-N	uint32	0.001 A				
09	Reserved						
0A	nesel veu						

0B			
0C			
0D			
0E			
0F			
CON_ID	Measured value	Data type	Scaling
Measure s	select = Power	Data type	Scanny
00	Apparent power L1	uint32	0.01VA
01	Apparent power L2	uint32	0.01VA
02	Apparent power L3	uint32	0.01VA
03	Active power L1	int32	0.01W
04	Active power L2	int32	0.01W
05	Active power L3	int32	0.01W
06	Max. active power L1	int32	0.01W
07	Max. active power L2	int32	0.01W
08	Max. active power L3	int32	0.01W
09	Min. active power L1	int32	0.01W
0A	Min. active power L2	int32	0.01W
0B	Min. active power L3	int32	0.01W
0C	Reactive power L1	int32	0.01VAR
0D	Reactive power L2	int32	0.01VAR

0E	Reactive power L3	int32	0.01VAR			
CON_ID	Measured value	Data typo	Sooling			
Measure s	elect = Energy	- Data type	Scaling			
00	Apparent energy L1	uint32				
01	Apparent energy L2	uint32				
02	Apparent energy L3	uint32				
03	Total apparent energy	uint32				
04	Active energy L1	int32				
05	Active energy L2	int32	Set the parameter			
06	Active energy L3	int32	Oet the parameter			
07	Total active energy	int32				
08	Reactive energy L1	int32				
09	Reactive energy L2	int32				
0A	Reactive energy L3	int32				
0В	Total reactive energy	int32				
0C						
0D	Reserved					
0E						
0F						
CON_ID	Measured value	Data type	Scaling			

Measure s	elect = Power factor						
00	Power factor L1	int32	0.01				
01	Power factor L2	int32	0.01				
02	Podwr factor L3	int32	0.01				
03							
04							
05							
06							
07							
08							
09	Reserved	Reserved					
0A							
0B							
0C							
0D							
0E							
0F							
CON_ID	Measured value	Data type	Scaling				
Measure S	Select = Frequency	Data type	County				
00	Supply network frequency L1	uint32	0.01 Hz				
01	Supply network frequency L2	uint32	0.01 Hz				

02	Supply network frequency L3	uint32	0.01 Hz			
03	Max. supply network frequency L1	uint32	0.01 Hz			
04	Max. supply network frequency L2	uint32	0.01 Hz			
05	Max. supply network frequency L3	uint32	0.01 Hz			
06	Min. supply network frequency L1	uint32	0.01 Hz			
07	Min. supply network frequency L2	uint32	0.01 Hz			
08	Min. supply network frequency L3	uint32	0.01 Hz			
09						
0A						
0B	Reserved					
0C	TIESELVEU					
0D						
0E						

Parameter Data

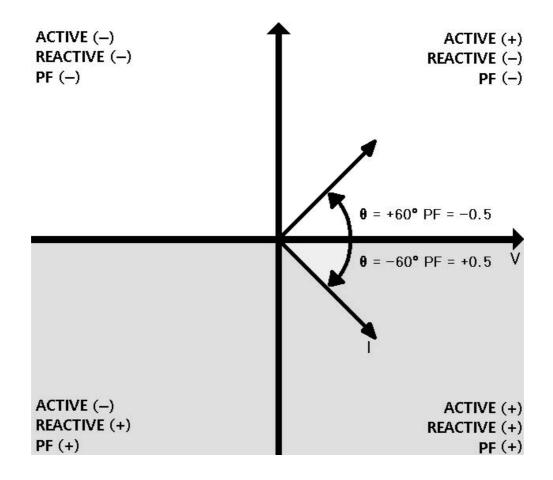
Valid Parameter length: 5 Bytes

	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0
Byte#0	OT sensor 1 : x Value for the current transformer ratio divisor							
Буке#0								
	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0
			1	1		1	1	1

