# UM2300 X-CUBE-SPN14 Stepper Motor Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube User Manual



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## Introduction

The X-CUBE-SPN14 expansion package for STM32Cube gives you full control of stepper motor operations. When combined with one or more X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion boards, this software allows a compatible STM32 Nucleo development board to control one or more stepper motors.
It is built on top of STM32Cube software technology for easy portability across different STM32 microcontrollers. The software comes with a sample implementation for one stepper motor. It is compatible with NUCLEO-F401RE, NUCLEOF334R8, NUCLEO-F030R8 or NUCLEO-L053R8 development boards with an X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board mounted on top.

**RELATED LINKS**
Visit the STM32Cube ecosystem web page on www.st.com for further information

### Acronyms and abbreviations

**Table 1. List of acronyms**

| Acronym | Description |
|---|---|
| API | Application programming interface |
| BSP | Board support package |
| CMSIS | Cortex® microcontroller software interface standard |
| HAL | Hardware abstraction layer |
| IDE | Integrated development environment |
| LED | Light emitting diode |

## Overview

The X-CUBE-SPN14 software package expands the functionality of STM32Cube. Its key features include:

- A driver layer for complete management of the STSPIN820 (low power stepper motor driver) device integrated in the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board
- Device parameter read and write modes, GPIO, PWM and IRQ configuration, micro-stepping, direction position, speed, acceleration, deceleration and torque controls, automatic full-step switch management; high impedance or hold stop mode selection, enable and stand-by management
- Fault interrupt handling
- Single stepper motor control sample application
- Easy portability across different MCU families, thanks to STM32Cube
- Free, user-friendly license terms

The software implements pseudo registers and motion commands by:

- configuring timers used to generate step clock and voltage reference
- managing device parameters like acceleration, deceleration, min. and max. speed, positions at speed profile boundaries, mark position, micro-stepping mode,  direction, motion state, etc.

The software handles one STSPIN820 device.
At each tick timer pulse end, a callback is executed to call the step clock handler which controls the motor motion by managing:

- motion status (e.g., stop motor at target destination)
- motor direction via GPIO level
- relative and absolute motor position in microsteps
- the speed through zero, positive and negative acceleration

The speed is set by varying the step clock frequency and, optionally, the step mode when the automatic full step switch feature is enabled. The timer used for the step clock is configured in output compare mode. A new capture compare register value is calculated at each step clock handler call to achieve frequency control.
The speed is a linear function of the step clock frequency for a given micro-stepping mode, which can be varied by the software from full to 1/256th step.
To use the STSPIN820 driver library, you must run the initialization function which:

- sets up the required GPIOs to enable the bridges and manage fault pin EN\FAULT, dedicated MODE1, MODE2 and MODE3 step selection pins, the DIR pin for motor direction, the DECAY pin for decay mode selection and the standby reset pin STBY\RESET;
- sets up the timer in output compare mode for the STCK pin and the timer reference voltage generation in PWM mode for REF pin;
- loads the driver parameters with values from stspin820_target_config.h or defined in the main function using a dedicated initialization structure.
  Driver parameters can be modified after initialization by calling specific functions. You can also write callback functions and attach them to:
- the flag interrupt handler to perform certain actions when an overcurrent or a thermal alarm is reported

- the error handler which is called by the library when it reports an error Subsequent motion commands include:
- BSP_MotorControl_Move to move a given number of steps in a specific direction
- BSP_MotorControl_GoTo, BSP_MotorControl_GoHome, BSP_MotorControl_GoMark to go to a specific position using the shortest path
- BSP_MotorControl_CmdGoToDir to go in a specific direction to a specific position
- BSP_MotorControl_Run to run indefinitely

The speed profile is completely handled by the microcontroller. The motor starts moving at the BSP_MotorControl_SetMinSpeed minimum speed setting, which is then altered at each step by the BSP_MotorControl_SetAcceleration acceleration value.
If the target position of a motion command is far enough, the motor performs a trapezoidal move by:

- accelerating with the device acceleration parameter
- remaining steady at BSP_MotorControl_SetMaxSpeed maximum speed
- decelerating by BSP_MotorControl_SetDeceleration
- stopping at the target destination

