



AKO 16526 Temperature And Electronic Expansion Controller User Manual

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AKO

AKO-16526

Temperature and electronic expansion controller for
cold room store
User manual



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16526 Temperature And Electronic Expansion Controller

AKO Electromecánica thanks you and congratulates you on the purchase of our product, the development and manufacture of which involved the most innovative technologies, as well as rigorous production and quality control processes.

Our commitment to achieving customer satisfaction and our continuous efforts to improve day by day are confirmed by the various quality certificates obtained.

This is a high performance, technologically advanced product. Its operation and the final performance achieved will depend, to a great extent, on correct planning, installation, configuration and commissioning. Please read this manual carefully before proceeding to install it and respect the instructions in the manual at all times.

Only qualified personnel may install the product or provide technical support.

This product has been developed for use in the applications described in the manual. AKO Electromecánica does not guarantee its operation in any use not foreseen in this document and accepts no liability in the case of damage of any type which may result from incorrect use, configuration, installation or commissioning.

Complying with and enforcing the regulations applying to installations where our products are destined to be used is the responsibility of the installer and the customer. AKO Electromecánica accepts no liability for damage which may occur due to failure to comply with these regulations.

Rigorously follow the instructions described in this manual.

In order to extend the lifetime of our products to the maximum, the following points must be observed:

Do not expose electronic equipment to dust, dirt, water, rain, moisture, high temperatures, chemical agents or corrosive substances of any type.

Do not subject equipment to knocks or vibrations or attempt to handle them in any way differently to that indicated in the manual.

Do not under any circumstances exceed the specifications and limitations indicated in the manual.


Respect the indicated environmental conditions for operation and storage at all times.

During installation and on completion of this, avoid the presence of loose, broken or unprotected cables or cables in poor condition.

These may constitute a risk for the equipment and its users.

AKO Electromecánica reserves the right to make any modification to the documentation and the product without prior notification.

Warnings

-  If the device is used without adhering to the manufacturer's instructions, the device safety requirements could be compromised. Only sensors supplied by AKO must be used for the unit to operate correctly.
- From -40°C to +20°C, if the NTC sensor is extended to 1000m with at least a 0.5mm cable, the maximum deviation will be 0.25°C (cable for sensor extension ref. AKO-15586. Earth the cable mesh at one end only).
- The product should be installed in a place protected from vibrations, water and corrosive gases, where the ambient temperature does not exceed the value indicated in the technical data.
- For the reading to be correct, the sensor should be used in a place without heat influences apart from the temperature you want to measure or control.
- The IP65 protection degree is only valid with the protection cover closed.
- The IP65 protection degree is only valid if the cables enter the device using a tube for electric conductions + gland with IP65 or above. The gland should be the right size for the diameter of the tube used.
- Do not spray the unit directly with high-pressure hoses, as this could damage it.

IMPORTANT:

- The AUXILIARY relays are programmable, and their operation depends on the configuration.
- The function of the digital inputs depends on the configuration.
- The recommended currents and powers are the maximum working currents and powers.

Maintenance

Clean the surface of the unit with a soft cloth, water and soap.

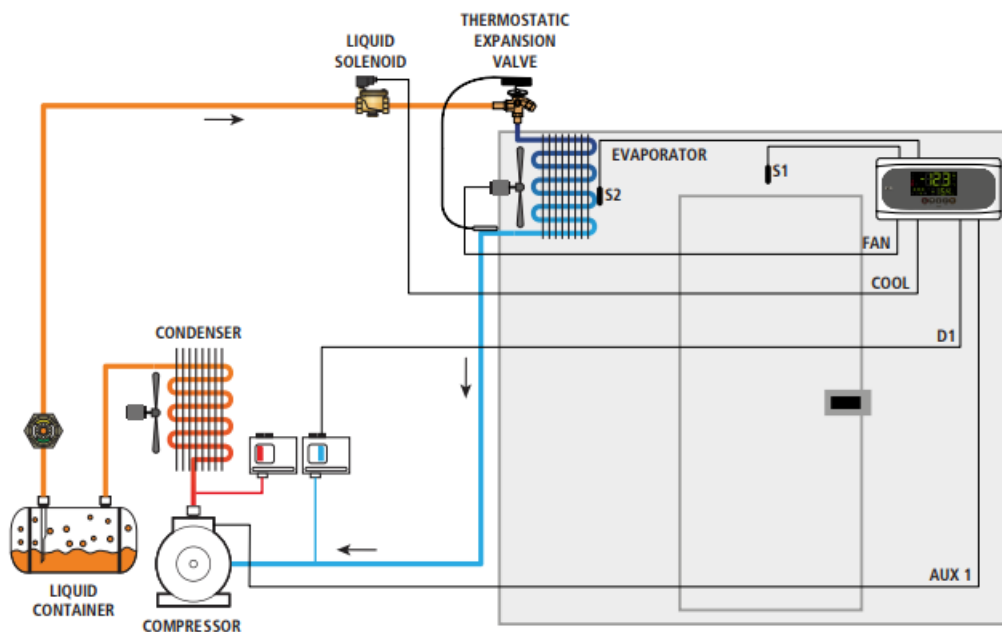
Do not use abrasive detergents, petrol, alcohol or solvents, as this might damage the unit.

Description

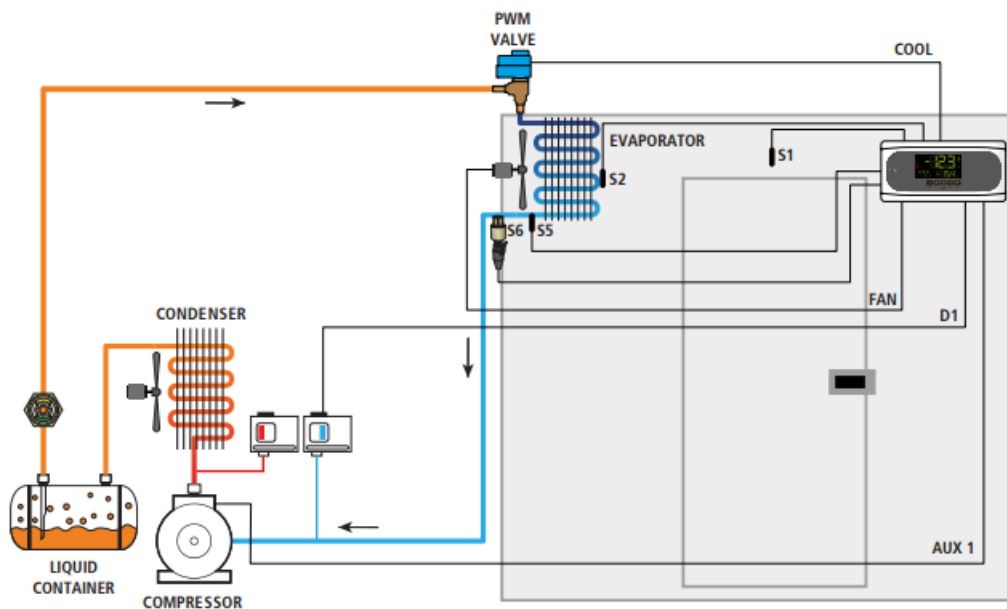
Temperature controller with output for electronic expansion valve regulation and evaporator fan speed control. In addition to regulating the cooling of the cold room, the controller can be configured to control superheating and regulate the speed of the evaporator fans using an inverter or electronic fans.

The different options are:

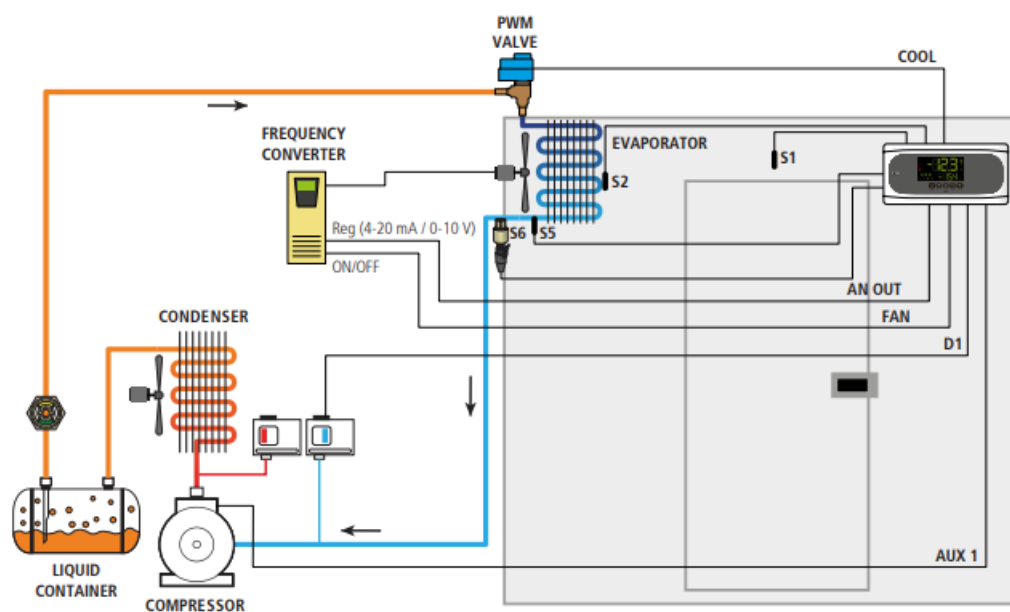
Temperature Control + Thermostatic Expansion Valve



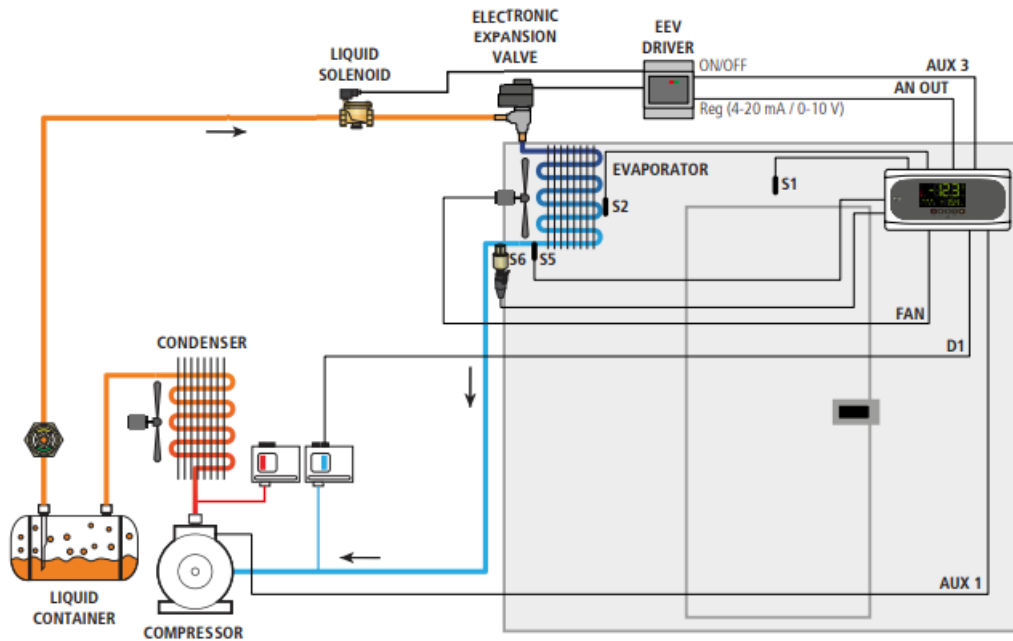
Temperature control + EEV controlled by PWM



Temperature control + EEV controlled by PWM + Evaporator fans regulated*



Temperature control + Stepper EEV **



* Requires the use of an external frequency inverter controlled by a 0-10 V or 4-20 mA signal or the use of electronic fans (ECFAN).

**Requires the use of an external driver controlled by a 0-10 V or 4-20 mA signal. For more information on this option, please see the application note available on our website: 351652632



Constant: Stand-By mode activated. Regulation is paused.

Flashing: controlled stop process for the regulation in progress.



Constant: cold room door open.

Flashing: the door has been open for a longer time than defined in parameter A12.



There is an active alarm (no HACCP or temperature).



Constant: HACCP alarm active.

Flashing: HACCP alarm recorded and unconfirmed To acknowledge an HACCP alarm, press the key.



The temperature alarm is active.



Constant: evaporator fans active.

Flashing: the evaporator fans should be active but something is preventing them from activating.

Pulsing: evaporator fans controlled by analogue output.



Constant: the COOL relay is active.

Flashing: the COOL relay should be active but a delay or protection is preventing this.

Pulsing: expansion valve regulated.



Constant: compressor active.

Flashing: the compressor should be active but a delay or protection is preventing this.



Defrosting active.



Continuous cycle mode active.



Cold room light active.



Alarm in progress muted.



Temperature displayed in °Fahrenheit/°Centigrade.

PRG Programming mode active.






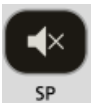
K Lower display showing the real time superheating value.



Lower display showing percentage of EEV opening or percentage of evaporator fan power (depending on configuration).

Lower display showing low pressure in psi/bar.

