

ALINX AN9238 2 Channel High Speed AD Module User Manual

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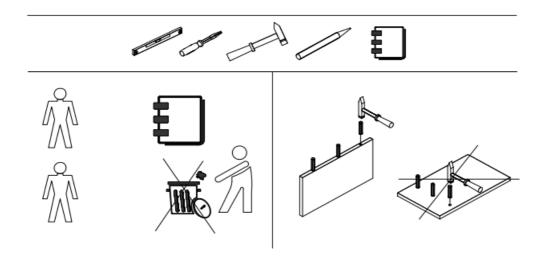
ALINX AN9238 2 Channel High Speed AD Module



Product 2-Channel High Speed AD Module AN9238

The ALINX high-speed AD module AN9238 is a 2-channel 65MSPS, 12-bit analog signal to digital signal module. The AD conversion of the module adopts the AD9238 chip of ADI Company. The AD9238 chip supports 2-channel AD input conversion, so one AD9238 chip supports 2-channel AD input conversion. The analog signal input supports single-ended analog signal input, the input voltage range is -5V~+5V, and the interface is an SMA socket.

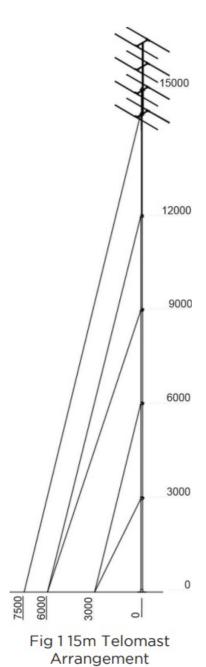
The module has a standard 0.1 pitch 40-pin female header for connecting to the FPGA development board.



Part 1.1: AN9238 Module Parameter Description

The following are the detailed parameters of the high-speed AD module AN9238: AD conversion chip: 1 piece of AD9238.

Part 1.2: AN9238 Module Size Dimension



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Product AN9238 Module Function Description

Part 2.1: AN9238 Module Hardware Block Diagram



Fig 2 Shipping Pin

For the specific reference design of the AD9238 circuit, please refer to the AD9238 chip manual.

Part 2.1: Single-ended Input and Operational Amplifier Circuit

The single-ended input AD1 and AD2 are input through two SMA headers, J5 or J6, and the voltage of the single-ended input is-5V~+5V.

On the FPGA development board, the input voltage of $-5V\sim+5V$ is reduced to $-1V\sim+1V$ through the AD8065 chip and voltage divider resistors. If the user wants to input a wider range of voltage, just modify the resistance of the front-end voltage dividerresistor.

Conversion Formula: VOUT = (1.0/5.02)*VIN

The following table is the voltage comparison table after analog input signal and AD8065 operational amplifier output:

AD Analog Input Value	AD8065 Operational Amplifier Output
-5 V	-1 V
OV	OV
+5 V	+1 V

Part 2.2: Single-ended to Differential and AD Conversion

The input voltage of $-1V\sim+1V$ is converted into a differential signal (VIN+ – VIN-) by the AD8138 chip, and the common mode level of the differential signal is determined by the CML pin of AD.

Product AD Sampling DEMO Program Description

No information provided in the manual.

Product Hardware Connection and Testing

Part 4.1: Take the AX301B Development Board as an example

No information provided in the manual.

Part 4.2: Take the AX309 Development Board as an example

No information provided in the manual.

Part 4.3: Serial Display Voltage

No information provided in the manual.

Product Usage Instructions

- 1. Connect the AN9238 module to the FPGA development board using the standard 0.1 pitch 40-pin female header.
- 2. Input analog signals through the SMA socket headers J5 or J6. The analog signal input supports single-ended

analog signal input, and the input voltage range is -5V~+5V.

- 3. If you want to input a wider range of voltage, modify the resistance of the front-end voltage divider resistor.
- 4. The input voltage of -5V~+5V is reduced to -1V~+1V through the AD8065 chip and voltage divider resistors.
- 5. The input voltage of -1V~+1V is converted into a differential signal (VIN+ VIN-) by the AD8138 chip.