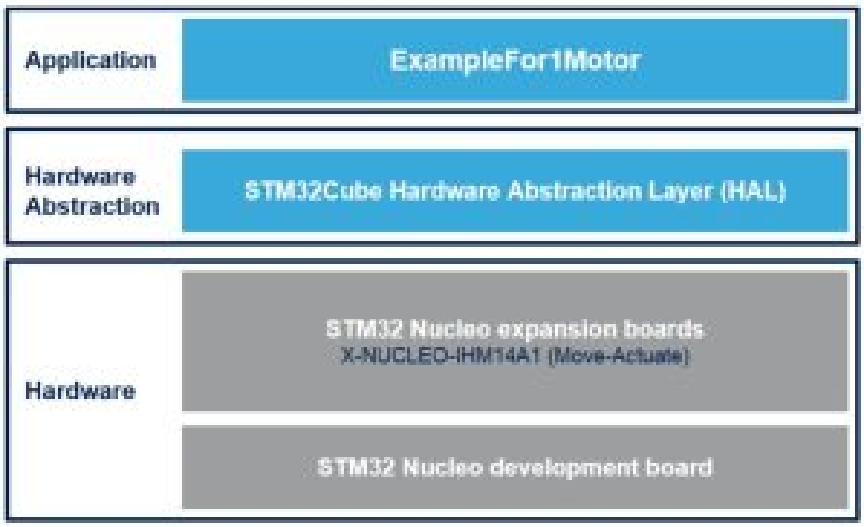
  If the target position is too close for the motor to reach maximum speed, it performs a triangular move involving:
- acceleration
- deceleration
- stopping at the target destination

A motion command can be stopped anytime with BSP_MotorControl_SoftStop progressively decreasing the speed using the deceleration parameter or the BSP_MotorControl_HardStop command which immediately stops the motor. The power bridge is automatically disabled when the motor stops if the HIZ_MODE stop mode was previously set (BSP_MotorControl_SetStopMode).
Direction, speed, acceleration and deceleration can be changed either when the motor is stopped or when the motion is requested via BSP_MotorControl_Run.
To block new commands before the completion of previous ones, BSP_MotorControl_WaitWhileActive locks program execution until the motor stops.
BSP_MotorControl_SelectStepMode can change the step mode from full to 1/256th step. When step mode is changed, the device and the current position and speed are reset.

**Architecture**

This software expansion fully complies with STM32Cube architecture and expands it to enable the development of applications using stepper motor drivers.

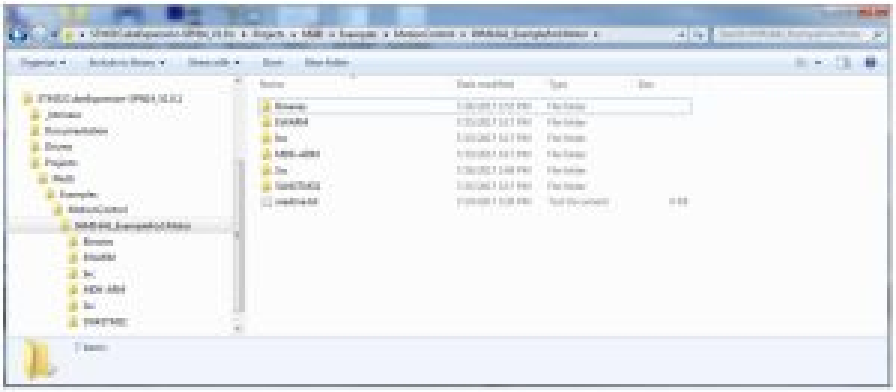
Figure 1. X-CUBE-SPN14 software architecture




The software is based on the STM32CubeHAL hardare abstraction layer for the STM32 microcontroller. The package extends STM32Cube with a board support package (BSP) for the motor control expansion board and a BSP component driver for the STSPIN820 low voltage stepper motor driver.
The software layers used by the application software are:

- **STM32Cube HAL layer:** a simple, generic and multi-instance set of APIs (application programming interfaces) to interact with upper application, library and stack layers. It is composed of generic and extension APIs based on a common architecture so that layers built on it, such as the middleware layer, can function without requiring specific microcontroller Unit (MCU) hardware configurations. This structure improves library code reusability and guarantees an easy portability on other devices.
  **Board support package (BSP) layer**: supports the peripherals on the STM32 Nucleo board, except for the MCU. This limited set of APIs provides a programming interface for certain board specific peripherals like the LED and the user button, and helps in identifying the specific board version. The motor control BSP provides the programming interface for various motor driver components. It is associated with the BSP component for the STSPIN820 motor driver in the X-CUBE-SPN14 software.