Keypad



	<p>Press and hold for 3 seconds to activate/deactivate the Stand-By mode. In this mode, regulation is paused and the  icon is displayed.</p> <p>In the programming menu, this key exits the parameter without saving changes and returns to the previous level, or exits programming.</p>
	<p>Pressing once without holding displays the temperature of sensor S2 for 10 seconds (if it is enabled). Pressing it for 3 seconds starts/stops the defrost.</p> <p>In the programming menu, it allows you to scroll through the different levels, or when setting a parameter to change its value.</p>
	<p>Pressing it for 3 seconds activates/deactivates the continuous cycle mode.</p> <p>In the programming menu, it allows you to scroll through the different levels, or when setting a parameter to change its value.</p>
	<p>Pressing once without holding activates/deactivates the cold room light.</p> <p>Pressing it for 3 seconds accesses the condensed programming menu.</p> <p>Pressing it for 6 seconds accesses the expanded programming menu.</p> <p>In the programming menu, it accesses the level shown on the display or, during the setting of a parameter, accepts the new value.</p>
	<p>Pressing it once without holding it down displays the current effective value of the temperature Set Point in the upper display and the superheating set point in the lower display, taking into consideration temporary changes due to other parameters.</p> <p>When an alarm is in progress, pressing once without holding mutes the acoustic alarm.</p> <p>Pressing for 3 seconds accesses the temperature Set Point setting.</p>



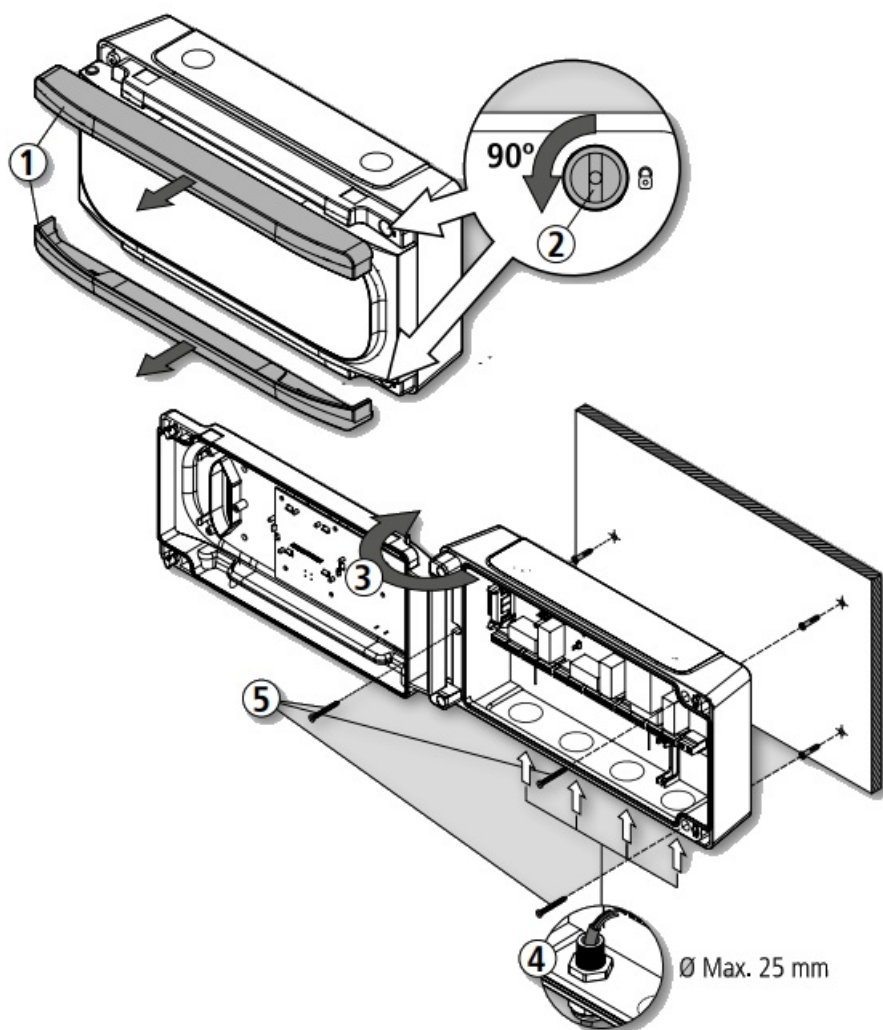
STAND-BY

If the regulation cannot be stopped immediately due to its configuration, a controlled stop process starts and the m icon flashes. To stop the controlled stop process and force Stand-by, press the Stand-by key again for 3 seconds.

Probes

	
Cold room Probe / Evaporator Probe / 2on evaporator Probe	Superheating probe

Installation



- Remove the bezels (1).
- Make a 1/4 turn of the screws (2) anti-clockwise and open the door (3).
- Install the necessary glands (4/5) by drilling holes in the points indicated on the box.
- Mark and make the holes in the wall with the aid of the template included.
- Fix the device to the wall. If it is a brick wall, use the screws and plugs supplied; if the wall is made of sheet metal (cold room store), use the screws provided without plugs (6).
- Wire the device by following the recommendations indicated on page page 9.
- Close the cover (3), tighten the screws (2) and replace the bezels (1).

Wiring

Always disconnect the power supply to do the wiring.

The sensors and their cables must NEVER be installed in a conduit together with power, control or power supply

cables.

For disconnection, the power supply circuit must be equipped with at least a 2 A, 230 V switch, located near the device. The power supply cable shall be of the H05VV-F or NYM 1×16/3 type. The section to be used will depend on current local regulations, but should never be less than 1.5mm².

Cables for relay or contactor outputs should have a section of 2.5mm², allow working temperatures equal to or over 70°C, and be installed with as little bending as possible.

The 120/230 V~ wiring area must be kept clear of any other external element.

The wiring setup depends on the options selected in the set-up wizard (See page 11) and on the input and output configurations (See page 34).

Check the enclosed schematic and the defined configuration before wiring.

IMPORTANT:

- AUXILIARY relays are programmable, and their operation depends on the configuration.
- The function of the digital inputs depends on the configuration.
- The recommended currents and powers are the maximum working currents and powers.

Initial configuration

The AKO-16526 controller can be adapted to different types of installation according to the different options chosen in the set-up wizard.

Before completing the wiring, make sure you are familiar with the details of the installation in order to configure it correctly.

It is advisable to note the following points:

Compressor

Whether the controller should switch the compressor on and off (Inl=2, 3, 5, 6, 7 or 8) or whether the compressor is switched on and off by the low pressure switch (Inl=1 or 4).

Defrost

Defrosting method used:

Electric (Inl=1, 2 or 3)

Air (evaporator fans) (Inl=4, 5 or 6)

Hot gas valve (condensing unit) (Inl=7 or 8)

Solenoid/EEV

Type of solenoid/EEV used:

- Solenoid + thermostatic expansion valve (u00=0).
- PWM-controlled EEV (without liquid solenoid) (u00=1).
- Stepper-controlled EEV (u00=2). Requires an external controller for the EEV. For more information, please refer to the [application note](#) available on our website.

Options u00=1 and u00=2 require the use of a superheating temperature sensor (S5) and an evaporator pressure sensor (S6).

Evaporator fans

If the fan control is ON/OFF (F10=0) or an external frequency inverter is used for ventilation (F10=1).

The second option is only available if a STEPPER-type electronic expansion valve (u00=2) is not used.

Analogue outputs

The analogue output (ANALOG OUT) enables communication between the controller and the external controller of the electronic expansion valve (if u00=2), or with the frequency inverter of the fans (if F10=1), and can be configured as 4-20 mA output (o30=0) or as 0-10 V output (o30=1).

Consult the specifications of the external controller or drive before setting this option.

SET POINT (temperature)

Make a note of the desired set temperature value.

If u00=1 or 2, you must also know:

Type of gas

Type of gas used in the installation.

u02=0	R404A	u02=1	R134A	u02=2	R407A	u02=3	R407F	u02=4	R410A
u02=6	R513A	u02=7	R744	u02=8	R449A	u02=9	R290	u02=10	R32
u02=12	R1234ze	u02=13	R23	u02=14	R717	u02=15	R407C	u02=16	1234yf
u02=18	R454C	u02=19	R455A	u02=20	R507A	u02=21	R515B	u02=22	R452A
u02=24	R454A								

Pressure sensor type

Type of evaporator pressure sensor installed:

4-20 mA (I61=1)

0-5 V (I61=2)

0.5-4.5 V (I61=3)

0-10 V (I61=4)

1-5 V(I61=5)

Note also the maximum and minimum values of the pressure sensor as well as the units of pressure used (bar or Psi).

Superheating SET POINT

Enter the desired optimum superheating value.

Assistant

The first time the unit receives the power supply, it will enter into ASSISTANT mode.

The display will show the message In{ flashing at 0



The buttons ▲ and ▼ change the value, the SET button accepts the value and moves on to the next step.

Step 1:

Select the most suitable IN option based on the type of installation to be carried out and press SET.

The available options will be shown in the following table:

In	Type of installation				Parameters												
	Control of the compressor	Pump Down	Defrost	Evap. Fans	Pd	o00	o20	l00	l10	l11	l20	l21	l30	l31	d1	D7	F3
0	Demo mode: it displays the temperature but does not regulate the temperature																
1	No	No	Electric	Yes	0	0	*	2	0	0	0	0	*	*	20	0	0
2	Yes	Yes	Electric	Yes	1	1	*	2	7	1	0	0	*	*	20	0	0
3	Yes	No	Electric	Yes	0	1	*	2	0	0	0	0	*	*	20	0	0
4	No	No	Air	Yes	0	0	*	1	0	0	0	0	*	*	20	1	1
5	Yes	Yes	Air	Yes	1	1	*	1	7	1	0	0	*	*	20	1	1
6	Yes	No	Air	Yes	0	1	*	1	0	0	0	0	*	*	20	1	1
7	Yes	Yes	Hot gas	Yes	1	1	*	2	7	1	7	1	*	*	5	2	0
8	Yes	No	Hot gas	Yes	0	1	*	2	0	0	7	1	*	*	5	2	0

* If u00=2: o20=3, l30=0, l31=0

If u00≠ 2: o20=0, l30=9



If options 2, 5, or 7 are chosen, check the configuration of parameter l11 according to the pressure switch type used.

Step 2:

Choose the type of expansion valve to be used:



u00=0	Liquid solenoid valve + thermostatic expansion valve
u00=1	PWM-controlled solenoid valve
u00=2	Electronic expansion valve (requires an external controller for the EEV. For more information, please refer to the application note available on our website)

If u00=0 is chosen, steps 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11 are not displayed.

If u00=2 is chosen, step 3 is not displayed.

Step 3:

Define the type of fan control.

F10=0 ON/OFF control

F10=1 Control by external frequency inverter (not included) / electronic fans (ECFAN)

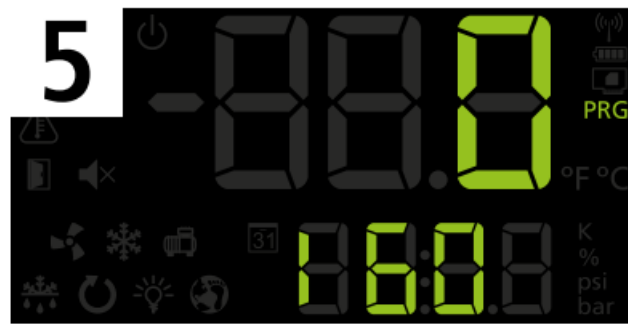


If F10=0 is chosen, step 9 is not displayed.

Step 4:

Define the type of refrigerant gas used.

u02=0	R404A	u02=1	R134A	u02=2	R407A
u02=3	R407F	u02=4	R410A	u02=5	R450A
u02=9	R290	u02=10	R32	u02=11	R448A
u02=15	R407C	u02=16	R1234yf	u02=17	R22
u02=21	R515B	u02=22	R452A	u02=23	R452B
u02=24	R454A				



▲ / ▼ / SET



▲ / ▼ / SET

Step 5:

Define the pressure units to be used.

I60=0: Bar

I60=1: Psi

Step 6:

Define the type of pressure sensor used.

I61=0	Deactivated	I61=1	4 – 20 mA	I61=2	0 – 5 V
I61=3	0.5 – 4.5 V	I61=4	0 – 10 V	I61=5	1 – 5 V

Step 7:

Define the minimum value of the pressure sensor (I62) (value at 4 mA, 0 V, 0.5 V or 1 V according to I61).



Step 8:

Define the maximum value of the pressure sensor (I63) (value at 20 mA, 5 V, 4.5 V or 10 V according to I61).

Step 9:

Select the analogue output (for EEV control or fan control).

o30=0 4 – 20 mA

o30=1 0 – 10 V

Step 10:

Select the temperature set point.

Step 11:

Select the superheating set point (See page 16).



Step 12:

Set all other parameters to default?

dFP=0 No, the other parameters do not need to be changed

dFP=1 Yes, set all other parameters to their default values

This option only appears if this is not the first time the set-up wizard has been run.