	Frequency	Scaling	for ener	gy valu	CT sensor 1 : x			
	0 = 45 - 55 Hz	0 = 1m	0 = 1m Wh/VARh/VAh			or the current transformer rat		
Byte#1	1 = 55 – 65 Hz	1 = 0.0 h	1 = 0.01 Wh/VARh/VA					
		2 = 0.1	Wh/VAR	Rh/VAh				
		3 = 1 W	/h/VARh/	/VAh				
		4 = 0.0 h	4 = 0.01k Wh/VARh/VA					
		5 = 0.1k Wh/VARh/VAh						
		6 = 1k \	Wh/VARI	h/VAh				
		7 = Res	served					
	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0
Byte#2	Overvoltage	threshol	d Lx (val	ue) resol	ution 0.2	V		
	Overvoltage	threshol	d = 250 \	V + value	* 0.2 V (ı	max. 300	V)	
	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0
Byte#3	Undervoltag	Jndervoltage threshold Lx (value) resolution 0.5 V						
	Undervoltag	Undervoltage threshold = 0 V + value * 0.5 V (max. 125 V)						
	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0
Byte#4	Overcurrent	thresholo	d Lx (valu	ue) Reso	lution 2 m	Α		
	Overcurent t	hreshold	= 0.8 A	+ value *	0.002 A	(max. 1.3	A)	

NOTE

Set frequency to get the correct power factor and energy.



NOTE

The reactive power measurement is negative when the load is capacitive, and when the load is inductive. The sign of the reactive power can therefore be used to reflect the sign of the power factor.

- Power factor = (Sign fundamental reactive power) * (abs (Active power)) / Apparent power)
- Example of setting
- Read data: Phase1 RMS Voltage / RMS Current / Apparent power / Active power.
- Input value: 220 V, 1000 A, PF 0.5.
- Parameter: CT 1: 1000, input frequency 55-65 Hz, overvoltage threshold 260 V, other is Default(0).
- Overvoltage threshold = (260 V (user setting value) 250 V (default setting value)) /
 0.2 V. Resolution: 0.2 V.
- Overcurrent threshold = 1000 A (user setting CT 1: 1000) = ((1 A (user setting value) 0.8 (default setting value)) / 0.001) * 1000 (CT). Resolution: 0.001 A.

- All of default value is 0.
- 3. Check the Status byte. When Status byte and Control byte are the same, the Process value is

Parameter	Value
CT sensor 1 : x (12 bit)	001111101000 (bit) Set CT 1000
Scaling for energy values (3 bit)	000 (bit) Set 1m Wh/VARh/VAh
Frequency (1 bit)	1 (bit) Set 55-65 Hz
Overvoltage threshold Lx (8 bit)	00110010 (bit) Set 260 V
Undervoltage threshold Lx (8 bit)	00000000 (bit) Set 0 V (default)
Overcurrent threshold Lx(8 bit)	00000000 (bit) Set 0.8 A (default)
All of parameter	E8 83 32 00 00 (Byte hex)

Set the Control byte (see chapter Output image value).

	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0	
Control	RES	Measur e)				CON_ID (RMS voltage L1-N)			
byle #U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Control	Reserved	Measur t)	Measure select (Curren t)			CON_ID (RMS current L1-N)			
byte #1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Control	Reserved	Measur	Measure select (Power)			O (Appare	ent powe	er L1)	
byte #2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
							•		

Control	Reserved	Measur	e select	(Power)	CON_IE	O (Active	power L	1)
byte #3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1

Check the Status byte. When Status byte and Control byte are the same, the Process value is updated.

	Bit#7	Bit#6	Bit#5	Bit#4	Bit#3	Bit#2	Bit#1	Bit#0	
Status b	RES	Measur e)	e select	(Voltag	CON_ID (RMS voltage L1-N)				
yte #0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Status b	Reserved	Measure select (Curren t)			CON_ID (RMS current L1-N)				
yte #0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Status b	Reserved	Measur	Measure select (Power)			CON_ID (Apparent power L1)			
yte #0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Status b	Reserved	Measur	e select	(Power)	CON_ID (Active power L1)			1)	
yte #0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	

Check the Process value.

Process value#0 (RMS Voltage)	000055F0(Dword hex) 22000(Dec) 220 V
Process value#1 (RMS Current)	000F4240(Dword hex) 1000000(Dec) 1000 A
Process value#2 (Apparent power)	014FB180(Dword hex) 22000000(Dec) 220 kV A

Process value#3 (Active power)	00A7D8C0(Dword hex) 11000000(Dec) 110 k W
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Hardware Setup

CAUTION

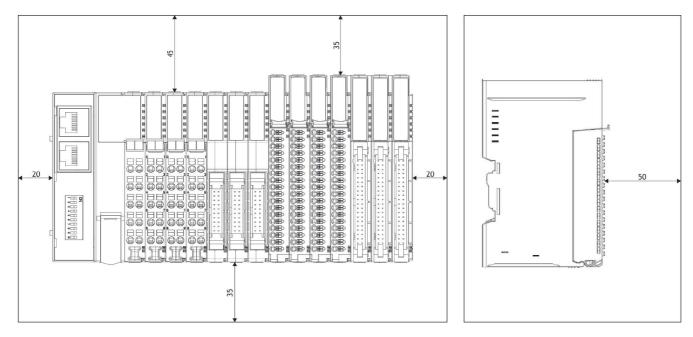
- Always read this chapter before installing the module!
- Hot surface! The surface of the housing can become hot during operation. If the
 device is used in high ambient temperatures, always let the device cool down before
 touching it.
- Working on energized devices can damage the equipment! Always turn off the power supply before working on the device.

