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Waveshare SX1262 915M LoRa HAT

Waveshare SX1262/SX1268 915MHz LoRa HAT Instruction Manual

Model: SX1262 915M LoRa HAT | Brand: Waveshare

[Overview](#) [Features](#) [Setup](#) [Operation](#) [Specifications](#) [Troubleshooting](#) [Support](#)

1. OVERVIEW

The Waveshare SX1262/SX1268 LoRa HAT is designed for Raspberry Pi series boards, offering robust long-range communication capabilities. It operates in the 915MHz frequency band, enabling data transmission over distances up to 5km via a serial port. This module leverages advanced LoRa spread spectrum modulation technology for enhanced communication distance, higher data rates, lower power consumption, and improved security and anti-interference compared to standard LoRa modules. Key functionalities include Wake on Radio, wireless configuration, carrier sensing, and customizable communication keys. It is well-suited for diverse applications such as industrial control, smart home systems, and data collection.

2. KEY FEATURES

- **Long-Range Communication:** Achieves data transmission up to 5km using SX1262/SX1268 LoRa modules.
- **Raspberry Pi Compatibility:** Features a standard 40PIN GPIO extension header, supporting Raspberry Pi 5/4B/3B/Zero/Zero W/Zero 2W/Pico/Pico W/Pico WH.
- **Flexible Interface:** Includes an onboard CP2102 USB TO UART converter for serial debugging and a UART control interface for connecting host boards like Arduino/STM32.
- **Enhanced Reliability:** Utilizes LoRa spread spectrum modulation technology with up to 81 available signal channels for robust interference resistance and multi-level auto repeating for ultra-long-range communication.
- **Low Power Consumption:** Supports deep sleeping and Wake on Radio features, making it ideal for battery-powered applications.
- **Security Features:** Offers customizable communication keys for improved user data security.
- **Network Optimization:** Supports Listen Before Talk (LBT) for improved success rates in extreme environments and RSSI signal intensity indication for evaluating signal quality.
- **Wireless Configuration:** Allows remote configuration or retrieval of module parameters by sending wireless commands/data packets.

- **Versatile Communication Modes:** Supports fixed-point transmission, broadcast, and signal channel monitoring.
- **Status Indicators:** Equipped with 4 LED indicators for easy monitoring of module status.

3. SETUP AND INSTALLATION

3.1. Hardware Connection

1. **Attach to Raspberry Pi:** Carefully align the 40PIN GPIO extension header of the LoRa HAT with the GPIO pins on your Raspberry Pi board. Gently press down to ensure a secure connection.
2. **Connect Antenna:** Screw the provided antenna onto the SMA antenna connector (7) on the LoRa HAT. Ensure it is finger-tight.
3. **Power Connection:** Connect your Raspberry Pi to a suitable power supply. The LoRa HAT draws power directly from the Raspberry Pi's GPIO.