2-Channel High Speed AD Module AN9238

ALINX high-speed AD module AN9238 is a 2-channel 65MSPS, 12-bit analog signal to digital signal module. The AD conversion of the module adopts the AD9238 chip of ADI Company. The AD9238 chip supports 2-channel AD input conversion, so one AD9238 chip supports 2-channel AD input conversion. The analog signal input supports single-ended analog signal input, the input voltage range is -5V~+5V, and the interface is an SMA socket. The module has a standard 0.1 pitch 40-pin female header for connecting to the FPGA development board



Figure 1-1: AN9238 Module Product Image

AN9238 Module Parameter Description

The following are the detailed parameters of the high-speed AD module AN9238:

• AD conversion chip: 1 piece of AD9238

· AD conversion channel: 2 channels;

· AD sampling rate: 65MSPS;

· AD sampling data bits: 12 bits;

• Digital interface level standard: +3.3V CMOS level

• AD analog signal input range: -5V~+5V

• Analog signal input interface: SMA interface

Measurement accuracy: about 10Mv

Working temperature: -40°~85°

AN9238 Module Size Dimension

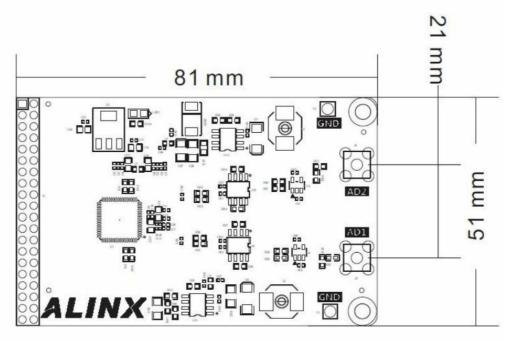


Figure 1-2: AN9238 Module Size Dimension

AN9238 Module Function Description

AN9238 Module Hardware Block Diagram

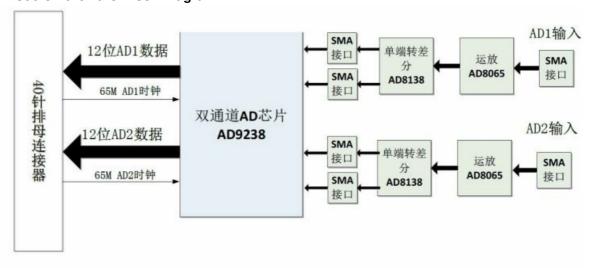


Figure 2-1: AN9238 Module Hardware Block Diagram

AN9238 Module Hardware Block Diagram

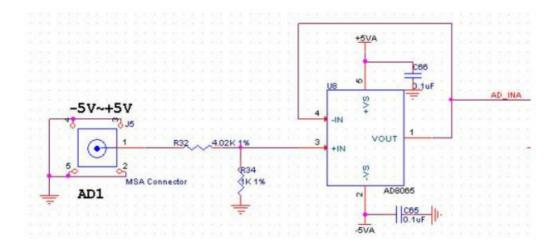
For the specific reference design of the AD9238 circuit, please refer to the AD9238 chip manual.

Single-ended Input and Operational Amplifier Circuit

The single-ended input AD1 and AD2 are input through two SMA headers, J5 or J6, and the voltage of the single-ended input is -5V~+5V.

On the FPGA development board, the input voltage of $-5V^-+5V$ is reduced to $-1V^-+1V$ through the AD8065 chip and voltage divider resistors. If the user wants to input a wider range of voltage, just modify the resistance of the front-end voltage divider resistor.