The initial configuration is now complete, and the device will start to regulate the temperature.










i The configuration wizard will not reactivate. To reactivate it, activate the stand-by mode (by pressing the key for 3 seconds) and wait until the unit completely halts regulation (the m indicator will light up permanently) and press the ▲, ▼ SET buttons in this order in sequence, not at the same time.

! If the Pump Down function is active, there may be a delay between the initiation of the Stand-by function and the moment the controller stops (See page 17).

Operation

Messages

	Pump down malfunction error (Stop). The time configured in parameter C20 has been exceeded (See page 17). Only displayed on screen.
	Pump down malfunction error (Start). The time configured in parameter C19 has been exceeded (See page 17). Only displayed on screen.
	Sensor 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 is faulty (open circuit, crossed circuit, or value outside sensor limits). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Open door alarm. Only if the door stays open for a longer time than defined in parameter A12 (See page 25). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Maximum temperature in control sensor alarm. The temperature value programmed in A1 has been reached (See page 24). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Minimum temperature in control sensor alarm. The temperature value programmed in A2 has been reached (See page 24). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	External alarm activated (by digital input) (See page 24). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Severe external alarm activated (by digital input) (See page 24). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Defrost time-out alert. The time set in d1 has been exceeded (See page 26). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.

	HACCP alarm. The temperature has reached the value of parameter h1 for a longer period than established in h2 (See page 25). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	HACCP alarm due to a fault in the electric supply. The temperature set in h1 has been reached following a fault in the electric supply. Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Minimum superheat alarm. The value set in A20 has been reached (See page 25). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Minimum superheat alert. The value defined in A23 has been reached (See page 26). Only displayed on screen.
	Maximum evaporating pressure alarm. The value defined in A26 has been reached (See page 25). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Minimum evaporating alarm. The value defined in A29 has been reached (See page 25). Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.
	Indicates that a defrost is being performed (See page 20). Only displayed on screen.
	Password request. See parameters b10 and PAS (See page 27). Only displayed on screen.
	Shown sequentially with the temperature: the controller is in demo mode, the configuration has not been made.

Cold regulation

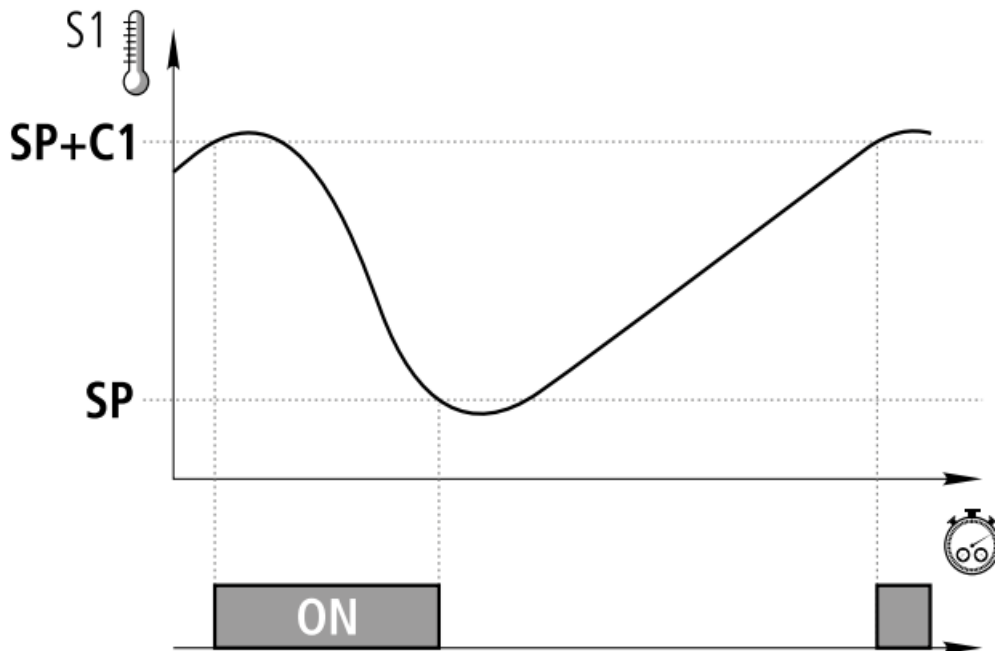
Solenoid control (COOL relay)

If u00=0 is selected in the wizard, coolant production is regulated by opening/closing the solenoid valve, which sends liquid to the thermostatic expansion valve.

If u00=1 is selected in the wizard, coolant production is regulated by controlling the opening and closing of the expansion valve (PWM control).

If u00=2 is selected in the wizard, coolant production is regulated by controlling the opening degree of the expansion valve (stepper control).

For more information on this type of regulation, please consult the application note available on our website.



When the temperature in sensor S1 reaches the set point value (SP) plus the sensor differential (C1), coolant production is activated and the temperature drops. Once the set point (SP) value is reached, the solenoid closes.

Compressor control (AUX 1 relay)

With Pump Down (Inl: 2, 5, 7)

Requires the connection of a low pressure switch in digital input 1.

When the temperature in sensor S1 reaches the set point (SP) value plus the sensor's differential (C1), the solenoid opens, causing the pressure in the evaporator to increase and, therefore, the low pressure switch deactivates and the compressor starts up.

Once the set point (SP) value is reached, the solenoid closes, causing the pressure in the evaporator to decrease, triggering the low pressure switch and stopping the compressor.

For further details of the process, see the next page.

Without Pump Down (Inl: 3, 6, 8)

The compressor operates simultaneously with the solenoid valve, starting up when the latter opens and stopping when it closes.

Operation in the event of a fault in sensor S1

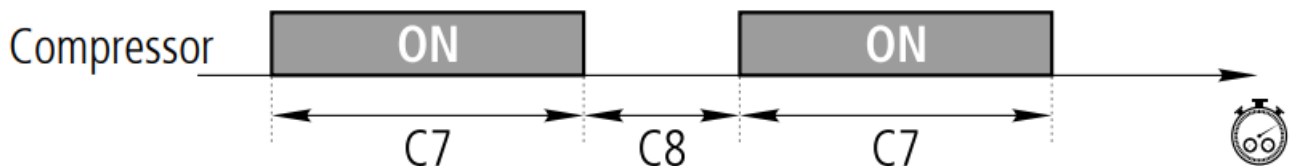
If sensor S1 fails (fault, disconnection, etc.), compressor behavior will depend on parameter C6, with one of 3 options available:

C6=0: the compressor is stopped until sensor S1 begins to operate again.

C6=1: the compressor is started-up until sensor S1 begins to operate again

C6=2: the compressor operates in line with the average operation during the 24 hours prior to the error, taking into account the number of start-ups and stops and the average time in each state (stop-start). If 24 hours have not elapsed without a sensor error, the device moves to C6=3 mode.

C6=3: the compressor operates according to the times programmed in C7 (ON) and C8 (OFF).



Control of superheating

Superheating (SH) is the temperature difference between the temperature at the evaporator outlet and the evaporating temperature. To obtain the SH value, sensors S5 (evaporator outlet temperature) and S6 (pressure sensor) are required. The pressure is converted to temperature according to the refrigerant gas used, so that the SH is obtained as:

$$SH (K) = S5 \text{ temperature} - S6 \text{ temperature}$$

A low superheat allows for better evaporator efficiency, but too low a value may cause liquid to enter the compressors because the liquid in the evaporator is not completely evaporated.

The AKO-16526 provides stable superheat regulation and a fast response to pressure or load fluctuations,

thus ensuring a high level of system safety.



When the EEV is regulating, the cold icon on the display performs a dimming sequence, indicating that the expansion regulation is electronic and is therefore constantly being adjusted.

The superheat value is shown on the bottom line of the display by default. Parameter b23 defines which value is displayed on that line.

When there is no cooling required, the superheat value is not updated, as the regulation is stopped.

When the controller does not generate coolant, the display shows the last superheat value reached before cooling was required, for the user's information.



IMPORTANT

Install sensors S5 and S6 at the evaporator outlet.

The parameters must be set correctly in the set-up wizard to ensure correct regulation of superheating. Incorrect configuration can lead to problems in the refrigeration system.

Manual opening of the electronic expansion valve (EEV)

By using parameter U11, a fixed opening value can be set for the EEV. The equipment performs ON/OFF cycles according to U03 but always with the selected opening %.

This function should only be used by qualified personnel and in exceptional circumstances.

- Access parameter U11. The equipment will ask for a security code.
- Enter the code 63
- Enter the opening % and press SET



The equipment will not readjust the opening of the valve until U11=0 is configured again (manual opening disabled).

While there is no demand for cooling, the valve will remain closed.

Pump down function

This function foresees problems in the compressor caused by movements of coolant, using a stop/start technique for the installation, controlled via the liquid solenoid, the low pressure switch and the compressor itself.

This function is only available for In 2, 5 and 7 and requires the connection of a low pressure switch in digital input 1 (I10=7).

STOP

When the temperature in sensor S1 reaches the set point (SP) value, the COOL relay deactivates, closing the solenoid valve.

Because the compressor continues to operate, pressure in the evaporator quickly drops. Upon reaching a given value, the low pressure switch activates, changing the status of digital input 1, which stops the compressor (AUX 1 relay).

This maneuver isolates all of the coolant in the high-pressure line, far from the compressor crankcase, preventing serious faults upon start-up.

Should the low pressure switch fail, the controller stops the compressor once the safety interval defined in C20 has elapsed, displaying the message "Pd" (an informative message that does not affect the unit's operation).

If C20 time is 0 (default value), the compressor will not stop until the low pressure switch is activated, but it will display the "Pd" message after 15 minutes.

START

When the temperature in sensor S1 reaches the set point value plus the differential (SP+C1), the COOL relay activates, opening the liquid solenoid.

This increases the pressure in the evaporator, deactivating the low pressure switch, which turns the compressor on. If, some time (determined by C19) after the liquid solenoid is opened (COOL relay set to ON), the low pressure switch does not deactivate, the controller will once again close the solenoid (COOL relay set to OFF) and the "LP" message will be displayed.

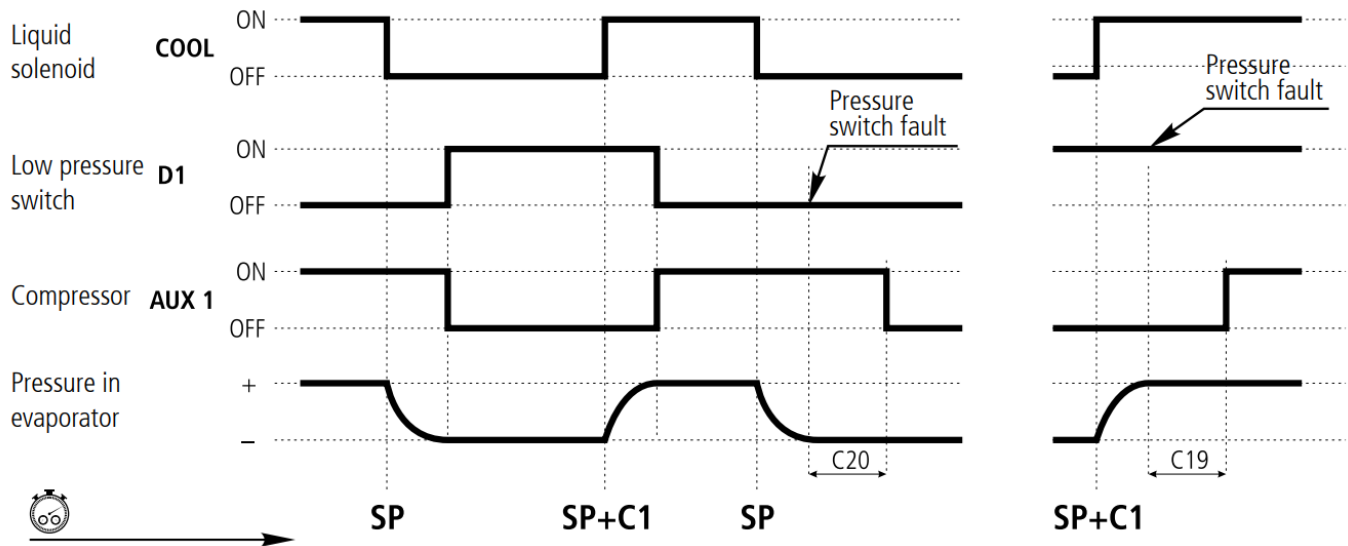
This maneuver will be repeated every 2 minutes, indefinitely, until the pressure switch is deactivated and the installation reverts to its normal operation. If C19 time is 0 (default value), the solenoid will remain open until the low pressure switch deactivates, but it will display the "LP" message after 5 minutes.




STAND-BY

If the pump down function is active, there may be a delay between starting the Stand-by function and the

controller stopping; this is because certain installation control phases cannot be interrupted. To force the stop of the controller, press the Stand-by key again for 3 seconds.