**Folder structure**



The software is located in two main folders:

- Drivers, with:
  - the STM32Cube HAL files in the STM32L0xx_HAL_Driver, STM32F0xx_HAL_Driver, STM32F3xx_HAL_Driver or STM32F4xx_HAL_Driver subfolders. These files are taken directly from the

STM32Cube framework and only include those required to run the motor driver examples.
    - a CMSIS folder with the CMSIS (Cortex® microcontroller software interface standard), vendorindependent hardware abstraction layer for the Cortex-M processor series from ARM. This folder is also unchanged from the STM32Cube framework.
    - a BSP folder with the code files for X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 configuration, the STSPIN820 driver and the motor control API.
- **Projects,** which contains several use examples of the STSPIN820 motor driver for different STM32 Nucleo platforms.

**BSP folder**
The X-CUBE-SPN14 software includes the BSPs described in the following subsections.

**STM32L0XX-Nucleo/STM32F0XX-Nucleo/STM32F3XX Nucleo/STM32F4XX-Nucleo BSPs**
These BSPs provide an interface for each compatible STM32 Nucleo development board to configure and use its peripherals with the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board. Each subfolder has two.c/.h file pairs:

- stm32XXxx_nucleo.c/h: these unmodified STM32Cube framework files provide the user button and LED functions for the specific STM32 Nucleo board.
- stm32XXxx_nucleo_ihm14a1.c/h: these files are dedicated to the configuration of the PWMs, the GPIOs, and interrupt enabling/disabling required for X NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board operation.

**Motor control BSP**

This BSP provides a common interface to access the driver functions of various motor drivers, such as L6474, powerSTEP01, L6208 and STSPIN820, via MotorControl/motorcontrol.c/h file pair.
These files define all the driver configuration and control functions, which are then mapped to the functions of the motor driver component used on the given expansion board via motorDrv_t structure file (defined in Components\Common\motor.h.). This structure defines a list of function pointers which are filled during its instantiation in the corresponding motor driver component. For X-CUBE-SPN14, the structure is called stspin820Drv (see file: BSP\Components\stspin820\stspin820.c).
As the motor control BSP is common for all motor driver expansion boards, some functions are not available for a given expansion board. Unavailable functions are replaced by null pointers during the instantiation of the motorDrv_t structure in the driver component.

**STSPIN280 BSP component**
The STSPIN820 BSP component provides the driver functions of the STSPIN820 motor driver in the folder stm32_cube\Drivers\BSP\Components\STSPIN820.
This folder has 3 files:

- stspin820.c: core functions of the STSPIN820 driver
- stspin820.h: declaration of the STSPIN820 driver functions and their associated definitions
- stspin820_target_config.h: predefined values for the STSPIN820 parameters and for the motor devices context

**Project folder**
For each STM32 Nucleo platform, one example project is available in stm32_cube\Projects\Multi\Examples\MotionControl\:

- IHM14A1_ExampleFor1Motor examples of control functions for single-motor configurations

The example has a folder for each compatible IDE:

- EWARM for IAR Embedded Workbench
- MDK-ARM for ARM/Keil µVision
- STM32CubeIDE for integrated development environment for STM32

The following code files are also included:

- inc\main.h: Main header file
- inc\ stm32xxxx_hal_conf.h: HAL configuration file
- inc\stm32xxxx_it.h: header for the interrupt handler
- src\main.c: main program (code of the example based on the motor control library for STSPIN820)
- src\stm32xxxx_hal_msp.c: HAL initialization routines
- src\stm32xxxx_it.c: interrupt handler
- src\system_stm32xxxx.c: system initialization
- src\clock_xx.c: clock initialization

**Software required resources**
MCU control of a single STSPIN820 (one X-NUCLEO IHM14A1 board) and communication between the two is handled through seven GPIOs (STBY\RESET, EN\FAULT, MODE1, MODE2, MODE3, DIR, DECAY pins) and a PWM for REF pin. The GPIO for the STCK pin is configured to be used as a TIMER OUTPUT COMPARE alternate function.
For the handling of overcurrent and the overtemperature alarms, the X-CUBE-SPN14 software uses an external interrupt configured on the GPIO used for the EN\FAULT pin, after it has enabled or disabled the power bridges.