Conversion Formula: VOUT = (1.0/5.02)*VIN

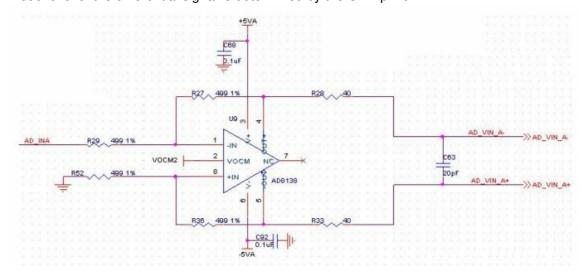


The following table is the voltage comparison table after analog input signal and AD8065 operational amplifier output:

AD Analog Input Value	AD8065 Operational Amplifier Output
-5 V	-1 V
0 V	0 V
+5 V	+1 V

Single-ended to Differential and AD Conversion

The input voltage of $-1V\sim+1V$ is converted into a differential signal (VIN+ -VIN-) by the AD8138 chip, and the common mode level of the differential signal is determined by the CML pin of AD.



The following table is the voltage comparison table after analog input signal to AD8138 differential output:

AD Analog Input Value	AD8065 Operational Amplifier Output	AD8138 Differential Output (VIN+-VIN-)
-5 V	-1 V	-1 V
0 V	0 V	0 V
+5 V	+1 V	+1 V

AD9238 Conversion

The default AD is configured as offset binary, and the value of AD conversion is shown in the figure below:

Table 16. Output Data Format

Input (V)	Condition (V)	Offset Binary Output Mode
VIN+ - VIN-	< -VREF - 0.5 LSB	0000 0000 0000
VIN+ - VIN-	= -VREF	0000 0000 0000
VIN+ - VIN-	= 0	1000 0000 0000
VIN+ - VIN-	= +VREF - 1.0 LSB	1111 1111 1111
VIN+ - VIN-	>+VREF - 0.5 LSB	1111 1111 1111

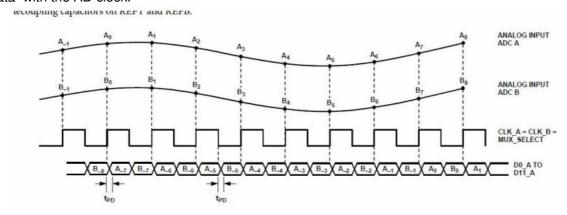
In the module circuit design, the VREF value of AD9238 is 1V, so the final analog signal input and AD conversion data are as follows

AD Analog Input Value	AD8065 Operational Amplifier Output	AD8138 Differential Output (VIN+-VIN-)	AD9238 Digital Output
-5 V	-1 V	-1 V	00000000000
0 V	0 V	0 V	10000000000
+5 V	+1 V	+1 V	11111111111

From the table, we can see that the digital value converted by AD9238 is the smallest when -5V is input, and the digital value converted by AD9238 is the largest when it is +5V.

AN9238 Digital Output Timing

The digital output of AD9238 dual-channel AD is +3.3VCMOS output mode, 2 channels (A and B) independent data and clock. AD data converts data on the rising and falling edges of the clock, and the FPGA end can sample the AD data with the AD clock.



The Pin Assignment of AN9238 Module

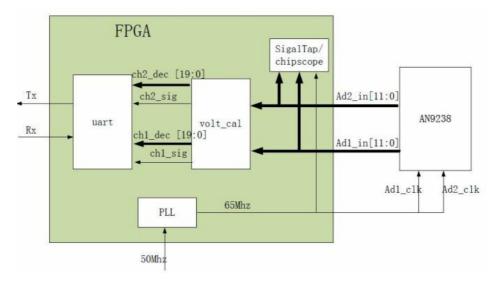
Only the signals of the 40-pin extension interface are listed below. For specific users, please refer to the schematic diagram

Pin Number	Signal Name	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	+5V	5V Power Input
3	CH2_CLK	AD Channel B Clock.
4	CH2_D0	AD Channel B Data DATA0
5	CH2_D1	AD Channel B Data DATA2
6	CH2_D2	AD Channel B Data DATA2
7	CH2_D3	AD Channel B Data DATA3
8	CH2_D4	AD Channel B Data DATA4
9	CH2_D5	AD channel B data DATA5
10	CH2_D6	AD Channel B Data DATA6
11	CH2_D7	AD Channel B Data DATA7
12	CH2_D8	AD Channel B Data DATA8
13	CH2_D9	AD Channel B Data DATA8
14	CH2_D10	AD Channel B Data DATA10
15	CH2_D11	AD Channel B Data DATA11
16	CH2_OTR	The Voltage of AD Channel B is Out of Range
17	_	NA
18	_	NA
19	CH1_D1	AD Channel A Data DATA1
20	CH1_D0	AD Channel A Data DATA0
21	CH1_D3	AD Channel A Data DATA3
22	CH1_D2	AD Channel A Data DATA2
23	CH1_D5	AD Channel A Data DATA5
24	CH1_D4	AD Channel A Data DATA4
25	CH1_D7	AD Channel A Data DATA7
26	CH1_D6	AD Channel A Data DATA6