Continuous cycle mode

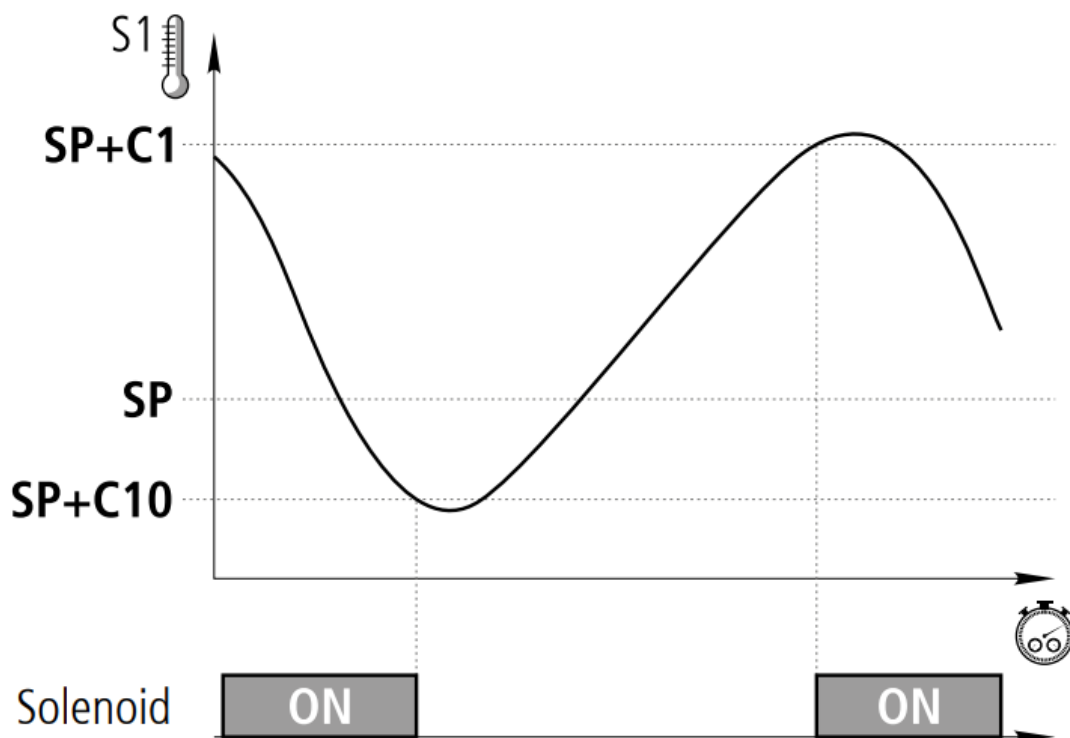
This is used to quickly cool the cold room stores before products are loaded and is activated by pressing the  key for 3 seconds.

Upon activating this mode, the compressor begins to operate until the temperature in sensor S1 reaches the set point value, minus the variation indicated in parameter C10.

The value of C10 is always negative, unless it is 0.

The unit will immediately return to normal operation.

Should it not be possible to reach this point, the device will return to normal operation once the time configured in C9 has elapsed, or by pressing the  key again for 5 seconds.



Set Point change mode

This allows for quick alternation between two working temperatures in the cold room store, modifying the Set Point in line with the value indicated in parameter C12. The aforementioned value may be negative or positive, which allows for the Set Point to be reduced or increased. If it is configured in 0, the mode is disabled.

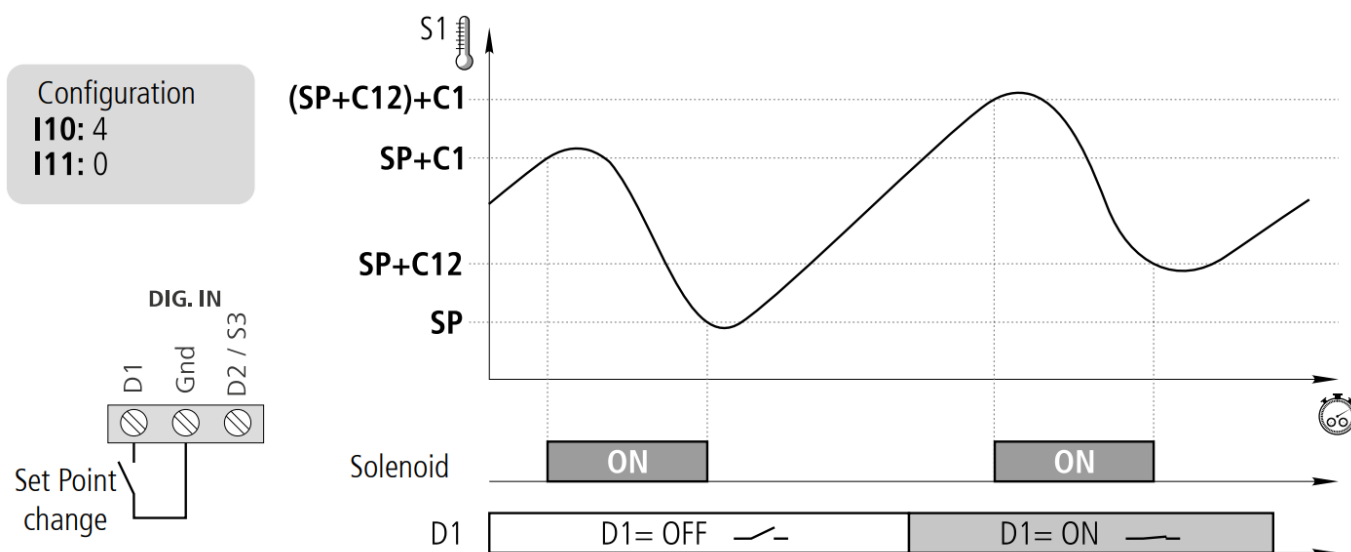
It is activated in three possible ways:

By means of an external switch connected to one of the digital inputs. The digital input should be configured as “Set Point change” (I10 or I20=4). Activation through this method cancels any other activation and can only be deactivated using the same method.

By means of the AKONet application. This requires the device to be connected to a Modbus network (See page 36).

By means of the CAMM module and the AKO CAMM tool application.

EXAMPLE:



Calibration of sensor 1

Parameter C0 allows for correction of the temperature detected by sensor 1; this is particularly useful when the sensor cannot be located in the ideal place.

Set Point locking

Parameters C2 and C3 allow for an upper and lower limit to be established for the set point (SP), to protect the product or installation from Set Point manipulation.

Compressor protection timing

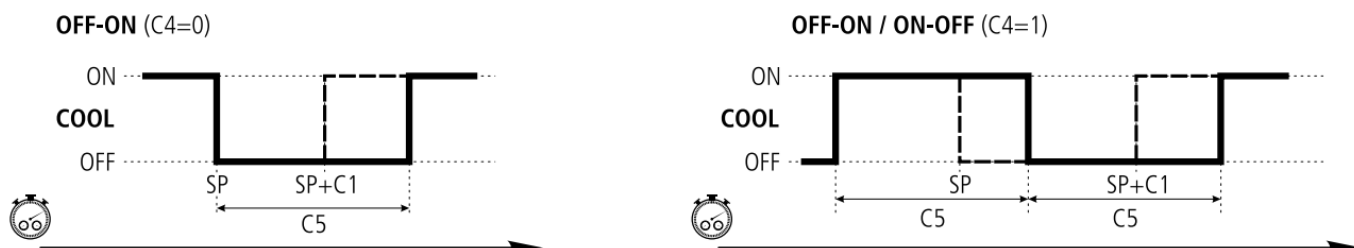
Parameter C4 allows for selection of the type of timing to be applied to protect the compressor. These delays prevent continuous compressor starts and stops.

These timings affect the COOL and AUX 1 relays (if o00=1).

OFF-ON (C4=0): minimum time in OFF mode before each start-up.

OFF-ON/ON-OFF (C4=1): minimum time in ON and OFF mode for each cycle.

The delay time is defined by means of parameter C5; if C5=0, timing is disabled.



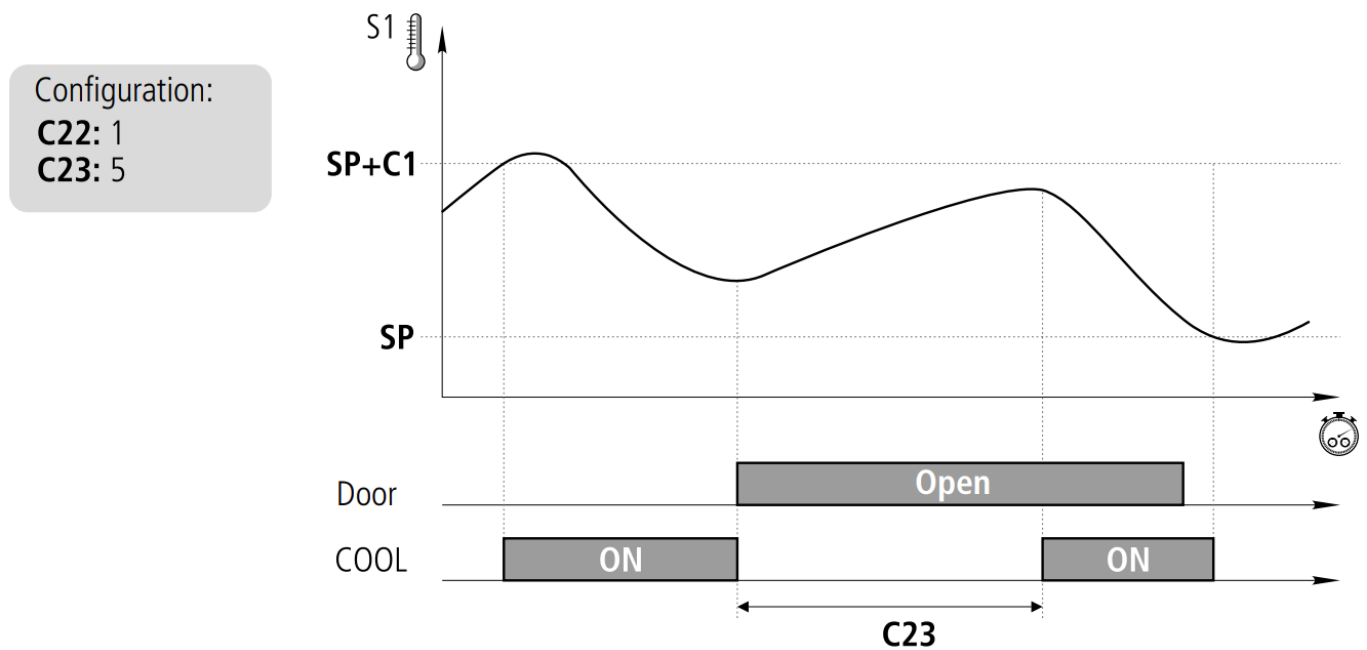
Door management

Door management allows for the installation's behavior to be controlled, should the cold room door open through parameters C22 and C23.

Parameter C22 defines whether cold production should be stopped if the door opens. If C22=1, when the door opens, the fans stop and, 15 seconds later, the solenoid closes (COOL relay).

Parameter C23 defines the maximum time, in minutes, that the installation can remain without producing cold

whilst the door is open. If C23=0, cold is not produced with the door open.



Management of door frame resistor

If the Set Point is equal to or below -4°C and the AUX 2 relay has been configured as “door frame resistor” ($\text{o10}=5$), the resistor is activated (relay ON) when the temperature of the cold room drops below -3°C , and is deactivated (relay OFF) when 0°C is reached.

Defrost

Types of defrost

There are 5 possible defrost types, depending on the option selected in the wizard (InI):

Electric (InI=1, 2 and 3) (d7=0)

Defrost is performed through electrical resistors, supplying the evaporator with heat. The operation of fans in this mode depends on parameter F3; the compressor and solenoid are stopped.

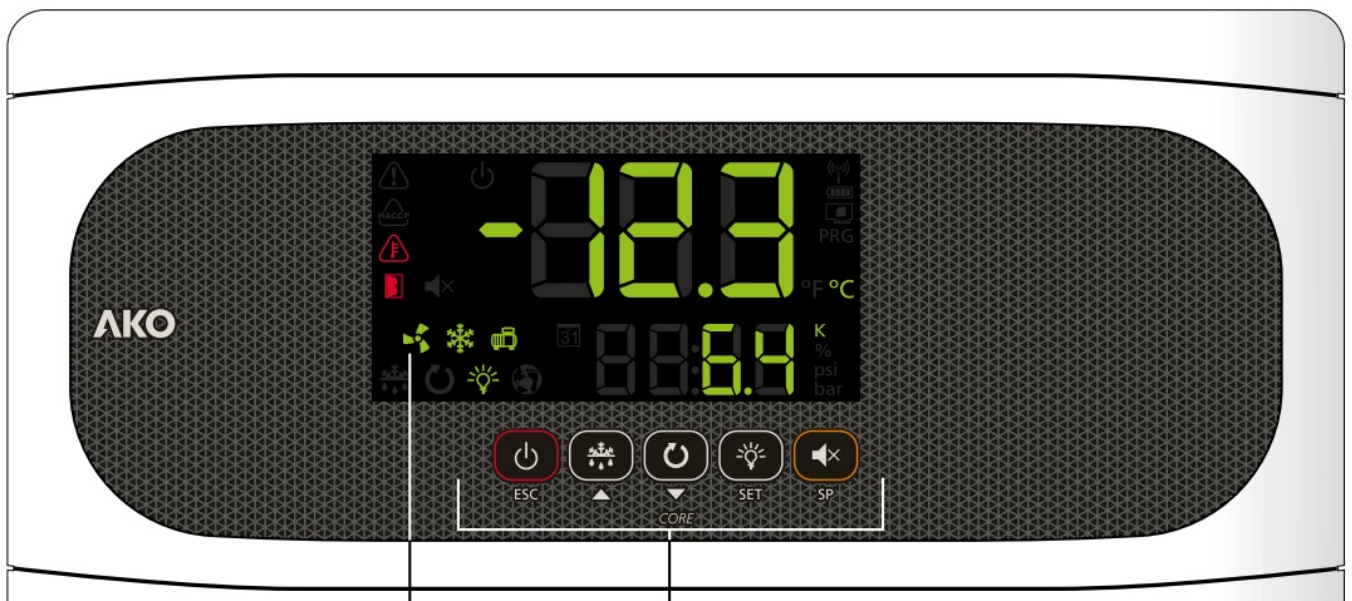
By air (InI=4, 5 and 6) (d7=1)

Usually used in positive cold rooms ($> 3^{\circ}\text{C}$), since the inside temperature of the cold room is sufficient to melt evaporator ice. By default, the fans are activated so that air may circulate through the evaporator; to stop them, change parameter F3 to 0. The compressor and solenoid are stopped.