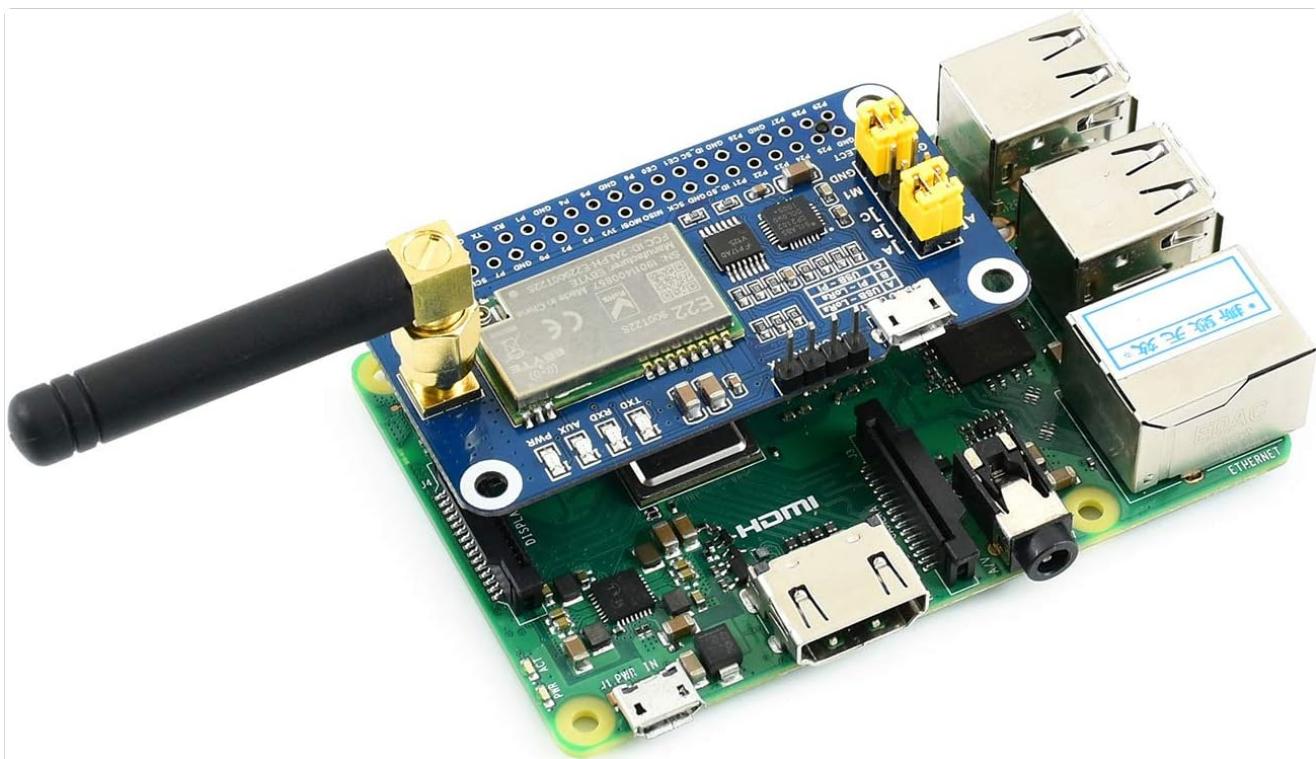
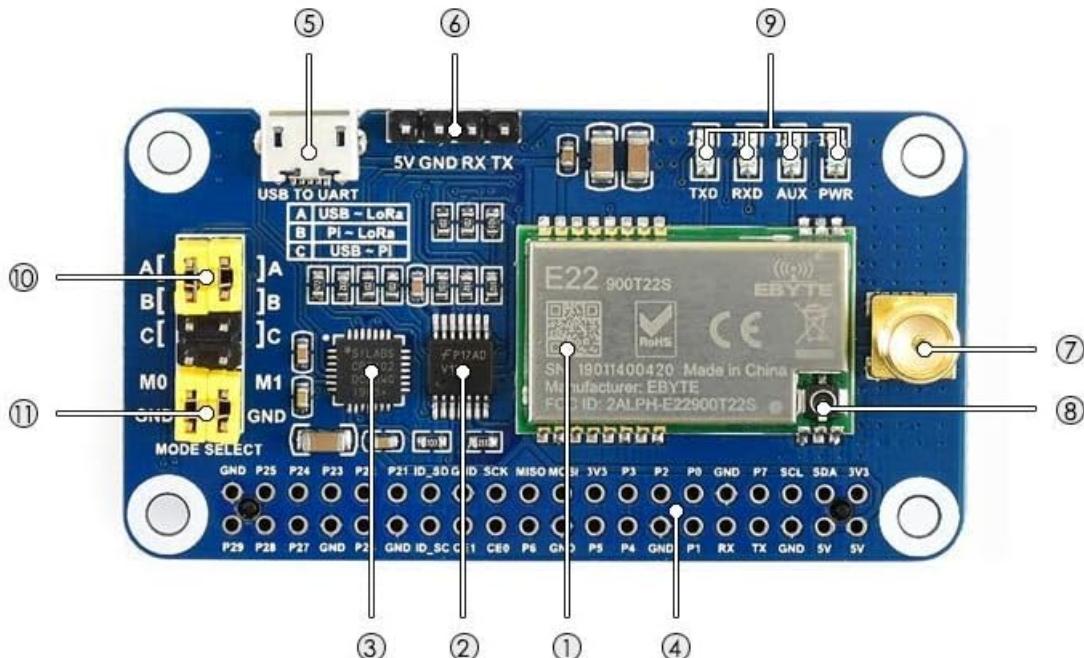


Figure 1: Waveshare SX1262/SX1268 LoRa HAT securely mounted on a Raspberry Pi board.

3.2. Component Identification

What's on Board



1. SX1262 LoRa module

2. 74HC125V: voltage level translator
3. CP2102: USB TO UART converter
4. Raspberry Pi GPIO connector: for connecting with Raspberry Pi
5. USB TO UART port
6. UART header: for connecting host boards like STM32/Arduino
7. SMA antenna connector
8. IPEX antenna connector
9. Indicators:
 - RXD/TXD: UART RX/TX indicator
 - AUX: auxiliary indicator
 - PWR: power indicator

10. UART selection jumpers

- A: control the LoRa module through USB TO UART
- B: control the LoRa module through Raspberry Pi
- C: access Raspberry Pi through USB TO UART

11. LoRa mode selection jumpers

- short M0, short M1: transmission mode
- short M0, open M1: configuration mode
- open M0, short M1: WOR mode
- open M0, open M1: deep sleep mode

Development Resources

Wiki : www.waveshare.com/wiki/SX1262_915M_LoRa_HAT

Figure 2: Detailed view of the Waveshare LoRa HAT with numbered components.