27	CH1_D9	AD Channel A Data DATA9
28	CH1_D8	AD Channel A Data DATA8
29	CH1_D11	AD Channel A Data DATA11
30	CH1_D10	AD Channel A Data DATA10
31	CH1_CLK	AD Channel A Clock
32	CH1_OTR	The Voltage of AD channel A is Out of Range
33	_	NA
34	-	NA
35	_	NA
36	_	NA
37	GND	Ground
38	GND	Ground
39	_	NA

AD Sampling DEMO Program Description

The program dynamically displays the waveform generated by the signal generator to the software Signaltap (chipscope), and also sends the data collected by AD to the serial port regularly, and the serial debugging tool on the computer displays the actual collected AD data value. The whole program contains a top-level module ad9238_test.v and three sub-modules: AD conversion module (ad.v), data conversion module (volt_cal.v), serial port sending program (uart.v). The AD conversion module ad.v completes the collection of AD data; the data conversion modulevolt_cal.v completes the voltage and hexadecimal to decimal format conversion; the serial port sending program uart.v completes the serial data transmission of the ASIC code of the collected data.



Here is a brief introduction to the functions of each module used in the FPGA program:

volt_cal.v

The function of the data conversion module is to convert the 12-bit data collected by the AD module into 20-bit decimal voltage data. The high bit of the 12-bit data collected by the AD module is the positive and negative sign bit.

When calculating the voltage, you need to remove the high sign bit first, and then convert the remaining 11bit data

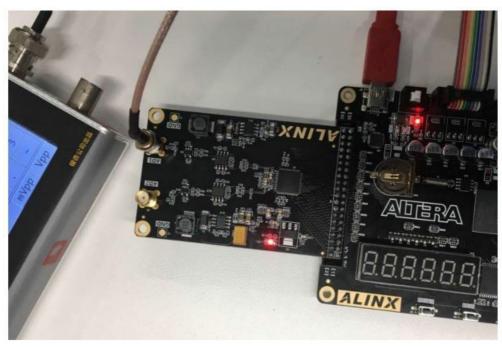
into a voltage value. The bcd.v program converts 16-digit hexadecimal data into 20-digit decimal data.

uart.v

The serial port transmitting program regularly transmits 26 characters to the serial port to display the voltage value of channel 1 and channel 2. When the serial port transmits the decimal voltage value, it needs to be converted into ASIC code. In the program, the serial port transmitting program and the serial port clock generation program are called, and the voltage value is transmit to the PC upper computer according to the baud rate of 9600.

Hardware Connection and Testing

The hardware connection between AN9328 module and FPGA development board is very simple, just plug the 40-pin interface with the expansion port of the development board (AX301B/AX4010 connect to J1 port, AX309 connect to J3). The following is the hardware connection diagram of ALINX AX301B FPGA development board and AN9328:

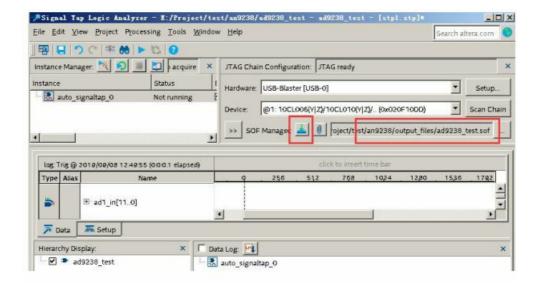


The FPGA development board is powered on, and the signal generator generates a positive wave of -5V~+5V with a frequency of 200Khz.