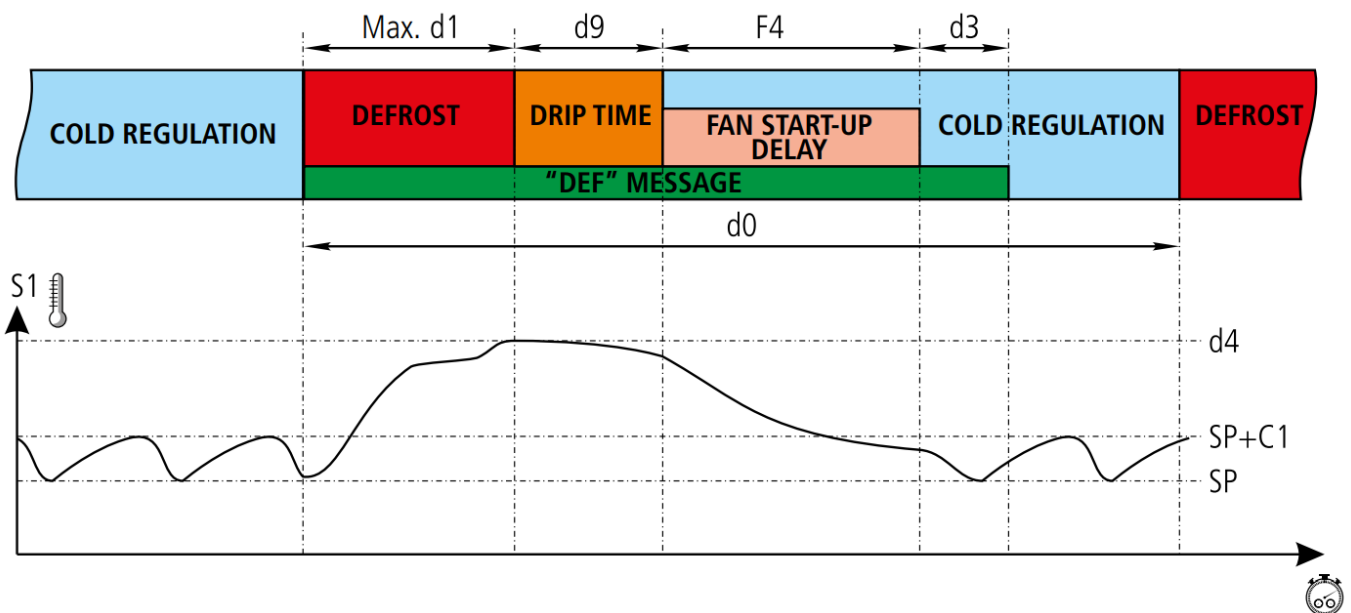
Hot gas (InI=7 and 8) (d7=2)

The hot gas from compressor discharge is used to melt evaporator ice and, to this end, two valves are necessary: one at the condenser input (A) and another between the compressor output and the evaporator input (B). During the process, the liquid solenoid valve (C) and the condenser input valve (A) are closed and the evaporator input valve is opened (B), forcing hot gas to pass through the latter and melting the ice.

Optionally, a high pressure switch (D) can be added to control the solenoid valve (digital input D2, $\text{I20}=7$) during the defrost process using hot gas. If the pressure decreases, the solenoid opens to allow liquid into the tank; when the pressure rises again, the solenoid closes.




Defrost control



Defrost start


Defrost will start if:

- The time programmed in parameter d0 has elapsed since the start of the last defrost.
- Press the  key for 3 seconds.
- By means of an external push-button (I10 / I11=5).
- Through the app or through Alkanet.

Defrost completion

Defrost will complete if:

- The temperature programmed in parameter d4 has been reached in sensor 2. This requires a 2 sensor (I00=2) to be available, located in the evaporator.
- The time configured in parameter d1 has elapsed (maximum defrost duration).


- Press the  key for 5 seconds.
- By means of an external push-button (I10/I20=5).
- Through the app or through Anent.

Drip time

It is set by parameter d9 and defines the time added at the end of defrost to allow the evacuation of the remaining defrost water from the evaporator, during which time there is no cooling regulation.

Fan start-up delay

This is established through parameter F4 and allows for the possible drops left in the evaporator to freeze before the fans activate, preventing them from being projected into the cold room. It also prevents heat being supplied to the cold room due to defrost in the evaporator.

 If defrost is cancelled before 1 minute has elapsed, the drip time (d9) is not applied and the fans are activated without taking into account the start-up delay (F4).

If defrost is by air or is static, the drip time (d9) and fan start-up delay (F4) are deactivated.

Message displayed during defrost

This is established using parameter d2, and you can choose between displaying the real temperature captured by sensor 1 (d2=0), showing the temperature captured by sensor 1 at the start of the defrost (d2=1), or displaying the dEF (d2=2) message. Parameter d3 defines the time during which the aforementioned message will be displayed once the drip time (d9) and fan stop time (F4) are complete.

Remote defrost

This function allows defrost of the unit to be activated using an external key, connecting it to one of the digital inputs that must be configured as remote defrost (I10 or I20=5).

Defrost locking

This prevents defrost starting at unusual points by means of an external switch, which may be useful for ensuring that the installation's load does not excessively increase, exceeding the permitted limits.

The external switch must be connected to one of the digital inputs, which should be configured as "Defrost locking" (I10 or I20=6).

Defrosting in a second evaporator

This function allows for defrost to be controlled in a second evaporator, provided that defrost is by electric heat, by air or is static. The same type of defrost should be used for the first and second evaporators. This requires configuration of input D2/S4 as a 2nd

evaporator sensor (I120=10). In the event of an error in the 2nd evaporator sensor, defrost completes once the time defined in d1 has elapsed.

Electric defrosting

This requires configuration of the AUX 2 relay as 2nd evaporator defrost (o10=4). Defrost begins simultaneously in both evaporators. When the sensor of evaporator 1 reaches the temperature defined in d4, the DEF relay deactivates, completing defrost of evaporator 1. Defrost of evaporator 2 is completed when the evaporator 2 sensor reaches the temperature defined in d4. Drip time begins when both defrosts are complete.

Defrost by air

The fans of both evaporators are connected in parallel to the FAN relay. Defrost begins simultaneously in both evaporators and does not complete until both sensors reach the temperature defined in d4. Drip time subsequently begins.


Static defrost

Defrost begins simultaneously in both evaporators and does not complete until both probes reach the temperature defined in d4. Drip time subsequently begins.

Other parameters

Using parameter d5, you can configure whether the unit performs a defrost (d5=1) or not (d5=0) when it receives power (first start-up or after a power supply failure). Should the option YES (d5=1) be selected, defrost will begin once the delay time defined in d6 has elapsed.

Using parameter d8, we define the time tally established in d0, choosing between total time elapsed (d8=0) or the sum of compressor operation time (d8=1).

 **REMARK:** If parameter d1 is configured to 0, no defrosts are performed.

Fan control

Fans are controlled through sensor 2 (evaporator), and parameters F0 (stop temperature) and F1 (sensor differential).

If sensor S2 is not connected or an error in the sensor (E2) is detected, the fans continuously operate without taking into account parameters F0 and F1, but taking the remaining parameters (F2 to F4) into account.

Using parameter F2, the status of the fans during compressor stops is defined.

Using parameter F3, the status of the fans during defrost is defined.

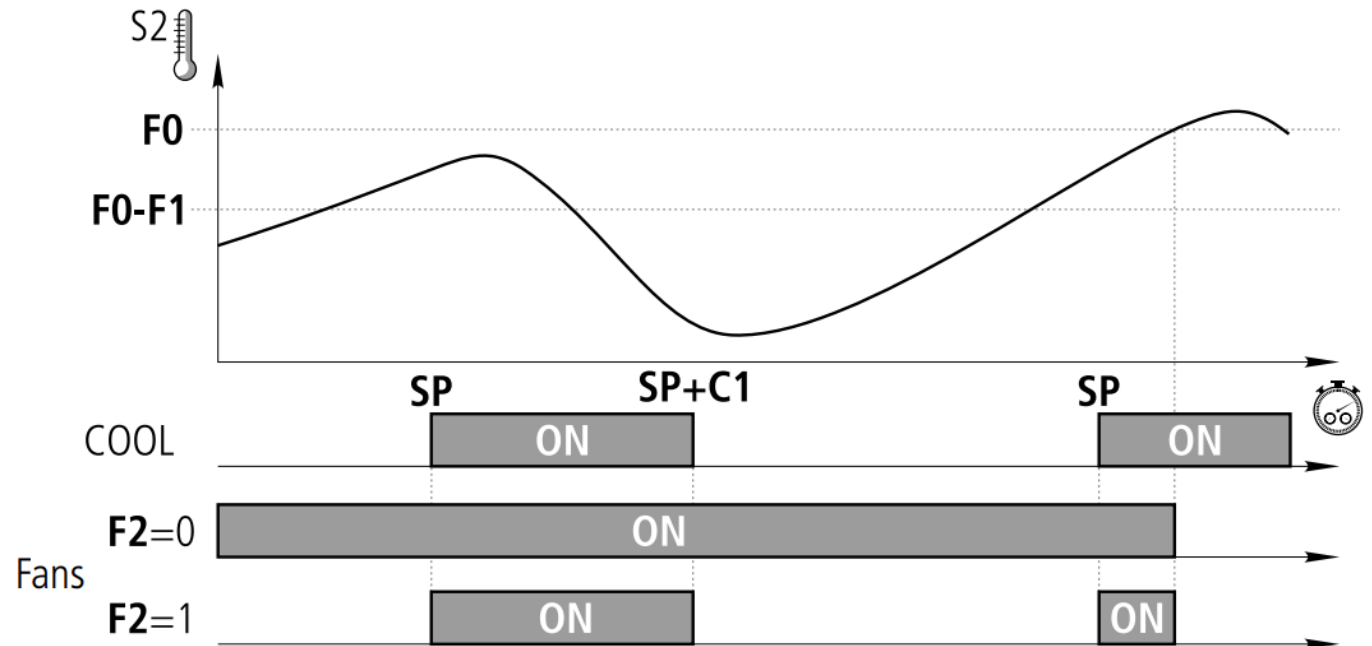
Parameter F4 defines the fan start-up delay time after defrost (See page 20).

Parameter C22 defines whether fans stop when the door is opened.

ON/OFF control (F10=0)

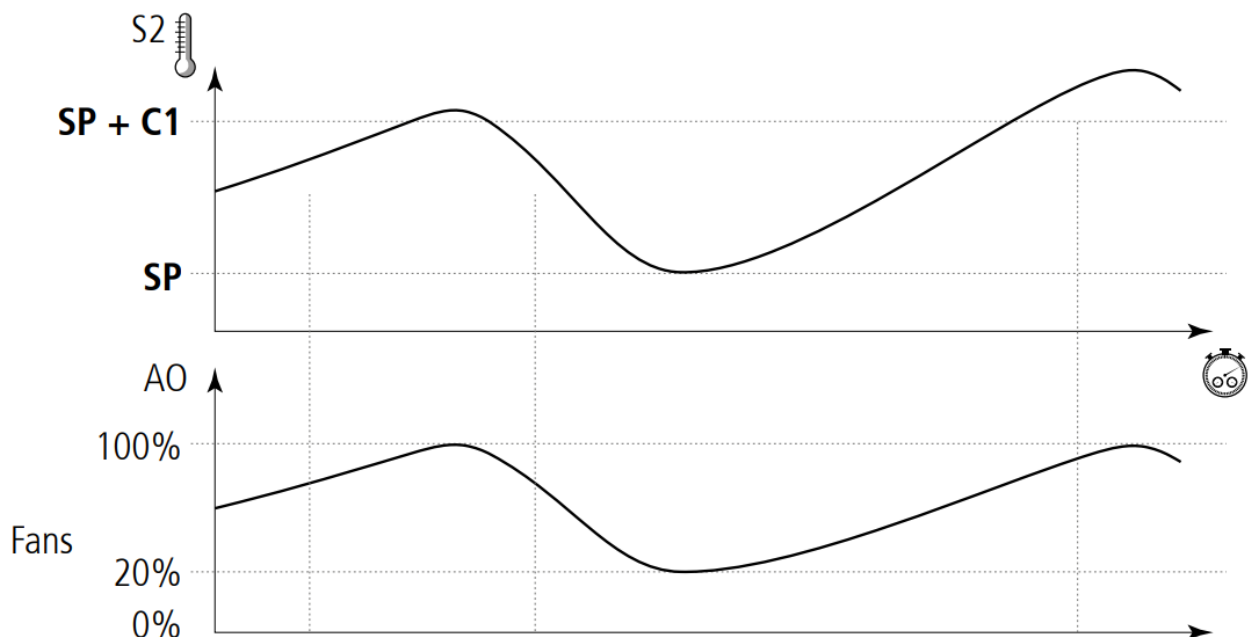
This type of control starts or stops the fans depending on the temperature at sensor S2. If F2=0 the fans start when the temperature falls below the value defined in F0 minus the differential F1, and stop when the value of F0 is reached.