Space Requirements

The following drawings show the space requirements when installing the G-series modules. The spacing creates space for ventilation, and prevents conducted electromagnetic interference from influencing the operation. Installation position is valid vertical and horizontal. The drawings are illustrative and may be out of proportion.

CAUTION

NOT following the space requirements may result in damaging the product.



Vertical and horizontal space requirements

Required distance to door

Mount Module to DIN Rail

The following chapters describe how to mount the module to the DIN rail.

CAUTION

The module must be fixed to the DIN rail with the locking levers.

Mount GL-9XXX or GT-XXXX Module

The following instructions apply to these module types:

- GL-9XXX
- GT-1XXX
- GT-2XXX
- GT-3XXX
- GT-4XXX
- GT-5XXX
- GT-7XXX

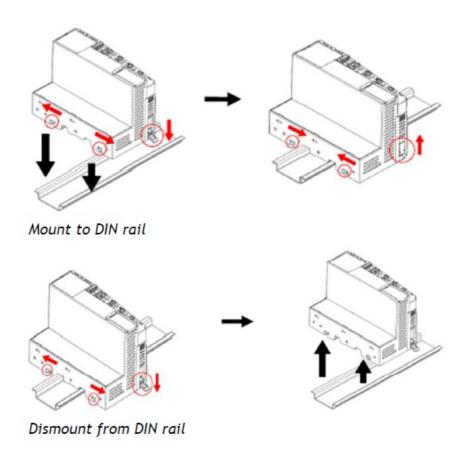
GN-9XXX modules have three locking levers, one at the bottom and two on the side. For mounting instructions, refer to Mount GN-9XXX Module.



Dismount from DIN rail

Mount GN-9XXX Module

To mount or dismount a network adapter or programmable IO module with the product name GN-9XXX, for example GN-9251 or GN-9371, see the following instructions:

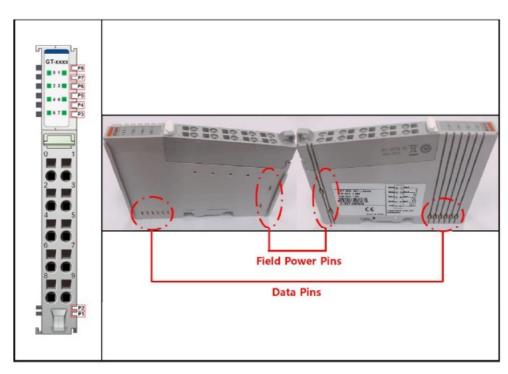


Field Power and Data Pins

Communication between the G-series network adapter and the expansion module, as well as system /field power supply of the bus modules is carried out via the internal bus. It is comprised of 2 Field Power Pins and 6 Data Pins.

WARNING

Do not touch the data and field power pins! Touching can result in soiling and damage by ESD noise.



Pin no.	Name	Description
P1	System VCC	System supply voltage (5 VDC)
P2	System GND	System ground
P3	Token output	Token output port of processor module
P4	Serial output	Transmitter output port of processor module
P5	Serial input	Receiver input port of processor module
P6	Reserved	Reserved for bypass token
P7	Field GND	Field ground

P8	Field VCC	Field supply voltage (24 VDC)

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FAQ

Q: What do the LED indicators signify?

A: The LED indicators show the status of each channel, providing information on the module's functioning.

Q: Can the terminal be removed for maintenance?

A: No, the terminal on this module is non-removable for safety and stability reasons.

Documents / Resources



Beijer ELECTRONICS GT-3911 Analog Input Module [pdf] User Manual GT-3911, GT-3911 Analog Input Module, GT-3911, Analog Input Module, I nput Module, Module

References

- User Manual
- Beijer ELECTRONICS
- ♠ Analog Input Module, Beijer ELECTRONICS, GT-3911, GT-3911 Analog Input Module, Input Module, Module

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