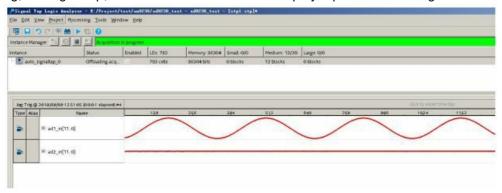


Take the AX301B Development Board as an example

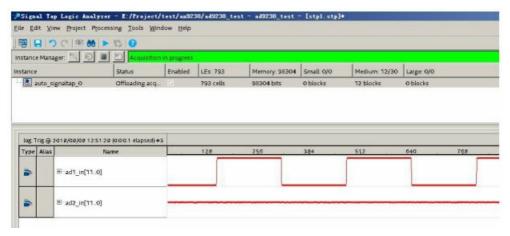
Open "signaltap" in the Quartus software and download the "ad9238 test.sof" file.



After downloading, run signaltap, the waveform interface will display a positive wave signal



Change the signal transmitter to generate a square wave of -5V~+5V, and the ad channel will display a square wave.



Here we can observe the signal in hexadecimal, set it to hexadecimal and display as follows.

Take the AX309 Development Board as an example

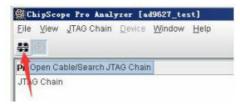
The following is the hardware connection diagram of ALINX AX309 FPGA development board and AN9328:



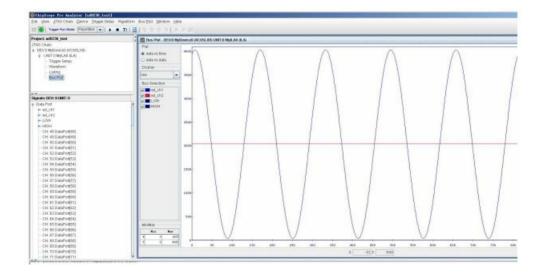
Download the "ad9238_test.bit" file in the Impact software, then open the "chipscope" software, and open the "ad9238_test.cpj" project in the chipscope.



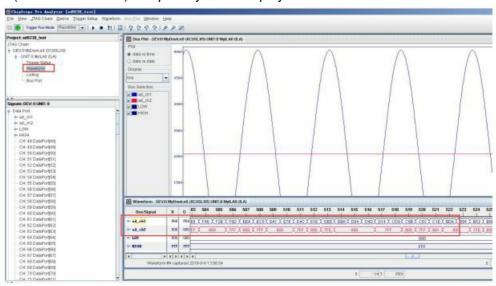
Click the "Open Cable/Search JTAG Chain" button to connect to the FPGA development board



Open the "Bus Plot" interface, and the waveform interface will display a sine wave signal.

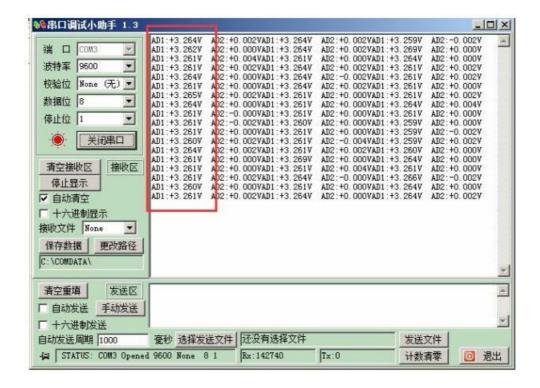


The specific data (hexadecimal data) sampled by AD is displayed in the waveform window.



Serial Display Voltage

In addition, we can see the converted voltage value through the serial port, and the baud rate of the serial port is set to 9600. For example, AD input DC voltage +3.3V, the display is as follows (different modules will have certain deviations).



When the DC voltage is changed to -3.3V, the display is as follows (different modules will have certain deviations).



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Documents / Resources



ALINX AN9238 2 Channel High Speed AD Module [pdf] User Manual

AN9238, AN9238 2 Channel High Speed AD Module, 2 Channel High Speed AD Module, High Speed AD Module, AD Module

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References

• A ALINX

Manuals+,