If F2=1 the fans stop when the compressor stops or when the temperature defined in F0 is reached, and start if the temperature drops below F0 minus F1, as long as the compressor is running.



Control via frequency inverter or electronic fans (F10=1)

This function regulates the fan speed via the AO output according to the temperature at sensor S1. The fan speed decreases as the temperature approaches SP and increases as it approaches SP + C1.

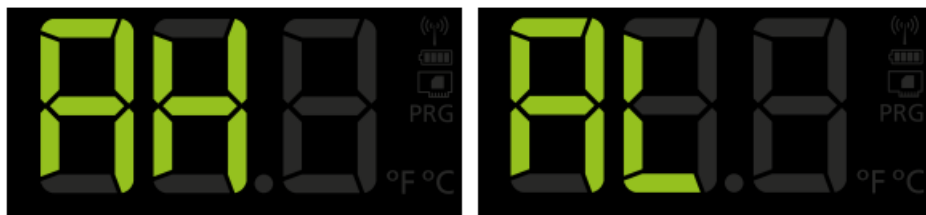


Alarms

When the criteria programmed in the parameters are met, the device warns the user through an on-screen message, activation of a relay (only 5-relay devices if o10=1 or 4-relay devices if o00=4) and an audible alarm.

Maximum/minimum temperature alarm

It shows the message "AK" or "AL" when the temperature in sensor 1 reaches the value configured in parameters A1 (maximum temperature) and A2 (minimum temperature). This value may be:



- Absolute (A0=1): the temperature at which the alarm should activate must be indicated in A1/A2.
- Relative to the SP (A0=0): the increase or decrease in the number of degrees necessary for the alarm to activate, in relation to the set point, must be indicated in A1/A2. This option enables us to change the set point without having to reset the maximum and minimum alarms.

Parameter A10 establishes the differential of both parameters (Hysteresis).



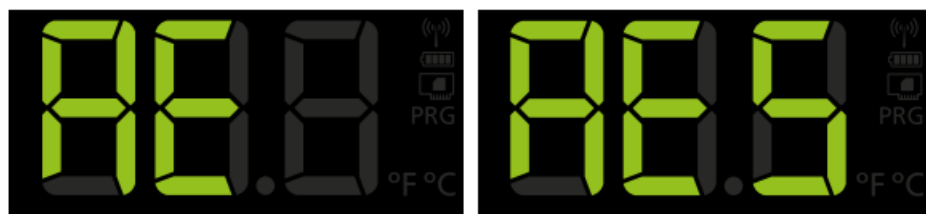
Example

We configure the following parameters in a controller: SP=2, A1=10, A10=2

- If A0=0 (relative to the SP), the maximum temperature alarm will activate when 12 degrees are reached in sensor 1, and will deactivate when 10 degrees are reached.
- If A0=1 (absolute), the maximum temperature alarm will activate when 10 degrees are reached in sensor 1, and will deactivate when 8 degrees are reached.

External alarm/severe external alarm

The message EA (external alarm) or SEA (severe external alarm) is displayed when the digital input configured as external alarm or severe external alarm is activated.



The severe external alarm also deactivates all the loads and, therefore, temperature regulation stops. When this alarm disappears, the device returns to its normal operation.

At least one of the digital inputs must be configured as an external alarm (I10 or I20=2) or as a severe external alarm (I10 or I20=2).

Evaporator sensor error alarm due to moisture ingress

If, at the start of defrost, the temperature in sensor S2 is 20°C higher than the temperature in sensor S1, the defrost ignores sensor S2 and completes due to time-out.

The display shows the message E2, activates the alarm relay and audible alarm.

The alarm can be silenced, but alarm icon  will not disappear until:



- The controller is switched off and then on again.
- Defrost without error is started in sensor S2.

If the 2nd evaporator sensor (I20=10) has been enabled, it will behave in the same way, but displaying the message E3.

HACCP alarm

The alarm is activated should situations be detected which could endanger the integrity of the products stored in the cold room.



If the temperature of the cold room is higher than that defined in parameter h1 for a length of time exceeding that defined in parameter h2, the alarm activates, displaying the message HCP on screen.

Upon pressing the mute key, the sound alarm switches off, but the alarm remains.

Once the temperature drops below parameter h1, if the mute key has been pressed, the alarm disappears. If the mute key has not been pressed, the audible alarm deactivates but the HACCP indicator remains in flashing mode, indicating that a non-confirmed HACCP alarm has occurred.

Press the mute key to confirm an HACCP alarm.

Sensor error alarm

If one of the enabled sensors is crossed, open circuit, or out of range, the message E1, E2, E3, E4, E5 or E6 is displayed depending on whether it is sensor S1, S2, S3, S4, S5 or S6.



Open door alarm

The door has been open for a longer time than defined in parameter A12, the open door alarm is activated.



In order to detect the open door, configuration is required of one of the digital inputs as "door contact" (I10, I20 or I30=1).

Activates alarm relay and audible alarm.

Minimum superheat alarm

If the superheat value falls below the value defined in parameter A20, the alarm is activated and the display shows the message LSH.



The alarm disappears when the value $A20 + \text{differential } A22$ is reached.
 Parameter A21 allows a delay in the activation of this alarm to be defined.
 Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.

Maximum evaporating pressure alarm

If the evaporating pressure exceeds the value defined in parameter A26, the alarm is activated and the display shows the message MOP.



The alarm disappears when the value $A26 + \text{differential } A28$ is reached.
 Parameter A27 allows a delay in the activation of this alarm to be defined.
 Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.

Minimum evaporating pressure alarm

If the evaporating pressure falls below the value defined in parameter A29, the alarm is activated and the display shows the message LOP.



The alarm disappears when the value $A29 - A31$ is reached.
 Parameter A30 allows a delay in the activation of this alarm to be defined.
 Activates the alarm relay and the audible alarm.

Alarm delays

These delays prevent certain alarms from being shown, to allow the installation to recover its normal operation after certain events.

- Delays in start-up (A3): this delays the activation of the temperature alarms upon receiving power (at startup or after a power supply failure) or when exiting Stand-by mode. This allows for the installation to start up avoiding alarms.
- Delay after a defrost (A4): this delays the activation of the temperature alarms when a defrost completes.
- Maximum and minimum temperature alarm delay (A5): this delays the activation of the maximum (A1) and minimum (A2) temperature alarms, from when the temperature in sensor 1 reaches the programmed value.
- Delay to activation of external alarm (A6): this delays the activation of the external alarm, from when the digital input becomes active.
- Delay to deactivation of external alarm (A7): this delays the deactivation of the external alarm, from when the digital input becomes active.

Delay to open door alarm (A12): this delays the activation of the alarm upon detecting that the door is open.

Alarm relay configuration

Should any relay have been configured as an alarm relay, parameter A9 allows for the relay status to be defined when an alarm is triggered:

A9=0 Relay active (ON) in the event of an alarm (OFF without alarm)

A9=1 Relay inactive (OFF) in the event of an alarm (ON without alarm)

Alerts

The device alerts the user through an on-screen message when an event occurs which requires his/her attention. However, it does not activate the sound alarm or the alarm relay (if active).

Defrost time-out alert

The message Add is displayed when a defrost has completed due to time-out, if parameter A8=1.



Pump down malfunction error (stop)

The message Pdc is displayed if a malfunction is detected when the installation is stopped using the pump down maneuver (See page 17).



Pump down malfunction error (start-up)

Displays the LP message if a malfunction is detected when the installation is started up using the pump down maneuver (See page 17).



Maximum overheating alert

If the superheat value falls below the value defined in parameter A23, the and the display shows the message HSH.



The alert disappears when the value A23 – A25 is reached.
Parameter A23 allows a delay in the activation of this alarm to be defined.

Light control

The AUX 1 or AUX 2 relay must be configured as “Light” (o00, o10 or o20=2).
Switching the lights on or off is controlled using:

- The LIGHT push-button: one press switches the lights on or off.
- The cold room door: when the door is opened, the lights remain on for the time defined by parameter b01.

If the value is 0, when the door closes the lights go out. (One of the digital inputs must be configured as door contact (I10, I20 or I30=1). The control even occurs with the equipment in Stand-by.

Password

Allows the configuration of the equipment to be protected by a 2-digit code.

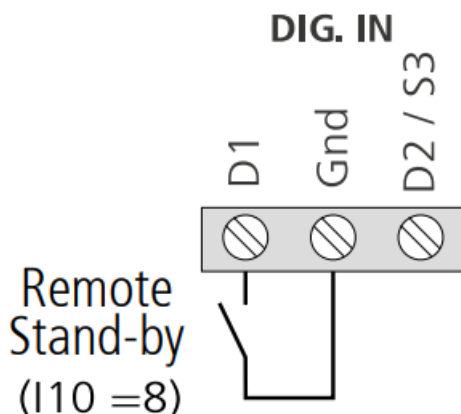
If it is active a code is requested when you try to access the programming menu. This menu cannot be accessed if a wrong value is entered. The code is set via the PAS parameter.

Parameter b10 defines the operation of this code.



Remote Stand-by mode

This allows activating Stand-by mode using a switch connected to one of the digital inputs. Said digital input must be set to Stand-by remote activation (I10=8 or I20=8).



Operation of the auxiliary relays

Depending on the controller model, it may have 1 or 2 auxiliary relays. The function of these relays is configurable via the parameter menu.

AUX 1 relay

- Deactivated (o00=0): does not carry out any function.
- Compressors/crankcase resistor (o00=1): controls compressor operation. When the compressor is not in operation, it powers the crankcase resistor. This function can only be selected via the initial wizard (In{).
- Light (o00=2): this regulates the operation of cold room light (See page 26).
- Virtual control (o00=3): the relay can be remotely activated and deactivated by means of Alkanet software.

AUX 2 relay

- Deactivated (o10=0): does not carry out any function.
- Alarm (o10=1): this activates the relay every time that an alarm occurs (See page 24).
- Light (o10=2): this regulates the operation of cold room light (See page 26).
- Virtual control (o10=3): the relay can be remotely activated and deactivated by means of Alkanet software.
- Defrost 2nd evaporator (o10=4): this controls the defrost resistors of a second evaporator (See page 22).
- Door frame resistor (o10=5): this controls the operation of the cold room's door frame resistor (See page 19).
- Same as solenoid status (o10=6): imitates solenoid status: active if the solenoid is in ON mode, inactive if the solenoid is in OFF mode.
- Same as unit status (o10=7): indicates the unit's status: active if the unit is in ON mode, inactive if the unit is in Stand-by mode.