1. SX1262 LoRa module

2. 74HC125V: voltage level translator
3. CP2102: USB TO UART converter
4. Raspberry Pi GPIO connector: for connecting with Raspberry Pi
5. USB TO UART port
6. UART header: for connecting host boards like STM32/Arduino
7. SMA antenna connector
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 - open M0, short M1: WOR mode
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3.3. Software Configuration (Raspberry Pi)

1. **Enable Serial Port:** Ensure the serial port on your Raspberry Pi is enabled. This can typically be done via `sudo raspi-config` -> Interface Options -> Serial Port. Disable login shell over serial and enable the serial port hardware.
2. **Install Drivers:** For the CP2102 USB TO UART converter, drivers are usually built into modern Linux kernels. If issues arise, consult Waveshare's official documentation for specific driver installation instructions.
3. **Install Libraries/Examples:** Download the official Waveshare development resources and examples for Raspberry Pi. These typically include Python or C libraries and sample code to interact with the LoRa HAT.
4. **Configure LoRa Mode:** Set the LoRa mode selection jumpers (11) according to your application needs (e.g., transmission, configuration, WOR, deep sleep).

4. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

4.1. Basic Data Transmission/Reception

Once the hardware is connected and software configured, you can begin transmitting and receiving data. Refer to the provided example code in the Waveshare development resources for basic send/receive functionalities. This typically involves:

- Initializing the LoRa module with desired frequency, bandwidth, and spreading factor.
- Sending data packets from one LoRa HAT.
- Receiving data packets on another LoRa HAT.
- Monitoring the RXD/TXD LEDs (9) for data activity.

4.2. Advanced Features

- **Wireless Configuration:** Utilize specific commands to remotely configure parameters such as frequency, power, and data rate.
- **Wake on Radio (WOR):** Configure the module to enter a low-power state and wake up upon receiving a specific signal, ideal for battery-powered nodes.
- **Carrier Sensing (LBT):** Implement LBT to check for channel activity before transmitting, reducing collisions and improving reliability in busy environments.
- **RSSI Monitoring:** Use the RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) values to assess link quality and optimize antenna placement or network topology.

5. SPECIFICATIONS

Feature	Detail
Brand	Waveshare
Model Name	Waveshare SX1262/SX1268 LoRa HAT
Item Model Number	SX1262 915M LoRa HAT
Wireless Type	Radio Frequency (LoRa)
Frequency Band	915MHz
Communication Distance	Up to 5km (through serial port)
Interface	UART (via CP2102 USB-to-UART converter), GPIO
Compatibility	Raspberry Pi series boards (40PIN GPIO header)
Operating System	Raspberry Pi OS (Debian-based), Ubuntu
Item Weight	0.352 ounces
Package Dimensions	4.21 x 3.19 x 0.94 inches

6. MAINTENANCE

- **Cleaning:** Gently clean the board with a soft, dry brush or compressed air to remove dust. Avoid using liquids or abrasive materials.
- **Storage:** Store the LoRa HAT in a cool, dry environment away from direct sunlight and extreme temperatures. If not in use for extended periods, consider storing it in an anti-static bag.
- **Firmware Updates:** Periodically check the Waveshare official website for any firmware updates or new software resources to ensure optimal performance and access to new features.

7. TROUBLESHOOTING

- **No Power/LEDs Off:**
 - Ensure the Raspberry Pi is powered on and the LoRa HAT is correctly seated on the GPIO header.

- Check the power supply to the Raspberry Pi.

- **Communication Failure (UART/Serial):**

- Verify that the serial port on your Raspberry Pi is correctly enabled and configured (e.g., baud rate, parity).
- Check the LoRa selection jumpers (10) to ensure the correct control interface is selected.
- Ensure the CP2102 USB TO UART converter drivers are installed and recognized by the operating system.

- **Poor Range/Signal Issues:**

- Ensure the antenna is securely connected to the SMA connector (7).
- Check for obstructions between transmitting and receiving modules. LoRa performance is best with line-of-sight.
- Verify that both modules are configured to the same frequency, bandwidth, and spreading factor.
- Consider using a higher gain antenna if extended range is critical.

- **Software/Example Code Errors:**

- Ensure all necessary libraries are installed for your chosen programming language (Python, C, etc.).
- Double-check your code against the provided examples for any syntax or logical errors.
- Consult the Waveshare wiki or community forums for common issues and solutions.

8. SUPPORT AND WARRANTY

For technical support, detailed documentation, and additional resources, please visit the official Waveshare Wiki page for the SX1262/SX1268 LoRa HAT. This resource provides comprehensive guides, example code, and troubleshooting tips.

Waveshare Wiki: https://www.waveshare.com/wiki/SX1262_915M_LoRa_HAT

For warranty information and customer service inquiries, please refer to the Waveshare official website or contact their support team directly through the channels provided on their site.