**Table 2. Required resources for the X-CUBE-SPN14 software**

| Resources F4xx | Resources F3xx | Resources F0xx | Resources L0xx | Pin | Features (board) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Port A GPIO 10<br>EXTI15_10_IRQn | Port A GPIO 10<br>EXTI15_10_IRQn | Port A GPIO 10<br>EXTI4_15_IRQn | Port A GPIO 10<br>EXTI4_15_IRQn | D2 | EN/FAULT<br>(EN) |
| Port B GPIO 3<br>Timer2 Ch2 | Port B GPIO 3<br>Timer2 Ch2 | Port B GPIO 3<br>Timer15 Ch1 | Port B GPIO 3<br>Timer2 Ch2 | D3 | STCK<br>(CLK) |
| Port B GPIO 4 | | | | D5 | DECAY<br>(DEC) |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Port A GPIO 8** | | | | **D7** | **DIRECTION (DIR)** |
| **Port A GPIO 9** | | | | **D8** | **STBY/RESET (STBY)** |
| **Port C GPIO 7 Timer3 Ch2** | **Port C GPIO 7 Timer3 Ch2** | **Port C GPIO 7 Timer3 Ch2** | **Port C GPIO 7 Timer22 Ch2** | **D9** | **PWM REF (REF)** |
| **Port A GPIO 7** | | | | **D11** | **MODE3 (M3)** |
| **Port A GPIO 6** | | | | **D12** | **MODE2 (M2)** |
| **Port A GPIO 5** | | | | **D13** | **MODE1 (M1)** |

#### APIs

The X-CUBE-SPN14 API is defined in the motor control BSP. Its functions contain the “BSP_MotorControl_” prefix.

**Note:** Not all the functions of this module are available for the STSPIN820 and hence the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board.
Full user API function and parameter descriptions are compiled in an HTML file in the software Documentation folder.

**Sample application description**
An example application using the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board with a compatible STM32 Nucleo development board is provided in the Projects directory, with ready-to-build for multiple IDEs (see Section 2.3.2 Project folder).

## System setup guide

**Hardware description**

1. STM32 Nucleo

   STM32 Nucleo development boards provide an affordable and flexible way for users to test solutions and build prototypes with any STM32 microcontroller line.

   The Arduino connectivity support and ST morpho connectors make it easy to expand the functionality of the STM32 Nucleo open development platform with a wide range of specialized expansion boards to choose from.

   The STM32 Nucleo board does not require separate probes as it integrates the ST-LINK/V2-1 debugger/ programmer.

   The STM32 Nucleo board comes with the comprehensive STM32 software HAL library together with various packaged software examples for different IDEs (IAR EWARM, Keil MDK-ARM, STM32CubeIDE, mbed and GCC/ LLVM).

   All STM32 Nucleo users have free access to the mbed online resources (compiler, C/C++ SDK and developer community) at www.mbed.org to easily build complete applications.

   **Figure 3. STM32 Nucleo board**


2. **X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 stepper motor driver expansion board**

   The X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 motor driver expansion board is based on the STSPIN820 monolithic driver for stepper motors.

   It represents an affordable, easy-to-use solution for driving stepper motors in your STM32 Nucleo project, implementing motor driving applications such as 2D/3D printers, robotics and security cameras.

   The STSPIN820 implements a PWM current control with constant OFF time adjustable via an external resistor and a microstepping resolution up to the 256th step.

   The X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board is compatible with the Arduino UNO R3 connector and the ST morpho connector, so it can be plugged to the STM32 Nucleo development board and stacked with additional X-NUCLEO expansion boards.


3. **Miscellaneous hardware components**

   To complete the hardware setup, you will need:

   - 1 bipolar (7 to 45 V) stepper motor
   - an external DC power supply with two electric cables for the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 board
   - a USB type A to mini-B USB cable to connect the STM32 Nucleo board to a PC

4. **Software requirements**

   The following software components are needed in order to set up the suitable development environment for creating applications based on the motor driver expansion board:

   - X-CUBE-SPN14 STM32Cube expansion for STSPIN820 low voltage stepper motor driver application development. The X-CUBE-SPN14 firmware and related documentation is available on **www.st.com.**
   - One of the following development tool-chain and compilers:
     - Keil RealView Microcontroller Development Kit (MDK-ARM) toolchain V5.27
     - IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM (EWARM) toolchain V8.50
     - Integrated Development Environment for STM32 (STM32CubeIDE)

#### Hardware and software setup

### Setup to drive a single motor

Configure the following jumpers on the STM32 Nucleo board:

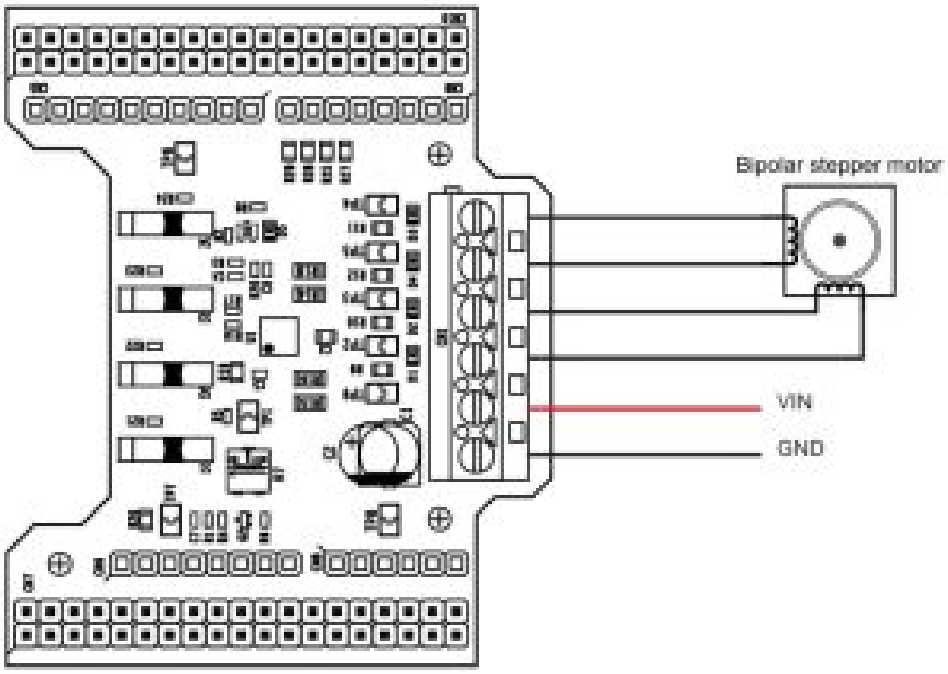
- JP1 off
- JP5 (PWR) on UV5 side
- JP6 (IDD) on

  Configure the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board thus:
- Tune R7 potentiometer to 1 kΩ.
- Set S1, S2, S3 and S4 switch to the pull-down side as in Figure 4. X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 stepper motor driver expansion board. The micro-stepping mode is selected through the MODE1, MODE2 and MODE3 levels controlled by the STM32 Nucleo board.

  Once the board is properly configured:
- Plug the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board on top of the STM32 Nucleo board via the Arduino UNO

connectors

- Connect the STM32 Nucleo board to a PC with the USB cable through USB connector CN1 to power the board
- Power on the X-NUCLEO-IHM14A1 expansion board by connecting Vin and Gnd connectors to a DC power supply
- Connect the stepper motor to the X-NUCLEO IHM14A1 bridge connectors A+/- and B+/-




**Once the system setup is ready:**

- Open your preferred toolchain
- Depending on the STM32 Nucleo board, open the software project from:
  - \stm32_cube\Projects\Multi\Examples\MotionControl\IHM14A1_ExampleFor1Motor\YourToolChainName\STM32F401RE-Nucleo for Nucleo STM32F401
  - \stm32_cube\Projects\Multi\Examples\MotionControl\IHM14A1_ExampleFor1Motor\YourToolChainName\STM32F030R8-Nucleo for Nucleo STM32F334
  - \stm32_cube\Projects\Multi\Examples\MotionControl\IHM14A1_ExampleFor1Motor\YourToolChainName\ST Nucleo for Nucleo STM32F030
  - \stm32_cube\Projects\Multi\Examples\MotionControl\IHM14A1_ExampleFor1Motor\YourToolChainName\ST Nucleo for Nucleo STM32L053
- To adapt the default STSPIN820 parameters to your low voltage stepper motor characteristics, either:
  - use BSP_MotorControl_Init with the NULL pointer and open stm32_cube\ Drivers\ BSP\Components\ STSPIN820\ STSPIN820_target_config.h to modify the parameters according to your needs
  - – use BSP_MotorControl_Init with the address of the initDevicesParameters structure with appropriate values.
- Rebuild all files and load your image into target memory.
- Run the example. The motor automatically starts (See main.c for demo sequence details).

## Revision history

| Date | Version | Changes |
|---|---|---|
| 17-Oct-2017 | 1 | Initial release. |
| 20-Jul-2021 | 2 | Updated Section 2.3.2 Project folder and Section 3.2 Software requirements. Removed Section 2 What is STM32Cube? and replaced it by a link in the Introduction. |



## Documents / Resources

| | |
|---|---|
|  | ST UM2300 X-CUBE-SPN14 Stepper Motor Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube [pdf] User Manual<br>UM2300, X-CUBE-SPN14 Stepper Motor Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube, UM2300 X-CUBE-SPN14 Stepper Motor Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube, X-CUBE-SPN14 Stepper Motor Driver Software Expansion, Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube, Motor Driver Software Expansion for STM32Cube, Expansion for STM32Cube, STM32Cube |