AUX 3 relay

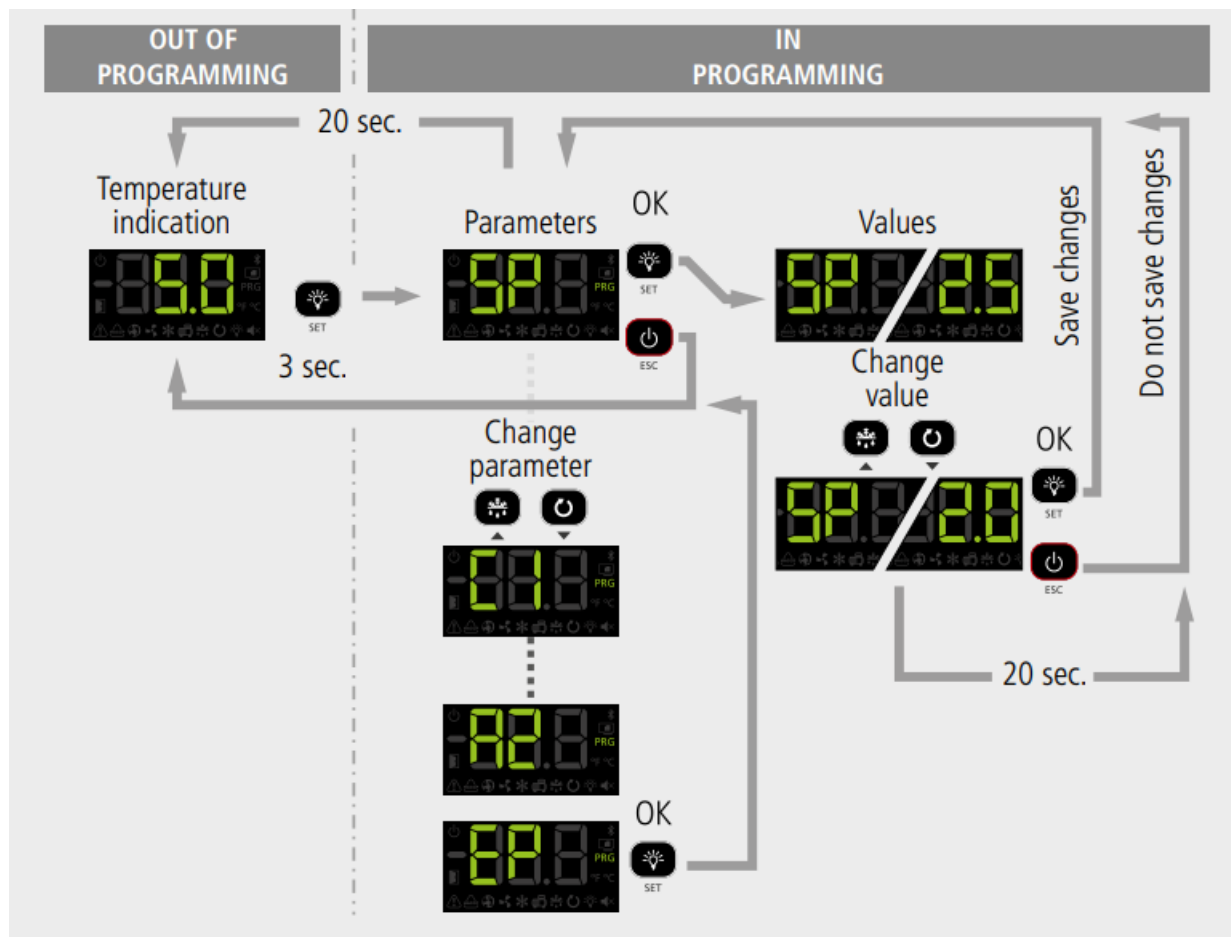
- Deactivated (o20=0): does not carry out any function.
- Alarm (o20=1): this activates the relay every time an alarm occurs (See page 24)
- Light (o20=2): this regulates the operation of cold room light (See page 26).
- ON/OFF external control (o20=3): sends the ON/OFF signal to the external frequency inverter (if F10=1) or to the EVV driver (if u00=2).
- Defrost 2nd evaporator (o20=4): this controls the defrost resistors of a second evaporator (See page 22).

Configuration

Condensed programming menu

This allows for the most-used parameters to be quickly configured. Press the SET key for 3 seconds to access it.

Condensed programming menu



Parameters

Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
SP	Temperature setting (Set Point)	°C/°F	-50	0.0	99
C1	Sensor 1 differential (Hysteresis)	°C/°F	0.1	2.0	20.0
d0	Defrost frequency (time between 2 starts)	h.	0	6	96
d1	Maximum defrost duration (0=defrost deactivated)	min.	0	*	255
d4	Final defrost temperature (by sensor) (If I00 = 1)	°C/°F	-50	8.0	50
SH	Superheating set point	°K	0.1	8	40
F3	Status of the fans during the defrost 0=stopped; 1=running		0	*	1
A1	Alarm for maximum in sensor 1 (it must be higher than the SP)	°C/°F	A2	99.0	99.0
A2	Alarm for minimum in sensor 1 (it must be lower than the SP)	°C/°F	-50	-50	A1

* According to the set-up wizard.

Extended programming menu

Use the extended programming menu to configure all of the unit's parameters in order to adapt it to your installation requirements. Press the SET key for 6 seconds to access it.

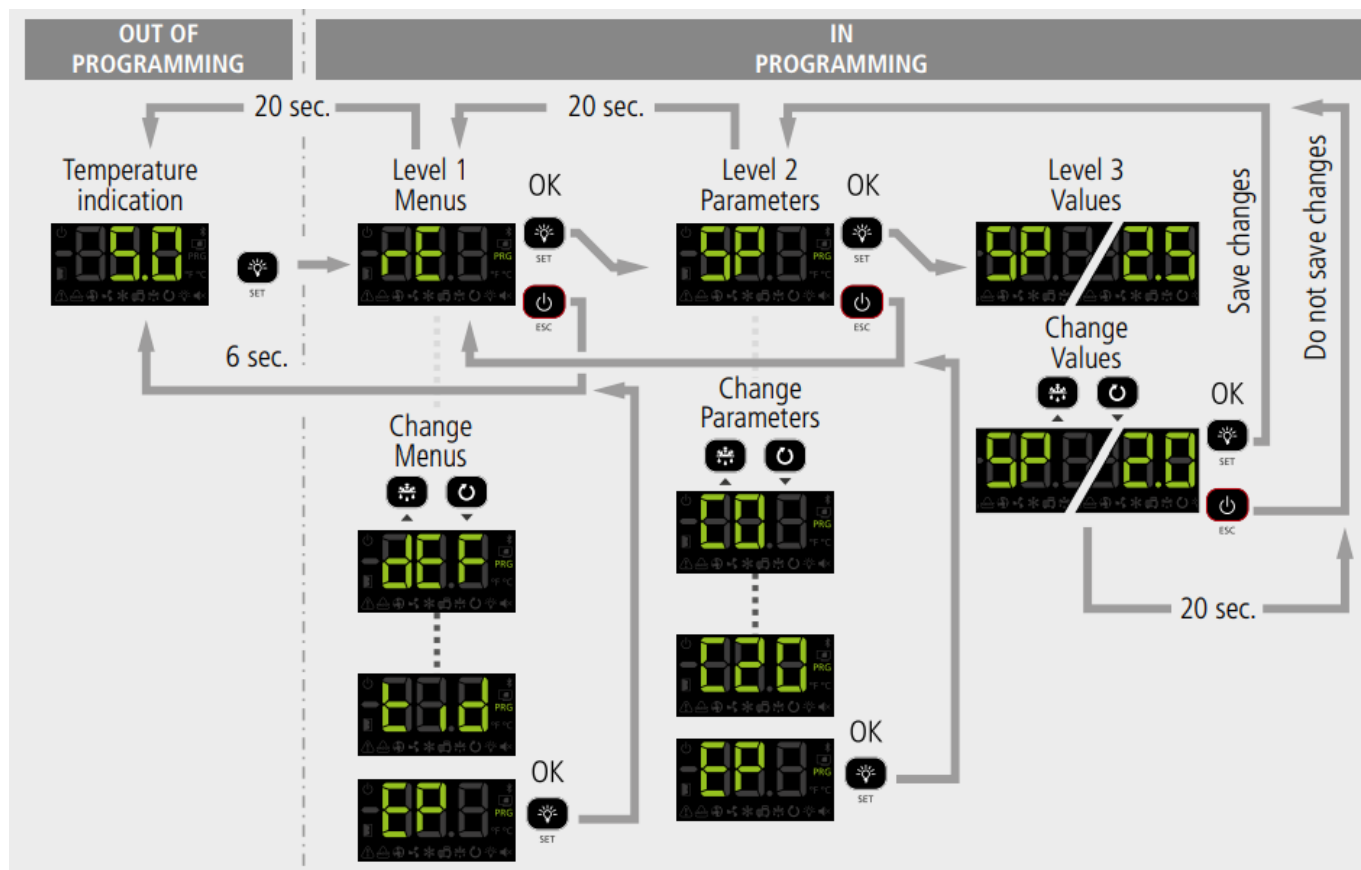


IMPORTANT: if the password function has been configured as a keypad lock (b10=2), or as an access to parameters block (b10=1), you will be requested to enter the password programmed in PAS when attempting to access either of the two functions. If the entered password is not correct, the unit will go back to showing the temperature.



IMPORTANT: certain parameters or menus may not be visible depending on the configuration of the other parameters and the options chosen during set-up.

Extended programming menu



Regulation and control

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
	SP	Temperature setting (Set Point)	°C/°F	-50	0.0 99	
	C0	Sensor 1 calibration (Offset)	°C/°F	-20.0	0.0	20.0
	C1	Sensor 1 differential (Hysteresis)	°C/°F	0.1	2.0 20.0	
	C2	Set point top locking (it cannot be set above this value)	°C/°F	C3	99	99
	C3	Set point bottom locking (it cannot be set under this value)	°C/°F	-50	-50 C2	
		Type of delay for the protection of the compressor:				
	C4	0=minimum OFF time of the compressor		0	0	1
		1=minimum OFF and ON time of the compressor in each cycle				
	C5	Protection delay time	min.	0	0 12 0	
		(value of the option selected in parameter C4)				
		COOL relay status with fault in sensor 1:				

rE	C6	0=OFF; 1=ON; 2=average according to last 24 h before the sensor error;		0	2	3
		3=ON-OFF according prog. C7 and C8				
	C7	Time of relay ON if sensor 1 damaged	min.	0	10 1 20	
		(if C7=0 and C8'0, the relay will always be OFF when disconnected)				
	C8	Time of relay OFF if sensor 1 damaged	min.	0	5	120
		(if C8=0 and C7'0, the relay will always be ON when connected)				
	C9	Maximum duration of the continuous cycle mode (0=deactivated)	h.	0	0	48
	C10	Variation of the Set Point (SP) in continuous cycle mode. When it reaches this point (SP+C10), it reverts to the normal mode (SP+C10 ³ C3) The value of this parameter is always negative, unless it is 0 (0=OFF)	°C/°F	0	-50	C3- S P
	C12	Variation of the set point (SP) when the change set point change function is	°C/°F	C3-	0 C2 -	
		active (SP+C12 \times C2) (0=deactivated)		SP		SP
	C19	Maximum time for start-up after gas collection	sec.	0	0	120
		(values between 1 and 9 seconds are not accepted) (0=deactivated)				
	C20	Maximum time for pump down (0=deactivated)	min.	0	0	15
	C22	Stop fans and COOL when opening door 0=no 1=yes		0	0	1
	C23	Start-up delay for fans and COOL when door open	min.	0	0 99 9	
	EP	Output to level 1				

Defrost

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
def.	d0	Defrost frequency (time between 2 starts)	h.	0	6	96
	d1	Maximum defrost duration (0=defrost deactivated)	min.	0	*	255
	d2	Type of message during the defrost: 0=sign of the real temperature; 1=sign of				
		the temperature at the start of the defrost;		0	2	2
		2=sample of the dEF message				
	d3	Maximum message duration	min.	0	5	255
		(time added at the end of the defrost process)				
	d4	Final defrost temperature (by sensor) (If I0011)	°C/°F	-50	8.0	50
	d5	Defrost on connecting the unit: 0=NO, first defrost according to d0;		0	0	1
		1=YES, first defrost according to d6				
	d6	Delay of the defrost start on connecting the unit	min.	0	0	255
	d7	Type of defrost: 0=resistors; 1=air/fans		0	*	2
		2=hot gas				
	d8	Time calculation between defrost periods:		0	0	1
		0=total real time 1=sum of COOL time connected				
	d9	Drip time when a defrost finishes	min.	0	1	255
		(stop COOL and fans)				
	EP	Output to level 1				

Evaporator fans

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
Fang	F0	Fans stop temperature	°C/°F.	-50	45	50
	F1	Sensor 2 differential if fans are stopped	°C/°F	0.1	2.0	20.0
	F2	Stop fans when the compressor stops 0=no 1=yes		0	0	1
	F3	Status of the fans during the defrost 0=stopped; 1=running		0	*	1
	F4	Start-up delay after defrost (if F3=0) Only actuates if higher than d9	min.	0	2	99
	F10	Fan control type 0=ON/OFF 1=frequency inverter		0	*	1
	EP	Output to level 1				

* According to the set-up wizard.

Expansion valve

L e v el 1	Le ve l 2	Description	Value s	Min .	Def .	Max .
E E V	u00	Valve type: 0=solenoid + EV thermostat 1= PWM-type EEV 2=Stepper-type EEV		0	*	2
	SH	Superheating set point	K	0.1	8	40
	u02	Refrigerant gas type: 0= R-404A, 1= R-134A, 2= R-407A, 3= R-407F, 4= R-410A, 5= R-450A, 6= R-513A, 7= R-744, 8= R-449A, 9= R-290, 10= R-32, 11= R-448A, 12=R1234ze, 13=R23, 14=R717, 15=R407C, 16=R1234yf, 17=R22, 18=R454C, 19=R455A, 20=R507A, 21=R515B, 22=R452A, 23=R452B, 24=R454A		0	*	24
	u03	PWM cycle time	s.	2	6	10
	u04	Proportional constant value (P)		1	10	100
	u05	Integral constant value (I)		0	10	100
	u06	Derivative constant value (D)				100
	u07	Opening value of the electronic expansion valve when cooling is activated	%	u13	50	u12
	u08	Duration of valve opening on cooling demand	%	2	5	240
	u09	Valve opening value with sensor error S5 or S6: 0=fixed opening according to u10; 1=average opening over the last 24 hours	%	0	0	1
	u10	Valve opening value with sensor error S5 or S6 (if u09=0)	%	u13	0	u12
	u11	Manual valve opening value (0=disabled), (cycles acc. to u03) (See page 16)	%	u13	0	u12
	u12	Maximum valve opening value	%	u13	100	100
	u13	Minimum valve opening value	%	0	0	u12
	u14	Valve opening value after defrost (0=disabled), (duration according to u15) u13	%	0/	0	u12
	u15	Duration of valve opening after defrosting	%	0	0	240
	u16	Valve opening in case of LOP error (0=valve closed)				
	EP	Output to level 1				

Alarms

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
AL	A0	Configuration of the temperature alarms 0=relative to SP 1=absolute		0	1	1
	A1	Alarm for maximum in sensor 1 (it must be higher than the SP)	°C/°F	A2	99.0	99.0
	A2	Alarm for minimum in sensor 1 (it must be lower than the SP)	°C/°F	-50	-50	A1
	A3	Delay of temperature alarms in the start-up	min.	0	0	120
	A4	Delay of temperature alarms from the end of a defrost	min.	0	0	99
	A5	Delay of temperature alarms from when the A1 or A2 value is reached	min.	0	30	99
	A6	Delay of external alarm/severe external alarm on receiving digital input signal (I10 or I20=2 or 3)	min.	0	0	120
	A7	External alarm deactivation delay/severe external alarm on disappearance of signal at digital input (I10 or I20=2 or 3)	min.	0	0	120
	A8	Show warning if the defrost ends for maximum time 0=no 1=yes		0	0	1
	A9	Polarity relay alarm 0=relay ON in alarm (OFF without alarm); 1=relay OFF in alarm (ON without alarm)		0	0	1
	A10	Differential of temperature alarms (A1 and A2)	°C/°F	0.1	1.0	20.0
	A12	Delay of open door alarm (if I10, I20 or I30=1)	min.	0	10	120
	A20	Minimum superheating value for LSH alarm	K	0	2	SH
	A21	LSH alarm activation delay	sec.	0	30	240
	A22	LSH alarm hysteresis	K	0.1	2	Sh-A20
	A23	Maximum overheating value for LSH alert	K	sh	40	40
	A24	Delayed activation of the HSH warning	s	0	30	240
	A25	HSH alarm deactivation hysteresis	K	0.1	2	A23-sh
	A26	Maximum evaporating pressure (MOP)	bar	0	60	60
	A27	MOP alarm activation delay (delay time for activating alarm after threshold has been exceeded)	sec.	0	30	240
	A28	MOP alarm deactivation hysteresis (when the pressure drops below the MOP-hysteresis level the alarm is deactivated)	bar	0.1	1	60

A29	Minimum evaporating pressure (LOP)	bar	-1	0	8
A30	LOP alarm activation delay (delay time for activating alarm after threshold has been exceeded)	sec.	0	30	240
A31	LOP alarm deactivation hysteresis (when the pressure exceeds the LOP-hysteresis level the alarm is deactivated)	bar	0.1	1	8
EP	Output to level 1				

Basic configuration

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
bcn	b00	Delay of all functions on receiving power supply	min.	0	0	255
	b01	Cold room light timing	min.	0	0	999
	b10	Password function 0=inactive 1=parameter access lock 2=keypad lock		0	0	2
	PAS	Password		0	0	99
	b20	MODBUS address		1	1	247
	b21	Communication speed: 0=9600 bps 1=19200 bps 2=38400 bps 3=57600 bps	bps	0	0	3
	b22	Audible alarm enabled 0=no 1=yes		0	1	1
	b23	Lower display function: 1=sensor S2, 2=sensor S3, 3=sensor S4, 4=sensor S5, 5=superheating, 6=pressure sensor, 7=% EEV, 8=% eFAN, 9=carousel, 10=off		1	*	10
	Unt	Working units 0=°C 1=°F		0	0	1
	EP	Output to level 1				

Inputs and outputs

Level 1	Level 2	Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
InO	I00	Probes connected: 1=sensor 1 (cold room), 2=sensor 1 (cold room) + sensor 2 (evaporator)		1	2	2
	I10	D1/S3 input configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=door contact, 2=external alarm, 3=severe external alarm, 4=change SP, 5=remote defrost, 6=defrost lockout, 7=low pressure switch, 8=remote activation in Stand-by mode, 9=product temperature		0	*	9
	I11	Digital input polarity D1: 0=activates on closing, 1=activates on opening contact		0	0	1
	I20	D2/S4 input configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=door contact, 2=external alarm, 3=severe external alarm, 4=change SP, 5=remote defrost, 6=defrost lockout, 7=high pressure switch for hot gas, 8=remote activation of Stand-by mode, 9=product temperature, 10=defrost 2nd evaporator		0	*	10
	I21	Digital input polarity D2: 0=activates on closing, 1=activates on opening contact		0	0	1
	I30	D3/S5 input configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=door contact, 2=external alarm, 3=severe external alarm, 4=change SP, 5=remote defrost, 6=defrost lockout, 7=remote activation of Stand-by mode, 8=product temperature, 9=superheating temperature (Sh)		0	*	9
	I31	Digital input polarity D3: 0=activates on closing, 1=activates on opening contact		0	0	1

Level 1	Level 2					
		Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
InO	I60	Pressure units: 0=bar, 1=Psi		0	*	1
	I61	Pressure sensor type (S6): 0=deactivated, 1=4-20 mA, 2=0-5 V, 3=0.5-4.5 V, 4=0-10 V, 5=1-5 V		0	0	5
	I62	Minimum pressure sensor value (4 mA, 0 V, 0.5 V, 1 V)		-1	0	
	I63	Maximum pressure sensor value (20 mA, 5 V, 4.5 V, 10 V)		12	60	I62
	I64	Pressure sensor calibration (S2)		-10	0	10
	o00	AUX 1 relay configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=compressor/crankcase resistance, 2=light, 3=virtual control, 4= alarm, 5=resistor door frame		0	*	5
	o10	AUX 2 relay configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=alarm, 2=light, 3=virtual control, 4=defrost 2nd evaporator, 5=resistor. door frame, 6=equal solenoid status, 7=equal device status		0	2	7
	o20	AUX 3 relay configuration: 0=deactivated, 1=alarm, 2=light, 3=external AO controller ON/OFF, 4=defrost 2nd evaporator, 5=resistor. door frame		0	0	5
	o30	Analogue output type (AO): 0=4-20 mA, 1=0-10 V		0	0	1
	EP	Output to level 1				

HACCP alarm

Level 1	Level 2					
		Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
HCP	h1	HACCP alarm maximum temperature	°C/°F	-50	99.0	99.0
	h2	Maximum permitted time for activation of the HACCP alarm (0=HACCP alarm deactivated)	h.	0	0	255
	EP	Output to level 1				

Information (read-only)

Level 1	Level 2					
		Description	Values	Min.	Def.	Max.
tid	InI	Option chosen in the configuration wizard				
	Pd	Pump down active? 0=no, 1=yes				
	PU	Software version (Information)				
	Pr	Program revision				
	PSr	Program Subversion				
	bU	Bootloader version				
	br	Bootloader revision				
	bSr	Program Subversion				
	PAr	Parameter map revision				
	EP	Output to level 1				

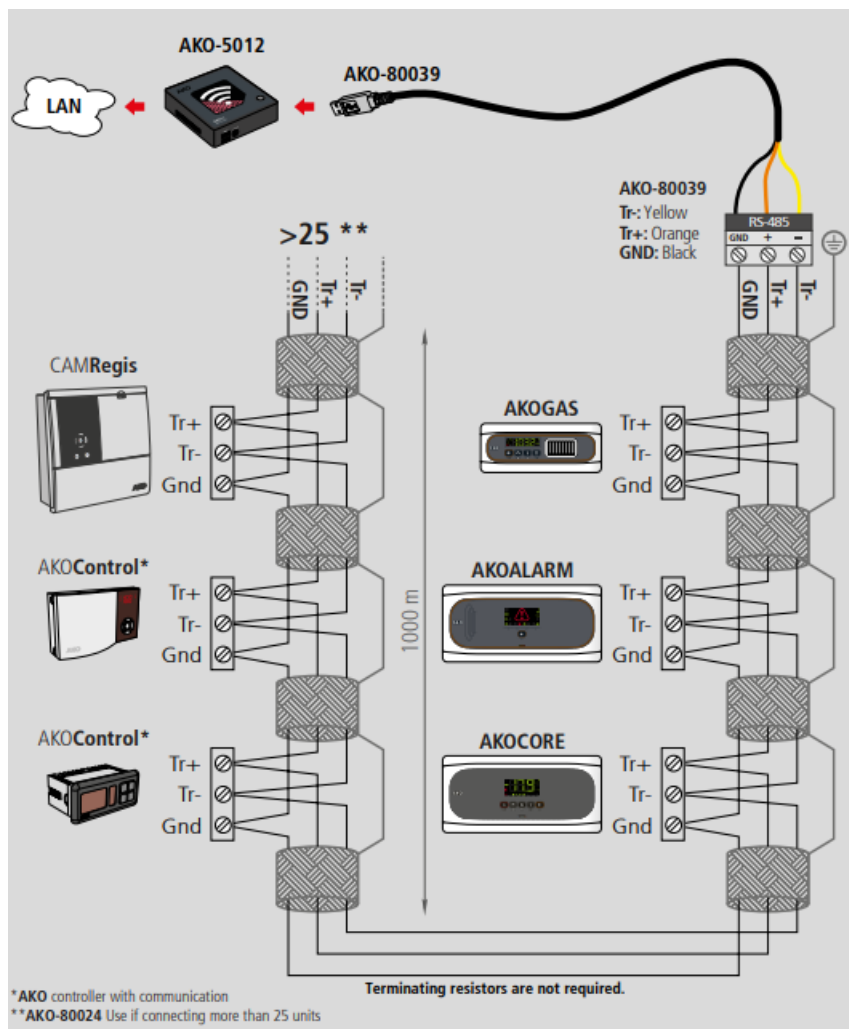
Connectivity

The controllers are equipped with a port for connection of RS485 (MODBUS) data, which allows for remote management of these using an AKO-5012 web-server.

The MODBUS address is factory-set and is indicated on the rating plate located on the left side of the controller.

This address must be different for each unit within the same network.

The address can be changed using parameter b20. Once modified, the old address indicated on the plate will not be valid.



Technical specifications

Power supply	100 – 240 V ~ 50/60 Hz
Maximum input power in the operation	8.1 VA
Maximum nominal current	15 A
DEF relay – SPDT – 20 A NO (EN 60730-1: 15 (15) A 250 V~)	
NC	(EN 60730-1: 15 (13) A 250 V~)
FAN relay – SPST – 16 A	(EN 60730-1: 12 (9) A 250 V~)
Relay COOL – SPST – SSR 2 A	Vmax: 275 V~, Imax: 2 A
AUX relay 1 – SPDT – 20 A	
NO	(EN 60730-1: 15 (15) A 250 V~)
NC	(EN 60730-1: 15 (13) A 250 V~)
AUX relay 2 – SPDT – 16 A	
NO	(EN 60730-1: 12 (9) A 250 V~)
NC	(EN 60730-1: 10 (8) A 250 V~)
AUX relay 3 – SPST – 16 A	
NO	(EN 60730-1: 12 (9) A 250 V~)
No. of relay operations	EN 60730-1:100,000 operations
Sensor temperature range	-50.0°C to 99.9°C
Resolution, adjustment and differential	0.1°C
Thermometric accuracy	±1°C
Tolerance of the NTC probe at 25°C	±0.4°C
Input for NTC probe	AKO-14901
Working ambient temperature	-10°C to 50°C
Ambient storage temperature	-30°C to 60°C
Protection degree	IP 65
Installation category	II as per EN 60730-1
Degree of pollution	II as per EN 60730-1

Grade as per UNE-EN 60730-1: Built-in control device, with Type 1.B automatic action operation feature, for use in clean situations, logical support (software) class A and continuous operation. Degree of pollution 2.
Double isolation between power supply, secondary circuit and relay output.
Accessible parts pressure ball test temperature 75 °C
Parts positioning active elements 125 °C
Radio interference suppression test current270 mA
Voltage and current delayed by the EMC tests:207 V, 17 mA
Type of mounting Fixed interior
MODBUS address Indicated on the label
Dimensions 290mm (W) x 141mm (H) x 84.4mm (D)
Internal buzzer



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We reserve the right to supply materials slightly different to those described in our data sheets. Updated information on our website.
351652602 Rev. 04 2023

Documents / Resources

	<p>AKO 16526 Temperature And Electronic Expansion Controller [pdf] User Manual 16526 Temperature And Electronic Expansion Controller, 16526, Temperature And Electronic Expansion Controller, Expansion Controller, Controller</p>
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References

- [Industrial refrigeration: control and safety | AKO Group](#)